AUSTRIA MAKES PEACE MOVE ✻ ITALIAN ELECTIONS ✻ SOCIETY

SERVIA GIVEN LAST CHANCE FOR RETREAT

Austrian Note Said to Offer "Golden Bridge" to Save Small Kingdom's Honor.

MAY AMEND WAYS WITHOUT DISHONOR

While Vienna Sees Easy Solution for Latest Troubles in Balkans, Belgrade Takes Different View.

RAILED AT IN THE PRESS

Samou Pruno, Organ of Servian Government, Calls Proposal "Blackmail by Means of Commercial Treaty."

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD VIA COMMERCIAL CABLE COMPANY'S SYSTEM.]

PARIS, Sunday.—It is the opinion in Vienna that a golden bridge has been created for Servia by the communication made by Count Forgach to M. Milovanovich yesterday in Austria has given a generous opening to the small kingdom to amend its ways and save its dignity. From what I hear, however, the communication has not received that interpretation unanimously in Belgrade.

For instance, the Samoupruvo says Servia is too astute to allow herself to be blackmailed by means of a commercial treaty, but will wait quietly until March 19, the day of the expiration of the commercial provisorium and has her reply ready to be made at that time. This newspaper has the reputation of being the government organ, and if what is written is inspired it is evident that Servia is undaunted and prepared to engage in a tariff war to the bitter end.

The reply of Servia will probably only be received in some days' time as the last hope undoubtedly lies in an appeal to Russia. It must be borne in mind that Baron von Aehrenthal's latest note, though couched in the most conciliatory terms, was no less a clear demand upon Servia to explain her intentions, and a reply is courteously and firmly demanded. Upon the reply, which cannot be avoided, Baron von Aehrenthal will take measures to meet the situation.

The Austro-Hungarian government frankly stated what it is willing to do. It was agreed upon by leading statesmen of Austria, in solemn council, as the final word of the country, which cannot be altered, come what may.

Refusal of the offer made in all friendliness by Baron von Aehrenthal would be regarded as an overt avowal of ill feeling toward the dual monarchy. The time for discussion is growing limited, as the Austro-Hungarian public, whirh has been passive till the end of the play, which, it is declared, has lasted too long, insists the curtain now must fall.

SENATE READY FOR TARIFF STRUGGLE

Proposed Revision of Schedules of 1892 Has Aroused Opposition in France and from Abroad.

PARIS, Sunday.—The debate on the proposed general revision of the tariff of 1892, which has aroused a storm ow opposition at home and abroad, will open in the Senate this week and promises to be bitter and protracted. The situation is analogous to that in Germany, following the impetus given to agriculture by the adoption of a protective system.

The tariff of 1892 was framed primarily in the interest of French agriculturists, and, having brought them prosperity and turned a deficit in agricultural products into a surplus, the manufacturers are now claiming their share. They have waged a successful campaign before the Parliamentary Commission, having secured the aid of many workmen's organizations, which found that the payment of duties by the rich would relieve them of some of the burdens of taxation.

Foreign opposition to the revision was accompanied in some cases by unveiled threats of retaliation. The United States, through the Embassy here, made formal representations against the proposed increases in the duty on cotton, corn and oils. England and other countries strongly opposed other schedules. The French government, realizing the danger of tariff wars, formally refused to accept the oleaginous oil, textile, metal and machinery schedules.

But it may well admit of doubt whether, in the case of any race, an appointment of one of their number to a local office in a community in which the race feeling is so widespread and acute as to interfere with the ease and facility with which the local government business can be done by the appointee is of sufficient benefit by way of encouragement to the race to outweigh the recurrence and increase of race feeling which such an appointment is likely to engender.—President Taft.

PANAMA EDITOR GUILTY.

Thomas Davis Is Convicted on Charge of Libel by Court at Empire.

[BY MEXICAN CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

PANAMA, via GALVESTON, Texas, Sunday.—Thomas Davis, editor of the English section of the Chronicle, has been found guilty of libel by the court at Empire.

The American cruisers have all left here, four of them going to Acajutla, two to San José de Guatemala and two to Union.

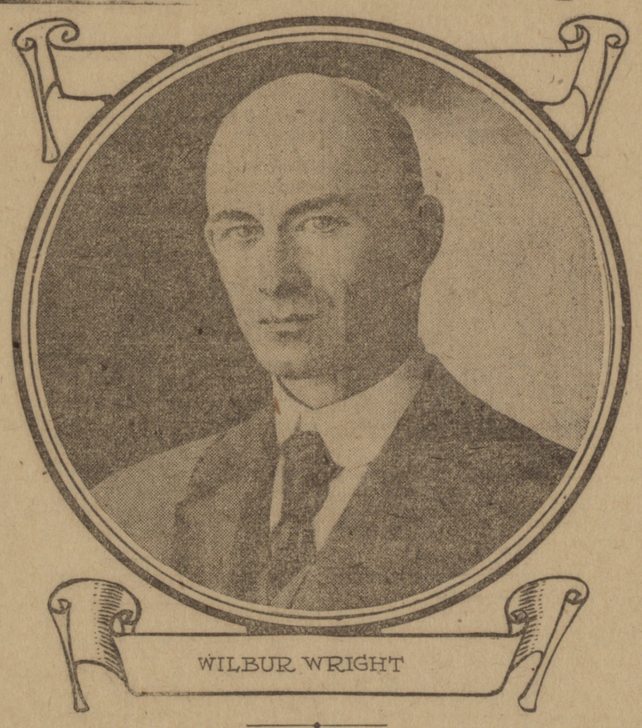
Captain Shanton, formerly Chief of Police of the canal zone, was entertained today at dinner by the British Minister. Captain Shanton's work has called forth many expressions of esteem.

Japanese Minister Received.

[BY MEXICAN CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

VALPARAISO, Chili, via GALVESTON, Texas, Sunday.—Mr. Hioki, First Japanese Minister in Chili, was to-day formally received by President Montt. Public attention is wholly absorbed by the election of Senators, Deputies and municipal officials, which takes place to-day.

Wright Aeroplane Repaired and Ready for New Flights



WILBUR WRIGHT

Great Crowds of Visitors Disappointed at Inability to Remain in Pau to See New Trials by American Aviator.

VOISIN AEROPLANES TO GET TESTS SOON

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD VIA COMMERCIAL CABLE COMPANY'S SYSTEM.]

PAU, Sunday.—Mr. Wilbur Wright, after a hard week's work on his aeroplanes, new and old, passed Sunday in town. The damage to the injured aeroplane now has been repaired except that one or two pieces of mechanism must be obtained in Paris.

Wilbur Wright will certainly be flying again this week. The forced interruption of the flights has been a source of great disappointment to many visitors.

Quite a large number of persons had made arrangements to come to Pau for short periods to see the aviator at work. Many cannot remain either for personal reasons or owing to the difficulty in retaining accommodations where every room is let in advance. Unable to prolong their visit, they are obliged to leave with their curiosity unsatisfied.

Much interest is shown also as to when the Voisin aeroplanes will be in action here. The ground upon which their dock is to be erected is only a couple of miles from that of the Wright aeroplanes and work on it is already begun.

AMERICAN CAPITAL INVESTED IN HAYTI

Representative of the National City Bank in Port au Prince to Further Enterprises.

GETS CONTROL OF WHARF

Railway and Lighting Concessions and Contract to Rebuild Big Reservoir in American Hands.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE HERALD.]

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Feb. 27, 1909.—Notwithstanding the incognito of a Mr. Jacobs, who did not register at a hotel, but went to a private house in fear, without reason, of being approached, I know he comes to Port au Prince as the representative of the National City Bank of New York. He gave also the impression to a high official that he depended upon the Speyer group and others for investment of American capital in Hayti.

The Cul de Sac Railroad, an existing company, and the new concession of the wharf of Port au Prince are among the enterprises to be controlled by this bank, which intends also to obtain from the Haytian government the floating of a loan in New York.

A contract to rebuild the big reservoir constructed under the French dominion in the seventeenth century, for the purpose of irrigating the plain of Port au Prince, has been given to Mr. A. M. Archer, representing a syndicate of American capitalists. It is the same party who obtained the lease for sixty years of the Gonaive Island and the contract for electric lighting of Port au Prince.

It is thought that there has been such a change in conditions since the enactment of the Dingley act, drafted on a similarly protective principle, that the measure of the tariff above stated will permit the reduction of rates in certain schedules and will require the advancement of few, if any.—President Taft.

RUSSIA THANKS MR. STOKES.

Officials Grateful for Aid in Founding Young Men's Christian Association.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sunday.—The Premier, M. Stolypin; M. Khomyakoff, President of the Duma, and other prominent government officials, have signed an address to Mr. Anson Phelps Stokes, of New York, in appreciation of his aid in founding the Russian Young Men's Christian Association. The address was presented by a deputation led by Countess Shuvaleff to Mr. John R. Mott, general secretary of the World's Student Christian Federation of New York, at the annual meeting of the association to-day.

Mr. Mott read a special message to the young men of Russia from Mr. Roosevelt. The Tsar, the Tsaritsa and other members of the royal family are taking a lively interest in the association. The Tsar has contributed liberally and Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch has given $1,500. The Tsar has issued a special order that the apparatus for the new gymnasium be entered free of duty.

Russian Students Arrested.

WARSAW, Sunday.—The police, aided by infantry to-day broke up a meeting of students in the University Hall at which the question of a change in the system of examinations was being discussed. One hundred and seventy-eight students were arrrested and may be deported to their native towns in the interior of Russia. It is possible that the university may be closed.

The student body of Warsaw is made up entirely of Russians, as the Poles boycott the Russian university.

ITALIAN ELECTIONS GOVERNMENT GAIN

Republicans, Too, Increase Their Strength in the Chamber by Four or Five.

BAD WEATHER PREVAILS

Almost Entire Country Is Covered with Snow, While Rain Diminishes Considerably Number of Voters.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD VIA COMMERCIAL CABLE COMPANY'S SYSTEM.]

ROME, Sunday.—General elections for the Chamber of Deputies took place to-day throughout Italy. From the returns to hand it appears that 340 Deputies have been elected who support the policy of the present government.

The socialist and republican parties have increased their strength, the latter having gained four or five seats. The elections were carried out in perfect order except for a few incidents in the provinces.

The weather has been bad everywhere. North Italy is covered with snow and in Central and Southern Italy it rained heavily, naturally diminishing the number of voters. The elections in Rome have been unfavorable to the government in the Second electoral division. The leader of the Italian socialists was returned, while the Sixth elected a republican.

IL GOVERNO ITALIANO OTTENE MOR TRIUNFO

Trecento Quaranta Deputati Favorevoli al Ministero del Signor Giolitti Sono Eletti,

ROMA, Domenice.—Ebbero luogo oggi le elezioni di 508 deputati della ventitresima legislatura. La lotta fu vivacissima in tutta Italia, principalmente a Roma, Torino, Milano, Bologna, Napoli e Le Puglie dove, durante le elezioni Corsero libramente bastonate, pugni e qualche colpo di revolver.

Fino stasera alle dieci si calcola un totale di sei morti e una trentina di feriti foa i quali pure due frati dominicani.

Tutti i ministri deputati furono richletti meno l' On. Schanzer, ministro di poste e telegrafi di cui non si conosce ancore il reisultato.

I socialisti triunfarono principalmente a Torino ed a Roma. Il numero totale dei deputati dei partiti estremi appena eccederá di quartro o cinque nella Camara anteriore.

In Cambio, però i pretamente cherical si possono calcolare a venti, tutti, però, Costitutzionali. Il ministero Giolitti esce dalle urne Col triunfo di una compatta maggiorranza di circa 340 deputati. I partiti di opposizione vera, in totale, si limitará a un quanto centocinquanto deputati frazionati in vari gruppi o partiti e di cui interessi politici sono contraditori fra di loro.

Lo stato atmosferico d'Italia non poteva essere peggiore per un giorno di elezioni. In tutta Italia il tempo era orribile. Nel nord una forte buffera e neve; nel veneto delle valanghe enorme ostruirono i cammini; nel centro e nel sud d'Italia una forte pioggia ha provaiso.

Nonostante si calcola che un sesanta per cento di elettori concorse alle elezioni.

A Torino la neve difficoltava la circolazione ma i socialisti occuparono di prinla ora i seggi elettorali.

A Napoli le truppe rimasero consegnate in provisione di disordine e furona arrestati nove cammoristi che intimidivano gli elettori.

A Roma da pioggia ha ritardato la costituzione dei seggi. Molti preti e frati concorsero alle urne nella capitale.

MARVEL AT ESCAPE OF YUAN SHI KAI

Chinese Court Circles See Self Restraint on Prince Chun's Part in Sparing His Life.

THREE VIEWS OF DISMISSAL

Japanese Influence, Jealousies of State and Attitude Toward Late Emperor Blamed for Councillor's Downfall.

PEKIN, Sunday.—Whatever the actual reasons for the dismissal last January of Yuan Shi Kai from the office of Grand Councillor may be—and there are several courses of reasoning to count for this step on the part of Prince Chun, the Regent—it is generally conceded that the Prince, judged according to Chinese precedent, acted with rare self-control in not putting the Councillor to death.

No outside observer knows just what prompted the Prince to dismiss the Councillor, and the truth will be revealed only by skilful political deductions from events to come, but in the meantime the three possible sets of reasons, any one of which may have led to the removal of Yuan Shi Kai, may be set down as follows:—

Yuan Shi Kai was in command of the Chinese army of the Chi-li, or Capital Province, in 1898, the year of the political crisis in the life of the late Emperor Kwang-Su. He sided with the Empress and furnished her with troops that made it possible for her to dethrone the Emperor and take the reins of government into her own hands.

The Emperor deeply resented what he regarded as his betrayal by Yuan Shi Kai, and it has been freely said that if he had survived the Empress his first official act would have been an order for the execution of Yuan Shi Kai. Prince Chun, the present Regent, is a younger brother of Kwang-Su, and he felt called upon to resent this insult offered his dead brother in 1898. His action in simply dismissing Yuan Shi Kai from office seems all the milder when it is remembered that Li Hung Chang, for a far less serious offence in the eyes of the Chinese people, was openly disgraced and stripped of all his official honors and titles.

BLAME JAPANESE FOR DOWNFALL.

Another view is that Yuan Shi Kai, in his efforts for reform, made enemies among the conservatives and that they, together with the Japanese, compassed his downfall. Yuan Shi Kai opposed the Japanese in Manchuria and they are said to have appealed to the family sentiment of Prince Chun and his duty to his dead brother to put Yuan Shi Kai out of the way, promising in return to support his policies. If this is the right view a reversion to reactionism may be looked for.

The official view is that Yuan Shi Kai's retirement is personal. He aroused deep-seated jealousies by his aggression and a consciousness of his own fancied importance to the empire, with the result that many of the Palace clique were eager to work aganist him for reasons of spite and ill-feeling. Furthermore, it is said by Chinese doctors that Yuan Shi Kai has received a slight touch of paralysis and is not, at the present time, able to walk unaided.

The next six months will disclose which of these views is correct. The outlook for reform and progress throughout the empire is, however, considered good by observers whose long residence in China and intimate knowledge of affairs give weight to their deductions. Much of the hopeful feeling is based on the personality of the Prince Regent.

Prince Chun is the first ruler of China who ever has been abroad. He is a man of Western learning, speaks and reads English readily, and he has sustained for some years the reputation of an honest and progressive man. He undoubtedly has real ability, and he is believed to have a far higher standard of honesty in public affairs than has prevailed in China in the past. There is reason to believe that the present administration has no thought of deviating from the path of progress marked out by Yuan Shi Kai, or even slackening its pace in the reform march.

CHINA ENTERS REFORM PERIOD.

China already has entered upon a period of reform. Chi-Li Province has nine thousand schools, and these at least are aiming at Western education. In the empire, as a whole, there must be from thirty to forty thousand such schools. The anti-opium struggle is on and public sentiment on this question is beginning to find voice in every village in China, and in this connection it is safe to say that the new Regency in all probability will put forth more strenuous efforts than did the Dowager Empress for the suppression of the cultivation and the use of opium throughout the empire.

Government by graft no longer finds its defender, and humiliation over the opium traffic and the corruption of officials is slowly turning into condemnation. The railroads have demonstrated their advantages and the Chinese are eager for them. Post offices steadily are multiplying. Every Chinese newspaper is advocating reform and there is not a single reactionary journal in the empire.

Furthermore the young men of China are committed to reform. It would be a sheer impossibility to tear up the railroad tracks, close all the schools, suppress the newspapers, lead all the people back to the old acquiescence in opium, destroy all the young men who have caught glimpses of Western silence, shut out foreign commerce and uproot missions. The vast empire is in motion, and the chances are that it will continue to move in the direction in which it is going to-day. In the event of a reversion to reactionary measures the question would not be what would become of China, but what would become of the reactionaries. No group of reactionaries could stand long in front of the awakened sensibilities of the people.

CLEMENCEAU SCORES CHURCH.

Asserts It Only Understands Liberty as a Privilege.

PARIS, Sunday.—The social revolutionists, as a protest against the vigorous measures of the government, tried to-day to organize a huge hostile demonstration against the Premier, M. Clemenceau, at the unveiling of the monument erected to Charles Thomas Floquet, formerly Premier. President Fallières, M. Loube and many officials were present. At the first sign of manifestations a large force of police, which had been placed on duty, took immediate steps to suppress the demonstrants, a number of whom were arrested.

In a lengthy address M. Clemenceau said among those who denied the existence of a government of liberty in France to-day was the Church, which only understood liberty as an exclusive privilege.

College Men to Unite in Paris.

PARIS, Sunday.—Graduates of Columbia University in Paris are organizing an alumni association. In spite of the fact that a large number of American college men live in Paris, no university club exists. The success of the movement of the Columbia alumni is likely to advance the idea of a general organization of university men.

King Leaves Paris for Biarritz.

PARIS, Sunday.—King Edward, who arrived here on Friday, left to-day for Biarritz.

Earthquakes in Ecuador.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Sunday. — Two strong shocks of earthquake, lasting half a minute, were felt at midnight last night at Guayaquil and along the coast. No damages resulted, but the populace was thrown into a state of great panic.

RUSH FOR BOATS AT PALM BEACH

Those Who Go Late for Launches Can Get None to Take Friends to Houseboat Day or Night.

DINNERS IN THE MOONLIGHT

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt Entertain Party in Palm Garden—Arrivals at Hotels.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD.]

PALM BEACH, Fla., Sunday.—It was a question to-day of who got here first when one proposed to entertain friends at sailing parties this afternoon or to-night. Several of those who intended to take parties to the Houseboat found that no launches were available, but they reached there as guests instead of hosts.

Mr. Hugh Inman and Mr. Payne Whitney each had parties that required four launches, not counting those that were used for the musicians. Others entertaining at the Houseboat were Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, Mr. Eugene S. Kimball, Dr. Daniel Karsner, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford V. Brokaw, Miss Charlotte Andrews, Mrs. Quincy A. Shaw, Mrs. Frederick Edey, Colonel and Mrs. Samuel Goodman and Mr. G. Willett Van Nest. Mr. Van Nest entertained for Mr. Albert W. Robert, of New York.

There was a brilliant full moon and the night was perfect, and the Houseboat was as gay at night with dinner parties as it had been with luncheon and sunset parties in the day. Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, who had cancelled their engagement for a party at the Houseboat last night, were too late for a launch to-night and gave a dinner by moonlight in the palm garden of the Royal Poinciana.

Mrs. S. Bowman, who sang the offertory at Bethesda by the Sea to-day, gave a musicale this afternoon at the Spray, the villa on the ocean front that is the home of Mr. Richard Croker, her uncle. Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Cragin had a large company of callers in the afternoon at Rêve d'Eté.

Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James this week will take an automobile party to cocoanut grove. There are two cocoanut groves, one immediately in front of the Royal Poinciana and the other a few miles south of Miami. At the latter Mrs. James has friends, and she and her party will visit them for a day.

General Albert Ames, of Lowell, Mass., entertained Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Flagler at dinner in the grillroom of the Royal Poinciana to-night. Other guests were his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Borden, of Fall River, and the members of Mr. and Mrs. Flagler's house party at White Hall. General Ames, Miss Jessie Ames and Mr. and Mrs. Borden will leave Palm Beach to-morrow to visit Nassau.

Mrs. Joseph Palmer Knapp, of New York, was among those who rode bicycles to-day. Miss Beatrice Stetsone, Mrs. James King Clarke and Miss Dorothea Stone-Smith were among the many others riding.

Mr. Sidney Maddock, of New York, recently entertained on his yacht Mr. Simeon Ford, Mr. Charles Lazaleer, Mr. "Jack" Powers, Mr. A. S. Washburn and Mr. Riley Wilson. There was enough talent in the party to produce a show.

Arrivals at the Breakers include Miss Maude A. Leland, Dr. J. D. Emmett, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Packard, Miss Packard, of New York; Mr. Watson Snyder, of Newark, N. J., and Mr. P. J. Brady, of Cleveland, Ohio. At midnight a large staff of men will begin to decorate the dining room there for the big golf ball to-morrow night.

Among the arrivals at the Royal Poinciana are Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Thorne, Mr. William M. Burns, Mr. Albert F. Keveney, Mr. William A. Nash and Mr. S. R. Walker, of New York; Mr. A. F. Esterbrook, of Boston; Miss C. W. Biddle and Miss C. R. L. Baird, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Norris P. Bryant, Miss Leola N. Bryant and Mrs. V. B. Williams, of Toronto.

MANY GO BATHING AT ST. AUGUSTINE

Hundreds on the Beaches There—Arrivals from the North Reported.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD.]

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Sunday.—Summer weather sent hundreds of visitors to the beaches to-day, where the ocean is right for bathing.

Mr. Frank Munsey last night gave a dinner in the Ponce de Leon for friends who came here with him from Atlanta, Ga.

Miss Boal, of Piqua, Ohio, gave a large card party in the upper rotunda of the Ponce de Leon last night. Both euchre and bridge were played.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Redmond, of New York, are at the Plaza, where Mrs. Redmond was an annual visitor when she was Miss Parsons. They have been at Miami with Mr. Robert Parsons and at Palm Beach.

Mrs. H. Lee Borden is at the Alcazar, where she is a regular visitor. Others at the Alcazar are Mr. and Mrs. William B. Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar W. Nickelson, Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Scott, Mrs. William G. Foster, Miss Foster, Frank H. Woodruff, Jr., New York; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Kimball, Hackensack; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Dunlap, Philadelphia; Mrs. K. B. McCollin, Mrs. D. W. Searle, Montrose, Pa.; Mrs. A. S. Townsend, Mrs. R. K. Bowman, Trenton, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. Leonard N. Slade, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Bowen, St. Louis; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Newberry, Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. John R. Townsend, Denver, Col.

At the Ponce de Leon are Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Lafetra, Miss E. H. Field, Mr. H. A. Lafetra, Jr.; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Herzig, Mr. and Mrs. Robert McCurdy, Miss Eleanor Rodewald, Mr. William McN. Rodewald, New York; Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Donaldson, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Devlin, Miss C. W. Bidell, Miss C. R. D. Baird, Mr. and Mrs. George Ernst, Philadelphia; Miss Irene D. Cave, Brooklyn; Mr. and Mrs. Louis Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. George Weston, Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Putman, Rochester, N. Y.

It is believed that with the changes to be recommended American business can be assured of that measure of stability and certainty in respect to those things that may be done and those that are prohibited which is essential to the life and growth of all business.—President Taft.

Filipino Methodists Split.

MANILA, Sunday.—Nicholas Zamora, a Filipino preacher who caused a split in the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Manila and planned to organize an evangelical Methodist Church of the Philippines, yesterday surrendered his credentials to the regular church and beagn forming his followers into an organized body. He is followed by at least a thousand members of his former congregation. The extent of the schism in the established Methodist Church has not yet been determined, but it is evident tha the majority of the Filipino leaders will remain loyal to the regular church.

The Presbyterian organization in the island is not affected by the new movement, although it is reported that the dissenting Methodists are trying to create a division in that church also.

MR. PETER DE L. JAY ENGAGED TO MARRY

Miss Susan A. McCook, Daughter of Colonel and Mrs. John J. McCook, His Fiancee.

THEIR HONEYMOON IN TOKIO

Wedding Set for March 16 and They Will Go to Japan, Where He Is Secretary of Embassy.

Colonel and Mrs. John J. McCook, of No. 10 West Fifty-fourth street, have announced the engagement of their eldest daughter, Miss Susan Alexander McCook, and Mr. Peter DeLancey Jay, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Jay. It is quite a surprise to society, as outside their circle of relatives and most intimate friends there had been no intimation of it.

Miss McCook is a granddaughter of Mrs. Henry M. Alexander and a niece of Mr. Charles B. Alexander, of this city. She is one of four sisters, all cultivated and charming.

Mr. Jay is first secretary of the United States Embassy in Tokio, Japan, and has been here on leave of absence since the holidays. He is related to many families of prominence and is a graduate of Harvard of the class of 1900. He has lived much abroad and his father was at one time attached to the United States Legation in Paris. Mr. Jay is a direct descendant of the first John Jacob Astor and his mother is a sister of Colonel DeLancey Astor Kane.

As Mr. Jay is obliged to return soon to his post in Tokio, the wedding will take place in New York on March 16. The company will be small and the ceremony devoid of display.

SOUTHERNERS IN NEW YORK

Mrs. James Ramsey Baldridge, of Charleston, V. Va., is at No. 356 West Fifty-eighth street.

Mrs. T. L. Rand, of Rome, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Steedman, of North Carolina; Mrs. Metcalf and Mrs. J. L. Smith, of Mexia, Texas, and Mr. and Mrs. James Innes, of Chattanooga, are among recent arrivals at the Grand.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Y. Ware and Miss Ware, of Birmingham, Ala., are spending a few days at the Hotel Empire.

Mr. Russell Hart and family have returned from Europe and are spending several weeks at No. 356 West Fifty-eighth street before going South.

Messrs. F. G. Lake, of Atlanta; J. U. Jackson and W. M. Jackson, Jr., of Augusta, Ga., are at the Herald Square Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Shepherd, of Birmingham, Ala., are at the Park Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Atkinson, after a long visit to New York, returned a few days ago to Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. H. S. Dalton, of Richmond, Va., is at the New Amsterdam Hotel.

EXHIBITIONS OF ART IN THE GALLERIES

Paintings and Etchings To Be Seen—Plans for National Academy's Display.

Paintings by Mr. Charles H. Davis, etchings by artists of the seventeenth century and smaller exhibitions are to be seen this week in the galleries.

Mr. Davis shows at Macbeth's fifteen canvases, the result of his summer's work in Connecticut. "The Valley of the West Wind," with clouds and clearness, is in the artist's best manner and occupies the most prominent place in the display. In a slightly different style is "A Fitful Gleam," rich in tone and alluring. "October" is in golden yellow and is highly decorative. "The Morning Light," "Clouds at Sunset," "Moonrise" and "First Snow" by their color schemes, give an agreeable variety to the exhibition.

Etchers of the seventeenth century hold the large gallery at Keppel's. Among the prints displayed are many which are the work of the Arcadian group, such as Pieter Breughel, Claude Gellée, of Lorraine; Allart van Everdingen, Anton Waterloo and Jan Both. Etchings of pastoral life are from the plates of Paul Potter, Nicholas Berchem and Karel du Jardin.

Mr. Robert Reid is exhibiting his picture "The Brown Veil" in the Fifth avenue window of Knoedler's gallery.

The most important show which the Salmagundi Club has ever given, consisting of its annual exhibition, is now to be seen in the enlarged gallery of the club. No cards are required for admittance to the display, which is in the club house at No. 14 West Twelfth street.

Artists who sent pictures for the forthcoming exhibition of the National Academy of Design are consoling themselves with the fact that of the 1,800 canvases offered, the jury was able to select only about three hundred for hanging, owing to the limited space. The exhibition will be opened on Saturday.

Miss Anglin as an Authoress.

Miss Margaret Anglin has arrived in Paris after a visit to Egypt, and will remain there until Holy Week, when she will go to Rome for Easter at St. Peter's. In Egypt she went up the Nile to Khartoum by boat, and thence into the Soudan by camel. She is preparing for publication an account of her travels, which will be illustrated by snapshots from her own camera.

Theatrical Jottings.

Mr. David Belasco arrived yesterday in New York from San Francisco, whither he went four weeks ago to visit his father. He said he felt ten years younger, that he would not have missed the trip for worlds and that he had been well treated.

"The Traveling Salesman," which has been playing in New York since August 10, will close a run of 300 nights on April 10 in the Gaiety Theatre, as contracts executed in September call for its appearance in the Illinois Theatre, in Chicago, on April 12.

Mr. A. H. Woods will open a season of melodrama with a stock company in the Grand Street Theatre on March 15. The bill will be changed weekly, and the first play will be "Fast Life in New York." Among those engaged are Miss Bertha Creighton and Mr. Lawrence Barbour.

Messrs. Booth Tarkington and Harry Leon Wilson are writing a play "The Return of a Soul," for Miss Mabel Taliaferro. It will be produced next autumn.

A.—
Johann Hoff's Malt Extract for General debility. Beware of substitutes.

Sufferers from Coughs, Sore Throat, &c., should try BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

EUROPE.

VENTNOR, I. O. W.—Charming House (fur.) to let; low terms to careful tenants. Miss JAMES, Norvic.

1,500 ACRES SHOOTING.

SCOTLAND (19 miles Edinburgh).—For season or term, well known Mansion of much architectural beauty, superbly placed amidst grand surroundings. Fine hall, five good reception, billiard, 20 bed rooms, two baths, servants' hall, large offices. Stabling for six, motor house. Picturesque grounds, greenhouses and conservatory. Shooting over 1,500 acres, 400 being cover. First rate mixed bag, including grouse, partridges, woodcock, snipe and wild duck. Good stock left. Good trout fishing on estate. HAMPTON & SONS, 2 and 3 Cockspur st., London, S. W., England.

SUNDAY CONCERTS PLEASE AUDIENCES

Mr. Gabrilowitsch Plays in the Metropolitan—"Samson et Dalila" in the Manhattan.

RECALLS FOR THE PIANIST

His Hearers Try to Persuade Him to Give Another Number—Opera in Concert Form Well Received.

Excellent piano playing by Mr. Ossif Gabrilowitch was the feature of th concert in the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. In the Manhattan Opera House "Sameon et Dalila" was given in concert form. Both houses held large and enthusiastic audiences.

Mr. Gabrilowitsch played first the D major concerts of his countryman, Tschaikowsky, and in the second part of the concert Lisgt's Hungarian fantasia. In both of these compositions the young Russian pianist played with brilliancy and fine artistic results. The audience rrcalled him no less than nine times after the fantasia in a vain attempt to get something more.

Singers at the concert were Mme. di Pasquali, Mr. Rains and Mr. Martin. All three were recalled many times. Mr. Hertz conducted the orchestra in the "William Tell" overture, the overture from "The Bartered Bride," and Sir Edward Elgar's march, "Pomp and Circumstance."

"Samson et Dalila" was sung in the Manhattan in its entirety, with orchestra and choral accompaniment and under the leadership of Mr. Campanini. The chief solo parts were taken by Miss Gerville-Reache, Mr. Dalmores and Mr. Dufranne. Miss Gerville-Reache's singing of the great contralto air, "Mon Coeur 'ouvre à ta Voix," and Mr. Dalmore's "Israel, romps ta Chaine," evoked prolonged applause. The whole performance was upon a high plane of excellence.

In the prelude of the second act the orchestra played with beautiful finish and fully deserved the many rounds of applause with which the music was received.

At the close of the evening all the performers and Mr. Campanini were called again and again before the footlights.

Greek Tragedian Gives Navy Benefit.

Patriotic Greeks in all parts of the world are contributing to a fund to provide that nation with a better navy. Mr. Lecatza, a Greek tragedian, now here, is one of them and he has arranged a benefit to be given to-night in the Palm Garden, in East Fifty-eighth street. He is said to be the first Greek actor to play Hamlet, and a part of his programme will be the "To be or not to be" and the "Now I am alone" soliloquies in English, the third act of the "Merchant of Venice" in Greek, the fourth act of "Richelieu" in English and a Greek recitation.

Mr. Holmes Tells of Java.

Through Java, "the Eden of Netherlands-India," Mr. Burton Holmes went last night in his travelogue in Carnegie Hall. To most of his audience it was a strange country. He showed the life there of the Dutch governors as well as the natives. One interesting group of pictures showed a native Prince living with all the ceremonial of one of the great crowned heads, all by the grace of the Dutch officials.

HOTEL SPECIALS.

Hotel St. Regis New York

Fifth Avenue and 55th Street

This Far Famed Hotel Now Most Popular of Its Class.

RATES

Single Rooms, $3.00 and $4.00 per day; with bath, $5.00 per day ($6.00 for two people). Suites, consisting of Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $12.00 upward; larger suites in proportion.

Although the St. Regis Restaurant and its service are acknowledged as the best, the charges are no higher than at other first class Hotels.

DIRECTORY FOR ADVERTISERS.

	PAGE.	COL.
Amusements	16	6 & 7
Automobiles	10	4 & 7
Boarders Wanted	11	6 & 7
Business Opportunities	14	3
Business Specials	1	1 to 3
Clothing	14	3
Coastwise Steamships	11	7
Country Board	12	6
Dancing Academies	14	3
Dry Goods, &c.	1	6 to 7
Do.	5	5 to 7
Do.	6	2 & 3
Dwelling Houses to Let, Furnished and Unfurnished	2	5
Europe	9	7
Financial	13	7
Do.	14	3
Flats and Apartments to Let—Furnished	2	5
Flats and Apartments to Let—Unfurnished	2	5 & 6
For Sale	2	5
Furnished Rooms to Let	16	4 & 5
Furniture, Carpets, &c.	6	1
Do.	7	5 to 7
Help Wanted—Females	15	1 to 3
Help Wanted—Males	16	3 & 4
Horses, Carriages, &c.	10	6 & 7
Hotels and Restaurants	16	1 & 2
Hotel Specials	9	7
Instruction, Colleges, Schools, &c.	14	3
Lost and Found	1	1
Medical	14	3
Money to Loan and Wanted on Real Estate	2	1
Musical	12	6
Ocean Steamships	12	4 to 6
Personal	1	1
Pianofortes, Organs, &c.	4	5
Do.	7	2 to 4
Professional Situations Wanted—Females	14	6 & 7
Do.	15	1
Proposals	14	3
Public Notices	2	7
Real Estate at Auction	2	1 & 2
Real Estate, New York City, for Sale or to Rent	2	1 & 2
Real Estate, Out of the City, for Sale or to Rent	2	2 & 3
Real Estate to Exchange	2	3
Real Estate Wanted	2	3
Rewards	1	1
Sales at Auction	12	6 & 7
Situations Wanted—Females	14	4 to 6
Situations Wanted—Males	15	3 to 7
Do.	16	3
Special Notices	4	3 & 4
Do.	4	6 & 7
Do.	5	2 to 4
Do.	6	4 to 7
Do.	7	1
Do.	10	3
Special Suburban Advertising Agents	2	7
Summer Residences	2	3
To Let for Business Purposes	2	3 & 4
Travellers' Guide	16	6
Wanted to Purchase or Exchange	2	7
Winter Resorts	16	2 & 3
Yachts, Ships, Steamboats, &c.	12	4