

Continued.

Million.]

Bicarbonate radicle (HCO ₃).	Sulphate radicle (SO ₄).	Chlorine (Cl).	Analyst.	Remarks.
348	0	119	L. W. Stephenson---	Said to be from slate rock.
348	0	34	L. W. Stephenson---	do.
334	0	34	L. W. Stephenson---	From Patuxent formation.
25	0	14	L. W. Stephenson---	From Lafayette formation.
249	160	39	B. L. Johnson-----	
-----	0	14	B. L. Johnson-----	
-----	trace.	0	B. L. Johnson-----	
36	trace.	35	B. L. Johnson-----	
149	0	14	L. W. Stephenson---	
12	0	49	B. L. Johnson-----	
249	0	94	B. L. Johnson-----	
227	0	10	B. L. Johnson-----	
13	0	25	B. L. Johnson-----	
199	trace.	19	L. W. Stephenson---	A limestone sink; water level is about 30 ft. below the surface. No outlet to well.
199	0	14	L. W. Stephenson---	Water rises to within 14 ft. of the surface.
199	0	14	L. W. Stephenson---	Water rises to within 25 ft. of the surface.
298	0	19	L. W. Stephenson---	
12	0	19	B. L. Johnson-----	
199	0	19	B. L. Johnson-----	
12	0	50	B. L. Johnson-----	
144	0	45	B. L. Johnson-----	Iron precipitated before analysis.
24	0	19	B. L. Johnson-----	
12	trace.	61	B. L. Johnson-----	
146	0	15	B. L. Johnson-----	
286	0	15	B. L. Johnson-----	In granite.
-----	trace.	217	B. L. Johnson-----	
323	trace.	15	B. L. Johnson-----	In granite.
*246	trace.	30	B. L. Johnson-----	The water is drawn from the 170-ft. level.
199	trace.	29	L. W. Stephenson---	In rock.
12	-----	9	L. W. Stephenson---	

*Carbonate radicle (CO₃) 12 parts per million.