

THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Owner. TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION. TERMS: \$1.00 per Year, in Advance.

VOL. XII. GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1893. NO. 27

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The Home Man Believes in Home Enterprises, And takes his Home Paper. One Dollar gets The Reflector.
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This Office for Job Printing

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The Enterprising Merchant Reaches the Enterprising Patron By advertising in an Enterprising Paper. Therefore he uses The Reflector.
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STATE NEWS.

Things Mentioned in our State Exchanges that are of General Interest The Cream of the News.

The suspended First National Bank of Winston will soon be reorganized.

The attendance at the summer law school at the University is on the increase.

Gingham Mill hands at Charlotte struck for a new president and superintendent.

The Grand Lodge Knights of Honor of North Carolina will meet in Statesville August 2d.

Canteloupes are now leaving New Bern at the rate of from one to two thousand barrels per day.

Monroe aldermen have passed an ordinance imposing a fine of \$10 on any minor who enters a bar room.

A new cotton mill at Concord has been contracted for. The hard times have not stopped work on new mills.

On the 12th and 13th inst., a total of 207 carloads of melons passed through Charlotte for northern markets.

The store of Sample S. B. own, at Greensboro, was badly damaged by fire Friday, causing a loss of nearly \$20,000.

A white convict from Cleveland county was dangerously shot in the thigh while attempting to escape from the stockade at the State farm, at Castle Hayne, near Wilmington.

A new cotton mill is being erected at Riverside, about three miles from Catawba Station, Iredell county. The capital stock is \$40,000. The mill will commence work with 3,500 spindles.

Solomon Sprain, an aged citizen who died in Northampton county, had laid by, in cold cash, a fortune of \$8,000 which he had hoarded up during his life time. He leaves an invalid wife. The old couple lived without the necessary comforts of life, few people suspected that Sprain possessed so much ready money.

Fayetteville Gazette says that the Bank of New Hanover "caught" our neighbor, Robeson county, for over \$4,000 of the county funds, and the town of Lumberton for about \$40,000, one estate having over \$14,000 on deposit there at the time of the failure. The sum total of Fayetteville's loss, by private citizens, will not exceed \$1,500.

The people of James City announced their intention of appealing to the citizens of Newbern for aid to purchase a site for them to locate on in the near future, they having decided to move from their present homes in a body. They have the refusal of several tracts of land that suit them for the purpose and several citizens of the settlement are now out with the subscription papers soliciting contributions toward the purchase.

The Charlotte Observer says that there was little short of a riot at Laurinburg Sunday night and two lives are now in jeopardy. A negro named Caliborne King, who lives near the depot and is known as a wife beater in Laurinburg, beat his wife so badly that she is now dying. A party of white men hearing her screams went to her rescue and one of them was attacked by King with a chair. Some one then shot the negro twice. His skull was broken by the bullets and his brain was oozing out when the doctor came to his relief.

An hour after leaving his associates Humphrey stepped upon the porch of his house, but stopped as though he had been smitten by an unseen hand. It was voices that he heard which arrested his progress.

Peering in at the open window, he saw his wife in earnest conversation with the man to whom murder had so recently consented.

"Oh, sir," he heard the woman say, "you are very kind. I will be so glad to see you. I will be so glad to see you."

"I do it, madam," replied the sheriff, "because I possess a high regard for your husband, although many of his actions I can scarcely countenance. Tell him that his scheme to rob the River Monarch has been discovered, and that should he or any of his associates try to board the steamer when she arrives

CAPTURED BY KINDNESS.

BY MARLTON DOWNING.

Darkness had begun to settle over the muddy waters of the Ohio, and, one after another, a company of men gathered upon its bank in a secluded spot some ten miles above the city of Cairo, and consequently that distance from the river junction with the mighty Mississippi.

Six in all formed the group when they were assembled, the last having arrived in a skiff from down stream. This seemed to be the leader, for as he sprang ashore and made the boat's painter fast he said, as he cast a glance about:

"You're all here, I see. That's good. Now to business."

The half dozen individuals were hard-looking characters—that is, all but the chief. He might have passed for a steamer pilot, had he been encountered on a vessel's deck, and so he had been; in fact, Jo Humphrey still carried a license to serve in that capacity on both "big rivers."

But for some reason he was out of a boat at the present time.

"You're all here, I see," repeated the leader, "and I'm glad of it, for we've got to decide on a pretty weighty job to-night."

"I thought we'd decided already to board the River Monarch on her up trip," remarked one of the men.

"Didn't you detail each one of us for a certain part of the work?"

"Of course I did, and if you only faithfully perform that to which you are assigned, we'll have the steamer safe, and its contents all right and tight. But there is something else to be done that I did not know of at our last meeting."

"What's that?"

"Just this," went on the chief. "I am almost positive that Hi Burnham is on us."

"Deputy sheriff?"

"The same."

"Well, then, I don't see why a little lead, or maybe half a foot of steel won't settle him," answered the man who had first replied to Humphrey.

"But I don't like the idea of doing away with the fellow. You know, boys, that Hi and I were Butties once, and he's never done anything to cause me to get down on him yet."

"He will thank, if he runs athwart of us in this way," returned another of the men.

"I was thinking, perhaps," continued Humphrey, "that we might give him the wrong steer."

"Then if we do, and we succeed in capturing the pile, won't Hi know who to look to to settle the blame on?"

"No, sir; if there is any possible chance of the sheriff's suspecting that we are going to board the Monarch, why, I move that we call upon him when he ain't expectin' us, and lay him out."

"And I second the motion."

"And I!"

"And I!"

"And I!"

"You seem to have settled it among yourselves," returned the chief. "And you must do the job yourselves. I'll lead the biggest part of the risk there, but I'll not lead a hand toward the death of my old mate."

"Never mind, cap'n, we don't blame you for feelin' that way toward Hi, for we know you two run together on the river several years. But it's a matter of business, self-preservation as it were, and you can leave him to us. We'll have him out of the way by daylight."

"I suppose it's got to be, but it's pretty hard," returned Humphrey. "Then headed: 'Be sure that you're on hand to-morrow afternoon when the boat makes a landing at Cairo. We'll board her there.'"

"Don't be afraid of us, we'll be around on time."

This assured, the ex-pilot and present pirate cast his skiff adrift and floated away down stream.

In the suburbs of Cairo, and not far from the river, was Jo Humphrey's home. A cozy place it was, and one would hardly think that it housed an outlaw.

The pirate's wife was a neat, patient, and had at one time been a handsome woman. She suspected her husband's crimes, but was too weak to remonstrate with him, and she lived along from day to day trusting that he would escape detection and hoping that he would eventually reform and become an honest man, a credit to himself and an honor to her.

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BECKY'S BAD INVESTMENT.

She Pays \$5 for a Wonderful Tobacco Cure Discovery.

"Boss, as you seed a leetle slick tongue chap 'roan' here sellin' de 'baccor cure!" said tao old man as he dropped wearily into the wood box.

He was terribly excited, and there was a dangerous twinkle in his right eye.

"No, Uncle Solomon," I said, "but why do you ask?"

"Why does it ax? because if I lays dese two ha'n' on him some-body's want ter order a wooden ober coat, and no mistake 'bout dat."

"Why what has he done?"

"He's did my Becky—de ole oman you know—for a five dollah bill; an' in dese times when de banks ar' all a failin', ef I could only ketch 'm!"

"How did he manage it?"

"De particulars are dese: I laid by a bran' new \$5 bill for de rainy day. Dis mornin' I went 'r fishin' and up kams dis slick tongue sinner, and he war very perlit.

"Good mornin', ni good Aunty," he said, 'an' whar yer nice ole man dis five mornin'?"

"He ar gone fishin'," said Becky, nity tickled wit his perlitness.

"Well, I's sorry he's away," said de l'yin' rascal, for he know'd I I wan't dar. 'I's sellin' de gratis boom to seffin' humaniti—de tobacco cure—an' I'll warrant it ter cure de ole man o' de habit in two days."

"Do tell," said Becky, 'an' how does yer sell it?"

"I only ax \$5 for dis wonderful diskivery, he said, producin' little red sealed envelope, 'an' I'll forfit \$100 for ebery case it fails ter cure."

"It ar a bargain," said de ole oman, Mi old man ar anxhus ter quit chawin'."

"So Becky gen him mi bran' new V tur dis leetle wuthless piece ob paper. She war smilin' all ober her face when I got hum. 'I's got de remedy ter cure you o' de tobacco habit,' she said, plain de envelope in mi han'."

"It ar in dar," and she 'splained de bargain she made wid de chap. I opened it an' now, Boss, hearth o' what I foun'—dis leetle sear o' paper."

I took the paper, and on it were these words, for which his wife had paid \$5:

"Stop using tobacco, you darned fool, and you are cured.—Dispatch.

Where is the Jag?

After the return of the drummer from his travels his young wife explored his grip with an expectant face. Failing to find that of which she was apparently in search, she turned to him and said:

Where is the jag?

The what? he asked in astonishment.

The jag. Mrs. Laces says her husband saw your in Chicago with a lovely jag on. Whatever it is, you are not wearing it, and it isn't in your grip.

Oh, that's all right. I left it at the office. By the way, I saw a handsome spring hat in a milliner's shop down town. If you care we will go down town and you can look at it, and if you like it you can have it.—Inter-State Grocer.

What America Possesses.

We have the prettiest woman and the best dressed woman in the wide world.

We have the kindest men and the most long suffering in the world.

We have more kinds of climate and some of the worst in the world.

We have the best hat's and they charge the most in the world.

We have the finest fancy drinks and we know how to make them better than anybody in the world.

We have better fruit, and the rich and the poor alike can get it, which can be done no place else in the world.

We have invented the typewriter—at least, I think we have, and nobody else in the world comes up to it or her.

We have the World's Fair—I don't know exactly what it is I haven't seen it, but judging from the pictures I don't believe anything in the world can beat those beautiful buildings.—Bab in Courier-Journal.

CHILDREN'S QUESTIONS.

Do Not Send Them Away Without a Proper Answer.

Many Ways to End the Questions for a Time and Allow Your Tired Brain a Chance to Recruit Before the Next Attack.

Oh, the questions and the questions! From early morning until bedtime the busy little tongues are flying—sometimes in conversations with the dollies and "make-believe" folks, but oftener the burden of their speech is "Why?" "What for, mamma?" "Why not?" until mamma's head seems to be spinning round and round like a top, among countless lively interrogation points! Do we not all know about it—all of us, fathers and mothers and grandmothers, sisters and cousins and aunts? Is it much wonder we say "enough" by and by, or put the little questioners off with almost any answer that occurs to our bewildered brains? Unfortunately we are possessed with our full quota of nerves, and constant dropping will wear away even a rock. So I suppose we fall, gradually and naturally enough, into the easier fashion of meeting the eager little "whys" and "why not" with careless answers that leave the little folks unsatisfied and disappointed. I am not so sure but that we are punishing ourselves in that way, for small minds are not so easily silenced, and, moreover, the small owners of the small minds have a generous amount of "stick-to-it-iveness," to use a vulgar phrase, and the half-answered questions are quite apt to return upon us with reinforcements.

But what is to be done? Are we equal to the patient answering and explaining, or harder still, to the acknowledging ourselves unable to answer, oftentimes? The babies are sure to prove too much for us, over and over again. We may have studied the wisdom of the world and memorized with all the scholastic knowledge within our reach, but sooner or later some bit of a philosopher will stand at our knee, looking up into our face with a world of wistfulness in his blue eyes, and calmly await our answer to some awful question. What then? Let us see to it that we do not put him off lightly. Let us take the wee bit philosopher into our arms, and hugging him tightly the while, confess our ignorance, simply and humbly. Let us tell him he could not understand—we do not understand our grown-up solves—and he must wait for his answer until he is old enough to find it for himself and mamma, too. Then, perhaps, we might end the matter with a frolic or a good old Mother Goose story. But there are the other questions whose name is legion that we can answer. Is it not possible that we do not see the great importance of this matter—how our answers or failures to answer may be molding the little minds that lie behind the big, grave eyes looking into ours? So small a thing will change the current of a stream. With all its sweetness and its blessedness it comes close upon being an awful thing to father and mother, these baby minds of ours. Why is it any wonder that we feel so impotent sometimes?

As often as possible, then, shall we not answer the countless questions with all patience and truthfulness, even when it is a task that tests every fiber of our nervous and mental strength? When nature refuses her assistance at last, then it is high time to put a gentle, firm end to all questioning for awhile, and by the exercise of a little tact, turn the little questioner's thoughts into an entirely different channel. Send him off on an imaginary trip down town to buy you a "bonnie blue ribbon" or a pair of chickens for dinner. Sit down for a minute and tell him a jolly little story. Give him a responsible little task to do that will fill his small soul with pride. There are a hundred and one ways and means to end the questions for a time and allow your tired brain a chance to recruit and make ready for the next attack which is sure to come.

O, yes, we shall get tired enough before the little heads have grown out of their curls into their student caps, and gone away from us to be answered by wiser minds than ours. But it is a kind of tiredness to be proud of.—American Agriculturist.

PRIZES ON PATENTS.

HOW TO GET TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR NOTHING.

The Winner has a Clear Gift of a Small Fortune, and the Losers Have Patents that May Bring Them in Still More.

Would you like to make twenty-five hundred dollars? If you would, read carefully what follows and you may see a way to do it.

The Press Claims Company devotes much attention to patents. It has handled thousands of applicants for inventions, out it would like to handle thousands more. There is plenty of inventive talent at large in this country, needing nothing but encouragement to produce practical results. That encouragement the Press Claims Company proposes to give.

NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

A patent strikes some people as an appallingly formidable thing. The idea is that an inventor must be a natural genius, like Edison or Bell; that he must devote years to delving in complicated mechanical problems and that he must spend a fortune on delicate experiments before he can get a new device to a patentable degree of perfection. This delusion the company desires to dispel. It desires to get into the head of the public a clear comprehension of the fact that it is not the great, complex, and expensive inventions that bring the best returns to their authors, but the little simple, and cheap ones—the things that seem so absurdly trivial that the average citizen would feel somewhat ashamed of bringing them to the attention of the Patent Office.

Edison says that the profits he has received from the patents on all his marvelous inventions have not been sufficient to pay the cost of his experiments. But the man who conceived the idea of fastening a bit of rubber cord to a child's ball, so that it would come back to the hand when thrown, made a fortune out of his scheme. The modern sewing-machine is a miracle of integrity—the product of the toil of hundreds of busy brains through a hundred and fifty years, but the whole brilliant work rests upon the simple device of putting the eye of the needle at the point instead of at the other end.

Comparatively few people regard themselves as inventors, but almost everybody has been struck, at one time or another, with ideas that seemed calculated to reduce some of the little frictions of life. Usually such ideas are dismissed without further thought.

"Why don't the railroad company make its car windows so that they can be slid up and down without breaking the passengers' backs?" exclaims the traveler. "If we were running the road I would make them in such a way."

"What was the man that made this sauceman thinking of?" grumbles the cook. "He never had to work over a stove, or he would have known how it ought to have been fixed."

"Hang such a collar button!" grows the man who is late for breakfast. "If I were in the business I'd make buttons that would not slip out, or break off, or gonge out the back of my neck."

And then the various sufferers forget about their grievances and begin to think of something else. If they would sit down at the next convenient opportunity, put their ideas about car windows, saucemans, and collar buttons into practical shape, and then apply for patents, they might find themselves as independently wealthy as the man who invented the iron umbrella ring, or the one who patented the fifteen puzzles.

PURIFYING FILTHY WATER.

The filthy water of the River Neche is purified for use in Antwerp by being passed through revolving cylinders containing small pieces of iron. Fifteen pounds of metallic iron will purify one million gallons of water. The water thus treated is said to be completely freed from germs, bacteria and other objectionable matters. English and French chemists find that the contact with iron reduces the organic matter by from forty-five to eighty-five per cent., and albuminoid ammonia by from fifty to ninety per cent., and all free ammonia is removed. The process has been applied with success to the water of the Delaware river in Pennsylvania. It is simple and cheap. From all of which it may be inferred that the passage of drinking water through iron pipes does not injure it.

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THE REFLECTOR.
Greenville, N. C.

D. J. WEICHAARD, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26th, 1893.

Entered at the postoffice at Greenville, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Publisher's Announcement.

THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE OF THE REFLECTOR is \$1.00 per year in advance. One-half per year, \$0.50. Transient Advertisements—One week, \$1.00; two weeks, \$1.50; one month, \$2.00; three months, \$5.00; six months, \$8.00; one year, \$12.00. Advertisements inserted in Local Column as reading items, 75 cents per line for each insertion. Legal Advertisements, such as Advertisements and Executors' Notices, Summons to Non-Residents, etc., will be charged for at legal rates and must be paid for in advance. Copy for New Advertisements and all changes of advertisements should be made by application to the office either in person or by letter. Copy for New Advertisements and all changes of advertisements should be made by application to the office either in person or by letter.

Mr. L. V. Blum, of Salem, N. C., the oldest editor and publisher in the State died last week. He was 81 years old and had been for many years previous to his death engaged in the newspaper business. He retired only a short while before his death.

Comptroller Eckels has written a letter to the Presidents of the suspended banks in Denver in which he says that every aid possible will be given them by the Treasury, such as plenty of time for reorganization, for the speedy resumption of payment, and for making all necessary collections.

Secretary Carlisle has returned to Washington after a three weeks stay at the World's Fair. A number of appointments under his department may be looked for soon and it is thought that F. M. Simmons for the Eastern District of North Carolina will be one of the first appointed. However, the appointment may be delayed until Congress meets as the time is so near at hand.

The trouble between France and Siam is becoming interesting. Russia has decided to stand by France, and China will come to the rescue of Siam. The prospect is good also for England to join Siam and China. Russia has already sent a fleet to aid France. The ultimatum sent by France to Siam with only forty-eight hours to answer it may not be heeded under the circumstances.

The dispute arose from the fact that France persisted in occupying the Menam river in Siam with a warlike fleet. Siam resisted and fired upon the French fleet. The French have demanded a heavy indemnity and gives but a short time to accede to their demands. This little controversy seems like to involve the dragons of China, the lions of England and the fierce Russian bears. If war results its proportions must of necessity be gigantic as already the most powerful nations of Asia and Europe are involved and this would as a natural consequence bring into the affair all of their allies. War is always horrible but when two countries are involved in such as this at present promises to be the spectacle would be appalling.

DOWN BY THE DEEP BLUE SEA.

OCRAOKE, N. C. July 24, '93. This charming place continues the scene of pleasure and gaiety. New guests arrive almost daily to take the places of those who have stayed out their time and departed, and at this writing the crowd is larger than at any time during the season.

The steamer Gazelle on Wednesday brought down a large party among whom were Mr. J. B. Davenport and wife and Misses Rena Fleming and Fannie Daniel, from Patactus, Pitt county. There were also from Washington the family of Capt. David Hill, R. R. Warren and family, F. M. Wright and family, Misses Mutter Blount, Mayme and Lucy Myers, E. K. Willis, T. W. Hanford, and a number of others, Mrs. B. A. Bell, of Norfolk, Miss Alice Duffy, of Newberne, and Miss Morgan of Camden, N. J.

Saturday morning the "Seaside Club" of Washington arrived after a two day's voyage on a sail vessel. They started from home Thursday, but met with an accident that delayed them. The sound being rough Thursday night their vessel lost her centre-board and had to lay at anchor the remainder of the night. Friday morning a passing schooner was hailed but failing to understand their signals they had to put back to Swan Quarter and wait for a new centre-board to be made. A large number of the party were made very seakick but came ashore in good spirits.

The club consists of Messrs. W. K. Jacobson, G. R. Dupuy, E. S. Hoyt, Jr., H. E. Bonner, F. C. Mitchell, F. V. Rowe, N. S. Fulford, Jr., J. H. Hodges, G. J. Studdert, F. H. Short, F. C. Kugler, Alston Perkins, J. P. Brown, J. W. Brown, E. M. Brown, J. B. Beacham, Will Thompson, Misses P. B. and Annie Myers, Abbie Randolph, Mattie Russell, Cathrine Shaw, Cora Dunstan, Belle Blount, Annie Satterthwaite, Julia Jordan, Bettie Latham, Jessie Gray Burbanks, Jennie Gray Hodges, Julia Hoyt, Rachael Rumley, Mesdames F. V. Kowe and Sarah Russell chaperones. There are also with the club as invited guests Misses Gertrude Royster, Raleigh; Florie E. Duke, Richmond; Fannie Jones, Wilmington; Cora Mitchell and Matie Badham, Edenton; May Bell, Norfolk, Annie Tankard, Yeatesville; Pearl Percival, Baltimore; and Mr. A. C. Mitchell, Edenton. The club will remain a week and will fill up the time a series of dances, and fishing, sailing and surf parties. A club from Newberne is expected to come down and join them.

Three steamers came in Sunday morning bringing enough people to fill the hotel and send many to the boarding houses about the island. I notice among the new arrivals Lieutenant and Mrs. L. Lucas, of Wilmington and Mr. Burbank, of Washington, both gentlemen connected with the government service, also Hon. Chas. F. Warren, Capt. A. W. Styrton, R. B. Smith and wife, of Washington, H. A. Latham, editor Washington Gazette, W. H. Smith and family of Greenville and a number of young men from several towns.

One of the most pleasant boat parties so far was a combined sailing and surf party Saturday afternoon, excellently managed by Mr. H. N. Blount, of Washington. In the party were Mr. and Mrs. Blount, Mrs. W. P. Bangham, Mrs. A. W. Thomas, Misses Mayme and Lucy Myers and T. W. Hanford, of Washington, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Davis, of Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Whichard and B. F. Tyson, of Greenville, Mrs. B. A. Bell, of Norfolk, W. M. Pippin, of Tarboro. After a delightful sail several of the party went in the surf, and before returning melons were served on the beach.

There are several very attractive married ladies here and they receive a full share of compliments. To no one are the guests so much indebted as to Mrs. W. P. Bangham for the excellent music she renders. She performs charmingly and requests for her to play are numerous. Her little daughter Pattie, aged four and a half years, sings very sweetly and sometimes delights a few friends with a song.

This is the most delightful season Ocracoke has had in a number of years, if not the best in its history. If it only had adequate daily communication it would be the most popular coast resort in the south.

We inadvertently made an error in the initials of a name in last letter. It was Mrs. T. W. Tighman to whom we were indebted for the buggy ride on the beach.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON D. C., July 21, 1893. Secretary Carlisle is again on duty, having returned from the ten day vacation which is probably the only one he will get for many long months to come, as the general belief, fully shared by himself, is that he has now entered upon a long period of the hardest work of his life. His department deals exclusively with the two great questions that will occupy the time of Congress—the tariff and finance—and it is his desire to be prepared to handle all of the information on both subjects that will from time to time be asked for from the time that Congress takes up these questions until it disposes of them, and when that will be is a conundrum that no wise man will try to answer at this time.

Not the slightest bit of a sensation was caused by the alleged news, received here early in the week, of the disabling of the U. S. S. Mohican by a shot from a poaching sealer flying the Hawaiian flag, for nobody believed a word of it. The department has had reports from Behring's sea dated a month later than when the alleged disabling took place, which make no mention whatever of any such incident. That's why nobody believed the story. The number of pensioners absolutely dropped from the roll since March 5, last is 245, but in the same period 5,090 have been suspended, pending further investigation. Judging from past experience in such cases it is estimated that a large majority of the latter will finally be dropped. The work of examination is being pushed as rapidly as possible and will be confined for a long time to pensions granted under the act of 1890. Now that Secretary Lamont has taken a four years lease on the Washington residence the rumor-

mongers will probably cease starting stories of his intended early retirement from the Cabinet. He will live in good company as his house is next door to that of Senator Brice and within a stone's throw of the White House. The Secretary came here this week to consult with Secretary Gresham in regard to several matters under the State department which were unsettled when the President left town, and while here he signed the lease for his house. Although accompanied by Mrs. Lamont whose face is almost as well known as his own the Secretary spent several hours in Washington and got safely away before the newspaper men knew of his visit. However, it would not have made much difference, as Lamont is a past-master in the art of talking without saying anything which Talleyrand said was the first requirement of diplomacy. During the short time Secretary Lamont remained in town he found time to decide that Army officers who desire to attend the World's Fair must pay their own fare like other people, and that permission granted officers to attend the fair do not carry free transportation. While this will upset the plans of numerous Army officials who have been calculating to take in the big show at Uncle Sam's expense its justice is manifest to all. The salary of the Army officers who will visit the fair go right along and they certainly should be willing to pay their own expenses.

Attorney General Olney has been accused of not looking very favorably upon the practical side of politics, i. e., putting out the opposition and putting in members of his party, but before leaving Washington for a short vacation he showed that acuteness to have been undeserved by notifying a number of the assistants to the Attorney General with salaries ranging from \$1,500 to \$3,000 that their resignations were desired, and it is stated by those who know that every republican connected with the Department of Justice, outside of the classified service, is to be made to walk the plank.

A good many guesses have been printed about the chairmanships of the important committees of the next House, and one of them was that Representative Bland would not again be chairman of the Coinage committee. Now, it can be stated upon excellent authority and without violating anybody's confidence that Mr. Bland will be chairman of that committee in the next House, unless he declines to serve again, and there is no apparent reason why he should do that. Speaker Crisp is not expected here until about August 5, two days before Congress assembles and a movement is now on foot to postpone the democratic House caucus for the nomination of officers until the morning of the 7th as it will only require a few minutes for it to transact its business. The caucus for Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper is going on quietly and all of the candidates are claiming to be safe. There is practically no contest for the other places—Clerk, Postmaster and Chaplain.

SENATOR VANCE ON SILVER.

Reply to Mecklenburg Alliance.

GOMBRON, NEAR BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C., July 19, 1893.

R. W. ELLIOTT, Esq., Sec.

Mecklenburg Co. Alliance: SIR:—I have received a copy of the resolution of Mecklenburg Alliance, adopted at a recent meeting, urging Senators and Representatives to stand by the present silver purchasing law until some satisfactory substitute shall be adopted.

I observed this action with great pleasure, for two reasons: In the first place, it is the exercise of one of the most valuable and legitimate functions by which the Alliance can be made to subservise the interest of the farmers—the concentration of their whole influence upon the issues of the day. In view of the notorious fact of combinations among all other branches of industry and in every form of capital, I earnestly urged upon our agricultural classes the importance of such organization as would enable them to make their vast but widely scattered and disjointed strength felt, promptly and efficiently, in legislation. Now, the preservation of silver as a part of our currency is one of the most vital of all the issues which our people have been called upon to decide for half a century. The enemies of silver money have displayed a wonderful sagacity in their tactics. Though scattered throughout the civilized world they have obeyed a single voice from headquarters in London. From New York the word comes down the line to all American capital and the response is immediate. What is known as the Sherman law is the only legislation on our statute books which binds us to the use of silver, and the cry is raised for its repeal under various pretences, all equally false. The banks, stock brokers, bond-holders, chambers of commerce, et id omne genus, clamor for its repeal and urge the calling of an extra session of Congress to assemble and sit during the dog days of the year, propose a tariff repeal, which forms a chief issue of the past campaign, is thrust to the rear and the interest of capital is placed in front, to be dealt with under the demoralizing conditions of a fraudulent panic created by capital itself and called by Mr. Ingersoll "the banker's panic."

Under these alarming circumstances I have listened, and mostly in vain, for the voice of the Farmers' Alliance sounding their opinions and wishes and of those they represent, composing fully one-half of the nation; giving the feeble and vacillating among poli-

icians to understand what they had to expect if they betrayed the people's cause on this great financial question. The action of your Alliance is the first official utterance on the subject I have seen in the State. It is time your order was bringing every atom of its influence to bear. It should use every means possible to let it be known that there is yet another and entirely different world in the fields and homes of toil, whose interests demand attention as well as that combination of money dealers, stock-brokers, gamblers and speculators who assume for themselves to constitute the "business interests" of the land. The effect of this prompt and united action cannot possibly be doubted.

In the next place I was glad to read the resolutions of your Alliance, because they concurred with my own most serious convictions. Many years ago, after as thorough and impartial an examination of the question as I was capable of making, I came to the absolute conclusion that the use of silver as well as gold, on equal terms, as the basis of our currency was best for the welfare of the people of the United States. This view has governed my course in Congress. The fact that nature sometimes yielded more of one metal than of the other, thus causing a discrepancy in their intrinsic values, did not disturb me; for I learned from history that for nearly three hundred years during which a ratio between the two metals was fixed by laws, the fluctuations in intrinsic value had never exceeded 30 per cent, and that soon after that law was withdrawn great and material fluctuations immediately began, which will doubtless continue so long as we treat one metal as of fixed and standard value and the other as a commodity. It is not necessary to go over all the grounds in which my conviction was founded. I simply wish to assure you that my opinions are unchanged.

Recent developments which seem to have unsettled so many silver advocates and make them give way to the repeal of the Sherman law, has rather strengthened me in the determination to yield nothing to the mono-metalists, whose schemes I regard as absolutely selfish and unpatriotic. The "panic," so industriously advertised, is known now to have been created by them; and will be known hereafter as the rich man's panic; the explosion of the Indian bomb is already discounted as the grasping by the government of the profits of coining silver rupees which heretofore had been reaped by British merchants. The coining will go on as largely as ever, only the Indian government will pocket the 40 per cent gain and not the merchants.

England does not intend to be false. Gold went out because we owed it abroad and the balance of trade was against us. Shipments of wheat have turned the tide and it is now coming in. Some of our securities did come home and take off gold in payment, but this hurt nobody except speculators in them, who were fearful that the price would fall and they would lose money. But even those which did come from abroad came in consequence of the scare got up by our own capitalists. Of course foreigners, England and the rest of the world, shall be my earnest endeavor to do my duty in maintaining the cause of the people by preserving the character of their money and increasing its abundance.

Very truly yours,
Z. B. VANCE.

SUCCESSFUL ADMINISTRATION.

GREENSBORO, N. C. July 20.—One year ago, when the present Board of Directors of the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad under the superb administration of President Chadwick, declared a 2 per cent dividend on the entire capital stock of the company, resulting in a revenue of \$26,500 to the State from her stock in the road, it was the marvel of the year, because this road, which had been operated for thirty-three years under passing administrations of more or less business sagacity and in thrifty times, had never before declared a dividend, and all hope of its ever declaring one under State management had long since vanished from the minds of even the most sanguine. But there it is, a dividend of two per cent, and it took \$36,000 in round numbers to pay it, leaving however, still \$9,000 in the treasury of the company and this after buying and paying cash for two fine new locomotives, two new first-class passenger cars, a superb parlor chair car, twenty freight-cars, and many other substantial improvements, and all of the floating indebtedness of the road handed down from former administrations. To-day, in session in this city,

President Chadwick presiding, the board of directors found from his annual report sufficient funds in the treasury from the year's earnings of the road, under his management, to declare another dividend of two per cent, payable on and after September 1st, to all stockholders of record August 1st, which will result in another \$26,500 to the State treasury, besides taxes paid to it by the above road and will still leave a surplus this year of over \$20,000 in the treasury of the road.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures



Mr. W. C. Allen of Atlanta, Georgia, testifies that he was afflicted with flying rheumatism, the intense pain going from one part of the body to another. After taking seven bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla he was in good health. In two months he increased from 122 to 145 pounds in weight. Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

Notice to Creditors.

Having duly qualified before the Superior Court Clerk of Pitt county as administrator of J. W. S. Tyson, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against the estate to present the same for payment before the 24th day of June, 1894, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. This the 24th day of June, 1893. R. W. KING, Sheriff. Admr. of J. W. S. Tyson.

Notice!

The undersigned having duly been appointed by the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pitt county on the 1st day of May 1893, as administrator de bonis non of Arcena Joyner deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said estate to present their claims to me duly authenticated, on or before the 12th day of July 1894 or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned. This the 12th day of July 1893. JAMES T. JOYNER, Admr. de bonis non of Arcena Joyner.

Notice!

On Monday the 7th day of August, A. D. 1893, I will sell at the Court House in the town of Greenville to the highest bidder for cash one tract of land in Pitt county containing about fifty acres and bounded as follows: Situated in Belvoir township, Pitt county, N. C., adjoining the land of C. A. Randolph, Fetherington Spier heirs and others being the excess of the homestead of J. J. Hathaway, to satisfy executions in my hands for collection against J. J. Hathaway and E. S. Dixon and which has been levied on said land as the property of said J. J. Hathaway. This 7th day of July 1893. R. W. KING, Sheriff. Per Henry T. King, D. S.

OXFORD FEMALE SEMINARY.

The 43rd Annual Session open August 30th, 1893, at the comfortable and homelike school at very reasonable rates. Physical Culture prominent. Special facilities in music and art. Apply for catalogue. F. F. JOHNSON, Pres.

University No. Carolina.

EQUIPMENT:—Faculty of 25 teachers, 7 scientific laboratories, libraries, library of 30,000 volumes, 316 students. INSTRUCTIONS:—Five general courses, 6 brief courses, professional courses in law, medicine, engineering and chemistry, optional courses. EXPENSES:—Tuition \$50 per year. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Address: PRESIDENT WINSTON, Chapel Hill, N. C.

WESLEYAN FEMALE INSTITUTE.

WILSON COLLEGIATE YOUNG LADIES INSTITUTE, WILSON, N. C. (Established in 1872.) This Institution is entirely non-sectarian, and offers a thorough preparatory course of study, together with an unusually full and comprehensive collegiate course. Excellent facilities for the study of Music and Art. Healthful location. Fall term, or 2nd school year, begins September 4th, 1893. For catalogue and circular, address, SILAS E. WARREN, Prin.

CRYSTAL LENSES.

TRADE MARK. Quality First and Always. JAMES LONG, Dealer in—

General Merchandise.

Has exclusive sale of these celebrated glasses in Greenville, N. C. From the factory of Kellam Moore, the only complete optical plant in the South, Atlanta, Ga. Peddlers are not supplied with these famous glasses.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM.

For the cure of itching humors, and for the relief of all skin diseases, it is the best remedy. It is the only one that will cure the most obstinate cases. It is the only one that will cure the most obstinate cases. It is the only one that will cure the most obstinate cases.

WILDER'S CURE.

The only one that will cure the most obstinate cases. It is the only one that will cure the most obstinate cases. It is the only one that will cure the most obstinate cases.



"THE LEADER."

Milliner Y.

It is with pleasure that I announce to the citizens of Greenville and vicinity that I have just returned from the Northern Markets where I visited all the fashionable openings and am now receiving the most beautiful and stylish selected stock of Millinery ever opened in this market. Come to see me and you will get nothing but the latest fashionable goods. Low prices and satisfaction guaranteed.

Mrs. Georgia Pearce, GREENVILLE, N. C. Next door to Old Brick Store.

Stoves, Hardware, Doors, Sash, Locks, Butts.

HINGES, NAILS, AND AXES, Rope, Belting and Packing, MECHANIC'S TOOLS, PUMPS and CORNSHELLERS, Tinware, Hollowware, Stove Pipe, and Chimney Pipe, Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty, and many other articles kept in a first-class Hardware Store. Call to see if you want goods cheap for the cash.

D. D. HASKETT, GREENVILLE, N. C.

FARMS FOR SALE.

Prices Low, Terms Easy.

ELLIOTT BROS. OFFERS FOR SALE

- 1. The J. L. Ballard home farm, Beaver Dam township, adjoining the lands of G. T. Tyson and J. H. Cobb. A fine farm of about 300 acres, with good buildings and adapted to corn, cotton and to tobacco. A fine marl bed. 2. A farm near Ayden and lying immediately on the railroad, formerly owned by Caleb B. Trip, 249 acres, which about 75 are cleared. Good neighborhood, 3 churches and a school within 3 miles. Plenty of marl on the adjoining farms. 3. A fine farm of 260 acres, three miles from Farmville and 10 miles from Greenville, with large, substantial dwelling and out houses, known as the L. P. Beardsley home place, fine cotton land, good clay subsoil, accessible to marl. 4. A smaller farm adjoining the above known as the Jones place, 150 acres, dwelling, barn and tenant house, land good. 5. A farm of 53 acres in Pactolus township, about 6 miles from Pactolus, 35 acres cleared, part of the Singletary tract. 6. Part of the Noah Joyner farm, 278 acres, adjoining the town of Marlboro, elegantly located in an improving section and can be made a valuable farm. 7. A small farm of about 50 acres, about 10 miles from Greenville, on Indian Well Swamp, with house, etc., formerly owned by Guilford Cox. 8. ALSO TIMBER LANDS: A tract of about 400 acres near Conecote station, with cypress timber well suited for railroad ties. A tract of about 800 acres in Pactolus township, near the Washington railroad, pine timber. A tract of 150 acres near Johnson's Mills, pine and cypress timber. Apply to WM. H. LONG, Greenville, N. C.

THE JOHN FLANAGAN Buggy Com'ry, GREENVILLE, N. C.

Can still be found at the Old Flanagan stand. Prepared to do

FIRST-CLASS WORK

on anything in the WAGON, CARRIAGES & BUGGY LINE.

Fine Vehicles Specialty

Repairing done promptly and in best manner

SAVATION OIL

Dr. Bell's Cough Syrup

J. B. CHERRY & CO.

A little drop of printer's ink, Sometimes causes people to think.

And we want to impress upon your minds that we have received our new

Spring-Stock Beautiful LINE OF Goods

Our intention is to sell good goods at the lowest possible prices. We have the largest and most varied stock kept in town. We keep almost every thing needed in the household or on the farm and invite inspection and comparison of our goods. We can and will sell low for cash. We want your trade and will be glad to show you the following lines of goods:

- DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, WHITE GOODS, NICE LINE OF CASSIMERES AND PIECE GOODS FOR MAKING MENS AND BOYS SUITS, ALWAYS IN STOCK.

- HATS, SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, TINWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, HARDWARE, PLOWS AND FARMING UTENSILS, HARNESS AND WHIPS.

Groceries, Flour a specialty. We have the largest and best line of FURNITURE consisting in our town of Marble Top Walnut Suits, Solid Oak Suits, Imitation Oak Suits, Imitation Walnut Suits, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Tables, Buffets, Washstands, Chairs, of different kinds, Children's Cribs and Cradles, Mattresses, Tin Safes, Bed Springs, a full line of Centre Tables, Children's Carriages, etc. Keep also a nice line of Lace Curtains and Curtain Poles, Matting and Floor Oil Cloths. We cordially invite all to come to see us when in want of any goods. We will try to give you satisfaction at all times.

COATS SPOOLS COTTON AT WHOLESALE PRICE

J. B. Cherry & Co.

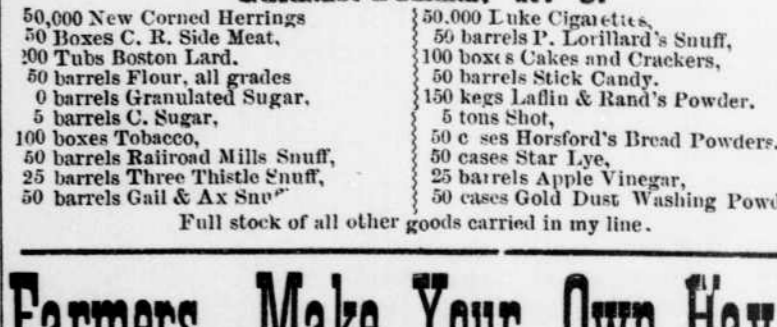
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J. A. ANDREWS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, GROCER GREENVILLE, N. C.

- 50,000 New Corned HERRINGS, 50 Boxes C. R. Side Meat, 300 Tubs Boston Lard, 50 barrels Flour, all grades, 0 barrels Granulated Sugar, 5 barrels C. Sugar, 100 boxes Tobacco, 50 barrels Railroad Mills Snuff, 25 barrels Three Thistle Snuff, 50 barrels Gail & Ax Snuff, 50,000 Luke Cigarettes, 50 barrels L. Lorillard's Snuff, 100 boxes Cakes and Crackers, 50 barrels Stick Candy, 150 kegs Laffin & Rand's Powder, 5 tons Shot, 50 c ses Horsford's Bread Powder, 50 cases Star Lye, 25 barrels Apple Vinegar, 50 cases Good Dust Washing Powder.

Full stock of all other goods carried in my line.

Farmers, Make Your Own Hay!



WE CAN SELL YOU THE BEST MOWER IN THE WORLD FOR CUTTING IT.

CALL ON US WHEN IN NEED OF TINWARE, COOK STOVES, PAINTS, OIL.

PLACE YOUR ORDERS for TOBACCO FLUES

S. E. PENDER & CO., Greenville, N. C.

Notice!

On Monday the 7th day of August, A. D. 1893, I will sell at the Court House in the town of Greenville to the highest bidder for cash 3 tracts of land in Pitt county containing about one hundred and twenty-three acres and bounded as follows: One tract containing about seventy-five acres in Chocotow township adjoining the lands of Israel Edwards, James Galloway, Henry Hudson and others being the land on which Wm. Dawson, colored now lives. One tract containing about forty-six acres in Chocotow township adjoining the lands of Israel Edwards, J. B. Hudson, Jno. S. Smith, Henry Hudson and others being the land on which Jesse Smith now lives. One tract containing about two acres more or less, in Chocotow township, being the land on which was located the steam mill of E. S. Dixon, adjoining the lands of Robt. Dixon, Ed. Boyd, Wm. H. Arnold and others, to satisfy sundry executions in my hands for collection against E. S. Dixon and J. J. Hathaway and which have been levied on said land as the property of said E. S. Dixon. This 7th day of July 1893. R. W. KING, Sheriff. Per Henry T. King, D. S.

Notice.

SUPERIOR COURT—PITT COUNTY. L. C. Latham, Harry Skinner and A. L. Blow, formerly partners as Latham, Skinner & Blow, in their own names and in behalf of themselves and all other creditors of John A. Manning, dec'd.

Charlotte Manning, executrix of John A. Manning, Sr., John A. Manning, Jr., W. A. Manning, W. D. Manning, W. C. Manning, R. D. Manning, R. B. Whitehurst and Courtney Whitehurst, his wife, John Edmundson and Florence Edmundson his wife, G. B. Whitfield and Mary Whitfield his wife and Charlotte Manning.

The above action having been commenced in this court on the 14th day of June 1893 for a settlement of the estate of John A. Manning, deceased, under Chapter 38 of the Code of North Carolina, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said John A. Manning to appear before me, at my office in the town of Greenville, on or before the 23rd day of July 1893, and file the evidence of their claims.

This the 14th day of June 1893. E. A. MOYER, Clerk of Superior Court of Pitt Co.



THE REFLECTOR.

Rules Adopted by the N. C. Press Association

The sum of not less than five cents per line will be charged for "cards of thanks," "resolutions of respect" and obituary notices also for obituary notices other than those which the editor himself shall give as a matter of news. Notices of church and society and all other entertainments from which revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of five cents a line.

Local Reflections.

We had our share of drummers this and last week. In front of Shoburn's grocery store one day we counted ten trucks, besides there were three sample rooms with from two to three in each.

It might be worth while for country grocers and general storekeepers to remember that sunflower seed is very much in demand, and that if they can induce their neighbors to save the seed and sell to them it will bring good prices from the leading seedmen in large cities.

Our informant as to the cutting at Bethel two Saturday nights ago was in error as to the name. It was a man named Jesse James and not Prof. Chester James whom some one assaulted and cut. We are sorry that any one should get cut, but in this case are glad that it was not friend Chester.

If anybody don't believe that Pitt county is full of pretty women just go up into the Teachers' Institute for a short while. In the midst of such surrounding it is no wonder that Superintendent King smiles and smiles and puts on his sweetest looks. Some girl ought to break up his prospects of being an old bachelor.

Our farmers should pay more attention to the making of hay. Instead of having to buy they should be able to ship. Our lands are adapted to the raising of fine hay and cheap too. What is the use of sending away money when we can keep it at home. This is a good market for hay and the farmers can find a ready sale for it.

Died.
At Falkland on Sunday, July 23rd, Almer Estelle, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Smith, aged nearly 12 months, of fever. She was a bright child and the pet of the household.

At his home near Falkland about three weeks ago Mr. Abel Smith, aged 75 years. He was a leading citizen of the county and in every respect a truly good man. He reared a large family and left them a priceless heritage in the excellent name he always bore.

Sunday-School Convention.
The Superintendent of the Sunday-schools of the county of Pitt are hereby requested to meet in the Court House in the town of Greenville, on Saturday, August 12th at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent this county in the State Sunday-School Convention which is to be held in Greensboro, N. C., August 22-24. Also for the purpose of selecting the time for holding the County Sunday school Convention. Every Superintendent in the county is urged to be present.

U. A. MOYR,
D. D. HASKETT,
Executive Committee.

A Good Hotel.
Readers of the REFLECTOR know how anxious we have long been for Greenville to have a good hotel. Sitting in Hotel Nicholson, at Washington the other day we could but wish that this town had as excellent a hotel building as that. It is a handsome three-story brick building, conveniently located, well furnished, and spreads an excellent table. Spencer Brothers, the clever proprietors, know how to make their house popular and secure a large patronage. It is no wonder that the traveling men love to stop with them, and stop over there Sundays as often as possible.

Resuming Business.
It is very gratifying to the REFLECTOR and we are sure will also be to a host of our readers, to know that Mr. M. R. Lang will soon be in business again in Greenville. He is now in the northern markets selecting a new stock which will be opened at his old stand just opposite the REFLECTOR office. Mr. Lang was for years numbered among our leading business men and always carried a stock of stylish goods that few towns could equal. Now that he is to return to a business of the same kind we bespeak for him the liberal patronage that he formerly enjoyed. Our readers will be duly informed as to the time of his opening.

Good Crops.
Mr. W. W. Little, of Pactolis, told us yesterday that the crop prospects in his immediate neighborhood are at this time the best he has noticed in any year since the war. During the last three weeks there has been a wonderful improvement in all crops. He also told us that from seeding one barrel of Irish potatoes this spring he harvested a crop that paid him forty dollars, and now has the same half-acre in a flourishing crop of sweet potatoes from which he expects to reap as much more. This is just one of the many incidents that show what diversified farming will do, and that more money can be made from most anything else than cotton.

Now For Ocracoke.
Those who wish to go to the seashore for a few days will soon have an opportunity of the cheapest trip ever offered to our people. On Saturday, August 5th, there will be an excursion from Greenville to Ocracoke, the entire fare for the round trip, including one week's board at Ocracoke hotel being only \$7.50. The party will go from here to Washington on steamer Myers, and from Washington to Ocracoke on steamer Gazelle and schooner Susannah, the steamer taking the schooner in tow. This will insure a quick safe trip. It is useless for anything to be said about the attractiveness of Ocracoke—as those who have been reading the REFLECTOR for a few weeks past have an idea of what a delightful place it is.

Terms of sale cash.
ALLEN WARREN,
Adm'r. D. B. N., of John S. Taft.

Personal.

Mr. Ed. Taft returned from Asheville Monday.

Mr. R. J. Hart, of Henderson, was in town Monday.

Miss Ellen Brownlow, of Tarboro, is visiting in town.

Mrs. Henry Sheppard has been sick or the past week.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. I. A. Sugg is quite sick.

Mr. D. D. Haskett is on a visit to his sister at Beaufort, N. C.

Mr. W. T. Brogden, of Oxford, was in town a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Schultz left Monday for a visit to the World's Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Russ, of Raleigh, are on a visit to Mrs. Russ's parents.

Mr. Ed. Greene, of Norfolk, Va., arrived home Monday night to visit his mother.

Miss Mary McGuire, of Oxford, and Miss Marie Dennis, of Enfield, are visiting Miss Novella Higgs for a few days.

Miss Lizzie Blow and her little brother and sister, Tom and Nannie, left last Saturday for a trip to Littleton for the summer.

Mr. E. L. McGowan, of St. Stephen, S. C., a former resident of this county, is visiting relatives here. He is accompanied by his family.

Mr. W. A. Makinson, of Baltimore, arrived here Monday and will take a position with Mr. J. D. Williamson, in his carriage factory as painter.

Mr. H. B. Hardy, representing the Raleigh North Carolinian, spent yesterday here. Ben is the best all-round newspaper canvasser we ever saw and has friends in every section of the State.

How This.

A bright young lady, says the Weldon News, has hit upon a novel plan of deciding upon a matrimonial question. Three suitors are in love with her, and she should accept either as a husband, the two rejected suitors will horsewhip the favored one. She has proposed the following plan, which has been eagerly accepted by the lovers. She will set a hen on three eggs, the names of the young men will be written on the eggs, and the first to hatch out will be the one she will marry. The result will be watched with interest by all interested.

Oxford Female Seminary.
This prosperous and progressive school will open its next Session on Aug. 3rd, 1893, and the prospects for an increased patronage are very bright.

Besides doing the most thorough work in the Literary Department, and furnishing exceptional facilities in Music and in Art, it has an Industrial Department that supplies the needs of the times. In this are taught Book-Keeping, Type-Writing, Stenography and Dress Cutting and Fitting. Much attention has always been given to Physical Culture.

At Morehead.
The Raleigh N. O. Chronicle correspondent has the following to say of some of our home people:

"Yesterday evening was in many respects the most brilliant and entertaining one ever known at the Atlantic Hotel. There were features which were thoroughly appreciated and enjoyed. One was a gorgeous 'Japanese Tea,' planned by Mrs. T. J. Jarvis, and arranged with the assistance of the many lady guests. One side of the grand ball room was transferred into an immense booth of ornamental net work, into which was interwoven a profusion of evergreens and flowers. Gorgeous multi-colored lanterns were made to give forth light of every hue, and beneath this a number of young ladies ranged in the unique costumes of served tea and delicacies of every description. The tea was for the benefit of the Greenville Presbyterian church fund, and the patrons included everybody in the hotel, as well as a large delegation from Camp Bogart. Several hundred dollars was realized.

During the evening Mrs. J. B. Cherry, of Greenville, sang some 'old favorite' songs with orchestral accompaniment. This was a most delightful part of the programme.

Teachers' Institutes.
The Teachers' Institutes for white and colored are being held here this week, and both are well attended. The one for the white teachers is conducted in the Court House, and besides the daily sessions exercises of some kind will be had each night. Prof. Alexander Graham, of Charlotte, and M. C. S. Noble, of Wilmington, are the conductors of these Institutes. The State has been exceedingly fortunate in the selection of these gentlemen as teachers. Those who have attended the Institutes conducted formerly by Prof. Melver and Alderman had about reached the conclusion that they could never have any successors who were so nearly born teachers as they, and yet we hazard nothing in saying that those who have heard Prof. Graham and Noble are fully convinced that their mantles have fallen on worthy shoulders, and every North Carolinian ought to feel proud that we have within our borders such distinguished educators. These gentlemen have made their life work teaching and have not failed to grow ripe with their experience and observation. We congratulate the teachers of Pitt county upon the privilege they have in attending the present Institutes. Many of the citizens of the town are as regular in attendance upon the meetings as the teachers are and seem not less interested.

It is specially desired that as many as possible of the citizens of the county shall be here on Friday as this day will be devoted entirely to matters in which all ought to be thoroughly interested. We hope to see a very large gathering at this time. Don't forget to be here on Friday.

Miss Rosa Forbes gave a picnic to a party of friends at the College one day last week.

Administrators Sale.
By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Pitt county, granted on the 14th day of September 1888 in the case of Allen Warren, Adm'r. D. B. N., of J. S. Taft vs. Elizabeth Taft, Lena Taft, Emma Taft, Ella Taft and Minnie Taft, the undersigned will expose for sale here in the Court House Door in Greenville on Monday the 7th day of August 1893, one tract of land adjoining the lands of J. J. Tucker, Harry Skinner, G. E. Taft, W. W. Tucker and others and known as the place whereon the late Thomas Dunn resided, containing two hundred and fifteen acres more or less.

Lectures.

Rev. A. T. Yun, a Korean, delivered a very interesting lecture here Tuesday night of last week, at the Methodist church and it was well received. Mr. Yun is a native Korean, and one of only five in the United States. His lecture was on "Korea and the Koreans." He is traveling about lecturing to raise the necessary amount to return to his own country as a missionary of the Southern Methodist Church. In his country there are no missionaries from any of the southern churches. His lecture was a high-toned, logical effort and although broken in tongue he conveyed to the audience the methods, uses and character of his people. He showed the costume worn by his people and he was very interesting all the way through. He interspersed his lecture with a few good jokes and amused all. He left the next day for Washington where he lectured at night.

Monday night Rev. B. W. Spilman delivered before the Teachers' Institute in the Court House his celebrated lecture entitled "Laugh and Grow Fat." Mr. Spilman has delivered this lecture in many parts of the United States and everywhere it has been well received and highly complimented. He was at his best here on Monday night, and well sustained the reputation he has acquired as a lecturer. Mr. Spilman is quite a young man yet, but he is a close, energetic student and has every indication of eminent success, and with the thorough information he is getting on various subjects cannot fail to become distinguished. We cannot do justice in reporting the lecture with the limited space at our disposal. It is a scientific explanation of laughter presented in a philosophical, sensible, instructive, and thoroughly humorous and witty manner and gave unalloyed pleasure and delight to the very large audience present.

Every point in the lecture was illustrated with a joke or anecdote that for timeliness and telling intensity in making clear the point at issue probably never surpassed. The audience at times was convulsed in laughter and many pounds of avoirdupois was a result of the evening's entertainment.

Mr. H. B. Hardy of The North Carolinian added greatly to the enjoyment by rendering only as he can a whiling solo and the humorous song "Little Brown Jug." Everybody knows and fully enjoys Ben Hardy.

AN OLD ROAD MADE NEW.
Great Improvement in B. & O. Equipment—New Route to the West.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has prepared to handle a large business while the World's Fair is open in Chicago. The terminals at Chicago are capable of accommodating a very heavy traffic. Improvements have been made for the handling of a large freight and passenger business to the West from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. New equipment for largely increased passenger and freight service has been made for the handling of a large freight and passenger business to the West from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. The various roads of the system are being improved by straightened lines, reduced grades, extra side tracks, and interlocking switches. The new line between Chicago Junction and Akron has shortened the distance between Chicago and Lake Shore from twenty-five miles to between Pittsburgh and Chicago fifty-eight miles.

The distance between Chicago and Cleveland by the construction of the Akron line, and the assistance of the Pittsburgh and Western line and the Valley Railroad of Ohio, is about the same as via the Lake Shore from Cleveland to Chicago. A. A. alignment has been changed and grades reduced to a minimum of twenty-six feet. It is expected that within twelve months the old Baltimore and Ohio through line between Chicago and the Atlantic Ocean will have passed away and the new line via Pittsburgh will be established, with no greater grades than on any of the trunk lines. Work is progressing rapidly east of Pittsburgh to meet improvements making west of Pittsburgh. These improvements consist of additional second and third tracks, a general re-arrangement of the alignment, and completion of the doubled track on the Metropolitan Branch. Another important enterprise of the Baltimore and Ohio Company is the construction of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, which is intended to unite the Washington Branch with the Philadelphia Division, and do away with the present line via Locust Point. Forty new and improved locomotive engines have been recently added to the equipment, and others are in process of construction. The permanent improvement of the waterway and in contemplation involve the expenditure of some five millions of dollars.

THE NORTH CAROLINA College of Agriculture and Mechanic Art
Will begin its Fifth Session September 7th, 1893. This College is now well equipped for its special work, having extensive Wood and Iron Shops, carefully fitted up Drawing room, Chemical, Botanical and Horticultural Laboratories, Greenhouse and Barn.

The teaching force for the next year consists of 15 men. The two courses lead to graduation in Agriculture and in Mechanic and Civil Engineering.

Total cost a year, including board, County Students \$123.50, Pay Students \$123.50. For catalogue, apply to A. Q. HOLLIDAY, Pres., Raleigh, N. C.

TO THE PUBLIC!

OWING to the dull trade we propose to close out our Spring and Summer Stock at prices that defy competition. Such as CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, DRY GOODS and NOTIONS. In connection with our regular stock we have an elegant line of SAMPLE SHIRTS, NECKWEAR SUSPENDERS, &c., to be

MUNFORD'S EMPORIUM.

SOLD at New York cost. SHIRTS from 20 cents up. GENTS' TIES from 5 cents up. STRAW HATS from 8 cents up. A big line of DRESS GOODS at reduced prices. We are also Sole Agents for ZEIGLER BROS. and E. P. REED & CO.'S fine SHOES and SLIPPERS. Call and see them and be pleased.



With the only complete bicycle plant in the world, where every part of the machine is made from A to Z, is it any wonder that Victor Bicycles are acknowledged leaders? There's no bicycle like a Victor, and no plant so grandly complete as the one devoted exclusively to the manufacture of this kind of wheels.

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BOSTON, WASHINGTON, DENVER, SAN FRANCISCO.

Ocracoke Hotel!
(UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.)
Open June 15th 1893.
This Famous Summering Place promises greater attractions than ever.
Address, J. W. MAYO, Washington, N. C.

New Straight Goods. Clean Large Stock.
—We are still making a specialty of—
DRY GOODS, LACES, NOTIONS, HATS AND SHOES.

We have a first-class assortment and sell close. Do not fail to get our prices.

New Home Sewing Machine
and parts for all kinds of machines are sold by us.
Respectfully,
BROWN BROS.,
Depositors for American Bible Society

HOW TO GET THERE.
Is Ocracoke you are thinking of? The way to get there is to go to Washington by rail, by steamer from Greenville, and from there the splendid

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Greenville, N. C.
In the CORNER under OPERA HOUSE
NEW YORK CHEAP STORE.
NEW STORE NEW GOODS.
Prices Lower Than Ever.
FIRST - QUALITY - GOODS

STEAMER "GAZELLE"
will take you quickly and safely to Ocracoke. The Gazelle will leave Washington every Saturday at 10 P. M. and returning leave Ocracoke at 5 P. M. Sunday. Also leaves Washington every Wednesday at 6 A. M. and returning leaves Ocracoke at 3 P. M. same day.
Fare for round trip \$2.50.
D. HILL, Master.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach Disturbance, **BROWN'S IRON BITTERS**, All dealers keep it in bottles. Contains the trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

R. L. HUMBER'S MACHINE WORKS,

Greenville, N. C.

Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Cotton Gins, &c
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO REPAIRING.



The McCormick Mowers, Reapers and Harvesters.
THE - BEST - IN - THE - WORLD!
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Write for catalogue and prices before buying elsewhere.
A few Second-Hand Engines for sale.

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— DEALERS IN —
CONFECTIONS AND FANCY GROCERIES.

We are again in business (next to Pender's) and have a nice line of fresh goods. Will be glad to have our old customers call and see us, as well as all others who wish to get Groceries and Confections that are pure. Our goods will be guaranteed in every respect. We pay the highest market prices for

POULTRY, EGGS, & C.

TRUCK BARRELS.
I shall expect a great demand for Potato Barrels during the coming shipping season and shall make arrangements to supply such demand at best prices. Place your orders early and avoid the rush.
Wishing to thank my many friends for their liberal patronage for both Merchandise and different articles which I manufacture, I take this method of announcing that while I thank you all I am also striving hard to secure advantages that I can give you in order to further merit your patronage.
For other articles in our line such as Church Pews, Cart Wheels, Brackets and Mouldings, Tobacco Hogheads and General Repair Work, you will do well to correspond with me before arranging with any one else. I can give you some advantage.
A. G. COX,
Winterville, N. C.

COBB BROS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
FAYETTE STREET, NORFOLK, VA.
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited.

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THE "OLD RELIABLE MERCHANT" OF GREENVILLE, N. C.
Offers to the buyers of Pitt and surrounding counties, a line of the following goods that are not to be excelled in this market. And all guaranteed to be First-class and pure straight goods. DRY GOODS of all kinds, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS, FURNITURE and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, DOORS, WINDOWS, SASH and BLINDS, CROCKERY and QUEENS WARE, HARDWARE, FLOWS and FLOW CASTING, LEATHER of different kinds, GIN and MILL BELTING, HAY, ROCK LIME, PLASTER of PARIS, and PLASTERING HAIR, HARNESS, BRIDLES and ADDLES.
HEAVY GROCERIES A SPECIALTY.
Agent for Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton which I offer to the trade at Wholesale Jobbers prices, 45 cents per dozen, less 6 per cent for Cash. Horsford's Bread Preparation and Hall's Star Lye at Jobbers Prices, Lewis' White Lead and pure Linseed Oil, Varnishes and Paints, Cucumber Wood Pumps, Salt and Wood and Willow Ware. Nails a specialty. Give me a call and I guarantee satisfaction.

General PRODUCE Exchange.
JACK WHITE IS AGAIN BEFORE YOU.
Bring me your **CHICKENS, EGGS, TURKEYS, DUCKS, GEESSE, GWTINEAS,**

And in fact everything that is raised in the country and I will pay just as much in cash as can be had anywhere in Greenville. I will also handle on a small commission anything that my customers may want me to. Remember my headquarters is at the old Marcellus Moore store, right at the five points crossing, the most convenient place in town. Come to see me.
Yours to please,
JACK WHITE, Greenville, N. C.

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