

# THE DAILY REFLECTOR.

Vol. 2.

GREENVILLE, N. C., JUNE 17, 1895.

No. 162

## Local Trains and Boat Schedule.

Passenger and mail train going north, arrives 8:22 A. M. Going South, arrives 6:37 P. M.

North Bound Freight, arrives 6:45 A. M., leaves 10:15 A. M.

South Bound Freight, arrives 1:51 P. M., leaves 2:11 P. M.

Steamer Myers arrives from Washington Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves for Washington Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

## LOCAL NOTES AND TOBACCO JOTTINGS.

BY O. L. JOYNER.

Hail passed through the Farmville and Ayden sections Saturday night. Mr. R. L. Davis says it seriously damaged about half of his crop of tobacco. Beyond this we don't know the extent of the damage as we have seen no one else from these sections.

Mr. G. F. Evans says he is in receipt of a letter from Mr. R. H. Hayes who is in Philadelphia undergoing medical treatment in which he says that he is improving as rapidly as he could expect. He says he has heard that it was rumored down here that he would not be back next season, and in reply to that he wishes it made known that he has never entertained any other idea than coming back, and further since his rapid improvement he has added largely to his order business and will be on next fall prepared to handle a great deal more tobacco than ever before. He will be prepared to handle every grade of tobacco that grows on the plant and his long experience and fair and square dealing with all his customers has won for him a reputation of which any man would have just cause to feel proud and which places him in a position to secure all the business that he can attend to without any solicitation on his part. Mr. Hayes is quite a young man and to all appearance has a strong constitution. His many friends here and the innumerable ones in the tobacco trade are hoping that under the treatment of the Philadelphia physicians he will be made as strong as ever again.

## FIRE FIENDS CAUGHT.

Several Arrests Made—Letter From "White Caps."

It seems that at last Kinston is about catching up with some of the fiends who were the cause of the late destructive fires that have visited that town. In its reports from there the REFLECTOR has published the names of some negroes who were arrested for breaking in houses and were believed to be implicated in the burnings, but in some places the chain of evidence worked up against them would be broken. Confessions have followed some later arrests and we hope other developments will follow that will clear up the whole mystery and bring every perpetrator to speedy justice.

A few nights ago Dr. Weylen discovered some one in his yard. The party eluded him temporarily and ran out of his back yard and ran up with two policemen, one of whom watched him to his home and found him to be Isaiah Hill, colored, who had long been suspected and shadowed by the authorities. He was promptly arrested and locked up. Next day a warrant was issued for Hill Dove, a country negro, who had been seen in town just before every fire and against whom damaging evidence was developed after the last fire.

Isaiah Hill was put on trial charged with kindling one of the most destructive fires. Rouse was put upon the stand and confessed that he was intimate with Hill, and that Hill confessed to him (Rouse) that he (Hill) with the negro Dove kindled said fire. Dove is also in jail, and the people are fully satisfied that they have the right scoundrels at last. The negroes were bound over to court. It is reported that a white man has also been arrested.

We learn that a note signed "White Caps" was sent to the town authorities stating that if the authorities did not take steps within three days to punish these parties they (the White Caps) would take the matter in hand.



Find three faces besides the old man's and then get your

# CLOTHING,

AND

## Fine Gents' Furnishing Goods.

from the old reliable

# FRANK WILSON,

## THE KING CLOTHIER.

### BIG FIRE AT PARMELE,

Three Dry Kilns and a Large Quantity of Lumber Destroyed,

(Special to Reflector.)

PARMELE, N. C., June 17.—About 10:30 o'clock this morning one of the dry kilns of the Parmele Eccleston Lumber Company caught on fire and burned rapidly. The kiln would probably have been saved had the water supply held out, but about 11:15 the water became exhausted when the fire took a fresh hold and burned furiously for two hours, the flames going to two other kilns. The kilns were full of lumber and made a very hot, angry fire.

It was thought that Mr. W. H. Harper's mill and several dwellings would also be destroyed but by hard work these were saved and only the three dry kilns with their contents burned.

The loss cannot yet be estimated but it is considerable.

The cause of the fire is supposed to be sparks getting in the kiln.

Wilmington had a \$20,000 fire Sunday morning.

Potato quotations to-day were all the way from \$2 to \$3.50.

The colored people had another big baptising at the river Sunday morning. The ordinance was administered to 25.

The Methodist Sunday School will have a picnic, Wednesday, near the Pollard mill, three miles from town.

### Cotton and Peanuts.

Below are Norfolk prices of cotton and peanuts for yesterday, as furnished by Cobb Bros. & Co., Commission Merchants of Norfolk:

COTTON.	
Good Middling	71-16
Middling	64
Low Middling	65-16
Good Ordinary	55
Tone—dull.	
PEANUTS.	
Prime	21
Extra Prime	21
Fancy	24
Spanish	90c. b.
Tone—steady.	
Eggs—10 cts.—Firm.	
B. E. Peas—best, 2.50 to 2.75 per bag.	
“ “ damaged, 1.50 to 1.75.	
Black and Clay, 90 to 1.00 per bushel.	

# DAILY REFLECTOR.

D. J. WHICHARD. Editor.

Subscription 25 cents per Month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

EVERY AFTERNOON (EXCEPT SUNDAY)

## MEMPHIS CONVENTION.

The following resolutions were adopted by the silver convention at Memphis last week:

"Silver and gold coin have in all ages constituted the money of the world, were the money of the fathers of the republic, the money of history and of the constitution.

"The universal experience of mankind has demonstrated that the joint use of both silver and gold coin as money constitutes the most stable standard of values and that the full amount of both metals is necessary as a medium of exchange.

"The demonetization of either of these historic metals means a depreciation in the value of money a fall in the prices of commodities, a diminution of legitimate profits, a continuing increase in the burden of debts, a withdrawal of money from the channels of trade and industry where it no longer yields a safe and sure return and its idle accumulation in the banks and the great money centers of the country.

"There is no health or soundness in a financial system under which a hoarded dollar is productive of increase to its possessor which an invested dollar yields a constantly diminishing return and under which fortunes are made by the accretions of idle capital or destroyed by a persistent fall in the price of commodities and persistent dwindling in the margin of profits in almost every branch of useful industry. Such a system puts a premium on sloth and a penalty upon industry, and such a system is that which the criminal legislation of 1875 has imposed upon country.

"The bi-metallic standard of silver and gold has behind it the experience of ages, and has been tested and approved by the enlightened and deliberate judgment of mankind. The gold standard is a departure from the established policy of the civilized world with nothing to commend it, but twenty-two years of depression and disaster to the people and extraordinary accumulation of wealth in the hands of a few.

"There are some facts bearing upon this question recognized and admitted by all candid men, whether advocates of bi-metallism or of the single gold standard.

Among them is the fact that the very year that marked the change from the bimetallic to the single gold standard is the very year that marked from a condition of rising prices, large profits, general contentment and great prosperity, to a condition of falling prices, diminishing profits, insecurity of investment, unemployed labor and a heavy depression in all branches of trade and industry. It is not a matter of dispute, even among the honest advocates of the gold standard, that general prosperity came to an end with the destruction of bi-metallic system and that hard times, falling prices, idle workmen and widespread depression came in with the gold standard and prevails to day wherever the gold standard has been adopted.

"Every international monetary conference that has been called, every demand in this country and in Europe for an international agreement to reestablish the bi-metallic standard is a confession that the demonetization of the system was a blunder if not a crime, that its consequences have been disastrous and that the conditions that it has wrought are full of menace and of peril.

"The logic of facts established beyond intelligent question that the destruction of silver as primary money by a conspiracy of selfish interests is the cause of the widespread depression and suffering that began with the gold standard. There can be restoration of prosperity, no permanent relief from prevailing conditions until the great cause has been removed by a complete restoration of silver to its proper place as a money metal, equal with gold.

"We believe in a money of stable value; we believe least of all in an appreciating standard; it is only through the practical operation of bimetallicism that a stable standard of value can be secured. A standard constituted of money constantly increasing in value is not a sound, a single nor a stable standard, but a constantly changing standard.

"The effect of gold monometallism is to establish one standard for the creditor and another for the debtor; and there can be no more dishonest monetary system than that which gives short measure to the borrower and long measure to the lender. Under the policy prevailing prior to 1873 there can be no violent change in the relative value of the two metals, for a rise in value of one metal is counteracted by a demand and a fall in value by an increased demand. Under the operation of this beneficent law a stable relation was maintained between them in spite of the extreme changes relative to productions. From the first period of our history up to 1873, the right of the debtor to choose

whether he should pay his debts in silver or gold coin was always recognized. The subsequent policy has been to transfer the right to the creditor, thus tending to constantly increase the value of the dearer metal and destroy the parity between them.

"Believing that it is absolutely necessary to reverse this iniquitous and ruinous policy, we therefore resolve.

"That we favor the immediate restoration of silver to its former place as a full legal tender, standard money equal with gold, and the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1 and upon terms of exact equality.

"That while we should welcome the co-operation of other nations we believe that the United States should not wait upon the pleasure of foreign government or the consent of foreign creditors, but should themselves proceed to reverse the "grinding process" that is destroying the prosperity of the people and should lead by their example the nations of the earth.

"That the rights of the American people, the interests of American labor and the prosperity of American industry have a higher claim to the consideration of the people's law makers than the greed of foreign creditors, or the avaricious demands made by "idle holders of idle capital."

"The right to regulate its own monetary system in the interests of its own people is a right which no free government can barter, sell, or surrender. This reserved right is a part of every bond, of every contract and of every obligation. No creditors or claimant can set up a right that can take precedence over a nation's obligations to promote the welfare of the masses of its own people. This is a debt higher and more binding than all other debts, and one which is not only dishonest but treasonable to ignore.

"Under the financial policy that now prevails, we see the land filled with idle and discontented workingmen and an ever growing army of tramps, men whom lack of work and opportunity have made outcasts and beggars. At the other end we find that a few thousand families own half the wealth of the country.

"The centralization of wealth has gone hand in hand with the spread of poverty. The pauper and plutocrat are of the same vicious and unholy system. The situation is full of menace to the liberties of the people and the life of the republic. The issue is enfranchisement or hopeless servitude. Whatever the power of money can do by debauchery and corruption to maintain its grasp on the law making power will be done. We therefore appeal to the plain people of the land with

perfect confidence in their patriotism and intelligence to arouse themselves to a full sense of the peril that confronts them and defend the citadel of their liberties with a vigilance that shall neither slumber nor sleep."

This Reminds

You every day

in the month of

June that if

you have

your Printing done

at the

REFLECTOR

JOB :- OFFICE.

It will be done right,

It will be done in style

and it always suits.

These points are

well worth weighing

in any sort

of work, but

above all things in

Your Job Printing.

## LOCAL DIRECTORY.

### COUNTY OFFICERS.

Superior Court Clerk, E. A. Moyer.  
Sheriff, R. W. King.

Register of Deeds, W. M. King.  
Treasurer, J. L. Little.

Coroner, Dr. C. O'H. Laughinghouse.

Surveyor.

Commissioners—C. Dawson, chm'n.  
Leonidas Fleming, T. E. Keel, Jesse L. Smith and S. M. Jones.

Sup't. Health, Dr. W. H. Bagwell.

Sup't. County Home, J. W. Smith.

County Examiner of Teachers.—Prof. W. H. Ragsdale.

### TOWN OFFICERS.

Mayor, Ola Forbes.

Clerk, C. C. Forbes.

Treasurer, W. T. Godwin.

Police—J. W. Perkins, chief, Fred. Cox, asst; J. W. Murphy, night.

Councilmen—W. H. Smith, W. L. Brown, W. T. Godwin, T. A. Wilks, Dempsy Ruffin, Julius Jenkins.

### CHURCHES.

Baptist. Services every Sunday (except second) morning and night. Prayer meeting Thursday night. Rev. C. M. Billings, pastor. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. C. D. Rountree, Sup't.

Catholic. No regular services.

Episcopal. Services every fourth Sunday morning and night. Rev. A. Greaves, Rector. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. W. B. Brown, Sup't.

Methodist. Services every Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Rev. G. F. Smith, pastor. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A. B. Allington, Supt.

Presbyterian. Services every 1st and 3rd Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday night. Rev. Archie McLaughlin, pastor. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M., B. D. Evans, Sup't.

### LODGES.

Covenant Lodge No. 17. I. O. O. F., meets every Tuesday night. Dr. W. H. Bagwell, N. G.

Greenville Lodge No. 284 A. F. & A. M., meets first and third Monday nights. W. M. King, W. M.

## NEATNESS?-QUICKNESS.

—SEND YOUR—  
**JOB :- PRINTING**

—TO THE—  
**REFLECTOR OFFICE**

—IF YOU WANT—

**First-Class Work.**

### Hard Earned Wages.

And old church in Belgium decided to repair its properties, and employed an artist to touch up a large painting. Upon presenting his bill, the committee in charge refused payment unless the details were specified. whereupon he presented the items as follows:

To correcting the Ten Commandments,	\$ 5 12
Embellishing Pontious Pillate and putting new ribbons on his bonnet	3 02
Putting new tail on the rooster of St. Peter, and mending his comb	2 20
Repluming and gilding left wing of Guardian Angel,	5 18
Washing the servant of the High Priest, and putting carmine on his cheeks	5 02
Renewing Heaven, adjusting the stars, and cleaning up the moon	7 14
Touching up Purgatory, and restoring lost souls	3 06
Brightening up the flames of Hell, putting new tail on the Devil, mending his left hoof, and doing several odd jobs for the demand	7 14
Rebordering the robes of Herod, and adjusting his wig	4 06
Taking the spots off the sum of Tobias	1 80
Cleaning Balaam's Ass, putting one shoe on him	1 71
Putting earrings in Sarah's ear	1 71
Putting a new stone in David's sling, enlarging the head of Goliath, and extending Saul's legs	6 13
Decorating Noah's Ark, and putting a head on Shem	3 81
Mending the shirt of the prodigal son and cleaning his ear	2 39
	\$58 42

The bill was paid.

### SHE KNEW A THING OR TWO.



—Truth

Friends Were Too Friendly.

John G. Whittier was greatly loved by strangers, who not only called on him, but thriftily insisted on putting up with him all night. "Thee has no idea," said his sister, "how much time Greenleaf spends trying to lose these people in the streets. Sometimes he comes home and says: 'Well, sister, I had hard work to lose him, but I have lost him. But I can never lose a her. The women are more pertinacious than the men; don't thee find them so, Maria?'"

## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

### Happenings of Interest in This and in Other Countries.

Several of the leading newspapers at St. Petersburg are advocating an international conference on the Armenian question, urging that the course as desirable in order to prevent a conflict with Turkey.

The silver question will come up for discussion before the Bundesrath during the coming week at the inst nce of Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor, and with the co-operation of the Prussian ministry.

The Pall Mall Gazette, in an article on the Armenian situation, expresses the belief that Russia is behind the Sultan and that there is little incentive for anybody to spend their strength to protect such a race as the Armenians.

As a result of inquiries into the secret life of the great public schools in England, the investigation having arisen from the Wilde trial, one school has expelled sixteen boys whose conduct was not what it should have been.

The London Times' Rome correspondent regards the increase of specialist seats by the election Sunday rather as an outcome of the fierce opposition to Premier Crispi in home quarters than an actual growth of socialism in Italy.

The health of Prince Bismarck is improved. His son-in-law, Count Rantzau, will seek to be placed on the reserve list of the foreign office in order that he and his wife may be able to live at Friedrichsruhe.

The Prussian government is negotiating to ascertain the expediency of the German government excluding Austro-Hungary swine in consequence of the outbreak of disease among them at Steinbruch.

Private and reliable advices from Havana are to the effect that Lieutenant Gard, civil acting chief of police at Puerto Principe, has deserted and embarked on board a foreign pilot boat for Liverpool.

The Central News learns that the Armenian Society of London has received communications from Constantinople confirming the reports of the unsatisfactory nature of Turkey's reply to the powers touching Armenia.

### Baby's Masterpieces.

"I'm sure that baby is going to be a great artist," said the fond mother. "Isn't he rather young to evince any talent?"

"That's just where he shows his genius. I left him where he could get some red ink on his fingers, and before I knew what he was doing he had decorated the library wall with one of the loveliest magazine posters you ever saw."—Washington.

### Barbers.

**JAMES A. SMITH,**  
TONSORIAL ARTIST.  
GREENVILLE, N. C.  
Patronage solicited.

**HERBERT EDMUNDS,**  
FASHIONABLE BARBER.

Under Opera House.  
Special attention given to cleaning Gentlemen's Clothing.

## WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. AND BRANCHES. AND FLORENCE RAIL ROAD. Condensed Schedule.

### TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Ap'l 24, 1895.	No. 23 Daily.	Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 41 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.
Leave Weldon	11 53	9 27		
Ar. Rocyk Mt	12 57	10 20		
Lv Tarboro	12 20			
Lv Rocky Mt	1 05	10 20		6 00
Lv Wilson	2 03	11 08		
Lv Selma	2 53			
Lv Fay'tteville	4 30	12 53		
Ar. Florence	7 15	3 00		
	No. 47 Daily.			
	P. M.			A. M.
Lv Wilson	2 08			6 3
Lv Goldsboro	2 55			7 2
Lv Magnolia	4 02			8 2
Ar Wilmington	5 30			10 0
	M.			A. M.

### TRAINS GOING NOTRH.

Dated Ap'l 24, 1895.	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	
Lv Florence	8 15	7 35	
Lv Fayetteville	10 55	9 35	
Lv Selma	12 32		
Ar Wilson	1 20	11 28	
	No. 48 Daily.		
	A. M.		P. M.
Lv Wilmington	9 20		7 00
Lv Magnolia	10 56		8 31
Lv Goldsboro	12 05		9 40
Ar Wilson	1 00		10 27
	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32 Daily.	
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	1 80	11 32	10 32
Ar Rocky Mt	2 33	12 07	11 15
Lv Tarboro	2 48		
Lv Tarboro			
Lv Rocky Mt	2 33	12 07	
Ar Weldon	3 48	12 50	

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3.40 p. m., Halifax 4.00 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 4.55 p. m., Greenville 6.37 p. m., Kinston 7.35 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a. m., Greenville 8.22 a. m. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 a. m., Weldon 11.20 am daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrives Parmele 8.40 p. m., Tarboro 9.50; returning leaves Tarboro 4.50 p. m., Parmele 6:10 p. m., arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albemarle & Raleigh R. R. daily except Sunday, at 5 00 p. m., Sunday 3 00 P. M.; arrive Plymouth 9.20 P. M., 5.20 p. m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 5.30 a. m., Sunday 9.30 a. m., arrive Tarboro 10.25 a. m and 11.45 a. m.

**JOHN F. DIVINE**  
General Supt.

J. R. KENNY, Gen'l Manager.  
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

## YOUR :- ATTENTION

IS CALLED TO THE ELEGANT  
—LINE OF—

### DRESS GOODS, SILKS, LACES,

Ribbons, Gloves, Mitts, &c., carried by

## J. B. CHERRY & CO.,

—this season. Our Stock of—

### S.H.O.E.S.,

—AND—

Ladies & Childrens

## SLIPPERS!

is the largest and cheapest ever offered in this town, come and see for yourself and be convinced.

### BABY CARRIAGES, FURNITURE,

Mattings, Window Shades and Lace Curtains.

Goods sold on their merits and prices made accordingly.

## J. B. CHERRY & Co.

### H. G. JONES,

### ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,

Greenville, N. C.

Contracts taken for modern style brick and wooden buildings. Old houses changed to any plan desired. Plan and specifications carefully made at short notice. All work guaranteed first-class in every respect. Prices made very low.

### Greenville Market.

Corrected by S. M. Schultz, at the Old Brick store.

Butter, per lb	17 to 25
Western Sides	6.60 to 7½
Sugar cured Hams	11 to 12
Corn	40 to 60
Corn Meal	50 to 80
Cabbage	
Flour, Family	5.25 to 5.50
Lard	6 to 10
Oats	50
Sugar	4 to 6
Coffee	16 to 25
Salt per Sack	80 to 200
Chickens	20 to 25
Eggs per doz	10
Beeswax, per lb	2
Kerosene,	13½ to 20
Pease, per bu	1 00
Hulls, per ton	6 00
Cotton Seed Meal	20 00
Hides	5 to 6

### PLUM PUDDING.

Put in Your Thumb and Pull Out a Plum.

Ladies, now is the time to buy Slippers, at Lang's.

The Teachers Assembly at Morehead begins to-morrow.

Finest N. Y. Fresh Butter. The Best Blended Tea 25cts per lb. at the Old Brick Store.

FOR SALE—Greenville College buildings and grounds. Apply to Alfred Forbes.

For thin, cool Dress Goods go to Lang's.

The *Standard* has rooted up a hog pen in Concord the scent of which is so strong that it drew all the onions out of a neighboring garden.

Boys, don't forget Lang's Wash-Suits, they keep you cool.

The changes in the weather are very decided. Quite a difference in Saturday and today. Then nobody could complain of its being cold, now they cannot complain that it is hot.

FOR RENT—House and lot in Forbeston. Apply to A. Forbes.

The smoke from the fire at Parmele this morning could be plainly seen from the depot here. It must have been a tremendous fire for the smoke to be seen fourteen miles.

Butter kept in refrigerators at J. L. Starkey & Co's.

A special to the *Wilmington Messenger* says that the new public printers have not yet sent in the laws to the State officials, and yet the law requires that the acts of the Legislature shall be published by the public printer and delivered to the State within ninety days after the Legislature adjourns. The penalty is fifty dollars per day for each day over time.

To keep cool buy summer Coats and Vests at Lang's.

### Hail Storms at Ayden.

AYDEN, N. C., June 17.—Saturday afternoon about 3 o'clock this section was visited by a sharp hail storm, and about 10 o'clock at night was followed by another more severe. The first storm continued about an hour and the last one fully two hours. The hail stones were small but extremely thick, while the wind and rain were terrific. Corn, cotton and tobacco crops were badly damaged. Old people say it was the worst storm that has visited this section. The rain washed up many bridges.

The potato crop around here is very short, and the price, as well as the potatoes, is small.

The tax assessors were here Saturday assessing and listing property.

### LIFE'S MERRY-GO-ROUND.

These Got Seats in the Band Wagon.

Mr. W. B. Brown left this morning for Norfolk.

Mr. R. B. Smith came up this morning from Ayden

Mr. J. H. Small of Washington, came upon to-days steamer.

Miss Bessie Harding returned this morning from Kinston.

Messrs. R. L. Davis and A. Horton, of Farmville, were in town to-day.

Mr. W. S. Bernard and his sister, Miss Mary, came home from Chocowinity to-day.

Dr. C. J. O'Hagan and Capt. C. A. White returned Saturday evening from Littleton.

Miss Mattie Russel, of Washington, who was visiting Miss Bessie Jarvis, returned home Saturday

Col. Harry Skinner and son Harry, and Master Charlie Latham left this morning for Washington City.

Miss Mary Burgess came up from Washington this morning to visit her brother, Mr. W. B. Burgess.

Mr. J. B. Latham has moved his family to Greenville and occupies a portion of the Dancy house on Pitt street.

His friends are glad to see Mr. W. S. Rawls out on the street again and to know that his health is gradually improving.

Mr. J. G. Moye left this morning for Littleton, and after spending a few days there will visit his brother, Mr. A. W. Moye, at Cary

Mr. E. J. Proctor, a former typo on the REFLECTOR who for a little more than two years has been living in Washington, came up to-day to again take a position with us.

### An Improvement.

Cherry Hill Cemetery is now in better condition than it has been in a great while. The walks and lots have all been cleaned up and several new walks have been made through the unoccupied part of the enclosure. The rickety stile over which pedestrians had to pass to get within the grounds has been removed and a small gate placed near the driveway for their use. Councilman Brown has had the work done well and we hope Cherry Hill will be kept in its present good condition.

ESTABLISHED 1875.

## S. M. Schultz

AT THE

### OLD BRICK STORE

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BUYING their year's supplies will find their interest to get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock is complete in all its branches.

### PORK SIDES & SHOULDERS.

### FLOUR, COFFEE, SUGAR

RICE, TEA, &c.

always at LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

### TOBACCO SNUFF & CIGARS

we buy direct from Manufacturers, enabling you to buy at one profit. A complete stock of

### FURNITURE

always on hand and sold at prices to suit the times. Our goods are all bought and sold for CASH, therefore, having no risk to run, we sell at a close margin.

Respectfully,

S. M. SCHULTZ,  
Greenville, N. C.

### Professional Cards.

**B. F. TYSON,**  
Attorney and Counselor at-Law  
Greenville, Pitt County, N. C.  
Practices in all the Courts.  
Civil and Criminal Business Solicited.  
Makes a special of fraud divorce, damages, actions to recover land, and collections.  
Prompt and careful attention given all business.  
Money to loan on approved security. Terms easy.

**J. H. BLOUNT. J. L. FLEMING**  
**BLOUNT & FLEMING**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
GREENVILLE, N. C.  
Practice in all the Courts.

**L. C. LATHAM. HARRY SKINNER.**  
**LATHAM & SKINNER,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
GREENVILLE, N. C.

**THOS. J. JARVIS. ALEX. L. BLOW**  
**JARVIS & BLOW,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
GREENVILLE, N. C.  
Practice in all the Courts.

**John E. Woodard, F. C. Harding,**  
Wilson, N. C. Greenville, N. C.  
**WOODARD & HARDING,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
Greenville, N. C.  
Special attention given to collections and settlement of claims.

**THE KING HOUSE,**  
Mrs. W. M. KING, Prop.  
In Business Part of City  
CUISINE SUPERB.  
GREENVILLE, - - N. C.