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THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

D. J. WICKIARD, Editor and Owner

TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION.

TERMS: \$1.00 per Year, in Advance.

VOL. XV.

GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1896.

NO 43

Two Papers for \$1.50

We have made arrangements to furnish the REFLECTOR and North Carolinian for the above amount. This is campaign year and you should take the two leading papers.

INCREASE OF RED MEN.

Although they have good schools there are many blanket Indians. The general opinion is that the red men are increasing in number...

People may differ as to the past treatment of the Indians, and as to whether they are to be exterminated or to be civilized...

Chief among the non-sectarian boarding-schools is the large school at Carlisle, Pa. Here 750 Indian boys and girls are taught those branches which our children learn in grammar and high school...

Progress is being made by many of the Indians. Some of them now teach in the schools; some follow various mechanical pursuits...

ALBINO BIRDS AND BEASTS.

The idea that they were barren seems to have been erroneous. W. L. Brewer, of Yankton, S. D., reports that while hunting 20 miles northwest of Yankton...

There is a diamond here a size of a pin's head. Both sides yet to be cut. It stands the test of a microscope. The stone is a fine, clear, colorless, colorless, colorless...

Reminds One.

Many of the political speeches that have been made in this campaign remind one of one of Mr. Lincoln's stories. He had been listening to a young man of great lung power, many words and few ideas...

Delightful Blundering.

A little boy in the course of his reading lesson came to the word "window" and called it "window," a word more familiar to him. The teacher, who was acting as examiner, connected the blunder, and then, wishing to improve the occasion, put the question: "What is the difference between 'window' and 'window'?"

Still Throwing it Up.

Mrs. McSwat (looking over the paper)—Billinger, here is an article about women barbers. One of them says you have no idea of the nerve it takes to shave the throat of a man who has a big Adam's apple.

HE LOST HIS SAND.

The Man Who Would Ride on a Snow Plow.

He Came Out of His Experience a Wealthier Man Than He Went In With.

At a Detroit hotel the other day was a guest whose countenance wore such a frightened expression that he was an object of attention and remark from all others. Some said he must have been thrown sky-high by a Texas steer within the last day or two; others that he had been run across a trestle-work by a passenger train; others still that his wife had suddenly pulled a gun on him and taken the reins of government in her hands.

"Why do I carry such a wild, scared look?" queried the man in reply, as he made himself comfortable in a big arm-chair. "I flattered myself that the expression had worn off, but I begin to doubt if it will ever pass away entirely. I've been trying hard to look placid and contented for the last hour, but it seems to have been a failure."

"Well, perhaps you know that a railroad snowplow is about the biggest, strongest and ugliest looking thing on wheels. Put two of 'em together and you've got a battering ram, which would go through a brick house like a streak of hot lead running down hill. Kidding on a locomotive is a cradle compared to riding on a snowplow when out for business."

"Well, it did me, and that's why I carry the countenance I do. It was the 15th of last January that I took a little trip over a few miles of northern Minnesota railroad, but I haven't got through shivering and shaking and palpitating yet. I was at a town called Anthon during a three days' snowstorm, and when I wanted to start for Morehead the line was blocked and all trains cancelled. There was no reason why I should hurry away, but as soon as I found I couldn't go I wanted to be off. That's human nature, you know. When told that a couple of big snowplows were at the depot preparing to open the line to the westward, I went down and did what I thought was an awfully cutting remark."

"I was a diamond here a size of a pin's head. Both sides yet to be cut. It stands the test of a microscope. The stone is a fine, clear, colorless, colorless, colorless. The teacher, who was acting as examiner, connected the blunder, and then, wishing to improve the occasion, put the question: 'What is the difference between 'window' and 'window'?'"

WANTED.—Poultry

Bring your Poultry and Eggs to Win Reville for the highest market prices. I buy and ship in large quantities, and am prepared to pay you as much as any man cash.

QUITE ENJOYABLE.

In the language of the prize ring, let Spain whip Cuba before she tries to get into our class—Chicago Record.

A North Carolina man having been told that he had killed the wrong man, said: "I am sorry, and if he were only alive I would apologize."—Atlanta Constitution.

He—"You will not strike at my advances, dear?" She—"What do you take me for—a sixty cent larding costume?"—Youkers Statesman.

The women will wear suits this winter, the suits of last summer, the only difference being that this winter suit will be worn on the outside.—Atchison Globe.

Gokey—"Is there a ball room in this hotel?" Gades—"Yes, sir; down stairs to the left; only we generally call it the bar in this part of the country."—Roxbury Gazette.

Married—"How do you like these photographs of my mother-in-law?" Single—"They are very good of her. I prefer this one."

Merrid—"Yes, so do I. She always looks well in a traveling dress."—New York Dispatch.

"How did you spot him?" asked the reporter of the detective who had just nabbed a willful negro confidence gentleman, disguised as a "brother girl." "The disguise is perfect."

"I happened to catch him boozing," said the true son of heaven of the law.—Indianapolis Journal.

THE DISCOVERY SAVED HIS LIFE.

Dr. C. Calloway, Druggist, Beavertown, Ill., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. I was taken with a Gripe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail. It was given up and I did not move. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began to use it, and from the first dose I got better, a dose or two more and I was up on my feet again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep it in our house without it. Get a free trial at John L. Wooten's Drug Store."

A very charming little story is told in the recent marriage of Miss Virginia Roush, daughter of the millionaire, Charles Broadway Roush, of New York, and her young cousin, Mr. David Lee, of Maryland.

Some months ago young Lee went to New York and became associated as clerk in the business of Mr. R. As a kind man, he was cordially received in the family mansion on E. 5th avenue. His active circle seemed according to his progress he made in the business, for he recently was promoted to the position of cashier and became subsequently the husband of the daughter of the household.

The love affair developed from the very first acquaintance of the young people, progressed beautifully and was uninterupted by parental influence, as Mr. Roush is blind and Mrs. Roush, it seems, suspected nothing more than cousinly affection.

Finally Miss Virginia confided the secret to her mother and declared her determination to marry her young cousin, poor though he was.

As matters on such occasions always forget they ever loved and married the men they loved. Mrs. Roush insisted upon the match not being practical and for bade it.

Then did the lovers defy the powers that be, and last Sunday morning drove to a quiet little church and were married.

They announced the fact immediately to the family, and after the usual "at home" attending such occasions, were forgiven, blessed and are happy in the luxuriant paternal home of Mr. Charles Broadway Roush.

Dr. C. Calloway, Druggist, Beavertown, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. I was taken with a Gripe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail. It was given up and I did not move. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began to use it, and from the first dose I got better, a dose or two more and I was up on my feet again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep it in our house without it. Get a free trial at John L. Wooten's Drug Store."

ERIDES ON THE BIG BRIDGE.

They Wear Gray or Brown Dresses and Quiz the Policemen.

"Was there ever a bride that didn't insist upon having in her trousseau a gray or brown traveling dress?" asks the New York Press.

If you want to answer this question to your own satisfaction walk across the Brooklyn bridge any day, especially in midsummer, and you will see brides by the score.

You can tell them at once by their gray or brown dresses and their leisured, strolling along with their husbands and look at the river, marvel at the statue of liberty and wonder whether Governor's island could resist an invader, all with a delightful freshness that is restful to the sight of a nervous metropolitan resident.

The policemen on the bridge become wonderfully softened in summer, for they have many colloquies with timid, blushing brides, who believe the police know everything and are animated guide books and encyclopedias rolled into one. And the policeman like the job of telling all about the points of interest to be seen from the bridge, and almost wish that "he" and his bride had nothing to do save to be astonished on the Brooklyn bridge and store up memories to be turned loose on the community at Wayback or Spring City.

One way that brides can be distinguished from ordinary people is by their far-away look. They do not seem to care the people near by. They seem not to care what interest they themselves excite. They are simply ridiculously happy and New York is only a gigantic pleasure ground to them.

The bridegroom? Oh, yes; he is there, of course, but he is only an attendant of the bride and he doesn't count for much on the Brooklyn bridge.

COINING SMALL PIECES.

Uncle Sam Derives a Large Profit from the Occupation.

One of the most profitable occupations of the United States government is found in the coining of five-cent nickel pieces and one-cent bronze pieces. The cost of the coins is stamped in about twenty cents per pound, and a pound of them produces one dollar and forty-six cents. Nickel ready for coining costs thirty-two cents per pound and a pound produces four dollars and forty-three cents in five-cent pieces. The average profit of seigniorage on the coining of these minor coins for the past few years has been about six hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

There is a profit, and a considerable one, in the coining of subsidiary silver coin, but owing to the fact that the United States owns several million ounces of bullion which was purchased at the prevailing high rate of 1890, the profit in that species of coining is not as great as it would be if the government should go into the open market to-day and buy silver at its market value for this purpose.

There is a big demand for bright new coins of all denominations. Almost every request that is received from banks in various sections of the country for subsidiary coins ask that bright new ones be sent. Every month the street car companies and banks of the capital city turn into the treasury large quantities of nickels, dimes and quarters, for which they receive in turn paper money of large denominations. Of course the money thus redeemed is not "new" and there is no demand for it. The result is that there are large quantities of such subsidiary coin in the vaults of the treasury, and it is impossible to get it into circulation.—Exchange.

Fighting Consumption.

Consumption or tuberculosis has been the subject of early and more vigorous efforts to check its transmission in Prussia than elsewhere, as is natural considering that Dr. Koch is a Berlin professor. The result is that while from 1875 to 1887, before his discovery, the deaths from tuberculosis or consumption were 31 in 10,000, since 1887 there has been a gradual decrease to 25 in 10,000. Elsewhere this decrease has not taken place. Prussian prisons and insane asylums show a reduction in their death rate from tuberculosis, since careful precautions were adopted. The death rate from this cause among religious nursing orders was in 1881-2 114 per 10,000 in 1893-4 it had dropped to 67, almost half. Facts like these show the absolute necessity of careful precautions for destroying the sputa of consumptive patients. Rigorous care in this direction would greatly decrease a disease to which a large proportion of deaths are due.—Phila.

Hotel Keepers of the Country.

According to the tenth census there were 32,453 hotel keepers within the limits of our country, who are said to have entertained daily an average of fifty guests.

Several substances, whose odor is to western nostrils exceedingly repugnant, are highly esteemed in the east as perfumes. In Persia and Afghanistan, safoetida is considered a delicate perfume, and many luxurious persons carry a quantity of it in their pockets or in a bag suspended from the neck.

A Queer Fervor.

In 1768 27,000,000 quills were shipped from Russia and Poland to England, to say nothing of those which were sent to other countries.

LIGHTING PARLIAMENT.

How the Commons and Lords Are Provided With Illumination.

Although gas, candles and oil lamps are used to light the parliament buildings, says the Westminster Budget, incandescent lamps are in most general use. The system of electric lighting is controlled from the basement, and throughout the building the lamps themselves are everywhere arranged with great care and forethought.

In the dining rooms, for instance, they are placed very high up, so that while the supply of light is ample there is no glare over the tables. In the tea-rooms, besides the lights from the ceiling, there are wall brackets over the tables and even movable table lamps for those who care to use them. And in the kitchen and the service room adjoining the commons dining room all the fittings are made of iron, rather than of brass, so that they may suffer as little as possible from the steam.

With a staff of about 50 men the superintendent is able to make all sorts of ingenious and pretty fittings. And, as another specimen of the economy which is everywhere visible, it may be mentioned that he has succeeded in making many pretty electrolights out of the old gas fittings. The big electrolights—notably that in the central hall, which weighs 18 hundredweight and bears 93 lamps—and the smaller ones in the peers' chamber, St. Stephen's hall and elsewhere are made to be raised and lowered for purposes of cleaning or of replacing broken lamps. This big electrolight, high up in the dome, a crane, which moves over it on tram lines, by which it is raised and lowered, while the electric wires are carefully drawn aside on another tramway so that they may not be damaged in paying out while the electrolight is being lowered. And in the roof above the house of lords there are similar arrangements, but with simply a weight and a couple of earthenware pulleys in place of the crane.

The commons chamber is not lighted entirely by electricity. Round the arched doorway are ten incandescent lamps, which are principally required to show up the carving and the clock face, and under the side galleries there is a lamp placed behind each pillar, so that, while it cannot itself be seen, it prevents the members who may be sitting there from being in deep shade and so invisible to the speaker. The principal lighting here, however, comes through the painted glass roof, behind which 64 powerful gas lamps are used, gas being preferred to electricity here both on account of its superior spreading powers and because the heat creates a draft, and so assists ventilation. Under the glass is a very fine wire network, so that there is no danger of a cabinet minister being decapitated.

In the lobbies and the libraries electric lighting is used, however. In the libraries and reading rooms it is placed lower than in most parts of the building, for obvious reasons. And in all the larger electrolights the lamps are divided into three groups, which light independently of one another. Thus, on a dull day one set of lamps would be in use; if it were foggy, there might be two sets, and at night all three are employed.

Ruskin and Science.

One of the worst enemies of science is Mr. Ruskin. When Agassiz published his book on "Fossil Fishes," which was deemed of such importance in determining the relative ages of the strata in which they were found that the United States government contributed to the expense of publication, Mr. Ruskin, in "Praetoria," volume 2, page 113, says, "Agassiz was a mere blockhead to have paid for all that good drawing of the nasty, ugly things, and that it didn't matter a stale herring whether they had any names or not," a piece of criticism written with the pen of ignorance. But what shall we say when we see the same writer speaking of "little Mr. Faraday" finding a hydrocarbon oil in heaven which makes a stink? (I quote from memory.) Surely, if ever a man was great both as a man and an explorer of nature's mysteries, it was the blacksmith's son who made his way from the position of a little newsboy to that of the great experimentalist that ever lived.—Notes and Queries.

Genuine cashmere shawls are so fine that one measuring three or four square yards could be stored within the shell of a small walnut. But an even more delicate fabric is manufactured on the Philippine islands from the fibers of pineapple leaves. To properly prepare the fibers for weaving involves much tedious work. For instance, the tiny fibers are tied together by hand to suitable lengths. The weaving of a quantity sufficient for one shirt is the work of several years, and so it is no wonder that such a shirt costs about \$1,200, but the rich planters of Manila and Luzon—slaveholders yet—can afford to indulge in such extravagances.

Several substances, whose odor is to western nostrils exceedingly repugnant, are highly esteemed in the east as perfumes. In Persia and Afghanistan, safoetida is considered a delicate perfume, and many luxurious persons carry a quantity of it in their pockets or in a bag suspended from the neck.

A Story of Crisp.

Here is a little story of the late Charles Frederick Crisp: In one of the counties of his district there was a little weekly newspaper to which he faithfully subscribed. When he would come home from Washington he always sought the editor and demanded to know if his subscription had not expired. On one of these occasions, meeting with the editor, he handed him a \$5 bill saying:

"I have missed three issues of my paper and I am sure I must be in arrears. Take that and call it square."

"But," said the editor, "the paper is only a dollar a year, and your subscription won't be out until January!"

"That's all right," replied Crisp, "but you keep the money," and then, in a whisper: "I never saw an editor yet that didn't need it!"

CURE FOR HEADACHE.

As a remedy for all forms of headache electric lighters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In case of habitual constipation Electric Lighters gives the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and \$1.00 at John L. Wooten's Drug Store.

POLISHING FURNITURE.

How to See "Your Face Reflected" in the Shining Tables.

It is a most satisfactory state of affairs and an evidence of careful and dainty housewifery if when entering the room it is evidenced that the chairs, tables, cabinets and other polished furniture surfaces reflect the light, glistening as with much careful rubbing and showing absence of dust and grime.

There is no one of the housekeeper's duties that requires more careful attention than the care of furniture surfaces. Dust will settle, dampness and steam moisten it, and though a room may be carefully put to rights every day some dust is bound to adhere, especially in corners and the crevices of carvings and ornate work, that, if neglected, presents anything but a lovely appearance. If there are children, the imprints of tiny fingers, so hard to keep from soil, are sure to adorn the edges of tables and form traceries on chairs and other household goods.

The aid of a cabinet maker every month or so to clean the furniture would prove too costly and the repeated varnishings of such articles as require it too much trouble. Therefore a cleaner that will keep the furniture looking nice, remove the stains and soil and does not cost a great deal in time and money is a great boon to housewives.

To reach this end there is nothing better than a mixture of linseed oil and kerosene. Some furniture dealers use linseed and turpentine, but it is not so satisfactory, as after repeated usings the turpentine roughens the polished surface.

If the article to be polished is very much soiled, wash thoroughly with warm soapy water, drying as quickly as possible. Then with a flannel rag dipped in a mixture of two parts linseed to one of kerosene rub the surface thoroughly. Let it stand awhile until you have rubbed another piece, and then with a perfectly clean piece of flannel free from oil polish it until it shines to your taste. This is an easy method of keeping furniture bright, and it does not injure the daintiest wood, the odor soon evaporating if the window is opened.

If there is much furniture to clean and it is badly soiled, mix a small quantity of the oils at a time so that it will be all used, and a very soiled rag should not be tolerated. Clean rags and a little clean oil at a time give much better results. Then be careful to rub every trace of the cleaner from the furniture, or the results will not be what you desire.

To clean fairly well the arms and backs of upholstered furniture that have become dingy use a little gasoline. Use clean flannel for this also, and after dusting briskly with a whisk broom rub with flannel dipped in gasoline; then set in the air until the odor has evaporated. Polished or painted floors, grained or varnished doors, dingy baseboards or any surface that requires polishing, or that the housekeeper desires to make shine, will do so most agreeably if treated to a vigorous rubbing with the linseed and turpentine after first cleansing with soap and water.

Bronzes and bent iron work, fenders and grate fixings all look brighter and fresher for a little rubbing with the oily rags, and the room and its furnishings that you have thus treated present a look of daintiness, refined cleanliness that is worth a great deal of work and infinite trouble to produce.—Philadelphia.

In 1768 27,000,000 quills were shipped from Russia and Poland to England, to say nothing of those which were sent to other countries.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Royal Baking Powder. ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Notice to Creditors. In accordance with a decree made at September term 1896 of Pitt Superior Court in a case therein pending in which J. N. Bynum, Executor of R. A. Bynum is plaintiff and R. B. Bynum and others are defendants, notice is hereby given to the creditors of R. A. Bynum, deceased, to file with me the evidence of their claims against said estate, on or before the 10th day of November 1896. It is made my duty to report to December term the amount of the indebtedness and the pro rata share of each debt in the assets. Those creditors desiring to share in the assets must present their claims within the above specified time.

BUCKE'S BARK SALVE. The Best Salve in the world for Colds, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rump, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively kills Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. L. Wooten.

AT PARTING. So, with a last goodbye, In this gray hour you die To me, as we to you; Parting is dying, too, And distance, heart to heart despairing faith, Is but a name for death.

For all the house seems desolate and dim With want of one so true. What household things shall stand Yellowed because you had? Has touched them? We shall miss Your help in that or this, And treasure even trivial words you said As memories of the dead.

You will bear with you thus Remembrances of us; And, writing now and then Of stranger lands and men, Your tidings from afar shall reach us here As from another sphere.

Even death is nothing more Than opening of a door Through which men pass away Who, though they bid you stay, And, looking through the waste of silence long, You called from the unknown.

Thus ever, near or far, Life seems but where we are; Those winds and waters yearn Outward and never turn, And, looking through the waste of silence long, You called from the unknown.

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THE REFLECTOR
Greenville, N. C.

D. J. WEICHAARD, Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the post office at Greenville, N. C. as second class mail matter
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4TH, 1896

IT IS MCKINLEY

THE COUNTRY GOES LARGELY
REPUBLICAN.

The Next Congress will
have a Large Anti-Sliver Majority.

NORTH CAROLINA IN DOUBT.

Both Sides Claim the State.—Fusion
Carries Pitt Agau.

It is not good news for the Democrats that the REFLECTOR takes to its readers today. The telegraph company, through the exceeding inefficiency of the Tarboro office, gave us a miserably poor and rotten service, but such news as did come, indicates that Mark Hanna's money and the trusts have carried the day and the country has gone overwhelmingly Republican. We have not space at this time to comment further upon the result, but in what follows you will find the news as it came in the bulletins from 7:30 last night to 4 o'clock this morning.

New York 42 districts give Palmer 2750, McKinley 3721, Bryan 3281.

Despatch to Chicago National Republican committee gives McKinley plurality by odd.

New York city gives McKinley 14,237, Bryan 12,260, Palmer 647.

New York city indicates a plurality for McKinley. New York State Chairman Hackett claims at 7 P. M. the State for McKinley by 200,000 plurality.

The vote in West Virginia shows a Republican gain.

Spartanburg, S. C., county gives Bryan 4,500 plurality. Bryan's plurality in this State conceded to be large.

Returns in New York city indicate a plurality for McKinley in entire city.

Boston elects eleven Republican Congressmen, one Democrat, John F. Fitzgerald. One district, the tenth, in doubt.

Richmond indicates that Bryan loses heavily in all cities of the State. Lynchburg close but vote in McKinley's favor.

New Orleans, 17 precincts gives Bryan 4100 McKinley 400. 40 precincts gives McKinley 8549, Bryan 4794, Levering 53, Palmer 82. 41 1892 same districts gave Harrison 22,000 Cleveland 3200.

Republican chairman of Kentucky wired at 3 p. m. that the indications are that McKinley would carry the State by 12,000.

78 districts of 3354 outside of New York and Kings counties give Bryan 12,784, McKinley 19,603. Same election districts in 1892 gave Cleveland 13,728, Harrison 15,522.

Brooklyn—20 districts out of 492 give McKinley 1,930, Bryan 736, Palmer 66. In 1892 same districts gave Harrison 2,246, Cleveland 3,000.

New York. 50 districts gives Republican gain of 1,286.

United Press special says McKinley has carried this city by 25,000 plurality.

Chicago, 60 districts out of 621 of this city gives McKinley 12,493 Bryan 8,640.

New York Sun says returns from West show large vote for McKinley. Baltimore city McKinley by 15,000. It gave Cleveland 14,569 in 1892.

Boston Herald reports Maine 50,000 Republican. Brooklyn fifty districts out of 629 give McKinley 6,444 Bryan 5,239, Palmer 621.

Chicago, 100 precincts give McKinley 20,176, Bryan 14,063, Palmer 12, Levering 942.

Bulletin says Virginia has gone for Bryan by 40,000 plurality.

N. Y. Bulletin says McKinley has carried Massachusetts by over 100,000.

New York World bulletin says Pre-Pollo Kings county gives McKinley 23,000 majority.

New York Sun Bulletin says the vote of Baltimore gives the State to McKinley.

Chicago—140 precinct gives McKinley 23,654, Bryan 17,103, Palmer 169, Levering 98.

Brooklyn—89 districts out of 629 give McKinley 10,800, Bryan 7,658, Palmer 964.

Brooklyn—130 districts out of 692 give McKinley 15,766, Bryan 14,436, Palmer 859.

New York Tribune says McKinley has carried New York county by 20,000. Times give it him by 16,000.

Louisville, Ky.—First precinct in Kentucky to report McKinley 246, Bryan 191. Republican gain.

Chicago—160 precincts McKinley 27,564, Bryan 18,913, Palmer 704, Levering 122.

Chicago—220 precincts McKinley 42,019, Bryan 26,634, Levering 129, Palmer 269.

Chairman Curry Democrat says report voting favorable for Democratic success in Iowa and Wisconsin, showing made in Des Moines and Polk county will carry State by upwards 25,000.

West Virginia returns coming in show so far indication Republicans gain.

New York—800 districts out of 1,392 give McKinley 84,433, Bryan 73,011, Palmer 832.

New York—469 districts outside New York and Kings county: Bryan 17,880, McKinley, 32,611, Palmer, 169.

Chicago—Five precincts in Illinois outside of Cook county gives McKinley 635, Bryan, 447, Palmer 10.

New York—16 out of 90 districts congressional gives Walsh, silver Democrat, 1,334, Mitchell, Republican, 1,250.

New York special says Bryan carries South Carolina by 40,000.

Indications are that McKinley will carry Chicago between 60,000 and 65,000.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—Vote here is greater than in 1892. The indications are that the city will go for McKinley by over 500.

Hartford, Conn.—200 towns give McKinley 5,263, Bryan 1,708, Palmer 136. Same towns in 1892 gave Harrison 3,053, Cleveland 3,402.

McKinley's plurality in New York City 30,000, in Kings county 40,000.

Buffalo—Twenty districts out of 146 McKinley 4,857, Bryan 5,660.

Boston Globe says McKinley carries Massachusetts by 15,000 majority.

New York Journal says North Carolina very close, both sides claim the State by 300 to 500.

New York Journal special says Rhode Island goes for McKinley by over 15,000.

Chicago—540 districts give McKinley 107,037, Bryan 76,776.

New York Tribune says indications that New Jersey goes for McKinley by 50,000.

New York Herald says McKinley carries State by 250,000.

New York Tribune claims Oregon for McKinley by small majority.

Detroit Mich—13 precincts outside Detroit gives McKinley 826, Bryan 666, Palmer 60.

Richmond—Returns all 'a's, 30 precincts outside city Bryan 2670, McKinley 3110, Palmer 15.

N. Y. Herald says McKinley carries Nebraska by 13,000.

Hartford, Conn.—53 towns give McKinley 14,631, Bryan 4,842.

Boston—60 towns out of 521 gives Bryan 4,171, McKinley 1,649, Palmer 708.

New York—Some papers are claiming 25,000 for Indiana for McKinley, but there are no returns as yet.

Tennessee has gone Republican by 20,000.

Massachusetts by 100,000 and Ohio will give McKinley the largest plurality ever given in that State.

Chicago—506 precincts give McKinley 112,189, Bryan 179,249, Levering 637.

Cincinnati, O.—30 out of 261 precincts, Hamilton county gives McKinley 16,299, Bryan 5,803.

New York—Gen. William Westwood, Secretary National Republican Committee gives out the following. The reports show we have carried Maryland. We have carried West Va. by 2,500.

Camden, N. J.—McKinley's majority in Camden county about 700.

North Carolina—Indications point to Bryan carrying State by 20,000 to 40,000.

Pennsylvania will give McKinley 260,000 plurality.

Chicago—60 precincts in Illinois, outside Cook county, give McKinley 11,336, Bryan 8259, Palmer 1073.

New York—Herald says McKinley will carry Kentucky by 15,000 Republican majority.

McKinley has carried the State of Nebraska by 50,000.

Minnesota—Republicans claim the State for McKinley by 50,000.

Chicago—900 districts in Cook county gives McKinley 186,884, Bryan 136,385.

California—Heavy vote in city of San Francisco, in 2377 precincts the presidential vote will compare with '92.

New York Herald says McKinley's plurality in Pennsylvania will reach 300,000.

Kansas city—McKinley will carry Kansas from 4,000 to 5,000.

Minnesota—104 precincts McKinley 15,884, Bryan 10,110.

Raleigh, N. C.—Reports timed 9 p. m. indicate Democratic pluralities of 3,000 to 8,000 on State and National ticket. Second, third, fourth and seventh congressional districts Republican by good majorities. Reports from sixth and eighth districts are not sufficient to make a comparison up to this hour.

Reports from all districts are coming in very slow.

New York—McKinley's in majority King county about 32,009.

New York World says Bryan has carried North Carolina.

Raleigh—Chairman Holton claims the State of North Carolina by 40,000. Later returns put the State in doubt.

Oregon—Republican and Democrats both claim the State.

Kentucky—Total vote for Bryan 2,434, McKinley 2,156.

New York—The Sun says the Republicans will have 248 congressmen.

Columbus, O.—Chairman Republican Committee says the State will give McKinley 75,000.

New York Herald says McKinley's plurality in Pennsylvania reaches 300,000, Philadelphia 125,000.

New York—The Sun puts out bulletin, says McKinley is elected beyond doubt. Gives McKinley 293 votes in electoral college.

Herald reports from Tennessee show that State in doubt.

The returns so far show that Republicans have elected 200 congressmen, Democrats 59, Populists 11, Sound money Democrat 2.

The latest reports indicate that McKinley has the following States: Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Rhode Island, Vermont, Wisconsin and Wyoming—a total of 251 electoral vote.

Fusion Wins in Pitt.

So far as the returns have gone in this county they indicate that the fusion ticket is elected, but by a considerably decreased majority from two years ago. All the precincts had not been heard from up to the time the REFLECTOR went to press, but those that came in show majorities about as follows:

BEAVER DAM.
Gave 35 fusion majority.

BELVOIR.
Gave 116 fusion majority.

BETHEL.
Skinner majority 47, Meye 60, Chapman 43, Cox 23, Harrington 33, Thigpen 19, Perkins 24.

CAROLINA.
Gave about 75 Democrat majority.

CHICOD NO. 1.
Laughinghouse majority 41, Tucker, sheriff, majority 25, newborn 43, J. L. Little, Treas., majority 35.

CHICOD NO. 2.
Laughinghouse majority 54, Tucker, sheriff, 58, newborn 65, J. A. K. Tucker, Com., majority 64.

majority for balance of Democratic ticket is from 54 to 65.

CONTENTNEA NO. 1.
Gone 20 Democratic majority.

CONTENTNEA NO. 2.
Tucker, sheriff, 72 majority, Lucas majority 86, Laughinghouse 89, Cannon, commissioner, 90.

FALKLAND.
Gone 100 fusion majority.

FARMVILLE PRECINCT NO. 2.
Russell plurality 40, Skinner majority 64, Meye majority 77.

FARMVILLE PRECINCT NO. 4.
McKinley plurality 10, Russell plurality 52, Skinner majority 92, Meye majority 97, Harrington majority 94, Perkins 74, Thigpen 94.

GREENVILLE NO. 1.
Meye, majority, 108; Harrington, majority, 84; Perkins, majority, 94; Thigpen, majority, 103.

GREENVILLE NO. 2.
Gave 53 Democratic majority.

GREENVILLE NO. 3.
Reported to be from 6 to 11 fusion majority.

GREENVILLE NO. 4.
McKinley, plurality, 50; Russell, plurality, 93; Skinner, majority, 135; Meye, majority, 131; Harrington, majority, 125; Perkins, 117; Thigpen, majority, 116.

Pitt County Rifles at Br' oigh.

On Tuesday morning, 20th, a happier and a more jolly company never started on a trip with more delightful anticipations than company H. From start to finish there went up a continual glee from the boys, with corporal John Evans and John Fleming as chief fun makers.

Upon our arrival at the Union depot we were met by that courteous gentleman, Maj. Alfred Williams and his staff.

When we marched out of the depot the first thing that greeted our vision was Capt. W. L. McGee's company 61 strong, and at the head of the company and standing like a stone wall, firm and erect with the company's colors, the noble and 70 year old Capt. Tom Conyers, one of Franklin county's best men and truest Confederate Veterans.

When the command forward was given, like a 16 year old boy he took his gallant company from the depot to Fayetteville street, up to the capital, down Hillsboro street to Camp Beneham Cameron, near the fair grounds, where the troops were to be quartered.

One of the most lovely spots for a camp. The place was a wise selection and in front of the Cameron estate in full view of the Agricultural Association Building, whose guest we were. Everything was as splendidly arranged for comfort and convenience for the men as could be.

Our noble and beloved Gen. John W. Cotton, supported by his efficient staff and aids, made the occasion one of great pleasure to all concerned. On Thursday the sham battle was executed to perfection. The A. & M. College boys, opposing the Guards, commanded by Major Williams under General Cotton's orders, made a bold attack, firing a fierce and suppressing volley upon the Guards, which was instantly returned by General Cotton's charge which drove the College boys behind their works. Charge after charge from both armies and each retreating in order made the occasion one of great excitement and enjoyment to the twenty thousand people that witnessed it in full view of both armies, and in all of this great excitement with battle cry after battle cry, that noble old Confederate and color bearer, Tom Conyers, never failed to hold high the battle flag we all loved so well. And just here I would not forget to say that "Uncle Tom" as he is familiarly known among the boys has seven sons in the Franklin Guards of which captain W. L. McGee is the commander, a man beloved by his men for his high soldierly character, firmness of purpose and strict discipline and like the grand old Zeb Vance, he never forgets the comfort, pleasure and welfare of his men.

In all the years to come, and when the enthusiasm of military life is passed, and remembrance of Camp Beneham Cameron will linger among the sweetest recollections of our enjoyments in life. It has thrice been the pleasure of company H. to partake of Halleigh's hospitality which has been of the highest order and every time our beloved and highly esteemed Major Alfred Williams has been the chief director in this excellent hospitality and in behalf of the members of company H. I most heartily extend to Major Williams and his able committee their profoundest thanks for the kind considerations they have extended to us, and to say that company H. will ever remember this and will gladly reciprocate when ever an opportunity is offered.

B. F. SUGG.

It is a singular fact that locomotives designed for exceedingly fast runs require training as do race horses. The locomotive built for speed is first put to work on some small branch line, with light tracks, until it becomes accustomed to running, and all the parts are brought down to their proper bearings. Having undergone this period of probation it is taken on to more important portions of the lines, and gradually worked up by increasing speed until it is given its place on the line of the great flyers. To train a locomotive takes about two weeks.

REFLECTIONS.

Today is but 24-hours long, but yesterday lasts forever.

It makes a man tired to have somebody "work" him.

In Holland people thieves are given three years at hard labor.

Many of us are out short in life, but the hired girl lives out all her days.

Men in prison could give some good advice if they felt free to do so. They have inside facts.

Young people should remember that too many late hops means an early beer.

Facts and Figures.

It takes 72,000 tons of paper to make the postal cards used in the United States each year.

In one week last summer 112,000 tons of ice were used in New York city.

The Coliseum at Rome seated 87,000 spectators, and 60,000 more might easily have found standing room.

With 20,395 newspapers and periodicals in America and Canada the people ought not to suffer for information and opinions.

The War Department estimates for the next fiscal year aggregate \$52,875,637.

The shortest time for circulating the globe at present is 66 days.

Reliable statistics show that an average of fully 100,000 strangers visit New York every day in the year.

The production of rubber bicycle tires in this country is about 1,000,000 sets per year.

Tin is a comparatively expensive metal, being worth about \$400 a ton.

The production of Bessemer steel during 1895 amounted to 3,500,000 tons.

W. HIGGS, Pres. J. S. HIGGS, Cashier
Maj. HENRY FARDING Ass't Cashier.

THE GREENVILLE BANK
Greenville, N. C.

STOCKS AND BONDS.
Representing a Capital of More Than a Half Million Dollars.

Wm. T. Dixon, President National Exchange Bank, Baltimore, Md.
The Scotland Neck Bank, Scotland Neck, N. C.
Noah Biggs, Scotland Neck, N. C.
R. R. Fleming, Pictou, N. S. C.
D. W. Hardee Higgs Bros., Greenville, S. C.

We respectfully solicit the accounts of firms, individuals and the general public.
Checks and Account Books furnished on application.

G. A. MCGOWAN & CO.
Undertakers and Funeral Directors,
GREENVILLE, N. C.

Have just received an
ELEGANT NEW HEARSE.

of the latest style and are ready to serve the wants of the trade at prices lower than ever offered before. Small profits and quick sales is our motto. Our caskets are new and cheap to meet the wants of the masses. We are selling goods at a price far below the usual price.

875 casket we sell for \$60
70 " " " 55
65 " " " 48.50
55 " " " 40
50 " " " 35
45 " " " 30
35 " " " 25
30 " " " 20
20 " " " 15
15 " " " 12.50

All we ask is a trial and will give entire satisfaction.
G. A. MCGOWAN & CO.
Opposite Post Office.
B. F. SUGG, Manager.

Constipation
Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. See all druggists. Prepared by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A CARD.
To the Democratic Voters of the First Congressional District of North Carolina.

The Free and Unlimited Coinage of Silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 has been forced upon the American people as the one and only issue in the National Campaign. All sorts of alliances and fusions have been and are being made to force this measure upon the people, that may become the law of the land. This is not a party question but an Economic Measure upon which individual members of all parties differ.

To all Democrats, who from principle, oppose this measure of free silver coinage, and who oppose the unholy alliance and methods, and the surrender of principles of Democracy to Populism, I beseech you as men who have the courage of your honest convictions, to enter your solemn protest, to that measure, of Cheap Money—that threatens to overthrow American institutions, and bring disaster to the great industrial interest of the country. It is a lack of courage to passively acquiesce in an hour of such peril, but to vote the Honest Convictions of your best judgment is the exercise of the highest and most sacred privilege guaranteed by the Constitution to every American citizen. I call on you to let no sickly sentiment of majority influence you in the discharge of this one great privilege, but as brave men exercise the courage of your convictions. ISAAC A. SUGG.
Elector, National Democratic Party First Congressional District.
Greenville, N. C. Oct. 12th, 1896.

Notice to Creditors
The undersigned having duly qualified before the Superior Court Clerk of Pitt county as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of James "Whickard" deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said estate must present the same for payment on or before the 24th day of October, 1896, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.
This 24th day of October 1896.
A. J. WHICHAARD,
Executor of James Whickard

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Frank Wilson

Mens' Youth and Boys
FALL & WINTER CLOTHING.



All in and the Assortment is greater than ever. The price has been greatly reduced and the Material is just the same. All colors, cuts and makes to select from. Give me a trial, you will be satisfied.



"A Mrs. Hopkins Boy."

Dry Goods, NOTIONS, GENTS FURNISHINGS SHOES, HATS, &c.



in abundance and they will suit you in price. Don't forget me when you want goods cheap

Frank Wilson

THE REFLECTOR
Local Reflections.

November.
Eleventh month.
J. C. Cobb & Son sell goods cheap.
Laudnum is a drug on the market.
The little child of B. T. Bailey is sick.
Greenville is full today—of folks and the circus.
Grass widows make hay while the sun shines.
Fresh Cur Butter today, at S. M. Schultze.
CHEAP—50 barrels choice Apples at S. M. Schultze.
Dying by inches—the boy who swallowed a tape measure.
Fresh Mountain Butter, 20 cents per pound, at S. M. Schultze.
No, Wiley, people are not sent to Sing Sing for voice culture.
The man who has been in the suspender business would make a good sheriff.
"Ef dey am no bell on de hen coop doah," says Brother Watkins, "dat am no reason for ringing a chicken's neck."
Suits and Hooker's horse, Mary Lee, won the races at the track account fair Wednesday.
The Greenville Driving Association have postponed the date for their next races to Nov. 18th and 19th.
Sportsmen can start out after birds Monday. We bet Bob Moyer brings down the first partridge.
Success, just what you need for soups, at J. S. Tunstall's.
A number of delegates returning home from the Christian Convention at Washington passed through Friday afternoon.
Brazon's New State Directory is now being delivered to subscribers and others. Every business man in the State should have it. Price \$3.00, order of Levi Brazon, Raleigh, N. C.
Something in winter season, Buckwheat, Oat Flake and Portico Molasses, at S. M. Schultze.
We hear that the stables and barn of Mr. J. J. Nobis, six miles below town, were destroyed by fire Wednesday night. Particulars of the fire and extent of loss could not be learned up to the time of going to press.
On Sunday Eld. Fred McLawhorn married a runaway couple. The parties were Mr. E. T. Goodrich and Miss Mollie Moyer. No use of the old folks objecting when the young folks make up their minds to get married.
Noah was the first man to advertise. He advertised the flood, and it came through all right. The fellows who laughed at the advertising got drowned, and it served them just right. Ever since Noah's time the advertiser has been prospering, while the other fellow has been swallowed up in the flood of disaster.—Profitable Advertising.
Now For Planting.
Winter Cabbage plants, Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield, Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, Lillies, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, greenhouse plants, &c. Catalogue free.
ALLEN WARREN & SON, Greenville, N. C.
Died.
The REFLECTOR is pained to learn of the death of Mrs. W. S. Fleming which occurred Friday afternoon at her home, about two miles from Greenville. She leaves a husband and four small children who have our deepest sympathy.
Sad Accident.
At Hotwood Thursday a little son of Dr. Leggett was playing on a pile of cotton seed in the gin-house. The little fellow dug a well in the pile of seed in which he fell head first and was suffocated. He had been missed some time before the sad discovery was made.
All For Bryan.
Morris Meyer thought he would suit all sides, so laid in a supply of Bryan and McKinley cigarettes. The result is that the Bryan stock was rapidly sold out, while the McKinley stock is left on hand. This shows which way the smoke goes.
New Houses.
Mrs. A. J. Griffin is having lumber hauled to build another cottage in Forbestown. H. C. McGowan is also building in Forbestown, and T. A. Fornes just south of the town limits. Workmen have commenced on W. B. Brown's house, corner of Cotanch and Fourth streets.
The building removed from the corner opposite Dr. W. M. Brown's has been placed on the corner lot at Cotanch and Third streets and is being fitted up for a dwelling.
The town of Fayetteville has passed an ordinance prohibiting dealing in "margins" or "futures," under a penalty of fifty dollars fine. The city of Asheville has passed an ordinance prohibiting any person from expectorating on the sidewalks or public streets. In many of the towns in the northeastern part of the State it is a misdemeanor to stand around a railroad depot unless you have some specific business there. And in Charlotte it is unlawful for a man to have his boots blacked on a public street after ten o'clock Sunday morning.—Charlotte News.

WHO'S ELECTED?
These People Are Whether Anyone Else is or Not.
Capt. G. J. Studdert, of Washington, is here.
Dr. L. Branson, of Raleigh, is in town.
C. M. Bernard returned home Friday evening.
Miss Lula White is visiting friends in Washington.
J. W. Wiggins returned from Rocky Mount Monday evening.
G. J. Cherry came down from Farmville Monday evening.
Rice Gwynn returned from Rocky Mount Friday evening.
Charles Barnes, of Edgescombe, spent Sunday with friends here.
Rev. J. W. McNamara left this Monday morning for Littleton.
Mrs. C. D. Rountree returned this Monday morning from Grifton.
E. M. McGowan returned from Washington Tuesday evening.
J. A. Higgs, of Raleigh, is greeting his many friends here.
Mrs. A. McCullen, of Richmond, is visiting her son, L. McCullen.
R. L. Smith returned from the Rocky Mount fair Friday evening.
Miss Lizzie Blow returned home Friday evening from Nashville.
Mrs. W. A. Fleming, of Hassels, is visiting Mrs. Andrew Jeyner.
Allen Warren is in Washington on business for Riverside Nurseries.
W. M. King returned Friday evening from the Federal court at Newbern.
Mrs. T. J. Jarvis returned home Wednesday evening from the western part of State.
Mrs. R. M. Hearn and little Edward, who have been visiting relatives here, have returned home.
Mrs. M. H. Quinerly, of Kingston, who has been visiting her parents, returned home Monday evening.
K. R. Tunstall, of Greene county, has taken a position here with his brother, J. S. Tunstall.
Mrs. J. B. Cherry reached home Friday evening from Danville, N. Y., where she has been for several weeks.
Rev. J. H. Lamberth, of Mount Airy, a former pastor of the Baptist church here, has accepted a call to Lexington.
J. J. Mason arrived home Tuesday evening from Lexington, Ky., where he has been taking a business and short-hand course.
J. B. Sutton, who spent the past year at his old home in this county, left Monday to return to Montana. He likes the west.
Mr. W. W. Little, of Pactolus, died Wednesday night. He was about 60 years old and among the best men of the county. He had been sick several weeks.
J. A. Andrews and bride (nee Miss Maud Moo) returned Monday evening from Washington City. They make their home at the King House.
MARRIED.
BRILEY-HOUSE.—At the home of the bride a few miles from Scotland Neck, Oct. 21st, Miss Ella House was married to Mr. W. J. Briley, of Pitt county. The bride is well known here and her going will be a loss to the community, but Halifax's loss will be Pitt county's gain, and the Commonwealth congratulates the happy groom and joins the many friends of both in wishing them great success and much happiness.—Scotland Neck Commonwealth.
ANDREWS-MOORE.—This morning at 7 o'clock at the home of Mr. A. J. Outerbridge, seven miles from town, Mr. J. A. Andrews and Miss Maud E. Moore were married by Rev. J. W. McNamara. The couple took the train at Home for Washington City to spend a few days there. Quite a number of friends from town went out to attend the marriage. Mr. Andrews is one of the most popular and prosperous merchants of Greenville, and his bride is one of Pitt's most charming young women. They received a number of very handsome bridal presents.
PROCTOR-HOLIDAY.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon, at the home of the bride just west of Greenville, Mr. J. T. Proctor of Grimesland and Miss Jennie Holiday were married by Rev. D. W. Davis. Immediately after the ceremony the couple left for the home of the groom at Grimesland.
To both these couples the REFLECTOR extends best wishes.
HOBGOOD-MCLAWHORN.—A beautiful wedding took place at the residence of the bride's father, Elder Fred McLawhorn on Sunday, November 1st. Mr. J. E. Hobgood and Miss Rosa E. McLawhorn were married. Elder C. L. Little, of the Free Will Baptist church officiated.
Going Ahead With Energy.
The Winston Tobacco Journal contains the following of interest to Greenville people:
I. N. Gorman & Co's factory, which was gutted by fire some weeks back, has been restored and refitted, and this well-known and enterprising firm is prosecuting its business with the old time energy. A satisfactory settlement has been made with the insurance companies, all of the stock saved being disposed of at one of the Richmond sale warehouses. J. N. Gorman & Co, make a fresh start and are in position to give customers better service than ever before.

Mr. Sylvester Boyd and Miss Cora A. Buck, both of Childs town, came to Greenville Friday as two people but returned home as one. A visit in their behalf was made to the Register of Deeds and a marriage license procured. They then went to the store of H. C. Hooker where by the aid of R. Williams, Esq., they were made man and wife. Henry Hooker was best man, Bernard Greene, bearing a bunch of feathers, served as flower girl and Simon Congleton gave the wedding march on the stove pipe. The reporter stepped up just in time to see Bernard pass the bride a bottle of cologne as he expressed his best wishes for a long and happy life. After supplying themselves with some articles to begin life together they left as happy as two doves in spring time.
STORE BROKEN INTO.
And People are Wondering Where the Watchman Was.
On Thursday night some one entered the hardware store of D. D. Haskett and stole a quantity of goods. The thief effected an entrance by prying open the shutters to one of the rear windows and breaking a glass so as to remove the inner fastenings. With a hammer and file the money drawer was broken open and what money had been left in the drawer the evening before, about \$1 in small change, was taken. The thief went through the show cases and took a dozen or so of pocket knives, razors and some other cutlery, and a number of axes are also missing. A lot of door keys kept in a box in one of the show cases were scattered about as if the thief had picked over them to get such as he desired, and a bunch of trunk and desk lock keys were also missing. Mr. Haskett cannot tell how much his loss is and doubtless will never know, but so far he has missed about \$100 worth of goods.
Next morning after the robbery a bed of straw was found under a counter in one of the stores of the Equilo block, where work was going on, and by this bed was an empty whiskey flask and a peeping blade, the latter being among the articles taken from Mr. Haskett's store. This leads to the belief that after committing the robbery the thief fixed this straw bed and took a nap before going off with his plunder.
The way the goods were gone through and picked over must have taken the thief some time and he evidently had a light. It looks like the night watchman must not have been attending to his duty or he certainly could have found out that the robbery was going on.
Best Sale of the Season.
Here is a sale the old Greenville Warehouse made for Bowen & Co. 230 lbs. at \$19.50, 122 at \$24.50, 108 at \$15.50, 138 at 10.75, 23 at \$6.10, 76 at \$12.75, 23 at \$6.10, 238 at \$9.75, 43 at \$21.50, 110 at \$21, 309 at \$15.75, 74 at \$32; an average all through at \$16.50. Do you want to get prices like that? It so sell your tobacco at the Greenville Warehouse.
Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?
Another Store Robbed.
Sunday night about 9 o'clock some one broke into the store of J. L. Starkey & Bro. by prizing open the shutter to one of the rear windows and cutting out part of the sash. As Mr. Starkey was returning from church with a friend he concluded to go in the store and get some cigars, and as they went in the front door the thief rushed out of the rear window. It seems that this particular thief was after fire-arms, as an investigation disclosed that he had taken about a dozen pistols and a lot of cartridges.
The thief might have taken other goods also but for the unexpected arrival of Mr. Starkey which roused him. We are authorized to say that a liberal reward will be paid for evidence to convict the thief.
MISS LIZA.
Everywhere Miss Liza walk
You'll find 'dem v'lets blue;
En goodness knows
De sweets' rose—
Hit go long dat way, too,
Oh, Miss Liza,
Sweet as honeycomb,
Dar's always some one at de gate:
"Miss Liza, is you home?"
Ever' time Miss Liza sing
You heahs dem mocking bird?
Dey up en say:
"Dat's de de way!"
En try ter learn de words.
Oh, Miss Liza
Sweet as honeycomb,
Dar's always some one at de gate,
"Miss Liza, is you home?"
FRANK L. STANTON.
MARKETS.
(By Telegraph.)
NEW YORK COTTON.
OPEN'G. NOON. CLOSE.
Jan. 8.19 8.14 8.15
CHICAGO MEAT AND GRAIN.
OPEN'G. CLOSE.
PORK—Jan. 8.05 8.00
RIBS—Jan. 3.97 3.95
WHEAT—Dec. 78 1/2 78 1/2

A Wonderful Kind of Cotton
... man named Jackson, living near Atlanta, received from "an African explorer," two or three years ago some cotton seed of a kind which the explorer said, grew to the height of twenty-five feet, an average stalk bearing sixty-five bolls of cotton as fine and long as that of the Sea Islands. Jackson planted the seeds and they did all that had been promised. He repeated the operation and now has eighteen bushels of seed with which to begin cultivation next season on a large scale. Meanwhile the planters of Southern Georgia heard of his experiment, and it the Atlanta correspondent of the Baltimore American is to be believed, they have just offered Jackson \$10,000 if he will give them all the seed in his possession and let them destroy it. They fear, it is alleged, increased over production and still lower prices if the new variety comes into general cultivation.—New York Times.
The cry "fellow citizens," now taken a back seat until the next campaign.
Two ars of Flour, 1 car Hay, Dry Goods and Shoes at J. C. Cobb & Son's
There comes a time when the poor man, as well as the rich man, can pass in their checks.
ESTABLISHED 1875.
SAM. M. SCHULTZ.
PORK SIDES & SHOULDERS
FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BUY
ing their year's supplies will find this place to get our prices before you change elsewhere. Our stock is complete in all its branches.
FLOUR, COFFEE, SUGAR
RICE, TEA, &c.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
TOBACCO, SNUFF &c.
we buy direct from Manufacturers, and bring you to buy at one profit. A complete stock of
FURNITURE
always on hand and sold at prices to suit the times. Our goods are all bought and sold for CASH therefore, having no risk to run, we sell at a close margin.
S. M. SCHULTZ, Greenville, N. C.
U WILL BE
the gainer if you take advantage of the exceptionally low prices we are making from Monday, the 26th inst., on before moving to our new store. —
Dress Goods & Trimmings. Capes & Jackets. Carpets and Matting. Ladies and Men Shoes. Notion all kinds.
All have been marked down.
Our stock embraces all Stylish Effects and the prices are sure to make you HAPPY. Call and let us show you that we mean what we say.
LANG SELLS CHEAP.
BARGAINS
xamine Prices Be ow
Mens Split Boots, 6 to 11, \$1.00 One-half Wool Dress Goods, .10
Mens Good Boots, 6 to 13, 1.25 Big line of Serges, Cash-Boys Boots, 1 to 5, 1.00 meros and Flannels all Mens Plow Shoes, 1.00 wool, double width, at .10 yd Mens Brogans, 1.00 6 pounds good Coffee, 1.00 Womens Good Shoes, .75 Whole Grain Rice .5 Children Shoes, 25c to 1.25 English Island Molasses .30 Ladies Dongola Button, 3 to 8, 1.00 Sack Salt, 180 pounds, .75 Ladies Goat Button, 3 to 8, 1.50 Good Buggy Harness, 5.00 Children & Boys Hats 20c to 1.00 Furniture in Abundant, Good Patent Flour, .475 Mens and Boys Hats 25c to 3.00 Old stock Mea and Ladies Mens all-wool Suits Clothes .75 Old stock Mea and Ladies Mens all-wool Suits .50
Dresses 2.50 to 18.00 Large stock Lard, Pork and Mens Overcoats 1.50 to 12.50 Sides always on hand.
Highest cash prices paid for
Cotton in Seed or Lint, and Rice.
J. R. DAVENPORT.
FACTOLUS, N. C., September 22nd, 1896.

Make Money Fast.
From \$2 to \$5 deposited will enable you to make from \$3 to \$10 a day at light and pleasant work. Come to see me and I will tell you how it can be done. November 12th, 13th and 14th I shall be at the King House, Greenville, N. C. G. W. MEWBORN, Gen. Agent Imp. Pub. Co.
How's This for Prices.
Wm. McArthur sold on the floor of the Planters' Warehouse, Tuesday, October 27th, the following lots of tobacco and we challenge the State to beat it.
POUNDS PRICE AMOUNT
88 25 \$22 00
83 15 12 45
40 25 10 00
88 27 23 76
50 27 13 50
129 20 25 80
31 10 3 10
89 15 13 25
93 25 23 25
15 20 3 00
126 15 18 90
57 25 50 14 58
158 22 50 35 05
70 10 7 00
95 15 14 25
115 20 23 05
113 20 23 00
126 20 25 20
82 25 20 7 00
82 20 16 40
113 15 16 95
32 41 13 12
91 25 22 75
107 15 10 05
67 15 7 00
56 12 50 7 00
94 12 50 11 75
46 9 4 14
249 9 22 41
119 8 9 52
445 5 22 25
130 5 6 50
295 2 50 7 37
120 3 3 60
3,539 \$501 05
An average of \$14.15 for the crop on four acres.
You see it will be to your interest to carry your tobacco to the Planters' Warehouse, where Forbes & Moyer guarantee to get you the highest market prices every time.

1896. Fall & Winter, 1896
C. T. MUNFORD'S CLOTHING
takes the lead and the price is no object. Come and see me.
DR Y GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES AND GENTS FURNISHING are out of sight in style and color and below par in price. Every thing cheap.
C. T. MUNFORD.
L. F. EVANS. R. S. EVANS. A. H. CRITCHER
The Greenville Warehouse
EVANS & CO., Props.
The old Greenville Warehouse is being enlarged and more lights added which makes it the best lighted Warehouse in the State. With plenty of money and no pets, fair dealings and hard work, we are going to sell Tobacco, as high as any one. Give us a trial and we will show you. Your friends,
EVANS & CO., Greenville, N. C.
FIVE POINTERS.
1. Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes—rice and cheap
2. Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies Dress Goods—down
3. Hats, Buggy Robes, Jewelry, Cutlery, Pistols—low down
4. Meats, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Buggy and Rides—way down
5. In fact anything in the Gen'l Merchandise Line—out of sight
AT SAM WHITES' FIVE OINTE FIVE POINTERS.
RICKS & TAFT.
We Sell Goods Cheaper Than Any Other House.
DRESS GOODS.
It gives us pleasure to announce that we are now displaying the most extensive and attractive stock of wool Dress Fabrics ever imported by us, selected with the utmost care as to desirability of weave, beauty of effect and excellence of quality; the result has been to enable us to present a superb variety of superior grade goods in a truly wonderful assortment of the most recent creations of wool and silk and wool "fashion's favorites."
Handsome materials and fashionable fabrics will be difficult to obtain this season, for the reason that importation are much below the average, particularly in fine silks and dress fabrics, and the American manufacturers have been obliged to curtail their productions.
Each department of our business is fully prepared to show the newest and correct materials, styles and colorings for fall and winter, and we strongly recommend an early examination of the various departments.
RICKS & TAFT,
The Money Savers.

BUSY VESUVIUS.

Year after year and century after century Vesuvius puffs away. The first recorded eruption of Vesuvius was in 79 A. D., when Pompeii and Herculaneum were overwhelmed.

The last destructive eruption was on April 28, 1872, when about 50 sightseers were killed and more than 40,000 people fled from Naples.

The natives who live on the slope of the mountain say that after the new cone has been built somewhat higher it will fall in of its own weight and close the present breathing hole.

There was, indeed, a general belief that the renewed and growing activity of the volcano would lead to some sort of eruption, but it was hoped that it would be nothing more serious than a flow of lava down over the old and hardened beds.

The large cone is simply a heap of cinders dignified by name. The ride to the foot of the cone consumes five hours, but it requires only ten minutes to reach the top of the fumarole railway.

Like Huxley, his English prototype, Vogt was also an admirable lecturer. Vogt never allowed the opportunity of a pun to escape him, and his bonnets were at times hardly more elegant than they were appropriate.

We weighed anchor on Oct. 31, and when close to the south shore sent off two boats in search of seals. On this occasion one of the boats, being swamped in the surf, was immediately crushed against the rocks.

AN INDIAN POMPEII.

Once the Versailles of India, but Now a Desolation. Nothing sadder or more beautiful exists in India than the deserted city of Fathpur Sikri.

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MATTER OF FACT ANTS.

Business is Business With Them, and They Display Great Intelligence. T. T. Lovelace of this city, who recently returned from the intercontinental railway survey through Central and South America, says one of the most interesting things to be seen in the tropics is the leaf carrying ant.

The leaf carrying ant is peculiar to tropical America. The two species occupy different nests. They are never seen in the same roadways, and they always enter different holes, but these ants are such great burrowers that one could not say positively that the fornicators do not communicate with each other under ground.

Both species, continued Mr. Lovelace, "have the same habits, save that the red fellows are the most industrious. The black ones always 'knock off' work in the heat of the afternoon, while the red ones struggle along all day, although there are fewer workers to be seen in the paths between 12 and 4 o'clock.

I saw half inch ants carrying seed stalks an inch long and of twice the weight of the carrier. They also cut off the grass leaves and carried them in, while moist crumbs of bread and vegetables were cut up and carried also. I did not see them carry me of any kind, and when I put a piece of freshly killed grasshopper in their path they refused to notice it.

"While in Honduras an American told me that the leaf cutting ant was to blame for much of the laziness of the natives, who do not try to make gardens or cultivate fruit trees because they must destroy everything of that kind. However, the American solved the problem of keeping these ants away from his garden by digging a ditch around it and keeping water running through it, an effective barrier."—Kansas City Star.

A Bird Catching Insect. In this country we talk of insectivorous or insect eating birds, and few of us have ever heard or read of a country where the tables are turned to such a degree that they speak of a bird eating insect, but that is the exact condition of affairs in southern Brazil and Venezuela. In those countries they have an insect called the great mantis, which is some four or five inches in length, not including his strong jaws and immense nipperlike fore legs.

This pair of enormous "pinchers" are equal in strength to those of a crawfish or a crab and are used by the giant mantis in capturing its prey. The food of this cannibalistic insect consists of spiders, grasshoppers, small snakes and lizards, and, according to Brunlister, the most robust specimens of the genus will not stand aside with an empty stomach if he can manage to get his nipper on a bird of the size of a canary warbler or chickadee.

Mr. Carlyle.

It soon became a habit to watch for the familiar carriage and either to welcome Mrs. Carlyle for a visit or to go with her for a drive. She often came to me on Sunday afternoon. One wet and dreary day I was sitting alone when the bell rang. I gladly ran to answer it and saw a strange gentleman standing there, but looking beyond him I saw the dear face smiling at me from the carriage window.

Mr. Carlyle was our companion, and in spite of the wind and rain, we were all very bright and merry. Mrs. Carlyle taking my hand and holding it in hers for a great part of the time.

Oh, how she laughed, and how delighted she was! "The first time Punch has taken any notice of him," she said. Another time Mrs. Carlyle said: "There is something in the carriage for you. Run and look." I found there a large blue china plate, still happily in my possession.—Blackwood's Magazine.

A Keen Witted Woman. Lord Waterford used to tell some good stories of his experience as an Irish magistrate. One of them he ferred to the case of a woman whom he was sentencing for a breach of the peace. He let her off on condition that she found two securities of £10 each that she would keep the peace for six months.

"Thank you, my lord," said she, moving toward the door. "No, no," said Lord Waterford, "you must name your securities that I may see whether they are satisfactory."

"Faith, and who would I name," she answered, "but your lordship's self? Yer good enough for two," a retort which not only showed the sprightliness of the Irish character, but in addition the feeling of friendly confidence which the Irish peasantry who know him cherished for the Lord of Carraghmore.—Pearson's Weekly.

The skin of a rattlesnake exhibited at Jefferson, Ga., is 79 inches in length and has 21 rattles attached. Mother of pearl is the hard, silvery, brilliant substance which forms the internal layers of several kinds of shells. The interior of our common oyster shells is of this nature, but the mother of pearl in the arts is much more variegated with a play of colors. The large shells of the Indian seas alone have this pearl substance of sufficient thickness to be of use.

CONSUMPTION AND ITS CURE.

To the Editor:—I have an absolute remedy for Consumption. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. So proof-positive am I of its power that I consider it my duty to send two bottles free to those of your readers who have Consumption, Throat, Bronchitis or Lung Trouble, if they will write me their names and postoffice address. Sincerely, T. A. SLOCUM, H. C. 153 Pearl St., New York.

Attorney-at-Law, GREENVILLE, N. C. Practice in all the Courts, Collection Agency.

GOOD FOR STOCK AND POULTRY TOO. Theodor's Black-Draught is prepared especially for stock, as well as man, and for that purpose is sold in tin cans, holding one-half pound of medicine for 25 cents.

JUST RECEIVED—A fresh line of— Family: GROCERIES, Flour, Meat, &c., &c., &c., which I am selling so low that it causes surprise. Come see me and I will treat you fair and square.

HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Will open at Elm Cottage, Oct. 2nd a Home School for Girls, from 8 to 16 years of age. No fee. Mrs. A. L. McC. WHELAN, Norwood P. O. Nelson C.

THE OLD RELIABLE. IS STILL AT THE FRONT WITH A COMPLETE LINE OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE. FORTY YEARS EXPERIENCE has taught me that the best is the cheapest.

COBB BROS & CO. Norfolk Va. COTTON AND PEANUT MERCHANTS, Stock, Cotton, Grain and Provision Brokers.

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COBB BROS & CO. Norfolk Va. COTTON AND PEANUT MERCHANTS, Stock, Cotton, Grain and Provision Brokers.

Tutt's Pills

Cure All Liver Ills. Doctors Say; Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels. The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills Cure all Liver Troubles. GROVES. MAKES CHILDREN AS FAT AS PIGS.

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 CTS.

PTT COUNTY BUGGY CO. FOR THREE YEARS HE SUFFERED—COULD HARDLY BREATHE AT NIGHT—ONE NOSTRIL CLOSED FOR 10 YEARS.

J.C. LANIER & CO. GREENVILLE, N. C. DEALER IN AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE.

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE. Wire and Iron Fencing. First-class work prices reasonable.

GREENVILLE Male Academy. The next session of this school will open on MONDAY SEPT. 7, 1896.

Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned having this day duly qualified for the Superior Court of the County of North Carolina, as Administrator of the estate of Charity Davenport, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned. All parties having claims against the estate must present the same for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice which will be held in bar of recovery. D. C. DAVENPORT, Adm'r. of Charity Davenport.

Administrators Notice. Having qualified according to law as administrator of Jesse Brown deceased, late of Pitt County and State of North Carolina, all parties having claims against the estate are hereby notified to present them to me for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or they will be held in bar of recovery. All parties indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment of same. This August 28, 1896, J. Cox, Adm'r.

Land Sale. By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Pitt County in the case of J. B. Cherry and the heirs at Law of T. B. Cherry against T. J. Jarvis, H. E. Dunlap and W. L. Elliot, the undersigned Commissioner will sell for cash before the court house door in Greenville on Monday, the 2nd day of Nov. 18, 1896, the following described real estate:

1. That part of lot No. 103 in the town of Greenville which the store is now occupied by Mrs. E. H. Horne, now occupied by M. R. Lang nor lands, and where the old Pitt County shop formerly stood, being the north half of said lot.

2. That part of lot No. 105 in the town of Greenville upon which the store is now occupied by Mrs. M. D. Higgs, now occupied by P. P. P. Lippman, and J. R. Cox, now stands, being the south half of said lot.

3. That parcel or tract of land lying in Porters Township, a joining the lands of J. B. Cherry, late of Cherry and the heirs, and known as the James I. Langley place, containing 120 acres, more or less.

SALE PROPERTY IS SOLD FOR DIVISION. This September 21, 1896. F. G. JAMES, Commissioner. CATARRH. His Worst Enemy Defeated by P. P. P. Lippman's Great Remedy.