

THE DAILY REFLECTOR.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Owner.

TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION.

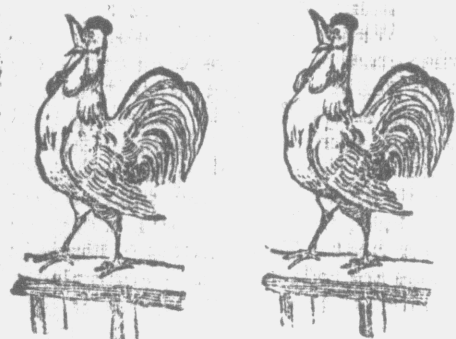
TERMS: 25 Cents a Month.

Vol. 3.

GREENVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1896.

No. 344

Sound the Alarm.



My entire stock of

CLOTHING,

NOTIONS,

DRY GOODS,

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

are going low down to
make room for my
large spring
stock.

—(:o:)—

No reasonable price
refused. Come
early and make your
selections.

SHOES.



SHOES

for men, women and
children. They must
go with above. Every-
body come and see

C. T. MUNFORD.

NEXT DOOR BANK.

A Broken Heart.

A little china figure
On a little bracket sat,
His little feet were always crossed,
He wore a little hat.
And every morning, fair or foul,
In shine or shadow dim,
A pretty little housemaid came
And softly dusted him.

She took him up so gently,
With such a charming air,
His china soul was melted quite—
He loved her to despair.
All day he sat and thought of her
Until the twilight came,
And in her china dreams at night
He breathed her little name.

One day while being dusted
In his joy he trembled so
To feel her little fingers that,
Alas, she let him go.
In vain she tried to grab him back,
Fate willed it they should part,
He fell against the fender edge
And broke his little heart.

She gathered up his fragments,
And she told a little lie,
Expounding to her mistress how
The cat had made him die.
And on the following morning when
The shutters back she thrust
She spoke this little epitaph:
"There's one thing less to dust."

THE BONNER CASE.

Uriah Bell Continues His Statement.

[Special to Reflector.]
WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Continuing
his statement Uriah Bell said:

"Monday evening I went out to
Best's and commenced gathering crop,
think I hauled a load of corn to Thomp-
son. Tuesday Sherrill hauled potatoes
to Thompson, Tuesday night can't re-
call. Wednesday night went hunting
with Jenkins boys, was not at Brant-
ley's this night, making plots to com-
mit murder, robbery, etc. Its false.
On Saturday was not at Brantley's
either, this is also false. Was not at
Cherry's gate that night, its an absolute
falsehood!

"Friday night before Bonner was
killed went to Oregon to a dance, had
Gaskin's buggy. Had engagement
with a young lady to take her to the
dance. Fred Alford was ahead of me,
his buggy broke down and I came up
and helped him fix it. Took whip out
of his buggy. It was after midnight
when we got back, stayed at brother
Hugh's that night.

"Saturday morning went to Best's.
Brantley came out that day. Best,
Sherrill and myself were in the room.
Best went out to wood pile. Don't
remember that Brantley said anything
about 'giving him a scremande,' if he did
it had no reference to robbery. Brant-
ley had been there the day before.
Think it was Friday. Sherrill was in
bed and called Brantley and told him
'If you are going to settle for that tim-
ber I want a settlement for I want to
go to Hyde to spend Thanksgiving
with my father.' Sherrill said he was
feeling better and believed he would
get up. Told him we were only going
out to wood pile. Sherrill came out
afterwards, went out in the woods and
shot some. Best was at wood pile.
Brantly asked me to go around field
and help him fix fence. We came
back, Sherrill and I went home and
Brantley left towards Aurora, I recall
the time about being on the log with
Brantley. But came up and said 'I
hear you are going to be arrested for
getting a horse in a ditch.'

"Saturday afternoon went with
Brantley to examine fence and we
shot rifle and pistol a few times. Sher-
rill and myself went to Aurora on

night of murder immediately after
supper. (Here the witness went into
detail as to where he was all the while
in Aurora) Did not see Bonner at all
that night. Matthews, Sparrow and I
went in the country about 9 o'clock.
We drank a great deal of wine. I went off
in the yard and lay down, woke up
about 4 o'clock, went in and warmed,
came out and got coat, went home to
Best's and went to bed. Was very
drunk next day and did not eat break-
fast or dinner. Got up about midday
and went with Sherrill in the woods,
I lay down and went to sleep. Brant-
ley came in the woods, I woke up and
spoke to him and went to sleep again.
About 2 o'clock got up and we all went
to the house. I lay down again.
Brantley came to my room and said he
wanted my pistol to kill some hogs
with, I gave it to him. Best told me
that morning that Bonner was killed
but I was too drunk and sick to go.
Did not talk with Brantley and don't
know what he and Sherrill talked
about.

"After supper that night I went to
Aurora and met Guilford and Henry
Bonner. Did not see Credle or give
him any key as stated by him. Was
not alone any time that night. (Wit-
ness then went over what occurred be-
tween then and his arrest.)

"Just before being arrested Lee
Thompson told me what Credle had
said and for me to tell Sherrill. I told
Sherrill. Soon we were arrested. Did
not make any statement in regard to
not telling anything about it as testi-
fied to by David Watson. Have read
the Jesse James book. Did not make
any threats in Bonner's store as stated
by McCafferty. On one occasion I
spoke some short words to Bonner.
Never made any bargain to kill, rob,
break open stores, or anything of the
kind."

Uriah was kept on the stand until
the hour of adjournment of court yester-
day evening. His counsel, J. E.
Moore, conducted the direct examina-
tion, and C. F. Warren the cross exami-
nation for the State. The cross exami-
nation occupied nearly four hours.
Uriah showed some nervousness at
times but soon regained self-control and
held up well.

Sherrill Bell was put upon the stand
to-day and made a statement about like
Uriah's.

Public opinion is very much divided
and it is hard to guess what will be
done with them.

WHITE & SPEIGHT.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.



Two for One.

The really good Clothier does more than sell good
Clothes. He frequently makes economical suggestions.
The finest cloth, you know, is not always the longest
wearing cloth, and he will not hesitate to tell patrons
they are mistaken when they select goods too fine for
business or pleasure. The good Clothier, moreover, will
often advise a quality of cloth that will answer two pur-
poses—giving a buyer two suits, practically, for one
price. If the buyer used his own judgment, it might be
necessary to get two suits.

Frank Wilson, The King
CLOTHIER.

NEW BANK!

This is notify our customers and friends that
we will close out our entire stock of

Dry Goods, Notions,
Hats, Boots, Caps, CLOTHING, Shoes,
AT COST

in order to open Bank about February 1st in
same store we now occupy.

HIGGS BROS.,

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Speight & Co.

FERTILIZERS

FOR

Tobacco, Irish Potatoes, Cotton.

Kainit and Cotton Seed Meal.

—Before you buy don't fail to call on—

SPEIGHT & CO.,

for prices. If you do not find Mr. Jesse Speight at
his office cross the street and talk with Mr. Obas. Cobb
They are both prepared to supply your wants at low-
est prices and give you the best the market affords.

Speight & Co.

DAILY REFLECTOR.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor.

EVERY AFTERNOON (EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

Entered as second-class mail matter.

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One month, - - - .25
One week, - - - .10

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We desire a live correspondent at every postoffice in the county, who will send in brief items of news as it occurs in each neighborhood. Write plainly and only on one side of the paper.

Liberal Commission on subscription rates paid to agents.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23RD, 1896.

LETTER FROM TEXAS.

How New Year was Celebrated—Progress in the Lone Star State.

Fort Worth, Texas, Jan. 14, '96. Mr. Editor:—Well here we are again, and what are we going to tell your readers about first, as the field is so vast and the harvest so very rich.

It is an old time custom to watch the old year out and the new year in, the death of the one and the birth of the other, and very few young people here miss going to watch meetings.

Early new year eve the small boy began to show his appreciation of the new year by a generous use of firecrackers and roman candles. The general celebration however was reserved for midnight.

Just as the clock struck 12 the aged and shrinking 1895 stepped aside to make room for the young roseate 1896, and at that instant even the air in Fort Worth began to vibrate with the mighty noise of the farewell to the old year and welcome to the new.

With the first strike of the clock innumerable pistol shots were heard in all parts of the city. Then every steam whistle for miles around took up the chorus. The bells began to peal forth joyous sounds, the shouts of citizens everywhere told of a great event, while the air was ablaze with rockets and roman candles. The noise was deafening and lasted about 15 minutes.

There hangs around and about the old time honored custom memories sweet and dear and memories full of sadness, yet with all the sadness that the watch meeting calls up it bears always with it more joy than sorrow.

I received some very nice presents, and one that I prized more than all others is a lovely crown that is a work of art.

Fort Worth, the queen city of the great southwest, the Chicago of Texas, the most brilliant opal of the "Lone Star" favorably compares with any people that assemble from all the States in the Union.

Fort Worth is a typical western city, situated on the placid Trinity. To the north is spread out a beautiful landscape with miles and miles of plains, hills, vales and rivers, just far enough away to look picturesque.

This is the greatest railroad centre in Texas, with all the great railway lines west of the Mississippi river centering here, with the possible exception of one or two.

The public buildings of Fort Worth are her pride. The magnificent Court House on the square built of red Texas granite and recently completed is the finest court house in the land, costing half million dollars. The postoffice and custom house now being built will be, when completed, one of the finest Federal buildings in the West. The city hall is a handsome structure built of white Texas stone and a substantial brick jail stands near the courthouse for the terror of evil doers.

Her business houses are constructed of stone and brick, many of them im-

posing in appearance, while many comfortable and handsome residences, both frame and brick, show where the houses of her people are.

Some frame buildings in the business part still bear evidences of the early days of her existence in the midst of a country once known as "frontier," wild with Indians and in a rank state of nature.

No city of this size can boast of better public schools, and among the churches are many handsome edifices and all are attended from week to week by the God-fearing and enlightened people of the city according to their preference, as all creeds and sects are represented.

The general emigration movement seems to increase and the people of the older States are daily adding to the population of Texas. In addition to individuals and single families, whole colonies are coming in a body. Many of these people are settling in east Texas, as others are going west to the Panhandle and to southern Texas.

The wheat fields are in living green, and the hill sides, too, are putting on green robes.

To read your paper is like getting letters from home and I don't see how any Pitt county boy could do without it. Wishing the REFLECTOR and all its readers a happy new year, I'll drop the curtain. W. H. FLEMING.

A Man With Too Much Money.

In France the Lebaudy case is the sensation of the day.

Lebaudy was a young man who was handicapped by the disadvantage of having too much money. Unfortunately he inherited great wealth and his lavish manner of living made him conspicuous. When the time came for him to serve in the army he tried to be relieved on the ground of physical disability, and many reputable physicians certified that he was unfit for military duty. But the people and the newspapers raised such a clamor that the minister of war was afraid to do the man justice.

The millionaire conscript, though suffering from consumption, had to go into the army, and then to a hospital. Time and again the doctors begged for his release, but the authorities refused. The young man had too much money. If discharged the newspapers would be certain to accuse somebody of accepting a bribe, and no one cared to face the consequences.

Several persons, including society ladies and journalists, fledged the sufferer on his death bed out of millions, promising to secure his release, but their efforts were unavailing, and he died in the hospital. His sweetheart left her position in a theater and went to his bedside to nurse him, remaining with him to the last. She now refuses to accept his fortune which he bequeathed to her.

Since Lebaudy's death there is a revulsion of public feeling, and it is now the general verdict that the authorities treated him very unjustly. It is one of the few cases in which a clever man was persecuted to death because he had too much money.

IF YOU HAD A LOAD OF WOOD TO SELL

and told every man you met that you had a load of wood to sell, and every man you met would in turn tell every man he met that you had a load of wood to sell, and every man you met would in turn tell every man he met that you had a load of wood to sell, it would, in course of time, become pretty well circulated that you had a load of wood to sell; but why not cut it short—not the wood, but the method—and place a good ad in a good newspaper and tell everybody at once. "Delays are dangerous," and a good newspaper would start in where the last man left off and keep on telling everybody that you had a load of wood to sell; or anything else. Try the columns of the REFLECTOR.

The Cost of Raising Cotton.

The has been no little discussion raised by the publication in the reports of the Commissioner of Labor that it costs five and a half cents a pound to produce cotton in North Carolina, but the consensus of opinion is that in 1895 cotton was made at that cost. The Commissioner of Agriculture in Texas estimates that the farmers of that State have made from 2 to 3 cents per pound more than they expected when the crop was planted. This result he attributes to the decreased acreage and the small crop; and he holds that they would not have received more than 5 cents a pound had the crop been an average one.

Commenting on this estimate, the Commissioner says:

"Some planters are grumbling because they did not plant more cotton and less corn. A little figuring would show them that in proportion to the increase in the cotton crop the price would be reduced, and more money would have been required to cultivate it and to gather it, which would leave less profit. If the coming crop is increased generally, as we hear some farmers talk of doing, and a full average yield is produced, they will find cotton below 5 cents the current year. The wise course for farmers to pursue is to plant a sufficient crop of corn and all other kinds of crops needed for home consumption and enough for their non-producing neighbors, and after that to devote their attention to cotton, if they prefer growing cotton for market to the raising of pork and mutton."

Eleven Times a Bride.

Mrs. Jacob Thorn, of New York, is alleged to have no less than eleven husbands. Three of these are living in Russia. The other eight are citizens of the United States. When about 20 years of age she was wedded to Myer Hurewitz, in Russia. Neither from him nor from any one of the succeeding husbands, it is claimed, has she been divorced.

Now, Jacob Thorn, her last husband, has applied in the superior court for the annulment of his marriage. He was under the impression when he married her that she was divorced, but letters from Russia disabused him of this. The second husband's name was Isaac Winawetz. The names of the third and fourth husbands are unknown. The fifth husband rejoiced in the name of Baron Ekebaum. Mr. Ekebaum lived with his wife ten months. Aaron Kaslofsky became the sixth, but he left after a short honeymoon. These six and Mr. Thorn are the seven husbands mentioned in the complaint. But since that was drawn up Lawyer Price has struck other lines of discovery, and previous husbands are turning up on the average of one a month. There are now eleven all told.

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THE N. C. AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION AT RALEIGH, N. C.



Fertilizer Analyses, and Stagners Among Horses, Cultivation of the Peach, Relative Value of Hay

January, 1896.

The N. C. Experiment Station Bulletins. The standing offer is made to send the bulletins of the station to all in the state who really desire to receive them. They are specially prepared to be serviceable as far as possible to the practical farmer. Thousands of farmers have already taken advantage of this offer. Unless you really want to be benefited please do not apply for them as we have none to throw away. If you desire to read them, write on postal card to Dr. H. B. BATTLE, Director, Raleigh, N. C.

Fertilizer Analyses at Experiment Station.

The station has now in preparation a bulletin which will contain the result of all fertilizer analyses made during the year 1895, both spring and fall inspections. This will be distributed in advance of the analysis of fertilizers on sale in 1896, so that an idea will be given of the standing of each brand during the coming year. It will be issued immediately and will be mailed to all names on the station's mailing list. This bulletin will be No. 124.

During the season of 1896 special bi-weekly bulletins will be issued which will contain analyses of fertilizers as fast as they are completed. It will be remembered that the inspectors sample the fertilizers after they are placed on sale in North Carolina, consequently the samples represent actually what is bought by farmers. The bi-weekly bulletins are mailed only to those who request them. If you want them, apply to Dr. H. B. Battle, Director, Raleigh, N. C.

Epidemic of "Stagners" Among Horses.

During the late summer and fall, in a section of eastern North Carolina, an epidemic among horses has annually occurred amounting to a loss each year of perhaps 10 per cent. The matter appearing of so much importance, the consulting veterinarian of the experiment station (Dr. F. P. Williamson) was sent to make a personal examination. The following has been gleaned from his report: The symptoms as given are sudden in their development. Sore throat, water coming through nose on attempting to drink, rapid breathing, loss of appetite, and one of three things, the animal either walks around in a circle to one side over any object in the way without apparently seeing it ("blind staggers"), or remains perfectly still with eyes partially or completely closed without taking the slightest interest in surroundings unless aroused ("sleep staggers"), or flashes about furiously without regard to self, people or things, ("mad staggers"). An obstinate constipation accompanies each case.

The land lies very low in this district, there being many swamps and ditches through the farms, and on each side of the road the ditches are filled with reddish brown stagnant water. The vegetation is very rank, the dews are very heavy and do not dry off before noon the next day? The horses have very little protection as a rule. On some farms there are no barns at all for housing stock. The animals are simply turned in a rough shed to eat, then turned out again exposed to wind, rain and sun. Wherever they are stabled it is claimed they are never affected as shown by the experience of one farmer who has not lost a single case in several years. Another, who had not lost a horse in thirteen years, let his run to pasture night and day this year and lost them. Another had four pasturing; three of these he put up at night, leaving one out at all times, except at feeding. The one left out died, the other three are in good condition. Many other cases might be noted, but this is enough to show that where the animals are protected from the weather (the heavy dews, rain and wind storms, for this occurs always after a rainy, hot season) they are free from any sickness. Two animals dying from the disease were found by autopsy to have died with pneumonia (complicated with pleurisy in the first case). The staggering gait, the sleepy half-unconsciousness, the madness are caused by the toxins taken into the blood from the diseased lung tissue, or from want of reoxygenation of the blood, the brain is not properly fed, animals being affected according to individual disposition. The suggestion would be to provide better stables and take more care of the horses. Keep animals in stable at night if at no other time. Animals already affected should be given a bolus or a drench of Barbadoes aloes one ounce, calomel dr. 1. If this remains inactive 16 hours, follow with 1 qt. raw linseed oil. Every three hours should be given 4 oz. acetate of ammonia, 3 dr. nitrate of potash, 2 oz. sweet spirits of nitre in drench. Food should be restricted to gruel, bran mash, or something easily digested. About three or four buckets of drinking water should be given a day.

Relative Value of Hays.

I am packing in alternate layers in bales of 450 pounds the following: Peavine hay.....100 pounds. Corn shucks.....100 pounds. Peanut vines.....100 pounds. Pea hulls.....50 pounds. Crab grass hay.....100 pounds. It makes a capital combination for my horses and mien cows. Please give me the commercial value per hundred weight of this combination with Timothy hay selling at \$1.00 per hundred weight. All the ingredients are in prime condition. All were cut in season, air cured and retain foliage. Do you approve of this mixture? I would be glad to be placed on your mailing list, as I value the bulletin very highly from what I get through the newspapers.

Discussing the relative merits of hay with a merchant, who is also a planter and owner, he very much doubted my assertion that crab grass hay ranked higher than Timothy in nutriment, and that peavine hay, cut at the proper time and cured properly, outranked either. Will you be so kind as to publish or at least give me the benefit of your information on the relative merits of timothy, orchard grass, Bermuda, crab grass, peavine hay, peanut hay, oat straw, pea hulls, shucks, soy beans, crimson clover and red clover? Our farmers are just beginning to find out that oat straw, shucks and pea hulls are worth saving. I have been preaching such economy for 20 years and have only succeeded in advancing the wonderful utility of cowpeas as a hay, grain and renovating crop. I trust I am not asking too much of you. This information sought would be very valuable to many of us.—A. J., Greenville, N. C.

[Answered by F. E. Emery, Agriculturist, N. C. Experiment Station.]

Your queries are in the line where most farmers need information. There are men who haul wood to this city at \$2.00 to \$2.50 per cord and buy timothy hay at \$20 per ton to feed their teams. Corn stalks are left to fall down in the field by them and their neighbors. It is fairly capable of demonstration that the wasted stalks if fed with a meal ration can replace the hay at a lower cost for the ration than hay, corn and oats as fed. You asked for commercial value when it seems comparative feeding value is what is desired. Commercially, timothy hay outranks all others. That is the kind to raise to sell, but to feed at home would be a different question. When the climate would suit, earlier grasses would be used and some others would be grown with timothy. There is a tendency to calculate food into heat equivalents. That is, food is burned in the animal body and produces its effect in heat and nerve forces which may, or not, be a form of expression for heat. The digestible portions of foods are reduced to heat equivalents by adding to the sum of digestible protein and "carbohydrate" 2.27 times the digestible fat.

This will give a fair comparison of timothy hay with the other articles named above and included in the following table:

It is perhaps the nearest comparative of actual feeding value though it is manifestly unfair commercially since it makes no account of the greater cost of protein as compared with carbohydrates. The heat values are considered equal. Considerable matter relating to the subject of the above queries will be found in our digestion bulletins and some of the data contained in the table could not be given but for those experiments. As it is, several foods are calculated on an assumed digestibility. These are Bermuda hay, taken from Bulletin 73 of this Station. Crab grass hay, the composition of which was determined at the Tennessee Experiment Station, and the digestibility assumed as for hay of annual grasses in Bulletin 73. Pea hulls are here assumed to be equal to "bean hulls" and Professor Stewart's calculation of digestibility is All the other articles have been subjected to digestion in American experiments.

COMPARISON OF CATTLE FOODS, According to Digestible Constituents, Heat Equivalents, and German Standard of Valuation, All Stated in 100 lbs.—Pounds Digestible in 100 of Each Article Named.					
Food.	Digestible Protein.	Digestible Carbohydrate.	Digestible Fat.	Relative Heat Equivalents.	German Standard of Valuation.
Timothy Hay.....	3.06	46.30	1.21	88	\$.60
Orchard Grass Hay.....	4.08	43.82	1.29	92	.63
Crab Grass Hay.....	6.01	40.69	1.22	98	.67
Peavine Hay.....	6.31	39.88	1.24	100	.70
Peanut Hay.....	6.63	44.42	2.28	107	.81
Oat Straw.....	0.00?	44.56	.88	46	.44
Pea Hulls.....	2.45	44.56	.81	57	.50
Corn Shucks.....	0.98	38.73	.63	33	.31
Cape Brown Hay.....	1.98	43.31	.74	66	.64
Cape Clover.....	10.50	40.41	1.63	131	1.65
Red Clover.....	6.17	36.01	1.38	103	1.04
Alsike Clover.....	7.31	38.52	1.45	112	1.20
Lucerne.....	10.85	37.16	1.35	120	.85
The bale mixture mentioned above.....	5.80	48.94	1.40	100	.73

Cowpeas Plowed in the Fall or in the Spring?

Will you kindly give me the comparative value, as a fertilizer, of a crop of cow peas plowed under in the fall before frost; to one left on the ground until spring before plowing.

Also how does crimson clover compare with peas as a fertilizer?—A. S. P., Tryon, N. C.

[Answered by H. B. Battle, Director N. C. Experiment Station.]

Experiments conducted at the Alabama station show that approximately 6 1/2 times the quantity of nitrogen is found in the vines of cow peas in the fall than those left over to the following spring. The reason of this is that the nitrogenous materials are lost by decomposition. The materials of a mineral character will be also lost from the leaves being blown or washed to other localities. We have gotten the best results from plowing under after the peavines are ripe in the fall following with wheat, and not allowing them to remain on the land until the next spring. Bulletins Nos. 77 and 91 describe the experiments.

Cowpeas have somewhat more fertilizing properties than crimson clover.

"The height of impudence" is defined to be calling one doctor up to learn the address of another doctor.

In London there are 165 hospitals, dispensaries and convalescent homes for the benefit of the sick and aged.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R.R.
AND BRANCHES.
AND FLORENCE RAIL ROAD.
Ochsenseu schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Jan. 6th 1896.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 41 Daily.
Leave Weldon Ar. Rocky Mt	A. M. P. M. 11 55 9 27 1 00 10 20		A. M.
Lv Tarboro	12 12		
Lv Rocky Mt	1 00 10 20		5 45
Lv Wilson	2 05 11 03		
Lv Selma	2 53		
Lv Fayetteville	4 30 12 53		
Ar. Florence	7 25 3 00		
	No. 49 Daily.		
Lv Wilson	P. M. 2 08		A. M. 6 20
Lv Goldsboro	2 10		7 05
Lv Magnolia	4 16		8 10
Ar Wilmington	5 45		9 45
	P. M.		A. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Dated Jan. 6th 1896.	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.
Lv Florence	A. M. P. M. 8 15 7 40		
Lv Fayetteville	10 58 9 40		
Lv Selma	12 32		
Ar Wilson	1 20 11 35		
	No. 48 Daily.		
Lv Wilmington	A. M. 9 25		P. M. 7 00
Lv Magnolia	10 56		8 31
Lv Goldsboro	12 05		9 40
Ar Wilson	1 00		10 27
Lv Tarboro	2 48		
	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32 Daily.	
Lv Wilson	P. M. 1 20	P. M. P. M. 11 35 10 32	
Ar Rocky Mt	2 17	12 11 11 15	
Ar Tarboro	4 0		
Lv Tarboro		12 11	
Lv Rocky Mt	4 11	1 01	
Ar Weldon			

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3.55 p. m., Halifax 4.13 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 4.55 p. m., Greenville 6.47 p. m., Kinston 7.45 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a. m., Greenville 8.22 a. m., Arriving Halifax at 11:00 a. m., Weldon 11.20 a. m. daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrives Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10.00; returning leaves Tarboro 4.30 p. m., Parmele 6.20 p. m., arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albemarle & Raleigh R. R. daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p. m., Sunday 3.00 P. M.; arrive Plymouth 9.00 P. M., 3.25 p. m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6.00 a. m., Sunday 9.30 a. m., arrive Tarboro 10.25 a. m. and 11.45

Train on Midland N. C. branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 6.05 a. m., arriving Smithfield 7.30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 8.00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 9.30 a. m.

Trains in Nashville branch leave Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m., arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning leave Spring Hope 8.30 a. m., Nashville 8.30 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9.05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Latta branch, Florence R. R., leave Latta 6.40 p. m., arrive Dunbar 7.50 p. m., Clito 8.05 p. m. Returning leave Clito 6.10 a. m., Dunbar 6.30 a. m., arrive Latta 7.50 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11.10 a. m. and 8.50 p. m. Returning leaves Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 3.00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points daily, all rail via Richmone, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina R. R. for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk.

JOHN F. DIVINE,
General Supt.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
J. R. BENLY, Gen'l Manager.

J. L. STARKEY,

AGENT FOR THE—

CITY ELECTRIC LAUNDRY

WILMINGTON, N. C.

This Laundry does the finest work in the South, and prices are low. We make shipments every Tuesday. Bring your work to our store on Monday and it will be forwarded promptly. Prices furnished on application.

Professional Cards.

THOS. J. JARVIS. ALEX. BLOW.

JARVIS & BLOW,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Practice in all the Courts.

Swift Galloway, B. F. Tyson,
Snow Hill, N. C. Greenville, N. C.

GALLOWAY & TYSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Practice in all the Courts.

J. H. BLOUNT. J. L. FLEMING

BLOUNT & FLEMING

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Practice in all the Courts.

HARRY SKINNER H. W. WHEDBEE.

SKINNER & WHEDBEE,

Successors to Latham & Skinner.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

GREENVILLE, N. C.

John E. Woodard, F. C. Harding,
Wilson, N. C. Greenville, N. C.

WOODARD & HARDING,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Special attention given to collections and settlement of claims.

D. D. L. JAMES,
DENTIST,

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Barbers.

JAMES A. SMITH,
TONSorial ARTIST.

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Patronage solicited.

Dyeing and Cleaning Gentlemen's Clothes a specialty. Gentlemen's Silk Ties dyed any color and made good as new. "Smith's Dandruff Cure" for all diseases of the scalp, a never failing cure for dandruff. Give me a call.

HERBERT EDMUNDS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER.

Under Opera House.

Special attention given to cleaning Gentlemen's Clothing.



ESTABLISHED 1875.

SAM. M. SCHULTZ,

PORK SIDES & SHOULDERS

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BUYING their year's supplies will find their interest to get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock is complete in all the branches.

FLOUR, COFFEE, SUGAR

RICE, TEA, &c.

always at LOWEST MARKET PRICES

TOBACCO SNUFF & CIGARS

We buy direct from Manufacturers, enabling you to buy at one profit. A complete stock of

FURNITURE

always on hand and sold at prices to suit the times. Our goods are all bought and sold for CASH therefore, having no risk to run, we sell at a close margin.

S. M. SCHULTZ, Greenville, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR

The Oldest

Daily Newspaper in

North Carolina.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Favors Limited Free Coinage of American Silver and Repeal of the Ten Per Cent. Tax on State Banks. Daily 50 cents per month. Weekly \$1.00 per year. WM. H. BERNARD, Ed. & Prop., Wilmington, N. C.

GREENVILLE TOBACCO MARKET

REPORT.

BY O. L. JOYNER.

TOPS.—Green.....1 to 2 1/2
" Bright.....4 to 8
" Red.....3 to 4
LUGS.—Common.....4 to 6
" Good.....7 to 15
" Fine.....12 to 18
CUTTERS.—Common.....6 to 11
" Good.....12 1/2 to 20
" Fine.....to

Cotton and Peanut.

Below are Norfolk prices of cotton and peanuts for yesterday, as furnished by Cobb Bros. & Commission Merchants of Norfolk:

COTTON.

Good Middling 8 3-16
Middling 7 7-16
Low Middling 7 7-16
Good Ordinary 6 1/2
Tone—steady.

PEANUTS.

Prime 3 1/2
Extra Prime 3 1/4
" Fancy 3 1/4
Spanish \$1 1/2
Tone—easy.

Greenville Market.

Corrected by S. M. Schultz.

Butter, per lb 15 to 25
Western Sides 6 to 7
Sugar cured Hams 12 to 13 1/2
Corn 40 to 60
Corn Meal 50 to 65
Flour, Family 3.75 to 4.25
Lard 5 1/4 to 10
Oats 37 to 40
Sugar 4 to 6
Coffee 16 to 25
Salt per Sack 80 to 1.75
Chickens 12 1/2 to 20
Eggs per doz 17 1/2
Beeswax, per 20

J. F. KING,

LIVERY SALE AND FEED

STABLES.

On Fifth Street near Five Points.

Passengers carried to any point at reasonable rates. Good Horses. Comfortable Vehicles.

GREENVILLE

Male Academy.

The next session of this School will begin on

MONDAY SEPT. 2, 1895,

and continue for ten months.

The course embraces all the branches usually taught in an Academy.

Terms, both for tuition and board reasonable.

Boys well fitted and equipped for business, by taking the academic course alone. Where they wish to pursue a higher course, this school guarantees thorough preparation to enter, with credit, any College in North Carolina or the State University. It refers to those who have recently left its walls for the truthfulness of this statement.

Any young man with character and moderate ability taking a course with us will be aided in making arrangements to continue in the higher schools. The discipline will be kept at its present standard.

Neither time nor attention nor work will be spared to make this school all that parents could wish.

For further particulars see or address

W. H. RAGSDALE

Princel

July 30, 1895.



New Plymouth Rock Co.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S

CELEBRATED

GUITARS,

Importers of and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE.

611, 613, 615, 617 East 9th St., New York.

THE DAILY REFLECTOR.

GIVES YOU THE NEWS FRESH EVERY AFTERNOON (EXCEPT SUNDAY) AND WORKS FOR THE BEST INTERESTS OF—

GREENVILLE FIRST, PITT COUNTY SECOND, OUR POCKET BOOK THIRD.

SUBSCRIPTION 25 Cents a MONTH.

THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

—PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT—

One Dollar Per Year.

This is the People's Favorite

THE TOBACCO DEPARTMENT, WHICH IS A REGULAR FEATURE OF THE PAPER, IS ALONE WORTH MANY TIMES THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

When you need

JOB PRINTING

Don't forget the Reflector Office.

WE HAVE AMPLE FACILITIES FOR THE WORK AND DO ALL KINDS OF COMMERCIAL AND TOBACCO WAREHOUSE WORK.

Our Work and Prices Suit our Patrons.

THE REFLECTOR BOOK STORE.

—IS THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN GREENVILLE FOR—

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, NOVELS

A full line of Ledgers, Day Books, Memorandum and Time Books, Receipt, Draft and Note Books, Legal Cap, Fools Cap, Bill Cap, Letter and Note Papers;

Envelopes all sizes and styles, Handsome Box Papeteries, from 10 cents and up. On School Tablets, Slates, Lead and Slate Pencils, Pens and Pen-Holders, we

take the lead. Full line Popular Novels by best authors. The Celebrated Diamond Inks, all colors, and Cream Mucilage, the best made; constantly on hand. We are sole agent for the Parker Fountain Pen. Nothing equals it and every business man should have one. Erasers, Sponge Cups, Pencil-Holders, Rubber Bands, &c. Don't forget us when you want anything in the Stationery.

DAILY REFLECTOR.

Keeping Constantly at it Brings Success.

JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING

Creates many a new business,
Enlarges many an old business,
Preserves many a large business,
Revives many a dull business,
Rescues many a lost business,
Saves many a failing business.
Secures success to any business.

To "advertise judiciously," use the columns of the REFLECTOR.

TRAIN AND BOAT SCHEDULES.

Passenger and mail train going north, arrives 8:22 A. M. Going South, arrives 6:37 P. M.

North Bound Freight, arrives 9:50 A. M., leaves 10:10 A. M.

South Bound Freight, arrives 2:00 P. M., leaves 2:15 P. M.

Steamer Myers arrives from Washington Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves for Washington Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Rain to-night, Friday fair, colder.

JANUARY JOLLITIES.

Squibs Picked up With Cold Tongues.

The rain is here.

The streets have been quiet to-day.

Insure in the Union Central.

WHITE & SPEIGHT, agents.

Good weather will take a back seat for awhile.

FOR SALE.—One good Feather Bed Apply at REFLECTOR office.

Cotton has been "out of sight" to day, the market being bare.

Fresh Grits just arrived at D. S. Smith's.

A potato trust has been formed in New York city with a capital of \$55,000.

There is enough water in the river now for boats to get through to Tarboro.

Your sweetheart will never tell you to stop smoking if you smoke Golden Seal Cigars at Jesse W. Brown's.

We learn that Miss Inez Atkinson and Mr. Frank Carroway were married in Greene county on Wednesday.

There will be a dance at Conetoe to-night. Some of the young folks went over from here.

The "Southern Leader" is the pride of Greenville, at D. S. Smith's.

The number of prisoners in jail has reached eleven and will probably get larger before the next court comes.

I have a nice and convenient sample room in rear of my store that will be rented at reasonable rates by the day or longer. **JESSE W. BROWN.**

There was quite a large audience to hear David Tatum's lecture on intemperance in the Methodist church last night. He said he has taken only one better collection in the State than he got here.

Many REFLECTOR readers who have lately made inquiry of us about Mr. W. H. Fleming, who several years ago moved from Pitt county to Texas, will read with pleasure the interesting letter from him in another column.

An object of great curiosity—a freak of nature—is being shown in a dime museum in the Davidson building. It is a seven year old white girl whose body and face are completely covered with long hair. The hair grows from her ears and all over the face, being from four to eleven inches in length. She is quite intelligent, and talks fluently. Her performance on the piano is wonderful.—Charlotte Observer.

WHOSE NAME?

You Have But to Look and See.

S. B. Wilson is quite sick.

Miss Eva Fleming, of Pactolas, is visiting Miss Sophia Jarvis.

W. G. Barnhill has moved his family from Bethel to Greenville. He will work at the foundry.

Are you writing your suggestions as to what you think can be done for Greenville this year? Let us have some more letters for Saturday's issue.

Delayed Freights.

A barge loaded with fertilizers for Greenville got aground in the Dismal Swamp canal and blocked steamers from passing for a week. Freights were considerable delayed in consequence. The canal was cleared yesterday and steamers can now pass.

Odd Fellows Orphan Home.

The board of trustees of the Odd Fellows Orphan's Home held a special meeting at Goldsboro on the 18th inst. for consultation with reference to the erection of the main building on its grounds at Goldsboro. An amended plan was submitted, which, with some small variations, met with the approval of the board, and a resolution was adopted to have the buildings erected at a cost not to exceed \$10,000. Messrs. Nathaniel Jacobi, of Wilmington, Wm. T. Dortch and W. A. J. Peacock, of Goldsboro, were selected as a building committee to carry out the action of the board.

A Hockless Fish-Line.

D. H. Hibbert, of Media, Pa., is the inventor of an ingenious device for trapping the finny tribe without the use of a hook. A landing net is suspended at the end of the line by an oval bail, similar to a pail bail or handle. The line is attached to this handle, and an extension passes through the handle down nearly to the rim or edge of the net. On this extension, directly over the center of the net, the bait is attached. The nibble of the fish can be readily felt by the angler at the upper end of the line or pole, and the net is quickly hauled in. The first movement of course frightens the fish, but as it is asserted that they always dive downward when alarmed, he plunges at once into the net, and the rapid upward movement prevents his escape. Mr. Hibbert asserts that he has caught as many as seventeen fish at one time with this apparatus.

IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Matters of Interest Over the State.

The Greensboro National Bank, capital \$100,000, has been authorized to begin business.

The wife of Rev. Fenner S. Stickney, formerly of Beaufort county, N. C., while trying to ride a bicycle in Richmond, caught her foot in one of the wheels and fell, breaking two bones in her leg just above the ankle joint.

The Record says the negroes of Mooresville have been debating some important questions recently. Among the most important was: "Which is of the most use to the county, buzzards or lawyers?" The buzzard won.

Since the Register of Deeds of Wake County, Mr. Rogers, was tried for issuing marriage license to a girl under eighteen years of age, irate parents have made it hot for Registers all over the State. The Register of Durham county is now in hot water on this same account. The latest victim is Mr. Ramsey, Register of Iredell county.—News & Observer.

Yesterday morning Mr. I. H. McGinn went out to Boundary street to see two of his tenants, two negro women—one, an old woman, named Mary Harris; the other, a younger woman, named Sarah Brown. To his amazement he found them both dead. Their houses were about twenty feet apart. Both had died the night previous.—Charlotte Observer.

NOTICE.

ALL those wishing Photographs will do well to call early as my time in Greenville is limited. Come and have your work done before it is too late as this is the last call.

Yours truly,

R. HYMAN.

P. P. P.
cures all skin
and
blood diseases

Physicians endorse P. P. P. as a splendid combination, and prescribe it with great satisfaction of the cure of all forms and stages of primary, secondary and tertiary syphilitic rheumatism, scrofulous

P. P. P.
Cures Rheumatism.

ulcers and sores, glandular swellings, rheumatism, malaria, old chronic ulcers that have resisted all treatment, catarrh

P. P. P.
Cures Blood Poison.

skin diseases, eczema chronic female complaints, mercurial poison, tetter scald head, etc., etc.

P. P. P. is a powerful tonic and an excellent

P. P. P.
Cures Scrofula.

appetizer, building up the system rapidly. Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition, due

P. P. P.
Cures Malaria.

to menstrual irregularities, are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood cleansing properties of P. P. P. Prickly ash, Poke root and Potassium.

P. P. P.
Cures Dyspepsia.

Lippman Bros., Props.

DRUGGISTS, LIPPMAN'S BLOCK.

Savannah, Ga.

Boo on Blood Diseases cured free. Sold at Wooten's Drug Store.

Strong Testimony For S. I. C.

NEW BERN, N. C., Oct. 15th, 1895. MESS. CLARK BROS. & CO. [Successors to Merritt Clark & Co.]

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that I have used "S. I. C." for indigestion and obtained relief after other remedies had failed and I unhesitatingly recommend it as a valuable medicine to all who suffer from indigestion.

WILLIAM ELLIS, Mayor City of New Bern. Sold at Wooten's Drug Store.

Lang's Great Clearing Out Sale.

Owing to Removal I offer my entire stock from
JANUARY 1st, 1896, 10 A. M.

At Cost. At Cost.

In bulk or retail to suit the buyer.

Now is the time to secure Bargains.

LANG'S.

**NEW GOODS!
NEW STORE!
NEW MAN!**

I am opening a full line of Heavy and Fancy

GROCERIES

in the store next to S. E. Pender & Co.'s. Goods arriving daily.

JESSE W. BROWN.

PRICES OF ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

STORES.

3 to 9 lights 80c each per month.
10 to 12 lights 70c " " "
12 and up 65c " " "
Not less than three lights put in stores.

HOTELS.

20 and up 60c each per month. Less than 20, store rates.

RESIDENCES.

1 light \$1.00 each per month.
2 light 90c " " "
3 light 80c " " "
4 light 70c " " "
5 to 9 lights 65c " " "

All lights will be put in free of cost before plant is put into operation. After plant is started up lights will cost \$2.00 for each lamp, cord, wire, labor, etc.

For other information call on S. C. Hamilton, Jr., at mill.

P. H. Pelletier
President.

Lovitt Hines,
Sec. & Treas.

Greenville LUMBER CO.

Always in the market

for LOGS and pay

Cash at market prices

Can also fill orders

for Rough & Dressed

Lumber promptly.

Give us your orders.

S. C. HAMILTON, JR., Manager.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
Violas, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, Harmonicas, &c., all kinds of Strings, etc., etc.
811, 813, 815, 817 East 9th St., New York.

J. B. CHERRY & CO

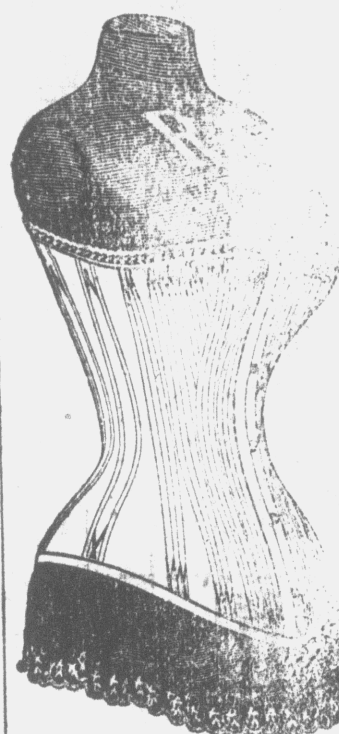
When your thoughts turn to the many, many things that you will have to buy this winter for the comfort of yourself and family turn your footsteps toward the store of

J.B.Cherry & Co.

Where you will find displayed the largest and best assorted line of the following goods:

DRY GOODS,

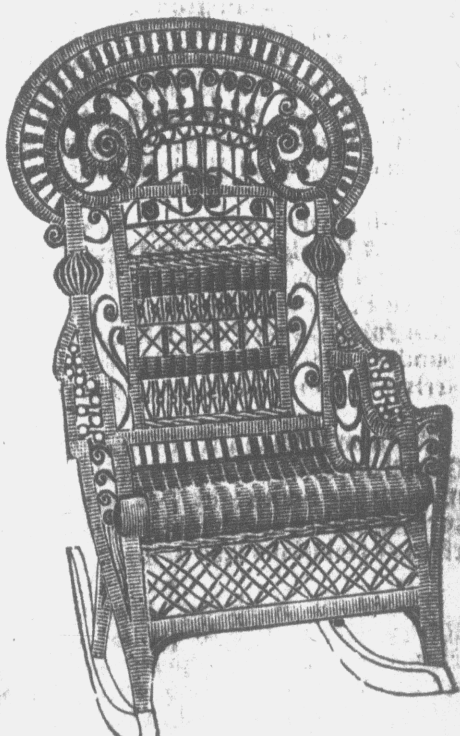
of many and varied kind.



Dress Goods and Trimmings
Notions,
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
Shirts,
Neckties,
Four-in-Hand
Scarfs,
Collars,
Hosiery,
Yankee
Notions,
Hats and Caps
neatest
nobbiest
styles, Ladies, Boys,

and Childrens Fine and Heavy
Shoes and Boots in endless
styles and kinds, Carpets, Rugs

Foot Mats, Mattings, Flooring
and Table Oil Cloths, Lace Cur-
tains, Curtain Poles and Fixtures,
Valises, Hand Bags, and a stock
of FURNITURE that will sur-



prise and delight you both as to quality and price, Baby Carriages, Heavy Groceries, Flour, Meat, Lard, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Bagging and Ties, Peanut Sacks and Twine. We buy

COTTON AND PEANUTS

and pay the highest market prices for them.

Reynold's SHOES for Men and Boys can't be beat.

Padan Bros. SHOES for Ladies and Misses are not surpassed.

Harris' Wire Buckle Suspenders are warranted. Try a pair and be convinced. The celebrated R. & G. Corsets a specialty. Our goods are neat, new and stylish. Our prices are low and pleasing. Our clerks are competent and obliging. Our store is the place for you to trade.

J. B. CHERRY & Co.