Memorial and Family Tree of Michael Cadet Young of Brunswick County Va. and of his descendants 16-- to 1895.

The name Young has its origin in the youth of the first bearer of the name when it was adopted, as a surname, for very common names in France. The words Cadet & Puisné are synonymous or synonymous.

The fact that thirty Cadets of Somerset were granted to the different branches of the Young family in England, is evidence of the great social position of the family in the 16th century.

The names of the following members of the Young family appear in the list of the early emigrants to Virginia. Viz. Richard, Samuel, Nicholas, Francis and Richard Young in 1622. In the ninth year of the reign of Charles I. Thomas Young was sent on a mission to Virginia to search for a home for the Young settlers in Virginia in 1624, and on the voucher relief that you appears the name of Richard Young, aged 3 years came in the George in 1623.

The Christian names of the foregoing persons to each other and to Francis Young the father of Michael Cadet Young have been traced, but the similarity of their given names to those of the family in this text is suggestive of a common origin at least.

1.

Francis Young was born in England in the 17th Century and is believed to have resided in Bristol. He married Martha Le Gros a French Huguenot refugee, and died, Michael Cadet and probably other children. By one the marriage to Jack William and perhaps of other children. He is said to have been a lieutenant of whom were killed or taken prisoners in the battle of Blenheim, Bavaria, August 13, 1704.

2.

Michael Cadet Young, born in the latter part of the 17th Century and his half brother William, sons of Francis Young, were also in the battle of Blenheim. They were captured, taken as prisoners to France and sold with other troops. They made their way to the South of France and thence back to England. They came to America together. Michael came to Virginia and William stopped in Maryland. They were Surveyors. Michael Cadet Young married Martha Daddridge and settled in Brunswick County, Va., and died there in 1749.

3.

Francis Young born September 8th 1734 (old style) in Brunswick County Va., son of Michael Cadet and Martha Daddridge Young. He married February 17, 1760, Elizabeth, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Peyton) Bennett, believed to be a descendant of Richard Bennett, Colonial Governor of Virginia. He removed to Isle of Wight County, Va., in 1774 and settled between Zuni & Wright's Ch. and Smithfield, during the Revolutionary War. The house in use by the site is yet known. He afterwards settled in Surry County, and died there in 1789. He was buried in the old Bennett burying ground, at Isle of Wight C.H. where the tombstone is yet standing. Francis Young was a Captain in the 2nd Regiment of Virginia Troops in the Revolutionary War, and was promoted Major for gallant conduct at the battle of Germantown, Oct. 4th 1777. He was also at the battle of Brandywine, Sept. 11th 1777, and at the battle of Monmouth, June 28th 1778. He resigned his commission in 1779 and was appointed Sheriff of Isle of Wight County, Va., and held the office for several years. He was also a Justice of the Peace for Isle of Wight County, Va., and was a member of the Convention which met at Richmond, Va., in 1788 and ratified the Constitution of the United States. He was also a member of the Convention which met at Richmond, Va., in 1829 and 1830 to revise the Constitution of Virginia. He was a Vestryman of Bruton Parish Church, Williamsburg, Va., and was a member of the Committee appointed by the Vestry to receive subscriptions for the erection of the present church edifice. He was also a member of the Committee appointed by the Vestry to receive subscriptions for the erection of the present church edifice. He was also a member of the Committee appointed by the Vestry to receive subscriptions for the erection of the present church edifice.

Francis Young was