

SARCOMA

Sarcomas are malignant connective tissue tumors non-pigmented growths are very much more slow to spread by metastasis than the melanotic tumors, which may have their origin in any organ of the body and are only occasionally primary, but not and being less malignant are more apt to reach a infrequently secondary, in the skin, They may be large size. Sarcomas are always quite vascular and therefore when not situated in a region in which classified as non-pigmented and melanotic. There is little difference in the clinical course of the two they are particularly exposed to trauma are little inclined to ulcerate. But over a large tumor the except that the melanotic form is much more maligepidermis in time becomes thinned and abraded and nant. A sarcoma may arise in the skin without any a granulating vascular surface is exposed. The skin visible antecedent lesion, but more often it develops from a nevus, especially from one that has been about the tumor may be diffusely infiltrated and discolored. By the time a growth has reached this irritated by trauma, cauterization or electrolysis. stage there are usually numerous metastatic tumors When the original nevus is pigmented the malignant growth is apt to reproduce the pigment but not in the skin and viscera. Sarcomatosis cutis or gennecessarily in the same degree. Melanotic sarcomas eralized sarcoma of the skin may arise thus from a vary in color from grayish brown to bluish black. primary cutaneous growth, but is more often sec-The skin over a non-pigmented sarcomatous node ondary to disease of a deeper organ. Multiple melanotic growths spring not infrequently from a sarmay be normal in color but is often reddish or purplish on account of its increased vascularity. A coma of the choroid, as in the case illustrated, in. which there was exophthalmia on the right due to nevus that has undergone malignant transformation the presence of the tumor in the orbit. Nodes defirst gives evidence of the fact, as a rule, by an invelop in various regions but rarely reach any concrease in size or change of color. About a pigsiderable size because death soon ensues. The mented mole a dark areola may spread out, or clusters of black puncta develop in close proximity. duration of life may be many years from the onset of the least malignant non-pigmented form, but with Occasionally without noticeable change in the mole the melanotic variety it rarely exceeds three years there occurs a swelling of adjacent lymph glands and may be only four or five months. The disease which on microscopic examination may be found may occur at any age. TREATMENT: Excision to contain groups of tumor cells similar to those of a slow growing non-pigmented primary growth of the original growth. A melanotic sarcoma sometimes develops primarily in a nail fold and has may be curative, but nothing short of early amputhe appearance of a chronic paronychia with pigtation of the limb on which a melanotic sarcoma has started will prevent its becoming generalized. mented spots suggestive of silver nitrate stains. Multiple growths of both kinds are hopeless, al-Sarcomatous tumors occasionally, though rarely, attain the size of an orange. They are usually though cures have been reported from the hyposessile and hemispheroidal or lobulated and may be dermic administration of arsenic, and from injecfirm and elastic or somewhat doughy and comprestions of the combined toxins of Streptococcus pyosible. They are at times slightly tender. Some genes and B. prodigiosus.