



ABDOMEN.

INGUINAL REGION-NO. 6.

DISSECTION OF THE INGUINAL CANAL AND ADJACENT REGIONS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BODY.

The aponeurosis of the external oblique has been reflected on both sides, and that of the

internal oblique on the right, and the right spermatic cord has been divided and partly removed. An ascending branch of the deep circumflex iliac artery is seen on the right side, running between the internal oblique and transversalis muscles. This vessel is a useful guide to the interval between these two muscles, indicating the depth to which the abdominal wall has been divided.

The figures indicate-

1. Aponeurosis of external oblique muscle, 2. Aponeurosis of internal oblique muscle. 3. Transversalis abdominis muscle. 4. Conjoined tendon.

8. Situation of external abdominal ring. 9. Divided onds of spermatic cord. 10. Root of penis.

5. Triangular fascia. 6. Spermatic cord (lest side). 7. Transversalis fascia.

11. Ascending branch of deep circumflex iliac artery. 12. Deep cpigastric vessels. 13. Ilio-inguinal nerve (left side). 14. Fascia of Scarpa continued into the serotum.



