You May Never but Should you ever

Want - Job - Printing

come to see us

Reflector Job Printing Office.

Anything from a

Visiting Card

to

Sheet Poster

Parker Fountain Pen.

We carry a full line of the celebrated

Geo. S. Parker

Fountain Pen

It is a big hit in fountain pen making, and is distinctive Parker feature. Not only does it feed the ink perfectly, but prevents soiled fingers

The Daily Reflector

Gives the home news every afternoon at the small price of 25 cents a month. Are you a subscriber? If not you ought to be.

The Eastern Reflector

TIWCE-A-WEEK.

Is only $1 a year and contains the news every week, and gives information to the farmers, especially those growing tobacco, that is worth many times more than the subcription price.

TYPE AND PRESS.

WHO WANTS IT?
SPEAK QUICK.

THE REFLECTOR recently purchased two printing office outfits and has a quantity of surplus material that will be sold cheap. There is a cylinder press large enough to print a nine column paper, in splendid condition, and a quantity of Small Pica, Long Primer, Brevier and Nonpareil body type. We can furnish a complete outfit large enough for a six or seven column paper.

Specimens of the body type are shown in this advertisement, the type being taken from the case just as it runs, so it shows for itself how well it prints. This is the Small Pica size of which there is 1 pair of cases.

Then here is a paragraph set from the Long Primer size. We have 4 pairs of these cases. In buying this type you do not get something that is worn out and cast aside, but a good serviceable type, capable of much wear.

Here is something a little smaller, Brevier size. There are 2 pairs of these and it is a bargain for somebody interested in printing. It may not come but once in a lifetime that an opportunity is given for buying type as cheap as we will sell these lots.

Again we have 1 pair of cases of this Nonpareil size, a very useful type in any printing office. Cases will be sold with the type of all sizes. Any printer who can use any or all of this type can make us a spot cash offer. While we prefer a cash offer for a whole outfit, press and type, one case of type will be sold if no more is wanted.

Of Interest to Inventors.

C. A. Snow & Co., one of the oldest and most successful firms of patent lawyers, whose offices are opposite the United States Patent office in Washington, D. C., and who have procured patents for more than 17,000 inventors, say that, owing to the improved conditions in the United States Patent Office, patents may now be more promptly procured than at any previous time in their experience of twenty-five years.

A Farmer Up-to-date.

Mr. W. L. Sanders, who lives near here, is an all round up-to-date farmer, and at present, has one of the best crops in Nash county. He informed us Tuesday that he had finished picking out his old crop of cotton on June 5th, and that on June 6th he finished chopping out his new crop, and on the 14th he finished ginning the old crop.—Spring Hope Messenger.

The most novel branch of the city government of Manchester, England, is a corps of housecleaners, who can be employed by the occupants of stores, flathouses, office rooms and residences to overhaul and clean their establishments as often as desired. A Manchester woman who desires her house cleaned can telephone to police headquarters, and a gang of scrubbers, sweepers, window washers, etc., will be sent at once to take up the carpets and relay them and do her spring housecleaning in short order and first-class style while she goes to London or visits friends in the country.

Here's The Difference.

The Wilmington Messenger tells of a young girl at Burgaw who placed a note in a basket of berries requesting the purchaser to inform her of the price paid for the same. A reply was duly received stating that 35 cents a basket was paid for the fruit. Commission house returns showed that the grower received only 8 cents per quart.

An enterprising London publisher announced his intention of printing a compilation of Ambassador Choate's witticisms and anecdotes, under the title of "Choate's Jest Book," but the American diplomat expostulated so energetically that the bookman abandoned the scheme. Doubtless in the opinion of the Ambassador the publication of his merry sayings would have been a practical instance of carrying a joke too far.

Rheumacide is a thorough, permanent, constitutional cure for rheumatism. The acids in the blood which cause the disease are thoroughly eradicated. Is also the best blood purifier, laxative and tonic.

... OW & CO.
... SHINGTON, D.C.

The bean king of Ventura county, Cal., looms up larger every year. His name is Dixie Thompson. He raised and harvested last year 1,300 carloads of beans. He says the bean is the true American crop that is to take the place of corn. It makes bigger returns, is surer, more hardy, more nutritious and less perishable. It will feed man and beast and is not easily destroyed by drought or insects. Mr. Thompson thinks that if California will only take kindly to the bean she will in time drive all famine from the face of the earth.

SUGAR OF MILK.

A Material Little Known Generally Much Used As a Drug.

Of the great variety of drugs and chemicals which play an important part in the commerce of the world little is known by the general public. The importation into the United States of balsams, barks, beans, flowers, gums, herbs and leaves gathered from every part of the globe foots up in value annually to nearly $50,000,000, while the exports of similar products from this country have now reached a total of about $10,000,000. But of the hundreds of different names on the list with which the importer and wholesale drug dealer are familiar there are scores which are almost perfect strangers to the lay mind. Along with alcohol, borax, opium, quinine and other well known drugs will be found cantharides, cocculus indicus, crystallose, lycopodium, meligan, cutch, buchu, chicle and others of equally enigmatical character.

In this latter class might almost be mentioned sugar of milk, which occupies one of the most important positions in the drug transactions of the present day. The title of the drug would imply common knowledge, though, as a matter of fact, few understand its important uses. Time was when every ounce of this drug was imported from Europe. Today, thanks to American enterprise, it is manufactured in the United States on such an extensive scale that not only is the enormous domestic demand supplied by the homemade product, but large quantities are annually exported. When it was imported, the wholesale price was 30 cents a pound. Now it has declined to 8 cents.

History says that sugar of milk was first prepared in 1619, although not introduced into medicine until 1698. It is used almost entirely by pill manufacturers on account of its neutral, filling properties. It is absolutely neutral, inodorous and with a slightly sweet taste. As a vehicle for all manner of pulverized medicines it is perfect. Acids and drugs of all kinds with which it may be mixed do not have any effect upon it nor it upon them, and in the human stomach it is most easily disposed of.

It is manufactured from the whey of cow's milk, and is really a byproduct of milk. The process is one of evaporation and recrystallization. Switzerland once had a monopoly of its manufacture. Now Illinois leads the world, while a large factory has been started in New York state, which gives promise of producing as much as its western predecessor. Such has been the success of the American industry that the product is shipped even to Switzerland, where it is able to compete satisfactorily with the European makers.

In crystal form it resembles rock candy, being white in color. The growing demand for it has been caused by the development of patent medicines in pill and tablet form, where bulk is desired. It is said to be exported in the form of powdered sugar for the reason that low freight rates are thus secured. Otherwise as a drug the cost of ocean transportation would be largely increased.—New York Tribune.

An Unprogressive Settlement.

"Bill writes home," said the old citizen, "that he's only been in New York six weeks, an he's had appendicitis twice. An you mout live a lifetime in this here durned ole settlement an 'bout all you could hope to have would be plain mumps or measles or slow fever!"—Atlanta Constitution.

—— ESTABLISHED 1875. ——

S. M. Schultz

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Prepared buckwheat, fancy Ponce molasses, side meat, hams, shoulders, coffee, sugar, flour, tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, cheroots, Elgen butter, mountain butter, full cream cheese, maccaroni, sausage, oat flakes, hominy flakes, cotton-seed meal and hulls, cotton seed bought at 12½ cents per bushel.
D. M FERRY GARDEN SEEDS.
STANDARD Sewing MACHINES
100 BAGS SALT.
BEDSTEDS,
BUREAUS,
MATTRESSES,
CHAIRS, Etc
AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.
Come to see
SAM'L M. SCHULTZ.
Phone 55.

DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES

METHODIST.—Services every Sunday, morning and evening. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Rev. N. M. Watson, pastor. Sunday school 3 p. m. W. F. Harding, superintendent.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Services third Sunday, morning and evening. Rev. J. B. Morton, pastor. Sunday-school 3 p. m. J. R. Moore superintendent.

CATHOLIC.—No regular services.

EPISCOPAL.—Sunday-school 9:30 a. m. W. B. Brown, superintendent. Divine service and sermon every Sunday morning and evening. Evening prayer Wednesdays at 7:30 P. M., and Litany Fridays at 10 A. M., Rev. I. A. Canfield, Minister in Charge.

BAPTIST.—Services every Sunday, morning and evening. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening. Rev. A. W. Setzer, pastor. Sunday-school 9:30 a. m. C. D. Rountree, superintendent.

LODGES

A. F. & A. M.—Greenville Lodge, No. 284, meets first and third Monday evening. R. Williams, W. M. J. M. Reuss, Sec

I. O. O. F.—Covenant Lodge, No. 17. Meets every Tuesday evening. E. E. Griffin, N. G. L. H. Pender, Sec.

K. of P.—Tar River Lodge, No. 93, meets every Friday evening. Dr. W. H. Bagwell, Jr., C. C.; R. L. Carr, K. of R. and S.

R. A.—Zeb Vance Council, No. 1696, meets every Thursday evening. W. B. Wilson, R. M. R. Lang, Sec.

JR. O. U. A. M.—Meets every Wednesday night at 7:30, in I. O. O. F. hall. G. J. Woodward, Councellor.

A. O. A.—Egyptian Council, No. 6, meets every first and third Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. M. R. Turnage, Worthy Chief; D. S. Smith, Sec.

I. O. H.—Greenvilie Conclave No. 540, meets every second and fourth Monday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. W. B. Wilson Archon; D. S. Smith Sec.

NOTICE.

By virtue of the power in me vested, as commissioner, appointed in case No. 1040, Special Proceeding Docket No. 3, entitled M. Dixon and David Dixon by his next friend Thomas H. Moore, Ex. Parte, I will sell at public sale before the Court House door in Greenville, on Monday the 5th day of June 1899, at 12 o'clock noon, all the pine, cypress and popular timber of and above the size of twelve inches in diameter at the base when the same may be cut, together with the privilege of seven years within which to cut and remove said timber, and also the usual rights of way appertaining to same for the removal of said timber now standing and growing upon two tracts of land situated in Chicod Township, Pitt County, North Carolina, "one tract adjoining the lands of Jno. Elks, J. J. Dixon, Charles Dixon and J. W. Dixon and others bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at the big ditch a light wood stake corner, running a south west course 420 yds to W. C. Dixon line, a Sweet Gum corner, then running a South course 280 yds to a lightwood knot corner on Tar Kiln Bed, then running nearly a west course 665 yds to a box pine corner, then a north course 700 yds to Sweet Gum corner in the Long branch, then down the Long branch 700 yds to the beginning, a lightwood stake." See deed from J. W. Dixon and wife to E. M. Dixon book R-4 page 609, to which reference is made.

Also one other tract, "adjoining the lands of W. C. Dixon, John Elks and others bounded as follows viz: Beginning at a pine in John Elks line a corner between E. M. Dixon and W. C. Dixon and running in a westerly direction parallel with a Branch, about 575 yards thence with the branch to E. M. Dixon and W. C. Dixon line thence to the beginning containing about 8¼ acres more or less."

Terms of sale cash.

WM. H. LONG,
Commissioner,
Greenville, N. C., May 2nd 1899.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The Clerk of the Superior Court of Pitt county, having issued letters of administration to me, the undersigned, on the 20th day of Jan'y, 1899, on the estate of H. F. Harriss, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and to all creditors of the estate to present their claims, properly authenticated, to the undersigned, within twelve months after the date of this notice, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

This the 20th day of Jan'y 1899.
J. L. HARRISS, Admr,
on the estate of H. F. Harriss.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

NOTICE.

State of North Carolina,
Pitt County.
Superior Court.
Special Proceeding

P. A. Wayne, Adm'r of Sylvester Cox,
vs.
Lovely L. Wayne, Chas. B. Cox, Emma J. Cox, and Samuel Cox.
Petition to sell land to make assets

It appearing in this proceeding by affidavit to the satisfaction of the Court, that Chas. B. Cox, Emma J. Cox and Samuel Cox, three of the above named defendants, are non-residents of the State of North Carolina, and after due diligence cannot be found within the State; and it further, in like manner appearing that a cause of action exists in favor of the plaintiff and against the defendants herein, with respect to property situated in this State and county and that the said Chas. B. Cox, Emma J. Cox and Samuel Cox are necessary parties thereto:

It is therefore ordered that publication be made in THE EASTERN REFLECTOR, a newspaper published at Greenville, N. C., for six successive weeks, commanding the said defendants to appear in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pitt county, in the town of Greenville, N. C., on Wednesday, the 5th day of July, 1899, and answer or demur to the petition and complaint or judgment will begin against them for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Done at my office in Greenville, N. C., this 22nd day of May, 1899.

D. C. MOORE,
C. S. C.
Skinner & Whedbee,
Plaintiff's Att'ys.

NOTICE!

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed executed and delivered by K. T. Lewis and wife, Bettie Lewis to W. G. Webb on the 23rd day of February 1886, and duly recorded in the Register of Deeds office of Pitt county, North Carolina, in Book N 4, pages 43, 44 and 45, the undersigned will expose to public sale, before the Court House door in Greenville, for cash, to the highest bidder, Monday the 18th day of July, 1899, the following real property, to wit: Lying and being in the County of Pitt and in Farmville township, adjoining the lands of Jason Joyner, Cornelius Joyner and others, and known as the lot Bettie Lewis drew in the division of the lands of Luther Joyner, containing (39) thirty-nine acres more or less, to satisfy said Mortgage Deed.

This 7th day of June 1899.
W. G. WEBB, Mortgagee.
B. F. TYSON, Att'y.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of North Carolina, entitled "an act to provide a Dispensary for the town and township of Bethel, Pitt county, North Carolina," ratified the 8th day of March, 1899, and in pursuance of the laws governing elections, the Board of Commissioners of Pitt county do hereby give notice that there will be held on the first Thursday in August, 1899, at the polling place in Bethel township, Pitt county, an election upon the question of establishing a Dispensary in said township. Books of registration will be opened and closed, challenges will be heard and said election conducted in accordance with the laws of North Carolina.

All those who are in favor of a Dispensary shall vote a written or printed ticket with the words "For Dispensary," and those wishing to vote against Dispensary, shall vote a written or printed ticket with the words "Against Dispensary.

By order of the Board of Commissioners of Pitt County, made this 7th day of June, 1899.

T. R. MOORE, Clerk.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pitt county made in the case of Jacob McCotter, Administrator of John D. McCotter, against R. C. McCotter, Annie Rasberry and others, heirs at law, the undersigned Administrator will sell for cash before the Court House door in Greenville on Monday, the 7th day of August, 1899, the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Pitt and in Contentnea township and known in the division of the lands of Mary E. McCotter as Lot No. 8: Beginning at a stake on the Grifton Road 4th corner of Lot No. 7 and runs S2 W. 175 poles to a corner on the Creek, thence down said Creek to a point from which running a line N. 72, E. 150 poles to a Sassafras on the old Griffin hedgerow, thence with said hedgerow and Griffins Road 58 poles to the beginning, subject to an assessment of $25.00 due Lot No. 3, containing 42 acres, more or less. JACOB MCCOTTOR,
Adm'r.
F. G. James,
Attorney.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R AND BRANCHES AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED June 4. 1899.	No 23 Daily	No 35 Daily	No 103 Daily ex Sunday,	No 41 Daily	No 49 Daily
	A M	P M	P M	A M	P M
Leave Weldon	11 50	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mount	12 55	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mount	1 00	10 36	6 45	2 40	12
Leave Wilson	1 58	11 14	7 10	6 20	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55	11 57			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 10			
Ar Florence	7 25	4 15			
	P M	A M			
Ar Goldsboro		7 30			
Lv Goldsboro				7 01	3 21
Lv Magnolia				8 09	4 25
Ar Wilmington				9 45	5 30

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No 102 Daily ex. Sunday.	No 32 Daily	No 40 Daily	No 48 Daily
	A M		P M		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 35		11 31		
		A M		P M	A M
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 19
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 30
	P M		A M	P M	P M
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 43	11 31	10 38	1 16
Ar Rocky Mount	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Arrive Tarboro		7 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21				
Lv Rocky Mount	3 30		12 09		
Ar Weldon	4 42		1 00		

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3 35 p m, Halifax 4 15 p m, arrives Scotland Neck at 5 08 p m, Greenville 6 57 pm, Kinston 7 55 pm. Returning leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8 52 a m, arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m. daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8 10 a m and 2 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9 10 a m and 4 00 p m, returning leave Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrive Washington 11 00 a m and 7 30 p m, daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro daily except Sunday at 5 30 p m, Sunday 4 15 p m, arrives Plymouth 7 40 p m, 6 10 p m, returning, leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 7 50 a m. and Sunday 9 00 am, arrives Tarboro 10 05 am, 11 00 am.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7 05 a m, arriving Smithfield 8 10 a m, returning leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrives at Goldsboro 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9 30 a m, 3 40 p m, arrive Nashville 10 10 a m, 4 03 p m, Spring Hope 10 40 a m, 4 25 p m. Returning leave Spring Hope 11 00 a m 4 55 p m, Nashville 11 22 a m arrive at Rocky Mount 11 45 a m, 6 00 p m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 8 10 a m and 4 15 p m, returning leaves Clinton at 7 00 a m and 12 25 a m.

Train No 78 mades close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Pass. Agent
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager

OLD DOMINION LINE

RIVER SERVICE

Steamers leave Washington on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 A. M. for Greenville, water permitting, to Tarboro.

Returning leave Tarboro at 5 A. M., Greenville 9 A. M. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Sailing hours subject to change depending on stage of water.

Connecting at Washington with Steamers for Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, and for all points for the West with railroads at Norfolk.

Shippers should order freight by the Old Dominion S. S. Co. from New York; Clyde Line from Philadelphia; Bay Line from Baltimore; Merchants' and Miners' Line from Boston.

JNO. N. MYERS' SON, Agt.
Washington, N. C.
J. J. CHERRY, Agt.,
Greenville, N. C.

J. R. COREY,

—DEALER IN—

SADDLES HARNESS COLLARS.

—A GENERAL LINE OF—

HORSE MILLINERY.

Also a nice Line of Hardware.

I can now be found in the brick store formerly occupied by J. W. Brown.
COME TO SEE ME.
J. R. COREY.

H. W. WHICHARD

(Successor to W. R. Whichard.)

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Whichard, N. C.

The Stock complete in every department and prices as low as the lowest. Highest market prices paid for country produce.

All the News Twice a Week —FOR— $1 A YEAR.

THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

TWICE A WEEK Tuesday and Friday —AT— $1 A YEAR

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Owner   TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION.   TERMS: $1.00 per Year in Advance.

VOL. XVIII.   GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1899.   NO 51

Encourage the Farm Boy.

This writer was reared on the farm and he knows what a farmer's life is. Especially does he appreciate the lot of the farmer's boy and sympathize with him in his life and labors. His environments are not always what they should be, often not what they might be with little effort and expenditure.

There are hardships not a few and struggles necessarily in a life on the farm, and so the boy's lot should be made as easy as possible and he should be encouraged and rewarded beyond what is usually his portion. Teach him to love the farm rather than to despise it, learn him to know there is no vocation or profession more honorable and independent than that of the intelligent, successful farmer.

There are many ways in which this may be done—ways that readily suggest themselves to the thoughtful considerate parent. Along this line we commend the following from the Elizabeth City Fisherman and Farmer as worthy of acting upon:

The boy on the farm is not always to be envied. He is often obliged to work early and late, do the work of any other hand, and not receive any recompense whatever. This is plainly not right, and it is not surprising that so many leave the farm at the first opportunity in spite of father's or mother's entreaties.

The boy who is old enough to do more than the chores, is old enough to receive some remuneration in a money sense; is old enough to be allowed some independence of thought and action, and should have a chance.

If you conscientiously feel that you cannot pay him in money, give him an opportunity to earn something some other way.

Let him have a small plot of ground to work for himself outside of the work he does for you, or let him raise poultry, and not only let him do these things but encourage him to earn a little money, which will be his own, which will tend to show him the value of money, and will raise in him ambitions and love of work.

Encourage him and help him all you can. Do not grind him down to a mere existence of servitude. Remember that he has his rights, even if he is your son, you owe him a good chance even if you don't feel inclined to pay him. It is a debt which you owe him as a parent, and for which there will be an accounting.—Henderson Gold Leaf.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blothes, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming, woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at Jno. L. Wooten's Drug store.

The address of President Ragsdale was one of the finest addresses of its kind delivered in the history of the Assembly. It was full of healthy optimism, pointing out sixteen reasons for encouragement to those interested in the progress of education. It was delivered with fine effect and produced a marked impression. At its conclusion, Prof. Ragsdale was the recipient of warm congratulations from all sources. Nothing marred its excellence in matter or in delivery.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Cancer The Only Increasing Disease.

While medical scientists the world over have been following the debates of the Tuberculosis Congress at Berlin, a new society of notable import has been formed in Great Britain for the study and prevention of the disease of cancer. The increase of the mortality from carcinoma is so alarming that it is predicted that, unless something shall be done to check the disease, there will be more deaths from cancer in 1900 than from consumption, smallpox and typhoid fever combined. In Great Britain the ratio of mortality from cancer has risen from 385 to 787 deaths per million. In New York its death-rate has also doubled during the past decade. One expert declares in The Medical News that "there is every reason to infer that this increase will undoubtedly continue until its minute causes are positively determined." And he adds that "so far as we have been able to learn, cancer is now the only disease which is steadily upon the increase. This increase in cancer mortality is certainly not due to improvements in methods of diagnosis, but rather the reverse is the case, since many cases which were formerly diagnosed as cancer are now properly classified where they belong in other lists."

That cancer is the only disease which shows a progressive and steady increase by months and by years is a powerful argument in favor of extra endeavor on the part of the medical specialists to investigate its mysterious causes.—Philadelphia Record.

Hits the Nail Square.

Under the caption "standing together" the Charlottesville Progress hits the nail on the head when it says buying away from home "cripples the home merchant and prevents him from becoming a larger consumer of the labor and produce in which you are either directly or indirectly interested. It withdraws from local circulation money needed to pay the local mechanic or professional man and which would probably find its way back into your own pockets. It is a home dollar and multiplies itself by near by circulation, in which you are most interested."

It also states the truth when it says next to buying at home comes the importance of patronizing those merchants who advertise in the local papers. There are merchants who do not feel sufficient interest in the success of the home paper to advertise in it, and who, directly or indirectly, encourage the foreign newspaper and then wonders why so many people patronize foreign business concerns. When a merchant advertises he thereby dicates a desire for your trade, and shows his willingness to seek and hold it, and when he does not advertise a great many buyers think he is not particular about telling what he has for sale or going to much trouble for his customers.

State of OHIO, City of TOLEDO } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of Frank J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. FRANK J. CHENEY,
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NEW ARRIVALS.

WHITE P. K'S.

New Heavy Welts.

BEAUTIFUL

VALENCIENES

Mecklen LACE INSERTION

White Organdies French
White Organdies French
White Organdies French
White Organdies French

J. B. CHERRY & CO.

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES
The World's Best

BAKER & HART

—LEADERS IN—

Hardware.

Paints - Oils

BRUSHES

Building Hardware a Specialty.

OXFORD SEMINARY.

OXFORD, N. C.

Fiftieth Annual Session Opens August 30, 1899.

Facilities ncreased, Charges Reduced, Boarding Accommodations Enlarged.

Extraordinary advantages in Music, Art, Elocution. Stenography and Typewriting taught.

CHARGES FOR ANNUAL SESSION:

Board and full tuition in English with Latin and French	$125 00
Music	40.00

For illustrated Catalogue apply to F. P. HOBGOOD, Pres.

The Opportunity of the Southern Newspaper.

Not long ago, says The Columbia State, a newspaper correspondent sent out from Greenville a dispatch to The Atlanta Constitution telling of the success and prosperity of the cotton mills around that town. The figures were attractively presented and the article was well written. That dispatch has been reprinted and commented upon far and wide by all kinds of papers as an evidence of the condition of cotton manufacturing in the South and as an omen for future development. There is no telling what may be the results of that advertisement.

This recalls a similar incident. About six weeks ago, a paragraph was sent to The Manufacturers' Record, of Baltimore, from Charlotte, telling what Charlotte's condition was in 1880, and showing what has since been accomplished in the growth and prosperity of the city by the building of factories, and this single paragraph has given Charlotte more advertising than it had received from any other source. It was copied in all the leading papers of the country, and in many of them it was made the subject of editorial comment. Even yet the article turns up in an occasional exchange.

The Observer is in full accord with The State when it says that correspondents can learn something from these incidents, and so can editors. The State expresses the correct idea when it says that instead of devoting so much space and energy to accounts of crimes and descriptions of criminals, why not write up the resources, advantages and developments of your town, county or section? There can be no excuse for suppressing the truth about crimes which are deplorably frequent, but there is such a thing as overdoing the matter. The publication of the details of lynchings and murders does not seem to have a deterrent effect, though it doubtless sometimes aids the ends of justice. But there is one thing certain—a great deal of good is accomplished by the presentation of the agricultural and industrial advantages of our section and the consequent encouragement of investment.—Charlotte Observer.

Anti-Trust Laws of Texas.

Following is an epitome of the anti-trust laws of Texas, just enacted:

Every combination of capital or its equivalent for the restraint of trade, whether organized under the laws of Texas or any other State, doing business within the State, is deemed a trust or monopoly.

The giving away of any article or selling it for less than cost for the purpose of preventing free competition in manufacture or distribution is prohibited.

Refusal to buy or sell to any person because he is not a member of the combination is prohibited.

Violators of the act are subject to a loss of their charters or prohibited from doing business within the State and are subject to a fine of $200 to $5,000 for each offense. Each day's business is a separate offense.

Prosecutors are given one-fourth of the penalties. All court business may be set aside for the trial of a case under the act.

Purchasers of articles manufactured by violators of the law cannot be obliged to pay for them.

A hall has been erected in Cincinnati with a seating capacity of 14,530, and a stage for a chorus of 4,000, for the celebration of the golden jubilee of the North American Saengerbund, which begins June 28.

Woman.

Whether sister, friend, sweetheart, wife or mother, a woman is the noblest work of God. If she be high minded and pure-hearted, she stands near the sun. When, from any cause she falls, the descent is so swift, the distance so great, that restoration is well nigh impossible. Every man deserves to look upon his sister as a queen of all the virtue, his sweetheart as a paragon of purity, upon his wife as a spotless priestess of love, and upon his mother as an angel. They are what he lives for, and for them he would brave all dangers and gladly die. They are the pride of life, their smiles illuminate his rugged thorn-strewn path from the cradle to the grave. Their is the balm of Gilead to his bruised and bleeding heart when others forsake, disappointments are sore, and the world is dark. Cheered by a sister's affection, sustained by a wife's devotion, and upheld by a mother's deathless love, it is strange a man should fall by the wayside a victim of vice and lust. Knowing, and loving his own so well, it is almost incredible that he could lure to the hell of ruin the sister, daughter, wife or mother of other men. The fall of womanhood is a sad and awful commentary upon the depravity of man. Did all men but keep the golden rule, there would not be a wrecked home, a blasted life, a broken heart, or fallen woman in the wide world.—Durham Sun.

Strange Things Happen.

During the Confederate reunion at Charleston Miss Janie Meares, daughter of Captain Thomas D. Meares, of our city, visited the South Carolina city, and there lost a handsome and valuable pearl brooch, with a diamond setting. There were from 30,000 to 40,000 visitors in Charleston at that time, and as a matter of course Miss Meares never expected to hear of her brooch again. The old adage of "the unexpected always happens," comes up here, however, for, strange to relate, the young lady yesterday received her lost jewel.

Its recovery was brought about in a most singular manner. A young lady of Charleston is now visiting Wilmington, and Miss Meares mentioned to her that she had lost her brooch when she visited Charleston. The Charleston young lady said that a friend of hers picked up a jewel of the description, and it turned out that it was the one lost by Miss Meares. The jewel was returned to her, and she is happy over its recovery. It was picked up on the streets, and was lost while Miss Meares was getting on or off a street car.—Wilmington Messenger.

How it Was in New York.

The New York Mail and Express raises a howl because a movement is on foot in Georgia to substitute white for negro labor. The esteemed should read the story told by Gen. J. S. Carr, of the negro man who approached him in New York city soliciting alms because of inability to get work sufficient to keep himself from starving, and all because he was a negro.—Asheville Citizen.

An Austrian inventor has devised a scheme for making artificial cotton out of the shavings of the fir tree. The fibre of the wood is subjected to chemical treatment which makes it pliable enough to be spun into thread and woven. The inventor says he can make it very cheap, while the abundance of fir trees in that country will furnish an inexhaustible supply of material. But we will continue to grow cotton in the South all the same.

PLANT LIFE, to be vigorous and healthy, must have

Potash.

Phosphoric Acid and Nitrogen. These essential elements are to plants, what bread, meat and water are to man.

Crops flourish on soils well supplied with Potash.

Our pamphlets tell how to buy and apply fertilizers, and are free to all.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

The Best Sort of Advertising.

It is true that all the many methods of advertising now in vogue have some value. The use of posters, circulars and cards is not entirely unproductive of expected results; but for prompt, direct and profitable returns newspaper advertising is pre-eminently above all other mediums at the command of the busy and wide-awake tradesman. There are two features of a newspaper by which the advertiser may estimate the value of its advertising space—its circulation and its prestige. A newspaper which is extensively circulated and which exercises an influence upon its readers must, therefore, be the most desirable agency through which a merchant may exploit his wares.—Philadelphia Record.

Sharp Negro.

A colored man named, Joe Brown who lives near Warrenton, has been playing quite a smart trick on Mr. W. N. Ellis, the shuttle block saw mill man. He sold a small load of wood to Mr. Ellis nearly every day, so Mr. Ellis suspected something wrong and set a watch Friday night in his yard, which has a good deal of timber on it. He was caught in his trick of getting wood from the yard at night and then driving back in the morning and selling to Mr. Ellis the wood he had stolen. He is now in jail awaiting the criminal court.—Warrenton Record.

Better Known Than You Think.

In studying the map of the United States the other day we discovered a fact which was unknown to us and we venture to say, had never been thought of by many geographical students. The discovery is, that it is farther from the eastern limit of North Carolina to the western limit, than it is from the northern limit of North Carolina to the Dominion of Canada. If you don't believe this statement take your map and rule and go to measuring.—Burlington News.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Chas. B. Aycock. J. L. Fleming. L. I. Moore.*
Goldsboro.
AYCOCK, FLEMING & MOORE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Greenville, N. C.
*Prosecuting Attorney for State, has no interest in Criminal practice.

H. F. PRICE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Offices at Greenville and Goldsboro.
SURVEYS FOR DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE AND WATER POWER

Gilliam & Gilliam, Mills R. Eure,
Tarboro, N. C. Greenville, N. C.
GILLIAM & EURE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Greenville, N. C.

Dr. D. L. JAMES,
DENTIST,
Greenville, N. C.
Office over J. C. Cobb & Sons store

THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

GREENVILLE, N. C.

D. J. WHICHARD, Ed. & Owner.

Entered at the Post Office at Greenville, N. C., as Second-Class Mail Matter.

FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1899.

The lynching of the negro Lewis Patrick by a mob in Carteret county, one night last week, adds another disgraceful blot upon the history of our State. From what can be learned of the lynching there were only a few people connected with it, and the bulk of the citizens of that county condemn the affair as severely as do the people of the State generally. The perpetrators of this lynching are equally as guilty of murder as was the man who took the life of the merchant Weeks. Patrick seems to have been implicated in that crime, and the mob that took his life have not only steeped their hands as deep in crime but have also intercepted the law in taking its course in dealing with a criminal and prevented justice being done. Doubtless there were others beside Patrick connected with the murder of Weeks which would have developed in a full investigation before court, but this hasty action of the mob blots out the possibility of bringing them to justice. The lynching is greatly deplored.

When the Morganton bank collapsed the State had $6,000 deposited there for the use of the asylum at Morganton. Now an argument is on between the State Treasurer and the trustees of the asylum as to whether the State or the asylum should lose the money.

OVER THE COUNTRY.

An agreement has been signed for a prize fight between Jeffries and Sharkey for the championship of the world, to take place Oct 23rd.

The Comissioner of Agriculture of Georgia says the cotton acreage in that State has been reduced 15 per cent. The acreage in corn has been increased 24 per cent and in wheat the increase is 15 per cent.

National banks are now generally soliciting subscriptions to the Dewey home fund.

William H. Fisher shot his bride of six weeks at New Orleans and then killed himself.

Suit has been begun at St. Louis for an accounting of the proceeds of the sale of the Drummond Tobacco Company's plant to the Trust.

The body of Augustin Daly, who recently died at Paris, arrived at New York Saturday.

Members of the Chicago Board of Education are threatened with arrest for contempt of Court for not accepting employe certifications of the Civil Service Commission.

Five men were killed in the explosion of a powder mill at San Rafael, Cal.

Immense damage to crops was done by a storm at Lacrosse, Wis., and three churches were struck by lightning.

The building in which the National Saengerfest, at Cincinnati, O., is to be held was formally dedicated Sunday.

There is a corner in veal in the Chicago market, and the wholesale price of dressed calves has gone up from 15 to 25 per cent.

Mrs. Augusta Nack, who, with Martin Thorn, murdered William Guldensuppe in New York, is becoming blind in Sing Sing Prison.

For kissing 11-year old Florence Chaffee, of Watertown, N. Y., six times without her permission, Samuel Cohen, a Brooklyn soap agent, was fined $50.

Inquiries are being made as to the whereabouts of Herr Schmucker, German Consul at Shanghai, who left Vancouver 10 days ago for New York and has not since been heard from.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., June 19, '99

At last, War Department officials admit the truth as to the situation in the Philippines; that more fighting and lots of it is ahead of our troops; that the alleged Peace Commissioners of Aguinaldo, who were feted and entertained in Manila by our Civil Commissioners, pulled the wool over our men's eyes and not only got the time they wished to prepare for more fighting, but gathered valuable information as to the number and condition of American soldiers, which they have been able to put to good use in the aggressive fighting of Aguinaldo, during the past week. There is no more talk of volunteer surrender on the part of Aguinaldo. It is now admitted that he has got to be whipped into submission, and that it will not be an easy job, by any means, unless a much larger army than the thirty-five thousand men now being provided for is placed under the command of Gen. Otis.

There is a rumor afloat that Mr. John R. McLean, of Ohio, who also has a home in Washington, intends to establish a daily paper at the National Capital, which will support Col. Bryan for President and advocate free silver; also that Mr. McLean would like to run on the ticket with Col. Bryan.

It is not surprising that the administration should have quietly overlooked the break made by Prof. Haupt, a member of the present and of the last Canal Commission, in confirming the general impression that influences strong enough to thwart the almost unanimous wish of the people of this country, had been successfully used to prevent the building of the Nicaragua canal, and even to prevent the publishing of the report made by the last Commission, which is said to contain a seathing exposé of some of these influences. The subject is chock full of political dynamite, and the administration was afraid of it. Therefore, instead of calling Prof. Haupt down for his too truthful exposure of a National scandal and firing him from the new Commission, the administration got him to write a letter saying he had been misquoted by the newspaper that printed the exposure, and was glad to let it go at that. The new Commission met last week, authorized the appointment of Committees, and adjourned to meet again, in Washington, July 6th.

There isn't the slightest doubt about the position of Representative Lentz, of Ohio, on national issues. He said of the National outlook. "The only thing that can keep Mr. Bryan from being President of the United States, is for the Hanna democrats and the Hanna republicans to prevent his nomination. They are now scheming to bring about that consumation, but they will hardly succeed. I am for Bryan in 1900, and a repetition of the Chicago platform, with some additions. I favor the election of United States Senators by direct vote, and also hope to see the initiative and referendum mode a part of our governmental system."

A prominent Ohio republican has been telling party tales out of school. He said of the fight on Senator Foraker, by H. H. Kohlsaat, editor of the Chicago Times-Herald, which has caused so much talk because of the close personal relations known to exist between Mr. McKinley and Mr. Kohlsaat; "I have absolute personal knowledge that the assaults made upon Foraker, in the Chicago Times-Herald are the result of an understanding between its editor and Senator Hanna. The latter said at the Columbus convention, after Foraker had declared against the Hanna Machine, that he proposed to get even with him, and would resort to any means that might be necessary to down him. Foraker's term in the Senate will expire in 1903, and Hanna intends to prevent his re-election. I am thoroughly convinced that Mr. McKinley is familiar with every move made by Kohlsaat out of funds of the Republican National Committee for making war on Foraker, but those who know Kohlsaat best say that he seldom does anything without being in some way rewarded for it. Hanna has bought Boss Cox, and if he will stay bought, there will be serious trouble for Foraker in the Cincinnati end of the state."

One of the most valuable witnesses who has testified before the Industrial Commission, since it tackled the trusts, was Mr. P. K. Dowe, President of the Commercial Traveler's National League. He presented some startling figures. He said the formation of trusts would throw 35,000 drummers out of work and reduce the pay of 25,000 who would keep their jobs, which would mean a loss to the men in salaries of $60,000,000; a loss to the railroads of the country of $21,000,000, and to the hotels of $28,000,000. Mr. Dowe gave details of the number of men knocked out of places by recently formed trusts, and read a list showing the absurdity of the claim that the general tendency of trusts was to lower prices. This list, which was obtained from drummers recently in the trades named, showed the following increases in price directly traceable to trust control: Iron Pipe, 100 per cent, Tin and Enameled Ware, 33 per cent, Brass Goods 60 per cent, Chairs 30 per cent, Rubber 14 per cent, Tin Plate 30 per cent, News Paper ½ to ¾ cent a pound, Book paper 5 to 10 per cent, Common Soap 25 to 50 cents a box, Flint Glass Bottles 10 per cent, Clocks 66 per cent, Metal Goods 25 per cent, Brushes 12½ per cent, Combs 7½ per cent and Ribbons 10 per cent. In the few cases in which trusts have reduced prices, it has been done, not to benefit the consumer, but to drive out competition.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle

Opportunity not Lacking.

Merchants in small towns are constantly complaining of a lack of opportunity, says Profitable Advertising, yet it is just such localities that the greatest opportunities in the world to make hits are found. Take a town of 5,000 inhabitants, where a little daily newspaper regularly serves the population with the latest news, and then suppose some enterprising grocer, dry goods dealer, clothier or other business man should suddenly commence to advertise in metropolitan style—why, it would create a mild sensation. His store would be visited by hundreds who never before had patronized him.—Press and Printer.

State Guard Squabble.

So bitter have become the quarrels between the old and new companies at some places that it is now beginning to look as if the entire State Guard will be disbanded and reorganized. The feeling at Waynesville, Asheville, Raleigh and Charlotte is very strong. One day this week the Adjutant General received no less than ten letters from Waynesville taking sides in the controversy and advising that one or the other of the companies be ignored and the other recognized. All hope of adjusting these differences has been abandoned.

Some course of action in the matter will be decided upon by the Adjutant General this week.—News and Observer.

WINTERVILLE DEPARTMENT.

NEWSY HAPPENINGS AND BUSINESS NOTES.

WINTERVILLE, June 21, '99

J. H. Bunn is back home again.

Corn and meal for sale by A. G. Cox Mfg. Co.

Mrs. J. W. Harper who has been quite sick is improving some now.

Jesse Sugg and Bruce Sugg were in town yesterday.

W. S. Swindell, of the Parmele Lumber Co., was here with his little daughter yesterday.

Sorry to say that Mrs. W. L. House and Mrs. W. B. Nobles are quite sick this week.

R. L. Jones returned last night from a several days trip in his old home section.

Winterville Brick Co. thinks to burn a kiln of 250 thousand brick next week.

A Great Saver:—The sprayer for applying Paris green to tobacco, sold by B. F. Manning & Co.

Sam Hurst one of the firm of Hurst, Son & Co. of this place, left last week for Newport News.

G. W. Parker keeps making improvements on his ornamental fencing, trying to get it cheaper and better.

The cigar boys are hard at work and laying up a large stock, which will be nice and seasoned for the fall trade.

Work has begun on our streets now in a regular systematic manner, and we soon hope to see a great change for the better.

C. F. Chapman, of near Vanceboro, was here yesterday bringing more orders for flues. He is doing a fine business and will sell near 100 sets.

We are putting up a nice building for our canning business, and don't forget to save us whatever fruit you may have suitable for canning purposes.

POINTS OF WISDOM.

Oh, my brother, God exists.—Emerson.

Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on Thee.—The Bible.

To realize the real, a man must do his work well, whatever it may be. And how can he do this? By putting honesty into it, courtesy and justice with those whom he employs, and generosity and human kindness.—Christian Advocate.

True contentment depends not on what we have. A tub was enough for Diogenes, but a world too little for Alexander.—Colton.

No one has a right to frown.—Selected.

Not what other people think, but what I must do is all that concerns me.—Emerson.

The consciousness of power comes from conquering obstacles. Hindrances are after all, our opportunities. God must regard our struggle. And that he has a purpose in it all we are forced to believe from the way he treats us and gives us all, at some time, a battle to fight.—Roderick Stebbins.

If any one should take this brooding over himself for self-knowledge, he would be very much mistaken. He is simply making discouragements for himself by looking for them, and so conjuring them up. Self-knowledge is not to be found in our own darkness, but in God's light.—Ullathorne.

If at the last judgment God should accuse me of being too stern and pitiless, I should have nothing to answer Him; but if He should charge me with too great leniency and pity, I can always say, "I have learnt mercy of Him whose mercies are infinite."—Bernard of Asti.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Love and the toothache are sworn enemies.

People who are intoxicated with music must be air-tight.

The wise man knows enough to conceal what he doesn't know.

Love is blind, especially the kind that attacks the egotist.

Unpaid bills are sometimes the source of a poet's best efforts.

A woman has to be a lightning thinker if she thinks before she speaks.

STATE NEWS.

Happenings in North Carolina.

Union county had a cotton bloom on the 14th.

A Raleigh marketman has been arrested for making sausage out of spoiled beef.

Mrs. Winnie S. Tull, of near Kinston, died Saturday evening of a stroke of paralysis.

The Kinston Free Press is soon to issue an industrial edition of 5,000 copies.

A Forsyth county farmer was bitten on the finger by a puppy. A few days later the man was taken with lock jaw and died.

A man 89 years of age Thursday filed the papers at Raleigh in a suit for divorce. He is a veteran of the Mexican war and of the civil war.

A brother of Ensign Worth Bagley failed to pass the examination for admission to the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

Misses Nancy and Eliza Wright, two maiden sisters who lived with a batchelor brother in Mecklenburg county, died last week in a few hours of each other. One of them was 68 years of age and the other 71.

The Benbow House at Greensboro was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon. The loss was about $100,000 without a cent insurance. The Benbow was one of the best hotels in the State. It will be rebuilt at once.

J. P. Marshall, of Asheville, thought to take a dose of paregoric, but through mistake took carbolic acid instead. He instantly discovered his mistake and tried to reach a physician, but fell on the way and died in a few minutes.

The Observer says that since January first 2,700 carloads of lumber were received in Charlotte, and in the meantime work had to temporarily suspend for lack of material on 100 buildings that were going up. This looks like Charlotte is doing some growing.

About 2 o'clock on Monday morning a freight train of the Southern railroad stopped at the station at Newton to get water and discovered the depot on fire. The fire had gained such headway that it could not be checked, and the depot with all contents was soon destroyed.

On Friday the Teachers' Assembly at Morehead elected the following officers for the next year: President, D. Matt Thompson, of Statesville; first Vice-President, J. Allen Holt, of Oak Ridge; other Vice-Presidents, F. P. Hobgood, J. H. Joyner, Miss Mary Arrington, T. P. Harrison, J. R. Bridgers, J. C. Horner, W. D. Weeks, J. B. Carlyle.

The Jewish Pupils Always Go Head.

A phase of the Semitic question now under discussion by our correspondents appears in the list of the 833 pupils of the public schools who passed successfully the examination for admission to the young men's Free College of this city. The great majority of the names are Jewish, and very much the same result appears in the examinations of girls for admission to the Normal College.

The Jewish children generally are the best pupils in the public schools. Even where they have come here with a foreign speech from the most wretched social condition they learn English speedily in order to get advantages of the free schools, and, once there, it is not long before they are among the brightest of the pupils, and their diligence is great. Accordingly when candidates go out from the grammar schools, seeking admission to the free colleges, Jewish pupils are now always in the majority. In Columbia College, also the Jewish students form a large part of the whole number.

The race is determined to get ahead and it spares no effort, no sacrifice, to accomplish its purpose.—New York Sun.

The almighty dollar resembles some men; it talks without saying anything.—Atlanta Constitution.

It has perhaps escaped the notice of the general public that in a recent interview with President McKinley, Senator Stewart, of Nevada, who is said to have had close communication with the best sources of information in the Philippines, declared that he was satisfied that General Otis, in the Philippines, had been as brutal as Weyler in Cuba. This is the most terrible arraignment of the conduct of the war that has proceeded from any source, Democratic or Republican. We have access to no information that would warrant an endorsement of so grave a charge, but it is certain that General Otis' conduct of the war has been a national disappointment. To whatever cause this may be due, the fact exists.—Charlotte Observer.

The latest idea in the interest of public health is the disinfection of telephones. From microscopic examinations of transmitters and receivers in Boston it has been found that infectious diseases, particularly tuberculosis and diphtheria can be communicated to those who use the instruments and it is recommended that some kind of a disinfectant be used to wash the telephones occasionally. In New York an effort is being made to have the cleansing and disinfection of telephones made obligatory.

We see from the Washington Post, that Mr. Surry Parker, of Pinetown, N. C., and Miss Mary Shepherd Odom, a member of the faculty, of Suffolk College, Suffolk, Va., were quietly married at 4 o'clock P. M., June 14, 1899. Mr. Parker is engaged in the lumber industry and is well and favorably known all over Eastern Carolina.

Mathew Pratt and Joseph Rains, two farmers near Palaski, Va., quarrelled over a sheep. Both had pistols, both used their weapons, and both are dead.

TO-DAY'S MARKETS.

NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES.

	Opn'g.	High	Low	Close.
August	579	579	561	567
October	579	579	565	571
Receipts 5,000				

LIVERPOOL.

May and June.

Opening.	Close.	Tone.
320	319	barely stead

CHICAGO.

	Opn'g.	High	Low	Close.
Wheat.				
July	75	75	74	74½

STOCKS.

	Opening.	High	Low	Close.
C. B. & Q.	131½	131¼	131	131
B. R. T.	117½	118	116½	116½
Manhattan	113	113½	112	112¼
C. & G. W.	13¼	13½	13¼	13¼

98.

The above figures tell a remarkable story; they represent almost exactly the per centage of cures made by

RHEUMACIDE

the wonderful new constitutional cure for RHEUMATISM. The other two per cent. were not curable, or failed to take medicine according to directions. Thousands have been cured. In view of the fact that many physicians think that rheumatism is incurable, and that most remedies fail, it must be true that RHEUMACIDE is the greatest medical discovery of the age. Particulars and testimonials of many well known people sent free to all applicants.

Manufactured by THE BOBBITT DRUG CO., Raleigh, N. C.

Sold by druggists, generally. Price $1 r bottle.

Sold at Wooten's Drug Store.

The Monarch of Strength is

(ABSOLUTELY PURE.)

LION COFFEE.

Its strength comes from its purity. It is all pure coffee, freshly roasted, and is sold only in one-pound sealed packages. Each package will make 40 cups. The package is sealed at the Mills so that the aroma is never weakened. It has a delicious flavor. Incomparable strength. It is a luxury within the reach of all.

Premium List in every package.
Cut out your Lion's Head and get valuable premiums free.

If your Grocer does not have Lion Coffee in his store, send us his name and address that we may place it on sale there. Do not accept any substitute.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

W. H. WHITE, W. T. FLEMING,

WHITE & FLEMING

We have just opened in the Phœnix building with an entirely new and complete stock of—

General Merchandise

We Carry

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Crockery, Farm Implements, Meat, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Lard, Tobacco, etc., in fact every STAPLE ARTICLE carried in a general stock.

We Also Sell

HAY, OATS, CORN, COTTON SEED HULLS AND MEAL AND GUANO.

Our prices on everything will be found as low as a good article can be sold at. You are cordially invited to visit our store.

Highest prices paid for all kind of country produce.

WHITE & FLEMING,
GREENVILLE, N. C.

After two years Premiums have been paid

—IN THE—

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO.

of Newark, N. J.

Your Policy is:

1. Non-forfeitable,
2. Has Cash Value,
3. Loan Value,
4. Paid-up Insurance,
5. Extended Insurance that works automatically,
6. Will be re-instated within three years after lapse if you are in good health.

After Second Year

7. No Restrictions,
8. Incontestable.

Dividends are payable at the beginning of the second and of each succeeding year, provided the premium for the current year be paid. They may be used

1. To reduce Premiums, or
2. To Increase the Insurance, or
3. To Make Policy Payable as an Endowment during the Lifetime of Insured.

J. L. SUGG, Agt,
GREENVILLE, N. C.

Great Reduction

—ON—

Our Spring Line

—OF—

LAWNS-PIQUES-DUCKS

LINENS, WHITE GOODS, &c.

Come to see them.

R. B. JARVIS & BRO

The Four Greatest.

Boys Knee Pants. 10 Cts Pair.

Mens all-wool Suits. $2.50 up.

Silk Bosom Shirts. 50 cts Piece.

Boys 2-piece Suits. 65c Suit.

FRANK WILSON,

The King Clothier

THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

LOCAL REFLECTIONS.

First of the season, Fruit Jars, at S. M. Schultz.

Elder B. H. Hearne will preach at Spring Branch church Sunday.

The rains last week have caused a considerable freshet in the river.

Some men's incomes are limited only to the amount that they can borrow.

Work has commenced on Mr. C. T. Munford's store on west side of Evans street.

The cold wave has broken and today gave us some weather a little warmer than for the last few days.

There isn't so much difference between an air brake and an heir broke—both things call a halt on fast traveling.

A ride through the country shows that the farmers are well up with work. Crops are very clean and growing rapidly.

In the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon Rev. J. B. Morton held a very interesting service for children. There was a large attendance.

THE REFLECTOR office has just printed a supply of the short form chattel mortgage and crop lien blanks as provided for by the last Legislature.

When all the stores along the recent burned district are completed there are few towns that can show a prettier business street than Greenville. Some of the new buildings will be very handsome.

Rheumacide is a thorough, permanent, constitutional cure for rheumatism. The acids in the blood which cause the disease are thoroughly eradicated. Is also the best blood purifier, laxative and tonic.

The University.

The growth and expansion of the University should be a matter of pride to every North Carolinian. In efficiency, patronage and public favor it is now second to none in the South. Its requirements are exact, its standard rigid, its tone of life high and manly. Its academic roll is the largest in the South, and in all its history it has never been so close to the people, and so able to serve them. Ambitious and needy boys should remember its motto is equality, opportunity and self-help.

Both Lose Their Mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Pollard, of this town, have just sustained a double bereavement. Mrs. Allen Hardee, mother of Mrs. Pollard, died Saturday night at her home in Contentnea township, and Mrs. Fannie Pollard, mother of Mr. Pollard, died Sunday night at her home in Farmville.

Don't Do This

Don't take internal medicines before the little one comes. They endanger the health of both mother and babe.

MOTHER'S FRIEND, the good and long-tried external liniment, will relieve the early distress and the later pains better than anything else in the world. Its good effects are most marked not only before childbirth, but during the ordeal itself and afterward. Distress is overcome by it—pains lessened—labor shortened—and subsequent dangers avoided.

Sold by Druggists for $1 a bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MAYOR'S COURT.

Busy Session This Morning.

Mayor Ola Forbes had quite a busy term of his court Tuesday morning with several cases to dispose of.

Bill Hanrahan and John Daniel were up charged with a disturbance. Daniel appeared not guilty and was promptly dismissed. Hanrahan did not get off so lightly, his mouth getting him into trouble. He used too much profane language at the Mayor and was given a fine of $25 and a sentence of 30 days in jail for contempt. He has been committed and given time to meditate upon his conduct.

W. G. Morse, a traveling salesman, was arraigned for cursing and kicking one of the hack drivers. It seems that the driver, not knowing the drummer's name, had addressed him as "Cap'n" in asking for his fare. The drummer took offense at this. The Mayor gave him an opportunity of contributing $7.25 for the use of the town.

Bart Thomas, for using profane language on the streets, was assessed $5 and costs as a warning not to do so any more.

Jim Burbanks was up for fighting, and as his manner before the court was very insolent he was given a fine of $25 and 30 days in prison.

Will Randolph and Rhoda Cotten were up for an affray. Will had used a beer bottle on Rhoda's head, and the woman retaliated by jabbing him in the eye with a knife. Both were bound over to Superior court.

J. L. Starkey & Bro. were called for selling after midnight Saturday night, but there was nothing against them and the case was promptly dismissed.

S. J. Nobles, barber, was up for being at work in his shop after midnight Saturday night and was fined a penny and costs.

Six in a Lump.

There must be something very slack about the mail service between Washington and Greenville. For sometime we have noticed that the Washington papers reach here very irregularly, coming two or three at once and often not getting here at all. On Monday evening we received six copies of the Washington Messenger at one time, all of them different dates and every one of them plainly addressed.

Slander Case.

Tuesday afternoon Justice of the Peace W. H. Long had a slander case to hear, the parties to the trial all being white. Mrs. Ed. Tyson brought the action against Mrs. Frank Briley for circulating reports against her character. After hearing the testimony Justice Long bound Mrs. Briley over to court.

A. O. of A.

Egyptian Council, Ancient order of Amoreans, held its annual election of officers on Thursday, June 15th, and the following were elected:

W. C.—J. Z. Gardner.
V. C.—D. C. Moore.
J. C.—F. C. Harding.
Chaplain—J. T. Matthews.
Sec. & Treas.—D. S. Smath.

THE PEOPLE.

These Are Some of Them.

MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1899.

C. T. Munford and wife returned today from Beaufort.

Rev. J. B. Morton returned to Tarboro this morning.

Miss Annie Perkins returned today from Morehead.

Little Miss Mattie Moye King returned this morning from a visit to Kinston.

T. B. Cherry and wife left this morning for Fayetteville to visit his sister, Mrs. White.

H. P. Strause left this morning for Fayetteville to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias.

Prof. W. H. Ragsdale, Rev. A. W. Setzer, H. W. Holcombe, J. J. Mason, W. S. Galloway, Andrew Moore and Hugh Sheppard returned today from the Teachers' Assembly at Morehead.

Mrs. E. B. Lassiter and daughter, Miss Euzelia, and Miss Ella Harrell, who have been visiting Mrs. J. N. Hart, left this morning for their home in Potecasi.

Robt. Tunstall and Miss Minnie Tunstall left yesterday morning for Ormondsville where Miss Minnie will visit friends and relatives for a few days. Robert returned this morning.

TUESDAY, JUNE 20, 1899.

Mrs. L. C. King, of Norfolk, came in Monday evening.

H. Harding and H. B. Harris went to Raoaoke Rapids today.

Mrs. J. J. Cherry, Jr., left this morning to visit relatives in Petersburg.

W. H. Grimes has moved to South Greenville in the building formerly occupied by M. H. Quinerly.

W. A. Bright and wife left this morning for Baltimore. Mrs. Bright goes for treatment in a hospital.

Frank Nobles, of Nash county, who has been spending a few days in this section, returned home today.

Mrs. Annie Coffield, of Hamilton, arrived Monday evening to visit her daughter, Mrs. W. R. Smith.

H. W. Whedbee left this morning for Fayetteville to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias

Prof. F. P. Hobgood, of Oxford Female Seminary, arrived here this morning and is the guest of J. G. Bowling in South Greenville.

Miss Mary Hadley, of Wilson and Miss Julia Castex, of Goldsboro, arrived Monday evening to be bride's maids at the Fleming-White marriage tomorrow morning.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21, 1899

J. R. Moye and family went to Seven Springs Tuesday.

Rev. A. W. Setzer went to Scotland Neck this morning.

Mrs. Floyd Berry, of Washington, is visiting Mrs. W. H. Ricks.

W. D. Grimes and N. S. Fulford, of Washington, were here today.

Rev. A. D. Betts, of Ayden, spent Tuesday night here with Wiley Brown.

Misses Fan Skinner, Eva Pailin and Pat Skinner returned from Tarboro Tuesday evening.

Mrs. D. S. Smith and little daughter are spending this week with her father in Grimesland.

Not many days left in which to list taxes, but the list takers say a large number of people have yet failed to give in.

Miss Ida Dameron, of Baltimore, who spent a past season in Greenville, arrived this morning to visit Miss Lena Matthews.

Notice–Confederate Veterans.

The Confederate Veteran Association, of Washington, N. C., will have a reunion on June 29, next, at 12 M. in the town of Washington, N. C. The object being the reception of the regimental flag of the 40th N. C. Regiment lost at the battle of Bentonsville, March 20, 1865. The flag was captured by G. H. Swayze, of Michigan, and he will in person return the flag to us at that time. All Veterans, especially those belonging to the 40th N. C. Regiment, are earnestly requested to be present on that occasion.

By order of Committee of Arrangements. JNO. R. ROSS, Chairman.

FLEMING–WHITE.

Beautiful Morning Marriage in Church.

"Such a beautiful marriage." "Prettiest I ever saw." These and kindred expressions were heard falling from the lips of people as they were departing from the Memorial Baptist church this morning, where they had assembled to witness the ceremony that made Mr. James L. Fleming and Miss Loula White man and wife. It was indeed a most beautiful and impressive marriage.

The interior of the magnificent auditorium had been made all the more attractive by the exquisite decorations. The aisles, rostrum and organ gallery were covered in pure white. Over head and around the sides of the alcove were festoons of evergreen with a superb wedding bell suspended from the centre. Around the organ and on the sides of the rostrum were pyramids of greenhouse plants alternating with candelabras and girandoles. The windows of the church were darkened, the chandeliers and many burning tapers filling the edifice with a flood of mellow light. An arched gateway closed each aisle at the end nearest the rostrum.

The audience was large and had been carefully seated by the ushers, Prof. W. H. Ragsdale, Dr. W. H. Bagwell, J. C. Gary and T. M. Hooker.

Promptly at 8 o'clock the bridal party reached the church and were preceded by the pages, Richard White and Bennie Higgs, who unrolled the carpet through the aisles.

Mrs. Ollen E. Warren presided at the organ and charmingly rendered the wedding march as the party entered, and "Oh, Promise Me," during the ceremony, closing with an exquisite march as they passed out.

First came the gate attendants, little Misses Ethel Skinner and Mattie Moye King, who swung the portals for the others to pass through. Then came the flower girls, Misses Hennie Ragsdale and Mary Higgs. The bride's maids entered singly up each aisle followed by the groom's men. In couples they were:

Miss Ada Wooten with B. F. Tyson.

Miss Mary Hadley, of Wilson, with Dr. R. L. Carr.

Miss Bessie Jarvis with W. F. Harding.

Miss Lizzie Jones with C. S. Carr.

Miss Julia Castex, of Goldsboro, with Dr. Josh Tayloe, of Washington.

Miss Blanche Flanagan with C. F. White.

Miss Lillian Cherry with Frank Wilson.

Miss Sallie Lipscomb with H. W. Holcombe.

Miss Bettie Tyson with C. S. Forbes.

Miss Rosa Hooker with J. W. Wiggins, of Tarboro.

The bride who came leaning upon the arm of her father, Capt. C. A. White, was immediately preceded by the maid of honor, Miss Rosalind Rountree, and as they advanced up the aisle the groom with his best man and brother, Major I. Fleming, entered through the rear door and met them at the altar.

The ceremony, beautifully worded and impressive, was performed by Rev. A. W. Setzer, pastor of the Memorial church.

As the party left the church the bell rang out merrily on the balmy morning air.

The couple left on the morning train for a bridal tour to Blowing Rock, Asheville and Hot Springs, and after their stay in these mountain resorts will go to Morehead for some days and return to Greenville about the middle of July. Upon their return a public reception will be held at Hotel Macon.

A rehearsal tea was given to the bridal party Tuesday evening at the home of the bride's parents on Dickinson avenue. The bride and groom received many valuable presents in testimony of the high esteem in which they are held. One of the presents to the bride was a large solid silver ladle, elegantly carved, given by the members of the Baptist church in appreciation of her having so faithfully served as organist since she was but a mere girl. The bride has always been a favorite with Greenville people, and her host of friends were truly gratified at her appearance as she stood at the altar and to see her wedded life begin amid such beautiful surroundings.—Daily Reflector, 21st.

Marriageable Ages.

In Germany a man must be at least 18 years of age before he can marry.

In Portugal a boy of 14 is considered marriageable and a woman at 12.

In Greece the man must have seen at least fourteen summers and the woman twelve.

In France he must be 18 and the woman 16. In Belgium the same ages.

In Spain the intended husband must have passed his fourteenth year and the woman her twelfth.

In Switzerland men from the age of 14 and women from the age of 12 are allowed to marry.

In Austria a "man" and a "woman" are supposed to be capable of conducting a home of their own from the age of 14.

In Turkey any youth and maiden who can walk properly and can understand the necessary religious service are allowed to marry.

In Hungary the man must be 18 years and the woman 15.

In Russia and Saxony they are a little more sensible, and a youth must refrain from entering into matrimony till he can count 18 years and a woman till she can count 16.

Constable Bryan Dead.

Constable Elisha Bryan, of Bethel, who, on the first Saturday night in May was murderously assaulted by four colored men, in which he was seriously cut and his skull broken, died Tuesday night from his injuries. While the Constable's condition has been serious all the time since he was attacked, there was once such improvement as to give hopes of his ultimate recovery, but a few days ago he relapsed and grew worse until he died. Coroner C. O'H. Laughinghouse went over to hold an inquest. Three of Mr. Bryan's assailants were captured and are in jail, but one of them is still at large.

Married.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of Mr. Jerry Weathington, in Winterville, Miss Mary Jane Weathington and Mr. James Fulford, of Farmville, were married by Rev. C. L. Little.

At 9 o'clock this morning at the home of Mr. Fernando Ward, seven miles from Greenville, Miss Jennie Ward and Mr. J. J. Satterthwaite were married by Rev. J. F. Coss. The couple left on the morning train for Washington City.—Daily Reflector, 21st.

Burbanks Conquered.

Jim Barbanks, colored, who was in chains on the street Tuesday under sentence for contempt to the Mayor's court, has his liberty today. This morning Jim made a full apology to Mayor Forbes and expressed penitence for his conduct. The apology was satisfactory to the Mayor and he agreed to divide the sentence against Jim, let him serve either the 30 days in jail or pay the $25 fine. Jim agreed to take the fine rather than imprisonment, and this being provided for he was discharged from custody.—Daily Reflector, 21st.

We Need All These.

If public spirit in Greenville would join in the race and keep pace with private enterprise there would be some permanent improvements that the town would be proud of. Electric lights, water works and better streets all ought to be close followers to the many building improvements. And it should not be overlooked that factories and a modern hotel are among the town's greatest needs.

Changing the Wires.

Manager W. S. Atkins is having new and larger telephone poles placed along Evans street near the business houses. While the wires are being changed to these new poles during the next few days they will be more or less crossed and mixed up, which will interfere with communication to some extent. He requests subscribers to be patient for a few days and the wires will all be straight and in good working order again.

The deaths in Havana from June 1 to June 15 were 318. During the corresponding time last year the number of deaths was 2160. This decrease in the death rate is the one overtopping advantage resulting from Yankee administration.

This Chance WILL NOT LAST ALWAY.

My trade last week was very satisfactory and I still have a goodly number of those choice bargrins left.

WHEN I GET IN MY NEW STORE YOU WILL WISH YOU HAD BOUGHT THEM

Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Notions Furnishings, &c.,

which I am determined to sell at any price. Come and see me in the store next to Miss Alice Carson's Millinery store.

H. C. HOOKER.

Dont Forget

—TO COME AND SEE ME FOR YOUR—

SUMMER :-: DRY :-: GOODS

(AND)

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

JAMES B. WHITE.

MUNFORD'S GREAT FIRE SALE

Continues with unabated interest. Everything going at cost

C. T. MUNFORD.

7 SPRINGS

The finest of all mineral waters. A positive cure for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration and all Kidney and Liver Troubles. Its general restorative properties are wonderful. Each Spring has its peculiarities. All seven are marvelous.

Reduced Rates on Rail Roads.

Hacks to meet every Train.

TELEPHONE LINE FROM LAGRANGE TO SEVEN SPRINGS,

Waterworks in hotel. Hot or cold water baths free to guests.

For terms address

G. F. SMITH PROPRIETOR.

Tobacco Flues!

Some of the less experienced Tobacco Flue makers employ such cheap workmen and make their Flues so ill fitting that they have to put loops on them so so you can tie them together with wire in the barn. We have fifteen years experience in Tobacco Flue making and ours don't have to be tied together in the barn; but, of course, we put loops on them if you want them. You will find us at Parham's

Tobacco - Factory

where we are busy making Flues and Tin Roofing.

Bicycles, Guns & Pistols Repaired at our old stand on Main street.

S. E. PENDER & CO.

YOU MAY NEVER BUT SHOULD NOU EVER—

Want Job Printing

Give us a call.

Reflector Job Printing Office.

—ANYTHING FROM A—

Visiting Card

—TO A—

Full Sheet Poster.

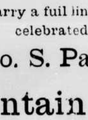
Parker Fountain Pen.

We carry a full line of the celebrated

Geo. S. Parker

Fountain Pen

It is a big hit in fountain pen making, and is distinctive Parker feature. Not only does it feed the ink perfectly, but prevents soiled fingers



The Daily Reflector

Gives the home news every afternoon at the small price of 25 cents a month. Are you a subscriber? If not, you ought to be.

The Eastern Reflector

TWICE-A-WEEK

Is only $1 a year and contains the news every week, and gives information to the farmers, especially those growing tobacco, that is worth many times more than the subscription price.

The San Jose Scale.

Mr. G. S. Boren, the secretary and treasurer of the J. Van Lindley Nursery Company, of Pomona, called on me today to correct the numerous misstatements in the press about the San Jose Scale, which has recently made its appearance in many orchards in North Carolina. In the first place, Mr. Boren said that the nursery here is entirely unaffected by the scale, though the insect had ruined $25,000 orchard for the Van Lindley Company at Southern Pines.

"As is generally known," said Mr. Boren, "the first appearance of the scale in the United States was in California, about 25 years ago, but it was spread in this State and other Southern States by William Parry, a nurseryman in New Jersey. In North Carolina it first appeared in the orchard of Mr. Whipple, of Southern Pines. There is none of the scale in Guilford county, but we have received letters from all over the State asking for a formula for its destruction.

"In an orchard the scale will be first on peach trees, if any are there, though it may attack all kinds of fruit or other trees. A great many people have sent us cricketts' eggs, thinking they were the San Jose scale, but a crickett's eggs are half as large as a grain of wheat, whereas the scale is a minute gray speck, resembling ashes; and the fact that it is an insect can only be determined by microscopic inspection. It multiplies very rapidly, and will kill any tree inside of a year. No tree is good for fruiting after the scale makes its appearance, and it will take diligent work to save it. When it is found that a tree has lost all vitality from the insect it should be cut down at once.

"The most usual way of carrying the scale from one place to another is by birds. It is somewhat gummy, and sticks to the feet of the birds. As soon as the scale is seen in an orchard it is imperative to act at once, and the following formula, which was adopted by the committee for the control of crop pests, appointed in 1895, makes the best spray that I know of: Dissolve in two quarts of water one quart of soft soap, or one-quarter pound of hard soap, by heating to the boiling point. Then add one pint of kerosene oil and stir violently for from three to five minutes. This may be done by using a common force pump and putting the end of the hose back into the mixture again. This mixes the oil permanently, so that it will never separate and may be diluted easily at pleasure. This mixture should be diluted to twice its bulk with water, or about fourteen times as much as water as kerosene. The kerosene emulsion is successful in destroying cattle lice and sheep ticks, as well as all varities of plant lice, scale, etc."—Greensboro Record.

The Right Sort of Advertising.

The immense and relentless competition in sales in the mercantile world has aroused a corresponding competition in the methods of advertising. As a result advertisers are making it a point to endeavor to be extremely original; but this is a mistaken and profitless striving. There is no endless power of originality in the mind of man. A uniformity of thought and action dominates mankind, who are in reality imitators; their doings are merely repetitions of what has been done before. So the persistent advertiser who is eager for satisfactory results will gain them soonest by giving solid, cheery and instructive information to his patrons through the medium of a newspaper which the public reads, and in which it has the utmost confidence.

Lightning seems to be unusually destructive this summer. In nearly every paper is published one or more instances of its fatal work. Persons are suddenly killed—literally in the twinkling of an eye—and valuable property destroyed nearly every day, and it is no wonder that so many persons are greatly frightened when a storm approaches. And the worst of it is that lightning seems to be a deadly danger that no human precaution can certainly provide against.—Chatham Record.

Standard Advertising.

An enterprising merchant who wants to know things asks: "What is standard advertising?" There can be but one suitable and sensible answer to this query—namely, that standard advertising is the best advertising. There is no one criterion for publicity. The merchant must be governed in his method of making business announcements by the character of his wares, his environment and the class of people with which he expects to deal. Having selected as his advertising medium a first-class and trustworthy newspaper, he must use his own judgment and ideas—or those of other people—and by experience find out what sort of advertising brings the quickest and best returns. Then he will have reached the standard sought for. But as to the standard advertising medium, there can be no question that it is a popular newspaper.—Philadelphia Record.

THE RAVAGES OF GRIP.

That modern scourge, the Grip, poisons the air with its fatal germs, so that no home is safe from its ravages, but multitudes have found a sure protection against this dangerous malady in Dr. King's New Discovery. When you feel a soreness in your bones and muscles, have chills and fever, with sore throat, pain in the back of the head, catarrhal symptoms and a stubborn cough you may know you have the Grip, and that you need Dr. King's New Discovery. It will promptly cure the worst cough, heal the inflamed membranes, kill the disease germs and prevent the dreaded after effects of the malady. Price 50 cets and $1.00. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at J. L. Wooten's Drug Store

Profitable Trucking.

While the present truck season has been an unprofitable one in many sections of the south, the New Bern section has been favored, and good substantial financial returns have rewarded the efforts of truckers in this section.

Pamlico county truck growers have had a good season, their cabbages and potatoes bringing in good returns.

Two instances out of many such successes are worthy of note.

On three quarters of an acre, a Pamlico truck grower, raised cabbages which netted him $250, and another trucker has dug 79 barrels of potatoes on an acre, these potatoes selling at $3.50 per barrel in the northern market.—New Bern Journal.

Of Interest to Inventors.

C. A. Snow & Co., one of the oldest and most successful firms of patent lawyers, whose offices are opposite the United States Patent office in Washington, D. C., and who have procured patents for more than 17,000 inventors, say that, owing to the improved conditions in the United States Patent Office, patents may now be more promptly procured than at any previous time in their experience of twenty-five years.

Every evidence of competition in this life, in this day of business methods versus philanthropic enterprise, comes to us as a sweet balm to a weary soul. No less than four distinct and separate concerns, corporations or organizations, are after the North Pole and determined to get it. With so many as four companies dealing in the North Pole, we the people may hope to get some of the benefits without paying extra and extortionate tribute to a monopoly.—Raleigh Post.

No good action, no good example ever dies. It lives forever in our face. While the frame moulders and disappears, the deed leaves an indelible stamp and moulds the thought and will of future generations. Time is not the measure of noble works; the coming ages will share of their joy. A single virtuous action has elevated a whole village, a whole city, a whole nation. It is from small seeds dropped into the ground that the finest productions grow, and it is from the inborn dictates of conscience and the inspired principle of duty that the finest growths of character have arisen.—Goldsboro Argus.

TYPE AND PRESS.

WHO WANTS IT? SPEAK QUICK.

THE REFLECTOR recently purchased two printing office outfits and has a quantity of surplus material that will be sold cheap. There is a cylinder press large enough to print a nine column paper, in splendid condition, and a quantity of Small Pica, Long Primer, Brevier and Nonpariel body type. We can furnish a complete outfit large enough for a six or seven column paper.

Specimens of the body type are shown in this advertisement, the type being taken from the case just as it runs, so it shows for itself how well it prints. This is the Small Pica size of which there is 1 pair of cases.

Then here is a paragraph set from the Long Primer size. We have 4 pairs of these cases. In buying this type you do not get something that is worn out and cast aside, but a good serviceable type, capable of much wear.

Here is something a little smaller, Brevier size. There are 2 pairs of these and it is a bargain for somebody interested in printing. It may not come but once in a lifetime that an opportunity is given for buying type at cheap as we will sell these lots.

Again we have 1 pair of cases of this Nonpariel size, a very useful type in any printing office. Cases will be sold with the type of any size or any number of cases desired. Any printer who can use such type at the prices we make can spot a good bargain. While we prefer a customer for a whole outfit, press and type, some one of type will be sold if no more is wanted.

Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body.

For sick headache, malaria, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

A Singular Blaze.

A singular thing happened at Mr. Ephriam Harrell's yesterday. He had a hen nest made in a box fastened to a tree. During the afternoon the hen came off the eggs in the nest in a hurry, for the straw in the nest burst into flames. After the fire she returned to her post and continues to warm the eggs. What caused the fire is a mystery.—Wilson News.

Buckles's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For saleby Jno. L. Wooten.

One of Boston's municipal officials, who is especially interested in the establishment of free ice water fountains in that city, hired a man to watch one of the drinking places the other day from 6 A. M. to 10 P. M., for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not it was well patronized. Between the hours named exactly 9335 persons drank at the city's expense. The fountain has four faucets.

D. W. HARDEE,

—DEALER IN—

Heavy and Fancy GROCERIES

GREENVILLE, N. C.

Cotton Bagging and Ties always —on hand.—

Fresh goods kept constantly on hand. Country produce bought and sold. A trial will convince you.

D. W. HARDEE.

PATENT

Procured or fee returned; also get COPYRIGHT or DESIGN Patent, Trade Mark, circular, or photo. Free opinion if patentable. Search of records, 15 years' practice, 50 pp. book free. No Atty's fee before patent. BOOK OF PATENTS free upon request.

C. A. SNOW & CO.

Patent Lawyers. WASHINGTON, D.C.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. AND BRANCHES AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED June 4 1899.	No. 78 Daily	No. 93 Sunday	No. 95 Daily	No. 97 Daily Except Sunday	No. 41 Daily	No. 40 Daily
	AM	PM	PM	AM	AM	PM
Leave Weldon	11 00	9 45				
Ar Rocky Mount	12 55	10 55				
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00			
Lv Rocky Mount	1 00	11 40	6 45	2 40	12	
Leave Wilson	1 26	11 11	7 13	3 00	7 40	
Leave Selma	2 5	11 57				
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 30				
Ar Florence	7 05	4 15				
	PM	AM				
Ar Goldsboro		7 50				
Lv Goldsboro			7 61	3 21		
Lv Magnolia			8 40	4 02		
Ar Wilmington			9 45	5 30		

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 77 Daily	No. 92 Sunday	No. 94 Daily	No. 96 Daily Except Sunday	No. 42 Daily	No. 43 Daily
	AM		PM			
Lv Florence	8 40		7 45			
Lv Fayetteville	12 30		10 54			
Leave Selma	2 32		11 58			
Arrive Wilson	3 22		12 51			
	AM		PM	AM	PM	AM
Lv Wilmington				7 00	2 45	
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 18	
Ar Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 30	
	PM		AM	PM	PM	
Leave Wilson	5 25	5 40	11 21	1, 36	1 16	
Ar Rocky Mount	6 30	6 15	12 02	11 55	1 58	
Arrive Tarboro		7 00				
Leave Tarboro	5 21					
Lv Rocky Mount	5 30		12 00			
Ar Weldon	6 42		1 00			

—Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 2 35 p m, Halifax 4 15 p m, arrives Scotland Neck at 5 00 p m. Greenville 6 35 pm, Kinston 7 50 pm. Returning leaves Kinston 12 50 a m, Greenville 8 52 a m, arriving Halifax at 11 20 a m. Weldon 11 55 a m. daily except Sunday.

—Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8 10 a m and 2 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9 10 a m and 4 00 p m, returning leave Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrive Washington 11 00 a m and 7 30 p m, daily except Sunday.

—Train leaves Tarboro daily except Sunday at 1 30 p m, Sunday 4 15 p m, arrives Pinetops 2 40 p m and 5 40 p m. Returns, leaves Pinetops 6 00 a m and 10 00 a m, arriving Tarboro at 7 00 a m, arrives Tarboro 10 05 am, 11 00 am.

—Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday 7 00 a m, arrives Smithfield 8 50 a m, returning leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrives at Goldsboro 10 40 a m.

—Train on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 3 30 p m, 5 40 p m, arrive Nashville 4 10 p m, 6 40 p m, Spring Hope 4 40 p m, 4 25 p m. Returning leave Spring Hope 11 00 a m 1 55 p m, Nashville 11 32 a m, arrive at Rocky Mount 11 45 a m, 6 00 p m, daily except Sunday.

—Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 9 0 a m and 4 15 p m, returning leaves Clinton at 7 00 a m and 5 15 p m.

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LODGES

A. F. & A. M.—Greenville Lodge, No. 284, meets first and third Monday evening. R. Williams, W. M. J. M. Reuss, Sec

I. O. O. F.—Covenant Lodge, No. 17. Meets every Tuesday evening. E. E. Griffin, N. G. L. H. Pender, Sec.

K. of P.—Tar River Lodge, No. 93, meets every Friday evening. Dr. W. H. Bagwell, Jr., C. C.; R. L. Carr, K. of R. and S.

R. A.—Zeb Vance Council, No. 1696, meets every Thursday evening. W. B. Wilson, R. M. R. Lang, Sec.

I. O. U. A. M.—Meets every Wednesday night at 7:30, in I. O. O. F. hall. G. J. Woodward, Councellor.

A. O. A.—Egyptian Council, No. 6, meets every first and third Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. M. R. Turnage, Worthy Chief; D. S. Smith, Sec.

I. O. H.—Greenville Conclave No. 540, meets every second and fourth Monday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. W. B. Wilson Archon; D. S. Smith Sec.

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VOL. XVIII. GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1899. NO 52

ELECTION CASE.

Testimony For the Defense.

It was a little more than a month ago that several citizens of Greenville were arraigned before U. S. Commissioner W. P. Ormond on the charge of having interfered with the election at Parker's X Roads, or precinct No. 4 in Greenville township. At that time the testimony for the Government was heard and the case postponed until June 22nd. Upon resuming the case the hearing of testimony for the defense began. THE REFLECTOR has before told that the people thus arraigned went to that precinct to prevent, and did prevent, a threatened riot, and that the public may see that this is true we publish the testimony of the defense.

W. J. BRILEY.

I was pollholder at precinct No. 4 in last election, got there a little before sun up. Left polls after the votes were counted and returns signed. House in which election was held was 15x26, the room we were in was 15x12 and was in back end of house, two doors to room, one in partition and the other in end from road. Partition door was not opened during day. Think there was a window on each side of voting room. Ballots were received at window on South side. I sat at window and received votes from voters. We got to work at 7 o'clock and everything went on all right until about 10 o'clock when a colored man named Henry Cory came to vote. We could not find the name and told him he could not vote. Not much was said about it and we passed on.

About 11 o'clock a negro came and called out his name as Robert Staton after I called out Robert Bell. Bill Barnhill caught hold of him and shook him and told him Robert Bell, but he said Robert Staton. Manning Moore said to Mr. Brown we can't find Robert Staton on the book but we find Robert Bell. I asked him what name he registered under and he said Robert Staton. Mr. Brown asked him what name he went under in the community. Leonidas Fleming said he went under the name of Robert Bell. His brother, Warren, said his name was Staton. I told him he had no right to vote then as his name was not on the book. Bill Barnhill called me Staton, some Bell and some Red. Jesse Moye said his firm run an account with him as Robert Staton. Some one said hold on until we can 'phone and see how his name is on the tax books. We stopped and he and Bill Barnhill walked off. Don't think I saw him again that day. He never offered or asked to vote as Robert Bell.

During this controversy many white and colored men gathered around the window, some contending that he ought to vote, others that he ought not. More than twice as many negroes present as whites. I, Joe Atkinson and Manning Moore told them to stand back. White people were towards W. S. Fleming's dwelling, negroes on opposite side. I stuck vote he handed me in my vest pocket after he left. Brown told me give him the vote and he would put it in box. I refused, stating he had no right to vote as his name was not on books. No action taken by Board as to his right to vote.

Voting commenced again and after a while I saw some folks with guns. Brown asked me what that meant, told him I did not know, but that the first man I saw with gun was a negro. He said he was great mind to take down name of every man he caught out there with gun. In short while people went toward Ruffin House store, both white and black. Don't know what they were up to. Brown asked if they were not about to have row, told him I did not know. He said yonder they go driving a negro.

We staid there and people came on voting until in the evening. Everything went quietly until about 3 o'clock when another negro came up and called himself Joe Bryant. Moore looked on book and couldn't find that name but found Joe Brown. Brown who had been keeping the book was out. Moore called him. He came in, looked at the negro and said I know him, his name is Joe Brown. I asked what name he registered under and he said Joe Bryant. I told him he could not vote. Some contended that he had right to vote under name of Brown. He never asked to vote as Brown, in fact never insisted on voting. No vote taken by Board as to whether he should vote. I don't know if he handed his vote in.

Voting continued until near night when Ficklen came to back door and he and Brown had some words about the election. Ficklen said we have carried the election and we are here to have a fair count, and said he had a gallon of blood to spill to see a fair count. Brown said he had a gallon in him and any one that wanted it had to get it. If he had a gun or other weapon I did not see it.

Went on until close of polls. There was no intimidation there that day and nobody prevented from voting except those whose names were not on books. No objection to any one voting except the three mentioned. Entire colored vote registered was 193 and white vote 147—178 colored votes were cast and 131 white votes. Fifteen colored and sixteen white did not vote. Of the colored who failed to vote three are dead and some were gone, none of the fifteen came and offered to vote.

After supper we went to counting votes. Brown took them out of box. In first box were two votes folded up, they were thrown out. Brown insisted they should be counted. When we finished Brown made out report and handed to me. I signed one, Dudley also signed and handed it to Brown who made protest on it regarding two votes. I and Dudley took pencil and marked out our names, told him I would sign no such returns. He then made out more which we all signed. He gave me one for Register of Deeds and kept the other. Never heard any one say if the person carried the returns with protest to Greenville they wouldn't get there alive. Room was smallest if such remark had been made think I would heard it.

Cross examination—My politics since, at and previous to election was Democratic. Was not a member of White Government Union. Knew Robert Bell, had worked with me one year. Didn't know that he had right to vote unless his name was on book. He repeated his name as Robert Staton. There was no understanding that Jesse would come from town if needed. I did not send, consent or direct any telephone message to be sent to Greenville and did not know one had been sent. Saw a dozen or more armed men there, among them were J. L. Sugg, Paul Metrick, R. W. Brown, L. C. Arthur, Jim Hyman.

I never knew Joe Bryant before that day. His name on tax list and where he traded was Bryant.

ASHLEY WHICHARD.

I vote at precinct No. 4, live five miles north of there. On morning of election saw five negroes with guns going in direction of election. They were going down railroad. Railroad is 100 or 150 yards from voting place. They were Oscar Carney, Henry Edwards, George, Outlaw, Femuch Andrews, Mack Jenkins. Saw them at Staton's mill where they met, they had double-barrel shot guns. I went to election about 2 or 3 o'clock and remained until sunset. No trouble while I was there, everything passed off quietly, no intimidation. It was generally rumored that negroes were going there that day armed, that they had been advised to do so.

H. B. JORDAN.

Morning of election I saw five negroes going towards election, the five Whichard refers to. They were one fourth mile from election when I saw them. They fired off four or five times after passing me. I went to election about 12 o'clock, saw one negro sitting about 100 yards from election place.

G. N. BAKER.

Live in precinct No. 4, went there about 10 o'clock election day and left about 3. Heard them arguing about Bell's voting, crowd gathered by window, more blacks than whites. I went towards House store. Heard some one say "I'll bed—if I don't kill or be killed." Looked around and saw Earnest Carney coming toward House store from polling place. He went to a buggy and got a double-barrel breach loading gun, dropped it across his arm and broke it, then went back towards polls. He went within 10 steps of house, crowd of colored people got around him and told him to stop. I went up in crowd and told J. L. Little what I had seen. It was about half hour before Greenville crowd came.

PETER BROWN.

I vote at Parker X Roads, got there about 9 o'clock, left between 4 and 5. Was near window when Bell or Staten came up to vote. While controversy was going on there was crowd around window, mostly colored, some had sticks about to fight. Brown said don't have fight. A yellow fellow said he "bed—if he wasn't going to vote anyway," and walked off down road, presently came back with double barrel gun, broke it, put in two cartridges and said he "was going to vote this fellow or kill or be killed." I told Rose Johnston what I saw and he went to the 'phone office and sent over to town after help. After this right many men came from town, all went on quiet and election was all right as far as I know. In the evening there was some controversy about another vote, after that everything went on all right. That morning when I came saw a colored man with gun leaning against tree.

E. B. FICKLEN.

About 11 o'clock election day I started fr m Court House polls down to Five Points. In consequence of what I heard I went to cross roads to prevent trouble and not make any. J. B. Lightfoot and W. J. Corbett went with me. I carried shot gun because there was disturbance, for my own protection and protection of all. Got there between 11 and 12 o'clock, stayed an hour or so, came back to Greenville and returned there in evening about 4 o'clock. There was disenssion among both white and black standing off in groups. One darkey who had great deal to say seemed to be ring leader among darkeys. Kept my eye on him. He made remark that he didn't see what these d— white men came out there for. After short while he came near where we were and either addressed a remark to Mr. Sugg or Mr. Sugg to him, I don't remember remark. Some one said to him they had had enough of him there that day and he better leave. After some hesitation he left. Don't know his name. I went part of way down road, about 50 or 75 yards. I never got nearer to window with gun than 30 to 40 yards. Did not see any men from Greenville go near window with gun. Did not interfere with any one voting. Did not have consultation with any colored man about voting there or here. Was working about 50 in factory and did not say anything to them about voting.

After going back in evening I stayed until votes were counted. Had conversation with Brown. Did not say or do anything to any election officer to deter him in discharge of duty. Conversation with Brown was in evening after going back. I went to door after voting had about ceased and was telling Brown the news from different parts of county heard from. Told him that Harrington had given up as defeated and that we had the election beyond shades of doubt. Brown asked what we were doing on there. My reply was we were not there to keep any one from voting, but to have a fair election and see that we had a fair count. May have said remarked about spilling blood, but did so in defense of the election as we did not propose to be swindled out of it. Brown and myself discussed the rights of the race that had not been allowed to vote. He contended that they had right, and I that they did not. I went in at night to see the county vote counted and came back to Greenville.

LEONIDAS FLEMING.

My voting precinct Parker's X Roads. Went there between 8 and 9 o'clock, left just before sunset. When I got there everything was going on quietly and continued so until about half past ten or eleven. Robert Bell came up to vote. I was about 75 feet from window and did not move until sent for. Was asked to go and say what his name is in neighborhood. Went up to within 20 feet of door and saw Sam Dudley standing in door, and I said his name is Robert Bell. Don't know what he is registered by. Large crowd there, mostly negroes. I could not go nearer than 20 feet of door. Crowd was some where else. It was about 11 o'clock when I left. Large crowd from Greenville came. I saw nearly all who had guns, only remember Arthur, Sugg, Metrick, Ficklen, Brown and Fleming. Metrick was doing everything that a fool could act to make people laugh, was going through the manual of arms. I had heard of law protecting polls against carrying guns there, and when I saw Robert Brown going towards polls I told him not go nearer than the hitch post. It was 50 feet from post to polls as I have measured it. I stood there all day to watch and did not let anybody go any nearer than the post to polls.

There was no one except Robert Bell and another negro kept from voting, they were prevented by poll holders. With this exception it was the quietest election I ever saw. The presence of the armed men had the effect of preserving order there. They were requested to remain there for the purpose of keeping order. I don't know but what there would have been an attack on us had not night. I was one of the men that made the request. It was 120 to 125 feet from polls to well in front of Fleming's store. The old well near window is 12 feet, from Fleming's porch 100 feet.

C. F. WHITE.

Live in Greenville. Did not go to Parker's X Roads on day of election. Did not leave corporate limits of town.

E. M. HODGES.

Know C. F. White. Was around Court House all day. He was with me all day. Government takes no proceeds to White.

G. B. HUGHES.

Went to cross roads about 5 o'clock, remained about 15 minutes, carried no weapon.

CHAS. SKINNER.

Saw Hughes on day of election. He was in my back yard with several young ladies dressing a float from morning to about 4 o'clock.

J. L. LITTLE.

I was at precinct No 4 on election day, left there about 11 o'clock. Arthur and Dennis went with me. I went on account of hearing they were about to have trouble there, carried no weapon for fear a gun might cause trouble and announced the fact when got off my buggy, and not to interfere with anybody. Everything excited when I got there, presently soon it became quiet. In my opinion if we had not gone there would have been trouble and our presence prevented it. We had not been there to exceed 1½ hours when Willie Williams came up through a crowd of white men 116 feet from the polls. He was pointed out to me by a gentleman as the negro who created the trouble that morning, helping the disturbing element. I called him and told him what I had heard, and said if he had made the trouble the best thing for him and all parties was to leave the ground and leave quick. He left pretty quick, probably 8 or 10 following him. I felt satisfied we were getting rid of the disturbing element and there would be no further trouble. Heard one report of gun behind store from me. When I told him to leave it was with desire to protect him and preserve peace, thinks if he had remained there would have been trouble. Don't think I went nearer the polls there 50 feet, and never saw any one else with gun nearer than that. Did not enter re with any one in their right to vote. Left there after county box was counted about 9 o'clock. Remarks made during while vote was being counted, Leonidas Fleming suggested not to say there. A gentleman in that precinct and owner of the best farm in the neighborhood told me that if we did not remain there would be trouble.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of Frank J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

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A tramp recently played a smooth trick, on some of the conductors of the Southern railway and is probably working the same game in other parts of the country. He got possession of a pair of telegraph lineman's spurs and a coil of telegraph wire. Thus equipped he boarded the train at Bristol, Tenn., and rode by easy stages to Chattanooga, the conductors thinking him an employed of the railroad or of the Western Union Telegraph Company.—Asheville Citizen.

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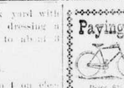

Taken in By Peddlers.

Too many folks, speaking generally, select superior wisdom over their fellow men, and when the country people are taken in, as they often are, by the sharpers who infest the land like unto the flies in Egypt in times of the plague, the town folks smile in a superior way and pity them.

But they don't need to. The town folks are just as easily duped; in fact, considering the circumstances, they are more easily taken in than their country cousins.

Some weeks ago a smart young man made the rounds in State so like taking orders for glazed earthenware—pots, pans, etc., which he said could be used for cooking on the stove or inside it. He called in residences only and the ladies were ready and liberal purchasers, some individual dollars' worth of the stuff right here in Town and last Friday and Saturday the goods were delivered by the wagon load and the money collected. We have heard of two instances in which the ware, which excited the admiration of the ladies, was set on the stove and burst open as soon as it got hot—and all the returns are not in.

But even if the ware is as good as represented, it was of course sold at least 50 per cent. higher than a regular dealer would have charged for it, and some immense profit went into the hands of the agents, who are kinds of passage and take in the towns as they come and go.

We do not want to be understood however, as intimating that the ladies—God bless 'em—are more easily duped than the men. They are not. Let a patent medicine fakir come along and propose to give a prize with each bottle of medicine, and the men will fall over each other to buy, or they will go to the circus and bet on the fakir's own game. The ladies get fooled, of course, but they are better and wiser than the men.—Statesville Landmark.

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