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THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

D. J. WHICHAARD, Editor and Owner

TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION.

TERMS: \$1.00 per Year, in Advance.

VOL. XV.

GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1896.

NO 49

Two papers for \$1.50

We have made arrangements to furnish the REFLECTOR and North Carolinian for the above amount. This is campaign year and you should take the two leading papers.

RIGHT NAMES OF ROYALTY.

The Popular Notions on This Subject Are All Wrong.

Not one person out of a thousand, if he had a fair day's start and privilege of rummaging among encyclopedias, could trace out the real family name of the rulers of Europe.

Mistakes are very frequently made through ignorance, and these mistakes are so frequently quoted they become accepted facts.

Figaro of Paris has gone into the subject quite extensively, and this subject has brought together a queen Victoria, according to this authority, was originally Miss Azon.

Le Prince of Wales, the son of Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg, has naturally his father's name.

Like the king of Portugal, strictly speaking, has the same family name. He was a grandson of another Prince of Coburg, who married the then queen of Portugal.

Likewise the king of Portugal, strictly speaking, has the same family name. He was a grandson of another Prince of Coburg, who married the then queen of Portugal.

Hohenzollern is not the family name of the German line that is now upon the throne. Their true name is Zollern, Thassillon, the first count of Zollern, having founded the race about 800.

The Capets are The Duke of Orleans, the sons of old Count of Paris, Don Carlos and Alfonso XIII, the infant king of Spain.

Of Oldenburg, founded by the Count of Oldenburg, who died in 1440, there are many. The chief of these today who are entitled to use this family name are Christian IX of Denmark; George I, king of Greece; the Grand Duke of Oldenburg; Ernest, Duke of Sleswick-Holstein; and Nicholas II, emperor of all the Russians.

Francis Joseph, emperor of Austria-Hungary; the queen regent of Spain and Frederick, grand duke of Baden, are Ethichons. The original Ethichon was a duke of Alsace, who lived about the year 614.

Running the Gantlet. Running the gantlet as a military punishment was, it is said, originated by Gustavus Adolphus to punish thieves in his army.

Fore of Habit. A laughable story is told of an old miser, who, being at the point of death, resolved to give all his money to a nephew at whose hands he had experienced some little kindness.

A hat is "pounced" or smoothed by means of a machine which polishes the whole surface finely and smoothly with emery paper.

Scrupulous Valet (on finding a 5 franc piece in the pocket of his master's new waistcoat)—It's a thousand pities for the waistcoat, but there's nothing else for it. I must make a hole large enough for the money to slip through.—Libre Pele.

THE NEW GOLDEN TOBACCO BELT.

With commendable enterprise: Col. I. A. Sugg has for some time been collecting material for the publication in the American Agriculturist an article on the tobacco industry in Eastern North Carolina.

The Agriculturalist of the 7th contains a full page article, with illustrations, of the Greenville market and a history of the tobacco industry in the eastern counties since 1887.

The American Agriculturist is one of the oldest and probably has a wider circulation than any agricultural journal published in the United States, hence it was through this excellent medium that Col. Sugg chose to tell the world of the unsurpassed natural advantages that Eastern North Carolina possessed in the production of bright tobacco.

Since the cultivation of tobacco was first begun in the eastern counties, ten years ago, Col. Sugg has been one of the first to lend his efforts to anything which tended to the advancement of the tobacco interests of his section.

The following persons: Cultivator, Col. Sugg we clip from the Agriculturist, also his article on the tobacco industry in the "New Golden Belt."

Col. Sugg was one of the first to engage in tobacco culture in this section, and has been prominent in building up the industry and the local markets. He has also been an earnest worker in every good cause for the material interest or social development of his town (Greenville) and county.

Marriage affiliated with the Old North State's agricultural and business interests, Col. Sugg is a true type of the southern gentleman who has labored indeligably to develop the matchless resources of the middle south.

A lawyer of good practice, he was president elect of the Palmer ticket. "There has been such a rapid increase since 1887 in the production of tobacco in eastern North Carolina, in what is now known as the New Golden Belt, comprising the counties of Edgecombe, Nash, Martin, Pitt, Beaufort, Craven, Lenoir, Greene, Wayne and Wilson,—that it is simply wonderful.

In these counties is now grown and marketed sixty per cent of the bright tobacco of the state, and when it is considered that North Carolina produces eighty per cent of entire production of bright tobacco in the Union, it is no small thing in considering this section as one of the most valuable to the world, of any section of the United States.

In the short space of less than ten years, where there was not a single leaf of tobacco marketed, now there are eight markets where there is sold daily large quantities of the golden weed, twenty warehouses of spacious size that engage sixty to eighty large prize houses ranging from eighty to one hundred and twenty feet in length and thirty to fifty feet in width, three to four stories in height, with all the best methods of keeping and ripening tobacco. Upon the floor of each of these warehouses may be seen daily from 15,000 to 50,000 pounds of beautiful bright tobacco each.

This industry is in its infancy, and is growing in these counties with amazing rapidity each year. The county of Pitt is the center of this cluster of counties and with daily railroad facilities and water transportation, with four of the largest warehouses of the twenty operated by young men of energy and character, who are making the growing of fine bright tobacco familiar to the planters who have heretofore grown cotton as the staple crop, because of its peculiar adaptation to the growth of his leaf and its healthy climate, this section is destined to become the great bright-leaf tobacco market of the United States.

It is the wonder of the traveler, as he passes through, that this industry has not long ago sought and been developed into a wonderful market, and such it is becoming and such it will eventually be. There is no inflation of prices or booming, but everything is of a solid and easy-going character, safe and stable. The preparation and setting and cultivating the plant is very much the same as in nearly all the tobacco-growing sections of the state and nation. But the saving and curing of the crop is on a very different character from almost any state of the tobacco-growing section. This year's crop was reduced in weight quality and value by drought during the maturing stage, but the increased acreage will more than make up the deficiency.

Last February the Southern Railway was found guilty of running a freight train through Greensboro on Sunday in violation of the law and a fine of \$500 was imposed. The railway appealed to the Supreme Court, and that court has affirmed the judgment of the lower court and holding that the statute under which the indictment was drawn was constitutional.

Notice to Creditors. In accordance with a decree made at September term 1896 of Pitt Superior Court in a case therein pending in which J. N. Bynum, Executor of R. A. Bynum is plaintiff and R. B. Bynum and others are defendants, notice is hereby given to the creditors of R. A. Bynum, deceased to file with me the evidence of their claims against said estate, on or before the 16th day of November 1896. It is made my duty to report to December term the amount of the indebtedness and the pro rata share of each debt to the assets. Those creditors desiring to share in the assets must present their claims within the above specified time.

E. A. MOYER, Clerk of the Superior Court, Greenville, N. C., Oct. 29, 1896.

WANTED—Poultry. Bring your Poultry and Eggs to my office for the highest market price. Buy and ship in large quantities, and I am prepared to pay you as much as any cash.

J. B. TRIPP

Bent on Assassination.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Joseph Maruska walked into the lower corridor of the city hall yesterday afternoon armed and intent on killing Mayor Swift. Maruska asked in an exciting manner to be directed to the mayor's office. A policeman took him to detective headquarters, where the sergeant was introduced to him as the mayor. Maruska declared the mayor was a menace to society, and reached for his hip pocket. He drew a bullock revolver but was disarmed.

Maruska swore he would kill Mayor Swift and then go to Canton and kill President-elect McKinley, both of whom he said must die before the country could prosper. He was handcuffed after a hard struggle and locked up.

Immense Postal Fund Asked. Washington, D.C., Nov. 10.—Postmaster General Wilson has submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury his estimates for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898. These aggregate \$95,515,411, an increase over the estimates of 1897 of \$4,943,846. There will be a deficiency of \$1,278,335 in 1897.

Democrats who hold positions in the revenue service in North Carolina under the belief that they will be allowed to retain their places after McKinley comes in. No matter what Mr. McKinley's personal opinion may be about the civil service the pressure on him for places will be so great that he cannot resist it, and sooner or later every Democratic Federal officeholder in this State, from the highest to the lowest, will be booted.—Statesville Standard.

Dr. G. Calloutte, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. I was taken with LaGrippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it. Get a free trial at John L. Wooten Drug Store."

Bryan got 25,000 more votes in this State than Hon. C. B. Watson, candidate for Governor. The populists polled about 20,000 votes, and as it requires 20,000 under the present election law for a party's existence to be recognized, it appears that the populists as a party are gone, unless the next Legislature changes the election law so as to give them recognition anyway, which is more than probable.

The publisher is under no more obligation to his advertisers than the doctor is to his patient or the lawyer to his client. The business transacted is for mutual benefit. Each requires the assistance of the other. Without the newspaper great advertisers cannot exist; without the advertisers the newspapers of today would be impossible.—Printers' Ink.

THE DISCOVERY SAVED A LIFE. Mr. C. Calloutte, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. I was taken with LaGrippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it. Get a free trial at John L. Wooten Drug Store."

Suppose in a contest where there were 500 votes, one candidate should beat the other by twenty-seven votes, the defeat would hardly be considered overwhelming. That is the ratio of Major McKinley's vote to Mr. Bryan's.

In 1892, Mr. Cleveland received 5,556,662 votes and Gen. Harrison received 5,162,874. Cleveland's plurality was about 394,000, or a little less than half McKinley's over Bryan.

In 1888, Cleveland received 5,558,500 to 5,441,902 for Harrison. In that election Mr. Cleveland received 96,000 more votes than were given to Gen. Harrison, and yet the latter had a majority of the electoral college and was elected.

In 1854, when Cleveland was elected for the first time, the vote between him and Blaine was very close, there being a difference of only 23,000 in a total vote of 10,000,000.

Four years ago, when Cleveland had a plurality of 400,000 over the

THE NEGRO CANDIDATE.

If we take McKinley's popular plurality at 710,000—that being a splitting of the difference between the lowest present estimate, 600,000, and the highest, 820,000—and the negro vote in the whole country at 2,000,000, and deduct from the latter 90,000 (a large estimate) for the Bryan negro vote, and compute the balance, 1,910,000, to McKinley, we have this bit of arithmetic:

Negro majority for McKinley 1,910,000
McKinley's plurality in total vote 710,000

Bryan's plurality of the white vote 1,200,000
That is an overwhelming majority, as majorities go in our elections, as will appear from the following resume which we find in our able Atlanta contemporary.

During the last half of the campaign, says the Atlanta Constitution, the press and speakers for the single gold standard appealed constantly to the public to give the Democrats such a crushing defeat that the bimetallic movement would be killed forever. On election night, when the returns began to come in, the Republican figures sent out enormous majorities for McKinley.

From all the States east of the Mississippi, north of the Ohio river and several south of the latter river. They carried 20,000 in Virginia, 30,000 in West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and North Carolina, and 50,000 in Texas, with 10,000 in Florida. They gave very small majorities to Bryan in the Democratic States, and did everything in their power to make it appear that there had been what they were pleased to term "a landslide."

But all the southern States except West Virginia and Kentucky turned out to have gone Democratic by majorities as large as had been claimed for McKinley. Ever since the Republican papers have been rather shy in figuring on the popular plurality. The papers which have made calculations on this line have generally added thousands of votes gratuitously to Major McKinley's plurality in a number of States and they have diminished Mr. Bryan's pluralities in the same manner in the States which he carried.

The accompanying table [see fourth page] is based on the most reliable reports which have been received. In some instances the minimum estimate has been used, as in the case of Texas, which is allowed only 100,000 majority for Bryan, whereas it is claimed that it will run as high as 300,000. From this table it stands Major McKinley's popular majority is 820,000 votes in a total of about 15,000,000. If the maximum estimate were to be allowed for Texas, McKinley's plurality would be only 600,000, or just about 200,000 greater than Cleveland's plurality over Harrison four years ago. But taking the higher estimate, it is from a landslide, because it is only 53 per cent of the total vote. In every 100 votes McKinley got less than 53 and Bryan got a fraction more than 47.

His Honor Judge Graham caused a sensation in court Wednesday. The regular jury was empaneled in the case of State vs. Neverson Williams, who was charged with selling liquor to minors. The judge told the jury that if they believed the witnesses "he is guilty. Retire and make up your verdict." The jury retired and on their return announced a verdict of not guilty, whereupon the judge discharged them for the term saying, "You are utterly incompetent to sit on a jury; sheriff, summon me a jury of men of good moral character." Sheriff Crowell replied, "I don't know that I could find a better jury." Mr. John E. Woodard said: "It is as good a jury as we can get in the county." The affair created a decided sensation, as it was by far over an average jury, and his honor has been severely criticised by our people.—Wilson Times.

Republican candidate, Indiana gave him 128,000 of it and Georgia added 81,000, while Texas chipped in 157,000.

The plurality against Bryan this year is small compared to the plurality against Clevelandism two years ago, or the plurality against McKinleyism in 1890, when the Republicans were turned out of Congress and the Democrats went in with 150 majority in the House of Representatives.

But, as we said at the outset, if the white vote be considered, what an overwhelming majority Bryan has!—Fayetteville Observer.

Ransom Moore, an old citizen of Beaufort, died last week leaving an estate worth \$10,000 to his aged wife, and at her death to go to the Thomasville Orphanage.

A Kansas editor says that when the merchant of his town, and other fellows, want a little advertising or job work done, they go around and solicit bids for the same, and the lowest bidder gets the work. The editor is now ready to receive sealed bids for a sack of flour, a pair of pants, a hat and a cord of wood and the pulling of an aching tooth—also a pair of brogans for a six months old baby.—Exchange.

The Ladies Home Journal tells of a concert on board of an ocean steamship, at the close of which the saloon passengers attempted to sing "My Country, 'tis of Thee," the national air of America, and "God Save the Queen," the national air of England. There were two hundred and eighty-five American passengers and twenty-four of English birth. Out of the large number of Americans there were not enough familiar with our national air to sing the words through the first stanza; but when the English air was struck up every single one of the twenty-four, men and women, knew the words and sang it through with delight. This is rather a sad comment on our American pride.—Scotland Neck Commemorative.

Wise and Otherwise. If some people would laugh more their doctor bills would be less.—Kam's Horn.

"And now, little children," said the Sunday school superintendent "if you are good children, some day you may wear a golden crown." "Paw's got one on his tooth now" chirped the smallest and newest boy.—Ludiansopolis Journal.

When a girl tells a young man that she dreamed about him the night before it is past time for him to begin to be very careful.—Somerville Journal.

The more a young man notices how his girl's hair is done up the less he loves her.—Spruce Post.

The average man thinks that his reputation as a kind father has been firmly established if the baby cries to come to him.—Athens Globe.

"Well," remarked the wife of the man who has changed his mind about coming to Congress, "you have a clear conscience anyhow." "I know that," was the comfortable reply; "but a clear conscience isn't what I was running for."—Washington Star.

Judge Graham Creates a Str at Wilson.

His Honor Judge Graham caused a sensation in court Wednesday. The regular jury was empaneled in the case of State vs. Neverson Williams, who was charged with selling liquor to minors. The judge told the jury that if they believed the witnesses "he is guilty. Retire and make up your verdict." The jury retired and on their return announced a verdict of not guilty, whereupon the judge discharged them for the term saying, "You are utterly incompetent to sit on a jury; sheriff, summon me a jury of men of good moral character." Sheriff Crowell replied, "I don't know that I could find a better jury." Mr. John E. Woodard said: "It is as good a jury as we can get in the county." The affair created a decided sensation, as it was by far over an average jury, and his honor has been severely criticised by our people.—Wilson Times.

Longevity in the State.

North Carolina enjoys the reputation of being a very healthful State, and one noted for the longevity of people. A striking illustration of this is furnished by the registration lists of the recent election, which showed 360,000 names.

The forthcoming Auditor's report shows that there are only 273,612 persons in the State subject to a poll tax, or only that many reported, of whom 171,915 are white and 65,697 are colored.

This gives 112,388 persons who have lived beyond the poll tax age, which is proof conclusive that the climate and good living in North Carolina are conducive to longevity, especially to the longevity of the colored brother, who shows up much more numerously on the registration lists than he does on the tax lists.—Wilmington Star.

The Banner County. Johnston county is still the banner county of North Carolina's temporarily terrified Democracy. While the Democrats in other counties may be terrorized or terrified the Johnston quality is as game as of old.

Johnston has held the banner for the past four years and to the Democrats of Johnston is the honor four more years. Johnston gave Cy Watson 1,600 majority, which is the largest given by any county to the Democracy's courageous standard bearer. Several other counties have disputed with Johnston the claim of being the banner county, but Hon. E. W. Poff informs us that Johnston leads all other counties and will keep the banner in her possession.—Raleigh Press-Visitor.

Please Pay Promptly. Our collector is out looking after subscribers to THE DAILY REFLECTOR and we certainly would appreciate it if no one would make it necessary to call on him the second time. The individual amounts are in the main small but the aggregate means something to us. Every one would think that it requires some money to run a newspaper, and that doing is not always pleasant work, perhaps such items as this would not be seen in print often. The prompt paying subscriber is the one who gives most joy to the newspaper man.

Value of Determination. Determination has quite as much as means or opportunity to do with giving one success. If a man is determined to do, he will be likely to do, whether things favor or oppose him. If a man makes up his mind that, as things are, he cannot do what he ought to, or would like to, he will not be likely to accomplish anything, however circumstances combine to help him. "Only Omnipotence can hinder a determined man," and Omnipotence will not oppose a determined man who is set in the right direction. It is not the opportunity that a man has or the tools that are available to him, but it is the determination with which he pushes on against unfavorable circumstances, and with which he uses such tools as are available, that settles the question of how much he amounts to and what he accomplishes in life.—Sunday School Times.

Promising. The genial young man slapped the merchant on the back and exclaimed: "How's business?" "How's business?" the merchant repeated thoughtfully. Then he took a bundle of notes at anything from thirty days to six months from his pocket and, with an effort at cheer, exclaimed: "My boy, I never saw a time when business was more promising."—Washington Star.

Two important religious assemblies are now in session in this State, the Presbyterian Synod at Newbern, and Baptist State Convention at Morganton.

Here is a diamond here a piece of charcoal. Both carbon y' bawntwefter them stands the mightiest of creatures—Nature. The food on your table, and your own body; elementally the same, yet between the two stands the digestion, the arbiter of growth or decline, life or death.

We cannot make a diamond, we cannot make flesh, blood and bone. No. But by means of the Shaker Digestive Cordial we can enable the stomach to digest food which would otherwise ferment and poison the system. In all forms of dyspepsia and indigestion, with weakness, loss of flesh, thin blood, nervous prostration the Cordial is the successful remedy. Taken with food it relieves at once. It nourishes, and assists nature to nourish & trial bottle—enough to show its merit—10 cents.

L. A. XOL is the best medicine for child drags. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Narrow Escape. It may be news to some of the goldbug shouters who are jubilant over the election of McKinley to know that a change of only 25,000 votes, parceled out among certain States, would have given the election to Mr. Bryan by a safe majority in the electoral college.

The States of California, Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, West Virginia and Wyoming cast sixty electoral votes. Each of these States was considered doubtful before the election on last Tuesday, and after a hard-fought campaign, were pronounced Republican States by very small majorities.

The following table shows the majorities by which these States were carried for McKinley in the last election:

Table with 3 columns: States, Electoral votes, Majorities. California 9 5,000; Delaware 3 2,500; Indiana 15 22,000; Kentucky 13 500; North Dakota 3 5,000; Oregon 4 3,000; South Dakota 4 300; West Virginia 6 12,000; Wyoming 3 200; Totals 60 50,500.

In the State of California, for example, a change of only 2,510 votes from McKinley to Bryan would have given that State to the Democrats; with its nine electoral votes, by a safe majority. In Kentucky, a change of only 251 votes would have given the Blue Grass State with its full electoral strength to Bryan.

With the following changes Mr. Bryan would have won over his opponent in last Tuesday's election:

Table with 3 columns: States, Electoral votes, Majorities. California 2,510; Delaware 1,255; Indiana 11,100; Kentucky 251; North Dakota 2,510; Oregon 1,605; South Dakota 151; West Virginia 6,010; Wyoming 101; Total 25,393.

In addition to the various States which were carried by the Democrats last Tuesday, aggregating 176 electoral votes, the foregoing States would have increased his strength in the electoral college to 227 votes, giving him a clear majority over his opponent.

From these figures it is evident that Mr. Bryan was defeated by only a small margin, and that free coinage is still a vital principle in the nation.—Atlanta Constitution.

Salaries of National Officials. Following are the salaries attached to the more important offices in the United States National Government. That of the President is \$50,000. But this does not by any means cover all the remuneration attached to the office. The nation pays him \$36,000 more for the salaries of his secretaries, clerks and other subordinates. Another \$8,000 goes for such incidentals as stationery, carpers and care of the stables. There is also an allowance of \$2,500 for fuel, \$4,000 for the greenhouse, and some \$15,000 for gas, matches, etc., etc. Altogether about \$125,000.

The Vice-President of the United States receives \$8,000 a year. The same amount is paid to the Secretaries of State, of the Treasury, of War and of the Navy, to the Postmaster General, to the Secretary of the Interior, to the Attorney General and to the Secretary of Agriculture. The Commissioners of General Land Offices get \$4,000, the Commissioner of Patents \$4,500, and the Commissioner of Pensions \$5,000.

In the United States Supreme Court, the salary of the Chief Justice is \$10,000. Each of the associate judges receives \$10,000. Major-Generals in the army receive 7,500 each. Brigadier-Generals \$5,000. Rear-Admirals in the navy are paid \$6,000. Commodores on the active list \$5,000. Captains \$1,500 and Commanders \$3,500.

Catarrh Cannot be Jaded. with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, a key remedy for all forms of headache. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. It is prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO. Prop., Toledo, Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Don't Want the "Nigger" In It.

The Winston Sentinel is reliably informed that several white Republicans met in their club room and discussed the advisability of giving Chairman Holton a big reception upon his return from Raleigh. One of the members stated that "we must keep this matter quiet or the 'niggers' will want to be in it too."

It appears that there was a colored man present who was naturally displeased with the remark—and he went out and told what the white Republican said.

During the campaign we heard a great deal from Populist and Republican orators about the honest election law they have given us and the fair count we were going to have, and we all know how the ballot boxes in Mecklenburg were stuffed with fraudulent and illegal ballots. In two wards in Wilmington the ballots counted were in excess of the voters registered and the same was the case in one township in Buncombe. Such are some of the beauties of an "honest election and a fair count" under fusion rule in this State.—Charlotte Observer.

Not next March—that hope is gone—but to be inaugurated March 4, 1901. Let the foolish smile if they will, but two years hence even they will have it thrust upon them that the man who was defeated was the fittest for the great office to which he was nominated; that the policies he championed were the only policies under which this country could prosper permanently; that the cause he espoused was the cause of nine-tenths of the people of this Union; that the fate of the first revolt against shameful, sordid and despotic tenets of the Republicanism of this time does not bode for the fate of the second.—Columbia State.

"If a man wants to get acquainted with human nature, let him edit a newspaper for a short time. He knows nothing of the ups and downs of life until he has served in this capacity. He may have preached, conducted a bank, sold goods, traded horses, practiced law, sawed wood, or operated a popcorn factory, but he needs a few months' experience as editor-in-chief of a country newspaper to complete his knowledge of the eccentricities of human nature."—Ex.

CURE FOR HEADACHE. As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In case of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and \$1.00 at John L. Wooten's Drug Store.

The Congressmen elected last week will not take their seats until December of next year unless an extra session of Congress is called earlier. It certainly does not seem right that there should be so long an interval—over a year—between the election of Congressmen and the time when they take their seats, and the Constitution of the United States should be amended so as to remedy this glaring defect. And although this is pointed out and commented on by the Press every two years, yet it does not seem to have any effect, for no Congress has yet proposed this sensible and most proper amendment.—Pittsboro Record.

J. J. WHIGHAM, Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the post office at Greenville, N. C., as second class mail matter
Wednesday, November 18th, 1896.

A CARD FROM MR. BROWN.

GREENVILLE, N. C., Nov. 11, 1896.

To THE PUBLIC:—I had intended under the advice of friends to pass Gov. Jarvis' card unnoticed, but since the one from Mr. Skinner I deem it my duty to say in most emphatic terms that if a lie is out I haven't told it.

During the summer Messrs. J. H. Blount, F. G. James and myself were sitting in the porch in front of the office of Jarvis & Blow discussing Hon. Harry Skinner. Gov. Jarvis came to the door, and hearing the subject of discussion, exclaimed, "are you surprised at anything Skinner does or says?" Thereupon he related that when in Washington, D. C., on one occasion he was in the lobby of the House and heard Skinner working for the bill to pay private secretaries to Congressmen \$100 per month the year around. In a short time thereafter he heard a familiar voice, and to be sure, he opened the door and there Skinner was on the floor making a speech against it. Major Henry Harding, Messrs. J. L. Little, B. A. Tyson and W. S. Rawls heard him make the same statement, leaving off the name of the bill. Now, does not the Ex-Governor admit it in his flimsy card? I leave it to the public to decide.

As a member of the Democratic Executive Committee I gave Mr. Lucas the information, hence this statement.
W. L. BROWN.

SOME QUEER NAMES IN OUR NEXT CONGRESS.

From over in Maryland comes Dr. Booz, and while there may be no significance whatever in this close conjunction, the names of the representative in the very next district is Mudd. Maryland also sends a Barber and a Baker to the next house. A Cooke is found in the Illinois delegation, a Gardner in New Jersey, a Ploverman in Alabama, a Cowherd in Missouri, a Bishop in Michigan, a Brewer in Ohio, two Coopers, one from Texas, the other from Wisconsin, two Taylors; one from Ohio and one from Alabama, four Smiths, two from Michigan and one each from Illinois and Arizona. A Miller comes from West Virginia, but Illinois furnishes Mills. Illinois also has a Hunter, New Jersey and North Carolina each a Fowler, but Pennsylvania contributes Robbins.

The little New England state of Rhode Island sends a Bull, Virginia a Lamb, North Carolina a Martini, Mississippi a Fox, Missouri a Cooney and Ohio a Kerr, while a Skinner comes from North Carolina and a Packer from Pennsylvania. There is a Fischer in the New York delegation, but the only thing for him to catch is Sauerhering of Wisconsin. Fruit, too, is scarce there being only one Berry, from Kentucky.

Congress is a large body in itself, but it has only a Foote in New York and a Fongue in Oregon. A Man in Illinois, however, is Handy, in Delaware, Moody in Massachusetts, a Minor in Wisconsin, still Young in Virginia and Pennsylvania, and, above all Bland in Missouri, New York aggregates to itself all the Payne, North Carolina all the Love and Missouri all the Joy. Utah is represented by a King, Illinois by a Prince, and the people of Iowa by their Cousins.

The silver Moon, from the Tennessee mountains, looks down peacefully upon a Hill in Connecticut, a Marsh in Illinois, near which is planted a Cannon that has seen much service, a Flood in Virginia, a Beach in Iowa, an Eddy in Minnesota, a Strait in South Carolina and a Hull of Long standing in Iowa, while it sheds a bright Ray upon the state of New York.

Color lines are not sharply drawn, for there are only Browns in Ohio and North Carolina, White in the latter state, and both White and Jett in Illinois.

A Bell from Colorado may ring Loud in California, and Sweet and Low in New York. Pennsylvania sends two fine looking Stones, both of whom have been here before, while Vermont, which has such an abundance of fine marble sends only a Granite.

Three good Walkers will be in the next house, one from Massachusetts and two from Virginia, to say nothing of Etrode, from Nebraska. The little man from Arkansas may offset Grow in Pennsylvania.

Messrs. Robb, Steele and Gamble would hardly be a success as a firm in any other business than bank breaking or train wrecking, in either Missouri, Indiana or South Dakota. Should they determine to divide their Gains in Tennessee they might settle in Kentucky, or possibly in North Carolina, after a sharp contest.

Should any of the members of congress desire to engage in the national game they may use the Ball which will be sent here by Texas. Illinois will be sure to make a safe Hit.—Washington Post.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 13th 1896

While President Cleveland may have failed in many things he has undertaken, his administration has just won the greatest diplomatic victory in the history of our country. The negotiations now completed, of the treaty providing for the submission to arbitration of the Venezuela boundary dispute involves a full recognition of the Monroe doctrine by Great Britain, and consequently by the rest of the world, and complies with every demand made by this government. The extent of this diplomatic victory may be comprehended best by remembering that Venezuela has been trying to get Great Britain to arbitrate the dispute for more than fifty years, and now the other party to the arbitration is not to be Venezuela but the United States. Members of the diplomatic corps say the credit for the victory is more largely due to Secretary Olney than to President Cleveland. No matter to whom credit is due, it is a matter for every patriotic American to rejoice over. Beginning with Monroe every President of the United States has asserted the right of this country to interfere to prevent the forcible acquisition of territory on this continent by a foreign power, but never until now has that right been recognized by a European nation.

The Republican circus promises to open with the reassembling of Congress, instead of waiting for the inauguration of McKinley and the performance is likely to be continuous, and from the number of clowns who will appear it ought to be uproariously "funny." The fun may not materialize, but the uproar can be counted upon to a dead certainty.

Ex-Secretary Hoke Smith was in Washington this week on legal business. He said he was out of politics for the time being and was not a candidate for the Senate, because the voters of his State had decided that the man elected to succeed Senator Gordon must be a silver man.

Senator Morgan evidently thinks that the interview with Chairman Dingley of the House Ways and Means committee which was telegraphed all over the country was given for the purpose of notifying the country that the Dingley tariff bill would not be passed by the Senate at the coming session of Congress, because of the opposition of silver Senators. As one of the silver Senators Mr. Morgan said: "If the Dingley tariff bill, so called, doesn't pass the Senate this winter it will be the fault of the Republicans. I have no hesitation in saying I will not oppose it, although I would not say that I will vote for it. The Dingley bill or the Reed bill, whatever you may choose to call it, is only a makeshift and the manufacturers of the east do not really want it. I do not expect to see it pass. It seems to me very likely that this will be a case of the engineer hoist by his own petard. The matter of tariff legislation at the coming session depends very much upon whether the Republicans really desire to pass the Dingley bill. I have had no talk at any time with any Senators regarding their probable attitude toward the measure, in the event of its being brought before the Senate this winter, but so far as I am personally concerned they may have their way with it. I would like to see it presented to Mr. Cleveland. He might feel sufficiently grateful to Mr. McKinley for praising and upholding his financial policy to forgive the severe reproach which the Republican party administered to him at the St. Louis convention, and to aid the Republicans now in getting through their two year Dingley bill. I am afraid the Republicans will have to offer a great many apologies to the west for their failure to pass such a measure, and I do not propose that any of them shall be charged to me."

The president of the Lakeland Democratic Club, which did effective work in the campaign just closed, and which is to continue its organization, gives his idea of the situation thusly: "If Major McKinley succeeds in restoring good times permanently, and demonstrates that his theory is correct, of course, we will have no fight. We will be benefited and glad to acknowledge it; but it is our belief that Maj. McKinley cannot over immutably natural laws. His proposed policy offers no encouragement. Business cannot revive unless more money is put in circulation. The retirement of the greenbacks will not do this. Therefore, we are organizing now to stay further encroachment on popular rights."

and the campaign of patriotic education will go on, and four years hence we will wave the victorious Democratic banner."

"There is just one thing," remarked a Republican Senator, "which, to my mind, makes it certain that neither Ex-President Harrison nor Speaker Reed will be members of McKinley's cabinet; they are both too big, mentally, to play subordinate to McKinley, and no body knows it any better than McKinley himself. He may tender Cabinet portfolios to both men, in fact, I feel assured that he will; but it will be done merely as an act of goodwill, and not with the slightest expectation that either man will accept."

A great many people are asking what Senator Butler did in the recent campaign to give him the enormous head he is exhibiting these days. He has developed a mania for keeping himself before the public by talking rot to newspaper reporters, who, of course, print it. They always enjoy seeing a public man make a moukey of himself.

GAINS BY DEMOCRATS.

Republicans Lose Votes in the Next House.

So far as the lower house of congress is concerned, it was not so glorious a republican victory after all. Full returns from all the States show that the democrats have made congressional gains as follows: California 1, Colorado 2, Delaware 1, Idaho 1, Illinois 1, Indiana 3, Kansas 1, Kentucky 1, Michigan 1, Missouri 6, Nebraska 3, Ohio 4, Pennsylvania 1, Tennessee 2, Utah 1, Washington 1; total 30. The populists have gained votes in California 2, Illinois 2, Indiana 1, Kansas 4, Michigan 1, Missouri 1, Montana 1, North Carolina 3 and Washington 1; total 16. The republicans have gained 3 congressmen in Maryland, 1 in Virginia, 1 in New York and 1 in Louisiana; total 6. The net democratic gain of votes, therefore, in the next congress is 23; the net populist gain 15 and the net republican loss 37. Utah's representative adds one more to the total number; but 2 gold democrats were elected, and the net gain to the silver men, therefore, combining both democrats and populists, is 36. One of the republicans elected in New York is James J. Elden, an independent, who defeated the regular party nominee, but who is without a staunch republican as ever lived.

George W. Murray, the colored republican member from South Carolina, has been defeated again by Colonel William Elliott. A contest may again be expected, since he was successful last session. George H. White, of the Second North Carolina district whose election will not be questioned, is also a colored man.—Washington Post.

BRYAN SPEAKS AT LINCOLN

The Fight for Free Silver to Be Continued.

LINCOLN, NEB., Nov. 14.—Under the auspices of the Lincoln Bimetallic Club, the local Traveling Men's Bryan Club and what was known during the campaign as the "Bryan Home Gauds," Wm. J. Bryan tonight delivered his first formal address since the election, sounding what is generally accepted as the keynote of himself and his followers in the campaign which is to continue for free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver.

Mr. Bryan was given a flattering reception by the people of his home city. The meeting was held at the Fiske Opera House which was crowded to the doors. Mr. Bryan was in good voice and never in his many speeches before Lincoln audiences has he spoken with greater vigor or earnestness.

It was Bryan day in Lincoln, beginning at 3 o'clock p. m., when the Democratic candidate spoke to the ladies and concluding shortly before 11 o'clock when he rounded out his effort before a crowd which was unable to gain admittance to the opera house and waited patiently for his appearance at Bohannon's Hall.

Mr. Bryan was loudly cheered when he made his first appearance this evening. He spoke deliberately and with emphasis saying in part:

"Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Citizens: I do not know that I can make myself heard for any length of time. My voice, which has served well for several months during which it has been sorely tried, is worse today than it has been at any time during the campaign. I want to say a word for the future. We have passed through this campaign and we have been defeated, and I want you to remember this, that there is not in this land a single advocate of free coinage who is not willing to abide the decision of the American people without complaint. (Cheers.)

"You do not find among the silver men those who say, as a distinguished republican in New York said, 'We may not abide by the result.' You do not find among the silver men persons who will stand up and express doubt as to whether the will of the American people is supreme. Those people who say that you find among the great corporate interests of the country, which are entrenched behind the Republican party and who threaten not to abide by the decision of the election unless they could contrive to represent the American people. Among the men who called us anarchist you find the ones who hinted at possible means by which the will of the people could be defeated. I am proud that in our ranks we had men who loved this form of government, that no matter what the people say they rule and we bow to their supremacy. But my friends, bowing to a decision without complaint, the result of an election, does not mean that we shall surrender our convictions or that in the future we shall fight with less earnestness than we have fought in the past. You must remember that in the history of this nation some party has always been defeated, and yet parties have not gone out of existence because of defeat. Remember that the Democratic party lived for many years without ever having won a presidential election, and it lived after it won a presidential election and then failed to get the presidential election—because it is the opinion of the Democrats of this nation that Samuel J. Tilden was elected President of the United States and yet the people who supported him were willing to abide by a decision of a tribunal instituted for the purpose of settling that dispute. I say the Democratic party has lived through defeat and the Republican party has lived through defeat; all parties have lived through defeat if they had anything to live for; and when our opponents tell us that this defeat means the annihilation of those who believe in free silver they take counsel of their hopes instead of their judgment. (Great cheering.) I believe that we have made great progress in this campaign. We have not made the progress that we hoped for; we have not achieved the results which we expected to achieve, but, my friends, the cause of bi-metalism was stronger the day after election than it was at any day during the campaign. I want to say this and your observation will bear out my remarks; that we went into the fight a disorganized army; we came out of it a fighting force that has never had a superior in history.

PROFITABLE PUBLICITY

Now For Business.

BY NATHAN C. FOWLER, JR., OF NEW YORK, DOCTOR OF PUBLICITY.

No matter what you are or where you are a citizen now. From a business point of view you have forgotten that there is a Republican party, a Democratic party, a Populistic, a Socialistic, or any other kind.

McKinley will be President whether you voted for him or not, and Gold Bugs and Silverites will use the same money. Business has been bad, and business simply has got to be good.

If action must produce results, and in this case cannot bring failure. The country is ready for good times, the people demand good times, good times are expected, good times will come, and good times really have come.

The financial interests of the country are settling themselves, and members of every political party are campaigning no longer. They are attending to business. It is obvious that people want to buy goods largely because they need goods, that the man who has the goods for sale is likely to be the man who will sell the goods if people know he has them, and so long as advertising appears to be the only economical, sensible, and practical method of connecting the seller with the buyer, advertising will increase as the good times increase and the man who doesn't advertise, or the man who advertises sparingly, may find that the incoming tide of goods will rush over him and drown him, if he doesn't buoy himself up with good publicity.

The Louisville Courier-Journal says that heretofore Horace Greely has held the record for the worst beaten candidate for President of the United States. But Bryan has now taken the record from him. Greely was beaten by about 700,000 popular majority. Bryan is beaten by over a million popular majority." On the other hand, the New York Journal figures that McKinley's majority in the popular vote was only a little over 25,000 and that a few of Bryan's surplus votes in States which went heavily for him, judiciously distributed over a few of the close States, would have given him a majority in the electoral college. We will know what the truth about it when the newspaper almanacs come out next year.—Charlotte Observer.

Now we have passed the stage

of argument. I want to suggest to those who are going to continue the organization of clubs that they meet at state's times, say once a month, or at such times as the members of the club may decide, and at these meetings they discuss public questions. I understand from the papers that the Republican national committee has suggested that they also keep their organization. I am glad of it. I have never advised those who believed with me to do a single thing that I would not advise our opponents to do and when I advise our people to keep organized and keep discussing, I advise our opponents to do the same thing, because if they would discuss and think more there would be less of them. Now I would like to see all the silver clubs in the United States maintain their organizations, hold regular meetings and discuss their questions. I would like to see all the Republican organizations keep up and then I would see joint debates between our organizations and theirs, because, my friends, if they can convince our people that we are wrong we have no claim upon our people, and if we can convince them that we are right, then I think we will not only have a claim but we will successfully assert it." (Applause.)

Negro Politicians Can't Rent Farms

The farmers of every township in Meckenburg county are organizing to protect themselves from the influences wielded by the negro political leaders. They refuse to rent land to these negroes, and are putting white men in their places. In Providence township, over 60 land owners have joined the organization, and the negro leaders find it impossible to rent an acre of ground. The organization is also in good working order in Steel Creek and Sharon townships.—Charlotte Observer.

More Room Wanted.

Notwithstanding the Coast Line people have kept enlarging the ware room facilities at the depot here, and have made additions until the length of the room has been increased from 70 feet to 120 feet, it seems that their quarters are still too small to accommodate the immense freight handled here. This morning the REFLECTOR reporter went through the large freight room and found it full of hogheads of tobacco awaiting shipment, and in addition to what was in the warehouse every available freight car on the yard was full of hogheads and several days were busy hauling more there. This much tobacco at one time, to say nothing of the cotton and merchandise that has to be handled. If this thing keeps on the rail road folks had just as well make up their minds to build a house half-a-mile long and be done with it.

Bethel Items.

BETHEL, N. C., Nov. 16th, 1896.
W. F. Harding, of Greenville, spent last Tuesday here on legal business.
Mayor D. C. Moore went to Potosi last Wednesday.
Robt Bryan and Andrew Moore went to Falkland Sunday.
T. R. Bullock smiled pleasantly last Saturday. It's a fine boy.

Cotton and Peanut

Below are Norfolk prices of cotton, and peanuts for yesterday, as furnished by Cobb Bros. & Commission Merchants of Norfolk.

Table with 2 columns: Cotton and Peanut prices. Includes items like Good Middling, Middling, Low Middling, Good Ordinary, and Toner-firm.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists, etc. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Bismuth.

HARRINGTON & BARBER,

Successors to A. G. Cox.

WINTERTVILLE, N. C.

We have purchased the stock of Groceries of A. J. Cox, at Winterville, and will continue the business at the same stand he occupied. We take pleasure in informing our friends and the public that they will find us ready at all times to supply their needs in the line of

HEAVY & FANCY GROCERIES, AND HARDWARE.

At Lowest Prices.

We handle the brands of all staple goods. We will give the highest market prices for all kinds of country produce. Call on us when you need anything in our line.

HARRINGTON & BARBER.

Oakley Items.

OAKLEY, N. C., Nov. 16, '96.

Now that election is over lets get back to business again. As we can do nothing until next session, as it is, Jarvis has had his say, and Skinner has had his say, it don't amount to anything with the Democracy. We are defeated, that's all there is in it.

Miss Mary Whitehurst commenced today teaching school at Mason's school house, on Grindle creek.

Miss Mary Highmilt is teaching school at Piny Green.

We hear it hinted that the Washington branch R. R., will go through Newbern at no distant day. So mote it be.

G. O. Taylor, near here, leaves for Florida on the 23rd of this month, where he purposes making his home the coming year.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS, "MOTHERS' FRIEND"

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk. My wife used "MOTHERS' FRIEND" before birth of her first child, she did not feel any pain, was quiet, and delivered at the critical hour safe, but little time, and remains afterward well, and recovers very rapidly. Sold by all druggists, Eufaula, Ala. Sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free. PREPARED BY REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Land Sale.

By virtue of a decree of Pitt Superior Court in the case of J. B. Cherry and the heirs at law of T. R. Cherry against T. J. Jarvis, H. E. Daniel and W. L. Elliott, the undersigned Commissioner will sell for cash before the court house door in Greenville on Monday, the 14th day of Dec. 18, 1896, the following described parcel or parcels of land situated in the town of Greenville, and being the southern half of lot No. 105, and being same upon which the store now occupied by W. C. Proctor & Co. and I. R. Cory now stands. Same being sold for a division. This property was sold on Monday Nov. 2 but the bid having been raised a re-sale is necessary. This is November 13, 1896. F. G. JAMES, Commissioner.

North Carolina, Pitt County, In the Superior Court Moore Lassiter, vs. Sarah Lassiter, Summons.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Pitt County for a divorce and the said defendant will further take notice that the said plaintiff appears at the next term of the Superior Court of Pitt County, to be held at the court house in Greenville on the 13th day of December 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to answer to the complaint of the plaintiff, or the relief demanded will be granted. This 24th day of October, 1896. E. A. MOYE, Clerk Superior Court. B. F. TYSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sale of Valuable Land.

By virtue of the power vested in me by a decree of the Superior Court of Pitt County made at September term 1891 in a case in which J. K. Brown, administrator of L. F. Everett, the Plaintiff, and Atham and Skinner are Defendants, I will offer for sale at the Court House door in Greenville on Monday the 7th day of December 1896, to the highest bidder the following described tracts of land situated in the county of Pitt. One tract in Cheek Township on east side of Cheek Creek adjoining the lands of Louis Galloway, James Galloway, R. F. Wilson and others containing five hundred acres more or less and known as the Smith place. One tract in Belpo Township north side of Tar River adjoining the land of Moses T. of Crich Leggett, the Reeves land and others and known as the A. J. Cobb land.

The terms are one third cash, balance one and two years, interest from day of sale, title to remain until all the purchase money is paid with the privilege to the purchaser to pay the whole and take title. THOS. J. JARVIS, Commissioner. Greenville, N. C. October 7th, 1896.

Administrators Notice

Having this day qualified before E. A. Moye, Clerk of Superior Court of Pitt County, as administrator of the estate of William Francis Manning, dec'd, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said estate to present their claims duly authenticated, to me for payment on or before the 20th day of September, 1897, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and thus save cost and expenses. This the 1st day of September 1896. JOHN H. MANNING, Admin'r of W. F. Manning, dec'd Jarvis & Blow, Attorneys.

Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned having duly qualified before the Superior Court Clerk of Pitt County as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of James V. Welchard, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said estate must present the same for payment on or before the 25th day of October, 1897, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. This 24th day of October 1896. A. J. WHIGHAM, Executor of James Welchard

S. E. PENDER & CO.

Have opened up a new and large stock of

STOVES, TINWARE

BICYCLES, &c., in

the new store next door to j. c. cobb and Son

call on us everybody we are selling goods very cheap

Respectfully,

S. E. PENDER & CO.

At Higgs Bros. old stand

Leader of Styles

J. B. CHERRY & CO.

Is the lowest price any object to you? Are the best qualities any inducements? If so come in and see our new stock which we have just received. Our store is full of New Goods and prices were never lower. To the ladies we extend cordial invitation to examine our stock of

Dress Goods & Trimmings

We have a beautiful and up-to-date line. You will find the latest styles and we know we can please you. Oh, any lady how beautiful, the prettiest line I have ever seen, in what our bold heart say of them. We have a large line both in colors and blacks and can please you.

In Ladies and Gents FUR, FISHING GOODS we have a splendid line.

In LADIES CLOTH for Wraps we have just what you want.

In Men and Boys PANTS GOODS we have just the best stock to be found and prices were never lower.

WOOD and WILLOW WARE, HARNESS & COLLARS, TRUNKS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FURNITURE, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, CARPETS, CARPET PAPER, RUGS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES.

and any goods you need for your self and family come to us.

Our object is to sell good honest goods at the lowest prices.

We have a large line of

FURNITURE!

and can give you anything you may need at the lowest prices you ever heard of. Come and see our \$12.50 Solid Oak Bedroom Suits. To pass us by would be an inexcusable injustice to your pocket book. This is not so because we say so, but because our goods and prices make it so. Here is a fair proposition: If we deserve nothing, give us nothing, but if you find our goods and prices satisfactory, acknowledge it with your patronage. Hoping to see you soon and promising our best efforts to make your coming pleasant and profitable, we are

Your friends,

J. B. CHERRY & CO.

HARDWARE, GUNS, GUN IMPLEMENTS, LOADED SHELLS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, HALL LAMPS, LIBRARY LAMPS, PARLOR LAMPS, LAMP FIXTURES, TINWARE.

J. B. CHERRY & CO.

THE GREENVILLE BANK. Representing a Capital of More Than a Half Million Dollars. Wm. T. Dixon, President, National Exchange Bank, Baltimore, Md. J. B. Cherry, Cashier, National Bank, New York, N. Y. J. R. Moye, Cashier, National Bank, New York, N. Y. D. W. W. Higgs, Cashier, National Bank, New York, N. Y. We respectfully solicit the accounts of firms, individuals and the general public. Checks and Accounts Books furnished and application.

To the Sports.

We are now headquarters for all kinds of

SPORTING GOODS,

and defy all competitors as to price and high grade goods.

U. M. C. Loaded Shells,

25 cents per box.

HARDWARE, Tinware, STOVES

in abundance and low in price. Don't forget the celebrated

Wilson Heater,

The Great Fuel Saver.

BAKER & HART.

Ladies Capes and Jackets. WE HAVE THEM.

Prices Low Down.

DRESS GOODS.

We carry a beautiful line of Ladies Dress Goods and Trimmings to match.

CLOTHING.

Our stock of Clothing is the latest styles and the prices are exceedingly low.

SHOES, SHOES.

To fit the young and old and at very low prices.

And a complete line of Ladies Underwear, both woolen and cotton. A full line of Gents Furnishing Goods. Come and examine our prices and they will please you.

H. M. HARDEE.

At Higgs Bros. old stand

Leader of Styles

Frank Wilson

Mens' Youth and Boys
FALL & WINTER
CLOTHING.



All in and the Assortment is greater than ever. The price has been greatly reduced and the Material is just the same. All colors, cuts and makes to select from. Give me a trial, you will be satisfied.



"A Mrs. Hopkins Boy."

Dry Goods,
NOTIONS,
GENTS FURNISHINGS
SHOES, HATS, &c.



in abundance and they will suit you in price.

Don't forget me when you want goods cheap

Frank Wilson

THE REFLECTOR

Local Reflections.

Cotton goes still lower.
Eggs retailing at 15 cents per dozen.
We sold in a more perfect day than Sunday was.
This is the week for the races, they begin Wednesday.
The King House continues to enjoy a large patronage.
A bonnet may be a dream, but the bill is generally a nightmare.
Watchmakers always endeavor to show their customers a good time.
Fitt County Rifles had a meeting and drill Friday afternoon.
J. L. Sugg has moved his insurance office to the Kialto building.
If you want to get the busy whirl put into the Reflector.
Harding & Harding have moved their law office to the Kialto building.
The young people are looking forward to the German Wednesday night.
Undertakers do not want a revival in business. They would rather see things dead.
Alfred Forbes is having his buildings in Forestown repaired and repainted.
If the weather would stay right it would be the beginning of hog killing season.
"When I go into anything, I go into it deep," murmured the man who fell down the well.
November is giving us some very changeable weather, going to extremes in temperature.
Many strangers are already coming in for the races. The town will be full of them this week.
"Don't bother put on airs," says Brother Watkins. "Becca a piano and high toned, 'dat doan' say it am de best make."
Some weather prophets predict that the coming winter will be the coldest and most severe since 1813. Don't feel like it now.
Timid advertisers should remember the words of George Elliott: "It isn't only laying hold of a rope; you must go on pulling."
Gen. Nelson A. Miles, in his report on the army to the War Department, recommends a \$325,925 garrison at Wilmington, N. C.
Newbern has taken lead and organized a Democratic free silver club for 1900. This is a good step and other towns should fall into line.
That man or boy who is not mindful of his word and faithful so far he can accomplish, is not the man or boy to be trusted in any walk of life.
An eminent divine of Carlisle, Pa., says that the editors of that place send the devil to the parsonage every week to collect the church news.
Rev. Stewart McQueen closed the series of services in the Episcopal church on Thursday evening and left Friday morning for Goldsboro.
Whatever else may happen, the turkeys of the country have no cause to look towards the last Thursday of this month with pleasurable anticipation.
The warehouses had lively breaks Monday, it taking all day to finish the sales. The price of tobacco has had a good upward tendency the past week.
A store in Indiana was burglarized by bees a few days ago. They raided the shop, drove out the clerks and ate twenty pounds of honey before they vacated.
Mayor Forbes and E. B. Ficklen went hunting Thursday and bagged 16 partridges. Mr. Ficklen had his new pointer pup out on first trial and says his movements were fine.
The report of the chairman of the Railroad Commission shows that there are 3,439 miles of railroads in North Carolina valued at \$26,576,006. The railroads now pay one-tenth of all the State taxes.
Governor Mitchell, of Florida, sends a call to Governors of the Southern States and all States tributary to the Mississippi river to assemble in Tampa, Fla., on January 20th to discuss plans for Southern coast defense.
For the races this week horses are entered from Tarboro, Goldsboro, Rocky Mount, Henderson, Willow Green, Raleigh, Hampton, Norfolk and Richmond, besides the home horses. The races will be the best yet had here.
J. F. Harrington, of Winterville, spent today here. He tells us he has formed a copartnership with J. S. Barber and they have purchased the grocery stock of A. G. Cox, at Winterville, and will engage in business there.
The North Carolina Conference will meet in Kinston Dec. 9th. The Free Press will publish a daily edition during the conference giving full proceedings. The subscription price of the conference daily will be 25 cents.
E. B. Ficklen received Tuesday night from Virginia an English pointer pup, which he says is the finest blooded dog ever brought to this section. The pup has a pedigree a yard long. But friend Ficklen mustn't get all the birds with that dog.
Noble county, Indiana, claim as citizens four unique characters. It has within its borders the smallest married couple in the United States, and also the largest and smallest men from a physical standpoint in Indiana; the former weighs 560 pounds, and the latter is but 3 feet 3 inches in height and weighs only 75 pounds.
An eighteen-year-old cigarette victim, a nine-year-old stabber, a sixteen-year-old drunkard and two ten-year-old robbers make a startling record of juvenile depravity for one day. De generation is playing a very strong game in this part of the world.—New York Journal.

AROUND THE TRACK.

The Reflector Came Out Ahead on These.

J. V. Johnson is on the sick list.
B. C. France returned home Thursday evening.
Lovit Hines went to Kinston Thursday evening.
W. H. Barnes returned from Suffolk Monday evening.
W. S. Greer arrived from Baltimore Thursday evening.
O. L. Joyner went to Goldsboro Monday on business.
Rev. E. D. Brown returned to Kinston Monday evening.
J. F. King returned from Norfolk Wednesday evening.
Miss Ada Hearn, of Farmville, is visiting Mrs. G. E. Harris.
Mrs. Frank Mendoc, of Wilson, is visiting Mrs. G. P. Fleming.
Col. Harry Skinner and wife went to Washington City Monday.
Miss Bruce Station, of Kinston, is visiting her uncle, H. A. Sutton.
L. Hooker has been kept at home several days with an abscess on his foot.
Mrs. Dr. C. C. Edwards, of Hookerton, is visiting her brother, J. W. Brown.
A. J. Brown, of the Soldiers' Home, Raleigh, is visiting his nephew, J. B. Latham.
Allen Warren went to Kinston Monday evening in the interest of Riverside Nursery.
Miss Mary Moye, who has been visiting Mrs. Ed. H. Shelburn left Monday morning for her home in Cary.
J. H. Tucker, of Asheville, arrived Saturday evening on a brief visit here. It afforded his many friends pleasure to see him here again.
Hon. W. M. Russ, Mayor of Raleigh, came down Saturday evening for a day here and to take back home his little daughter, who has been spending some weeks with her grandmother. They returned to Raleigh Monday, William is the same jovial soul as of old.
Fresh Carr Butter today, at S. M. Schultz.
Turkish Still Smoking Tobacco at J. S. Tunstall's.
Cheap—50 barrels choice Apples, at S. M. Schultz.
Sweetash, just what you need for soap, at J. S. Tunstall's.
Such times as this Mrs. King wishes she had a five-story hotel. She could fill it up.
The passenger train failed to make the new schedule on first trial and came in a little late Monday evening.
Business is good out in tobacco town now, the warehouse having full breaks. Good tobacco is bringing high prices.
Morris Meyer has opened a first class oyster saloon in connection with his confectionery.
The past summer having been dryer than the average, partridges are more plentiful than usual.
This week the turkey bears the brunt of the joke, and next week he catches the edge of the latchet.
Highest cash prices paid for country produce Hide and Furs at Market House. E. M. McGOWAN.
Along this time of year the REFLECTOR will swap subscription receipts for wood, turkeys or silver dollars.
A revolver and an umbrella got into an argument. The revolver commenced to shoot off and the umbrella shut up.
Several game and trick players are putting in an appearance. Better keep an eye on them and give their games a wide berth.
The Italian returned to Greenville Monday evening and are already ready for the German Wednesday night.
In 1 lb. packages—Golden Dates Currents, Seeded Raisins, Citron, Nuts Evaporated Apples and Peaches, at S. M. Schultz.
Thomas R. Ransom, a son of Gen. Matt. W. Ransom, died in Northampton county on Saturday. He had pneumonia and was sick only a few days.
A traveling man remarked here yesterday that he had recently been all over the State and Greenville is the best business town he found.
After Friday a schedule goes into effect by which the south bound passenger train gets here at 6:57 P. M., ten minutes later than formerly.
There were 140,000 pounds of tobacco left in the depot here today that could not be shipped because of scarcity of cars. Hogheads were piled all around everywhere.
The Washington Evening Messenger on Thursday celebrated the close of its second year. The Messenger is a good paper. It has labored hard for its town and deserves success.
Complimentary Banquet.
There was a decidedly enjoyable gathering of young men in the office of H. A. White, Monday evening from 8 to 10 o'clock. The occasion was a banquet given by the tobacco boys complimentary to Rice Gwynn who is to be married at Rocky Mount Wednesday afternoon. There were covers for eighteen guests and the bill of fare was excellent indeed.
Just as supper was over the Italian band came in and entertained the assembly with several delightful selections. When "Dixie" was played the boys could restrain themselves no longer and filled the room with cheers.
Mr. Gwynn was the recipient of congratulations on his approaching marriage and all extended their best wishes.
The tobacco boys never do things by halves, and they showed their skill in entertaining handsomely on this occasion.
P. H. Gorman was master of ceremonies, and it was principally through his efforts that the banquet was given.

Early Closing.

We see from the Commonwealth that many of the merchants of Scotland Neck have entered into an agreement to sell no goods after 8 o'clock at night the year round, except Saturday nights, when they will close at 10 o'clock. That is a good movement and worthy of emulation in other towns.
Not This Time.
Mark Hanna has been indicted for bribery in Texas. The courts of North Carolina may have something to say which will also be of interest to the National Chairman of Republicanism.—Elizabeth City News.
With both the Superior and Supreme court benches of the State held down by Republicans? Well, hardly.
Lost.
A small boy about the size of a man, barefooted with his father's shoes on, had an empty bag on his back containing two railroad tunnels and a bundle of sugar loaves. He wore a note head cut with a head pinning. He was crossed eyed in the back of his neck and his hair was cut long. When last seen he was on his way to the exchange office of the Greenville Telephone Co. Parties finding him will please return to the W. & W. R. R. Co., at House, N. C.
A Sad Accident.
OAKLEY, N. C., Nov. 11, 1897.
Mr. Wyatt Meeks, of this, Carolina township, had his barn and about 75 barrels of corn and 5 bales of cotton and all his farming utensils, destroyed by fire yesterday. And now the saddest part is he had two small children consumed in the flames, aged three and five years. The little fellows it is supposed went in the barn to play and set fire to some stumps near the door and then ran up on the corn at the back of the barn where they were found after the barn burned down.
The sorrowing parents have our deepest sympathy.
Married.
At the residence of the bride's father Maj. John Peebles, near Falkland, on Thursday, 12th inst., at 11 o'clock a. m., Mr. W. T. Hunter, of Gates county, and Mrs. Della Gay, of Pitt county were married, Rev. N. H. D. Wilson performing the ceremony.
At 12 o'clock an elegant dinner was served to a small circle of friends after which the bride and groom left for Tarboro where they took the Norfolk & Carolina train for the home of the groom.
The Reflector joins their many friends in extending best wishes.
Marriage Licenses.
The Register of Deeds issued license to the following persons during the first two weeks in November.
WHITE.
J. J. Smith and Ma. J. Hallock.
W. T. Hunter and D. O. Gay.
C. P. Spruill and Sade Short.
J. H. Thomas and Bessie L. Bailey.
COLORED.
Joe Frizzle and Rena Ormand.
Emanuel Carney and Maggie Little.
Moses Moore and Bettie Leathers.
J. H. Hines and Nora Earper.
John Williams and Harriett Kornegay.
John Stewart and Estelle Young.
Miles Short Jr. and Arnevia Artis.
Dragged Off By a Hog.
The one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Springs, who formerly lived here, but who now live at Blowing Rock, had a narrow escape from being devoured by a vicious hog a few days ago. The hog belongs to Col. Clegg, who had bought it from Mr. Spring, but it had strayed back to its old home. The child was playing on the porch, Mrs. Springs, who was alone in the house, heard it screaming, and running out, saw the hog dragging it across the yard by the arm. The hog succeeded in dragging the child partially under a woodpile before the mother could rescue it by beating the hog over the head. The child's arm was badly injured, but otherwise it was none the worse from its terrible experience.—Charlotte Observer.
A Void Election.
MORHEAD CITY, N. C., Nov. 11.—It has just been learned that at Piney Point precinct, Carteret county, on November 3rd, just before the polls were closed, one of the judges, in lighting his pipe, accidentally dropped the head of a match in the county box, and when the accident was discovered by them before the box could be opened, most of the tickets had been burned. The judges, four Republicans and two Democrats, decided to guess at the number of votes for each candidate, and replace the burned ballots by new ones. Affidavits have been secured from each of the poll holders and judges setting forth the above facts, and stating that the replacing of the burned tickets was very uncertain, owing to the great number of scratches.
The Republicans of the precinct are very angry with the party who brought this matter before the public as it was considered an affair of their own. The question is, will this throw out the box? If so, it elects the Democratic member of the Legislature, register of deeds and surveyor, which completes the Democratic county ticket.

WHAT IT COST THEM.

Amounts the Candidates Paid to Get Their Offices.
The newly elected officers of the county have filed with the Superior Court Clerk statements of expenses incurred by them to secure their election. Some figures from these accounts may prove interesting to our readers.
A. J. Moye, Senator elect, places his expenses at \$27.10, while Slade Chapman and E. V. Cox, the Representatives, put their figures at \$5.40 and \$16 respectively.
W. H. Harrington, Sheriff elect, fees his amount up at \$88.99. His statement is more explicit than any of the others and is the only one that includes what was spent for whiskey as belonging in the list of campaign expenses.
J. J. Perkins, Register of Deeds elect, comes second largest in amount, placing his expenses at \$87.75. His affidavit states that he has his expenses book and the items are given as best they can be recalled from memory.
J. A. Thigpen Treasurer-elect, puts his expenses at \$12.75, all made in one payment to the chairman of the executive committee.
B. J. Wilson, Coroner-elect and J. R. Jenkins, Surveyor-elect, made affidavits that they spent nothing at all.
Of the County Commissioners-elect, John Thompson was the only one who had any expense, his account being even \$5. W. M. King and J. L. G. Manning both making affidavits that they did not spend a cent on their election.
We did not examine closely the statements of the Constables and Justices of the Peace over the county, but most of those glanced at said they spent nothing at all.
The district and State officers had to render their statements to the Secretary of State. The Raleigh Press Visitor says that Governor-elect D. L. Russell put in his account at \$599, and that Harry Skinner, Congressman-elect for this district, put his at \$653.04. Perhaps the most interesting item in the Colonel's expenses is \$100 to Palcan John, of Elizabeth City, the editor of the only dyed-in-the-wool Republican paper in the district.
The Trusts Prosper.
"During the last week," says the New York World, "there has been an advance of 2 1/2 per cent in the stock of the Cotton Seed Oil Trust, of 6 1/2 in that of the Sugar Trust, of 2 1/2 for the Tobacco and Cigarette Trust, 8 1/2 for the Illinois Steel Trust, 3 for the National Lard Oil Trust, 4 1/2 for the Rubber Trust and 5 1/2 for the General Electric syndicate." There has been no advance in the price of cotton, tobacco or land. No doubt this is glorious news to the negroes and poor white folks who voted for McKinley. They get so much benefit out of the prosperity of the trusts, you know.

A Morning Marriage.

The first marriage to occur in the main auditorium of the Memorial Baptist church here, took place at 8:30 o'clock this morning, the contracting parties being Mr. C. P. Spruill, a pre-ent young business man of Raleigh, and Miss Sade R. Short, one of Greenville's most charming and accomplished young ladies.
Notwithstanding the early hour of the morning, a large number of our citizens assembled at the church to witness the ceremony and were shown to seats by the polite ushers, Messrs. I. R. Moye, J. L. Little, J. G. Moye and Frank Wilson.
The pulpit and choir gallery of the church were exquisitely decorated with palms and chrysanthemums making a fit and beautiful picture for such an occasion. In the midst of this bowled the quietly figure of Miss Annie Sheppard at the organ, who rendered the wedding march as the bride and groom entered and departed from the church.
The ceremony was very impressively performed by Dr. A. M. Simms, of Raleigh, assisted by Rev. E. D. Webb, of Greenville.
From the church after receiving the congratulations of friends the couple proceeded to the depot to depart on the morning train for Raleigh.
The groom was accompanied here from Raleigh by his brother, Mr. G. E. Spruill and Dr. Simms.
There was not a more general favorite among all our people than the bride and while many regret to lose her from Greenville their best wishes for a long and happy wedded life follow her.
A 50-Cent Game For 12 Cent.
"Progressive America" is the most entertaining and instructive family game ever published, and will be sent on receipt of six 2-cent stamps. Address, The Trade Company, Boston, Mass.
Justifiable Anxiety.
"I am not myself this morning," said Mr. Gaswell at the breakfast table.
"Then who are you, dear?" asked Mrs. Gaswell, anxiously.—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

896. Fall & Winter, 1896

C. T. MUNFORD'S CLOTHING

takes the lead and the price is no object
Come and see me.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES AND GENTS FURNISHINGS are out of sight in style and color and below par in price.

Every thing cheap.

C. T. MUNFORD.

WHY PAY BIG PRICES

FOR

Cheap low grade groceries, when you can buy strictly first class ones from

ED. H. SHELBURN & CO.

at prices way down. We are offering special prices on Sugar and Coffee as well as a lot of other goods. Come to see us and be convinced that we are the people to buy your Groceries from. We lead others try to follow.

ED. H. SHELBURN & CO.

Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver troubles, catarrh—cures which prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.
Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate, see.

LOOK EVERYWHERE
In Our New Store

and you will see nothing but the most Stylish Goods. You will find nothing but the newest effects on our counters. We have no use for out of date styles. Our aim shall be to keep posted in the newest and best in every department and we cordially invite you to inspect the enormous collections

Choice Dress Goods, and Trimmings, Capes, Jackets, Ladies and Mens Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets. Which we have secured after careful study of the country and best fashion centres.

LANG LANG
SELLS Lang's SELL
CASH HOUSE
CHEAP. CHEAP

BARGAINS.

Examine prices below.

Mens Split Boots, 6 to 11,	\$1.00	One-half Wool Dress Goods,	.10
Mens Good Boots, 6 to 13,	1.25	Big line of Serenas, Cash-	
Boys Boots, 1 to 5,	1.00	meres and Flannels all	
Mens Plow Shoes,	1.00	wool, double width, at	.10 yd
Mens Brogans,	1.00	6 pounds good Coffee,	1.00
Womens Good Shoes,	.75	Wool Grain Rice	.5
Children's Shoes,	25c. to 1.25	English Island Molasses	.30
Ladies Dongola Button, 3 to 8,	1.00	Sack Salt, 180 pounds,	.75
Ladies Goat Button, 3 to 8,	1.50	Good Buggy Harness,	5.00
Children & Boys Hats 20c to 1.00		Furniture in Abundant,	
Mens and Boys Hats 25c to 3.00		Good Patent Flour,	3.75
Boys all-wool Suits Clothes	3.75	Old stock Men and Ladies	
Mens all-wool Suits		Shoes,	.50
Clothes 2.50 to 18.00		Large stock Lard, Pork and	
Mens Overcoats	1.50 to 12.50	Sides always on hand,	

Highest cash prices paid for

Cotton in Seed or Lint, and Rice.
J. R. DAVENPORT.

FACTOLUS, N. C., September 22nd, 1896.

FIVE POINTERS.

1. Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes—rice and cheap
2. Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies Dress Goods—down
3. Hats, Buggy Robes, Jewelry, Outfery, Pistols—low down
4. Meats, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Bagging, Rice—way down.
5. In fact anything in the Gen'l Merchandise Line—out of sight

AT SAM WHITES.

FIVE POINTS.

LIKE THE YOUNG LADY

At a ball who calls her lover an Indtan because he was on her trail all the time. We are on you trail and won't be satisfied until we secure you as a customer. Our Fall and winter Clothing and Gents Furnishing are just too cheap. You certainly will be out of the swim if you do not get the bargains offered by us.

Our Shoes are Beyond Criticism.

We want every man to drop into our store at his convenience and look through our stock of Fine Shoes and hear the prices. We will post him so thoroughly that it will be hard work for a shoe salesman anywhere to deceive him, and we won't try to make you buy against your will.

About Those Nobby Hats, Now.

Let us say a word about our Hats and at the same time tell you that a minute's peep is better than a column of description. Nothing has a place here but what we knew to be good, and when you spend a dollar with us you get a hundred cents' worth of certainty—the certainty that what you buy is the best of its kind, and all this for the least money.

RICKS & TAFT.

