## UPPER LIMB.

## AXILLA-No: 2.

THE GREATER PART OF THE PECTORALIS MAJOR MUSCLE HAS BEEN REMOVED, OPENING UP THE AXILLARY CAVITY FROM THE FRONT, AND THE CONTENTS OF THE AXILLA HAVE BEEN EXPOSED.

The structures lying within the axilla are very numerous, and most of them are highly important.

On the inner wall of the space, which is formed by the ribs and by the serratus magnus and intercostal muscles, lie the long thoracic vessels, a number of lymphatic glands, and, further back, the nerve to the serratus magnus muscle.

On the outer wall are found the structures passing to and from the arm, and the position of some of these

has been already described (see No. 1).

The median nerve is now seen to lie very much in front of the axillary artery, while, higher up, the artery and the median nerve are crossed by a large and important vein, the outer of the two venæ comites of the brachial artery. The musculo-cutaneous nerve lies still further to the outer side.

The only structures visible on the posterior wall are the subscapular vessels and long subscapular nerve. The axillary glands were somewhat enlarged in this subject, and therefore a good idea is obtained of the

position and relations of some of then.

They are usually found to be disposed in the following sets:—

(1) One set lies along the axillary vessels, receiving tributaries from the arm; (2) Another set lies along the margin of the subscapularis muscle, receiving the vessels from the back; (3) A third set lies along the pectoralis minor and inner wall of the axilla, receiving vessels from the mammary region and front of chest. The great bulk of these glands lies in the fourth intercostal space, and it is this group which has mainly been enlarged in this specimen. The lymphatic vessels from them pass upwards towards the apex of the axilla, and converge towards a gland which is seen to be much enlarged; (4), A central group of glands, lying in a pocket in the deep fascia, or sometimes superficial to it, may also be found.

The figures indicate—

Muscles. 1. Pectoralis major.

Vessels. 9. Outer of the venæ comites 2. Pectoralis minor and superior thoracic vessels.

3. Serratus magnus.

4. Deltoid.

5. Short head of biceps.

7. Latissimus dorsi.

8. Teres major.

6. Coraco-brachialis.

of brachial artery. 10. Axillary vein.

11. Long thoracic vessels.

12. Subscapular vessels and Lymphatics. 20. Lymphatic gland, enlarged, long subscapular nerve.

13. Cephalic vein.

14. Axillary artery.

Nerves. 15. Musculo-cutaneous.

16. Intercosto-humeral.

17. Median.

18. Internal cutaneous.

19. Nerve of Bell.

from mamma.

21. Lymphatic gland and vessel from arm.

22. Upper lymphatic gland.

EDINBURGH: T. C. & E. C. JACK; AND 34 HENRIETTA STREET, LONDON, W.C.





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