

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Proprietor.

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## The Eastern Reflector, GREENVILLE, N. C.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Proprietor.

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THE LEADING PAPER  
IN THE  
FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

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THOROUGHLY DEMOCRATIC, BUT  
will not hesitate to criticize Democratic  
men and measures that are not consistent  
with the true principles of the party.  
If you want a paper from a wide-awake  
editor of the State send for the REFLECTOR.  
OF SAMPLE COPY FREE!

### General Directory.

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor—Daniel G. Fowle, of Wake.  
Lieutenant Governor—Thomas M. Holt,  
of Alamance.  
Secretary of State—William L. Saunders,  
of Wake.  
Treasurer—Donald W. Rain, of Wake.  
Auditor—George W. Sanderlin, of Wayne.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction—  
Sidney M. Finger, of Catawba.  
Attorney General—Theodore F. Davidson,  
of Buncombe.

#### SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice—William N. H. Smith, of  
Wake.  
Associate Justices—A. S. Merrimon, of  
Wake; Joseph J. Davis, of Franklin;  
James E. Shepherd, of Beaufort; and  
Alfonso C. Avery, of Burke.

#### JUDGES SUPERIOR COURT.

First District—George H. Brown, of  
Beaufort.  
Second District—Frederick Phillips, of  
Edgecombe.  
Third District—H. G. Connor, of Wil-  
son.  
Fourth District—Walter Clark, of  
Guilford.

#### County Government.

Superior Court Clerk—E. A. Moyer.  
Sheriff—J. A. C. Tucker.  
Register of Deeds—David H. James.  
Treasurer—James B. Cherry.  
Surveyor—Narcissus Manning.  
Coroner—J. H. Shilbourn.  
Commissioners—Connell Dawson, Chair-  
man, Guilford; Moore, of  
W. A. James, Jr., of E. Keel.  
Police—T. B. Cherry & T. McGowan.  
Cemeteries—1st Ward, T. A. Wilks;  
2nd Ward, J. P. Norcott; 3rd Ward, O. Hook-  
er and R. Williams Jr.; 4th Ward, J. J.  
Perkins and A. F. Kinsaul.

#### CHURCHES.

Episcopal—Services First and Third  
Sundays, morning and night. Rev. N. C.  
Hughes, D. D., Rector.  
Methodist—Services Sunday, morning  
and night. Prayer Meeting every  
Wednesday night. Rev. R. B. John.  
Pastor.  
Baptist—Services every Sunday, morning  
and night. Prayer Meeting every  
Wednesday night. Rev. J. W. Wildman,  
Pastor.

#### LODGES.

Greenville Lodge No. 284, A. F. & A. M.,  
meets every 1st Thursday and Mon-  
day night after the 1st and 3rd Sunday at  
Masonic Lodge. A. W. M. King, W. M.  
Greenville R. A. Chapter, No. 50 meets  
every 2nd and 4th Monday nights at Ma-  
sonic Hall, F. W. Brown, H. P.  
Covenant Lodge, No. 17, I. O. O. F.,  
meets every Tuesday night. D. L.  
James, N. G.  
Insurance Lodge, No. 1169, K. of L.,  
meets every first and third Friday night.  
D. D. Haskett, D.  
Pitt Council, No. 236, A. L. H., meets  
every Thursday night. C. A. White, C.

#### POST OFFICE.

Office hours 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Money  
Order hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. No or-  
ders will be issued from 12 to 1 P. M. or  
from 2 to 3 P. M.  
Express mail arrives daily (except Sun-  
day) at 9:30 A. M., and departs at 8 P. M.  
Tar or mail arrives daily (except Sun-  
day) at 1 P. M. and departs at 1 P. M.  
Washington mail arrives daily (except  
Sunday) at 12 M., and departs at 1 P. M.

#### Free Examination Days.

On second Thursday, Friday and Sat-  
urday of February, April, July, Septem-  
ber, October and December. Should  
any persons desire to be examined at  
other times, the board has decided that  
the ones examined must pay for it.  
Regular office days Sat. before every 2d  
Saturday. J. LATHAM Supt.

## Portry.

### HOW TO BE HAPPY

Are you almost disgusted  
With life, little man?  
I will tell you a wonderful trick  
That will bring you contentment  
If anything can—  
Do something for somebody quick!  
Do something for somebody quick!  
Do something for somebody quick!

Are you awful tired?  
In your soul, little man?  
Weary, discouraged and sick?  
I'll tell you the loveliest  
Game in the world—  
Do something for somebody quick!  
Do something for somebody quick!  
Do something for somebody quick!

Though it rains like the rain  
Of the flood, little man,  
And the clouds are forbidding and  
thick,  
You can make the sun shine  
In your soul, little man.

Do something for somebody quick!  
Do something for somebody quick!  
Do something for somebody quick!

Though the skies are like brass  
Overhead, little girl,  
And the walk like a well-beated brick;  
And all earthly affairs  
In a terrible whirl—  
Do something for somebody quick!  
Do something for somebody quick!

"LOVE."

"Whist tracing thy visage, I sink in  
emotion,  
For no other dream so wondrous I  
see.  
Thy looks are so pleasing, thy charms so  
amazing,  
I think of no other, my true love, but  
thee."

"With heart-burning rapture I gaze on  
thy beauty,  
And I feel a bird to the boughs of a  
tree:  
Thy looks are so pleasing, thy charms so  
amazing,  
I fancy no other my true-love, but  
thee."

"Thus oft in the valley I think, and I  
see,  
Why cannot a maid with her lover  
agree?  
Thy looks are so pleasing, thy charms  
so amazing,  
I pine for no other, my true-love, but  
thee."

"I'd fly from thy frowns with a heart  
full of sorrow—  
Return, pretty damsel, and smile thou  
on me—  
By every endeavor, I'll try the forever;  
And I am glad that I am fated by thee."

### Our Raleigh Letter.

LEGISLATIVE MATTERS, THE SEN-  
ATORIALSHIP, INAUGURAL PER-  
SONAL NEWS, ETC.

Special cor. to REFLECTOR.  
The city of oaks for the past two  
weeks has been thronged with visi-  
tors from all parts of the State. They  
have been coming and going in  
droves of hundreds day after day  
and many remain still. Raleigh is  
never a dull and spiritless place, and  
this season she is wide-awake and  
has attractions that cannot fail to  
interest the general public. Many  
distinguished visitors are here and  
new arrivals each day who are con-  
cerned in some pet legislation.

The law-makers are now studiously  
and earnestly engaged in the  
discharge of the duties that called  
them here. This one is known as  
the Farmers' Legislature. It is com-  
posed chiefly of farmers, men who are  
fresh from the farm house and no bet-  
ter than others the wants and needs  
of the great mass of our people who  
are struggling for a livelihood and  
are at last asking, year demanding,  
their just and proportionate share  
of the profits that result from hon-  
est toil and enterprise. They are in-  
telligent representatives and there is  
every assurance that they will  
meet public expectation in the im-  
portant legislative work to be done.

The Legislature has settled down  
to business in earnest. Numerous  
bills (too many unnecessary ones,  
doubtless) have been introduced al-  
ready and the committees are kept  
constantly at work considering and  
passing upon the same. Pitt county  
is represented on some of the  
most important committees. Senator  
Williams is chairman of agri-  
cultural committee and is on com-  
mittee on federal relations; Mr.  
King is on the judiciary, also a  
member of justice branch committee  
on election of justices of the peace;  
Mr. Cherry is on committee on  
privileges and elections and also  
Ipsome Asylums. M. C. S. Cherry,  
Jr., a son of Representative Cherry,  
is one of the pages of the House,  
and like his father, does his duty  
well.

The election of Mr. Latham, the  
editor of the Washington Gazette, to  
the position of Reading Clerk of the  
House was a splendid selection, and  
was well deserved by this worthy  
young man. He fills the place with  
credit to himself and perfect satis-  
faction to all.

The Democratic members held a  
joint caucus Tuesday night last to  
nominate a U. S. Senator. Ran-  
som, Waddell, Jarvis and Alexander  
were the four candidates seeking  
the coveted prize. From the open-  
ing of the Legislature until the night  
of the caucus, Senator Ransom's  
friends confidently asserted that he  
would be nominated on the first  
ballot, while the advocates of every  
other candidate expressed the posi-  
tive belief that Ransom failed of  
a nomination on first ballot his  
chances of success then were fore-  
ver gone, and they were free to be  
nominated. So the fight was Ran-  
som against the other, rather Waddell,  
Jarvis and Alexander against Ran-  
som. The first ballot in the cau-  
sus resulted in no nomination, Ran-  
som lacking one vote of having a  
majority. The excitement then be-

gan sure enough, and soon reached  
fever heat on the outside as well as  
in the caucus. No one could pre-  
dict the result of a second ballot.  
Some of Ransom's friends began to  
lose hope while others were as con-  
fident as before. The Alexander,  
Jarvis and Waddell men all felt  
that they had won a partial victory  
and that the next ballot might show  
something still more encouraging.  
Not so, however, for when the vote  
was announced it was found that  
Ransom not only received a major-  
ity but was able to spare several  
votes. His nomination was received  
with the wildest enthusiasm and  
loud and prolonged applause. He  
was declared the unanimous nomi-  
nee of the caucus, and to morrow  
the Legislature in joint session will  
go into an election of a Senator and  
Ransom will be our Senator for an-  
other term of six years from the  
4th of March next. It is thought  
that the Republicans will com-  
mit Dockery with their votes.

The inauguration of Governor  
Fowle and the other State officers  
elect last Thursday, it is said, was  
one of the most brilliant occasions  
which Raleigh has witnessed in many a  
day. There were thousands and  
thousands of people in the city and  
the programme for the day was  
carried out in handsome style and  
perfect order. The inaugural ball  
was a magnificent affair.

Minister Jarvis and wife, and  
Miss Monteiro, of Greenville, are in  
the city stopping at Yarrowburgh.

A. M. Moore, Esq., arrived Sat-  
urday. There are quite a number  
of prominent Republicans here just  
at this time. They meet here and  
consult very likely in order to agree  
upon the men who are to fill cer-  
tain offices in North Carolina under  
Mr. Harrison. They are "hungry  
expectants" and the new President  
will do well to gratify even j of them.

In my next letter I will report the  
work being done by the Legisla-  
ture.

### Auditor Sanderlin.

Raleigh News and Observer.

Our new State Auditor, Hon-  
orable George W. Sanderlin was born in  
Camden county, February 22, 1843.  
When five years old his parents  
moved to Elizabeth City and there  
he made his home until the break-  
ing out of the war. At the age of  
fourteen he was sent to a prepara-  
tory school in Reynoldsville, Gates  
county and at fifteen entered the  
freshman class at Wake Forest Col-  
lege, where he speedily took and  
maintained high rank as a scholar.

When hostilities began he left Col-  
lege and entered the army, joining  
an infantry company, of which he  
was afterwards made captain. He  
served faithfully throughout the  
war. Indeed it has been said that  
the history of the Army of North-  
ern Virginia was well high his his-  
tory from beginning to end of the  
unpleasantness. He was shot a  
number of times, though never seri-  
ously wounded; he was never taken  
prisoner, was in hospital but one  
day and had but one furlough in all  
his experience. He was one of the  
best soldiers in the Southern army,  
and no higher encomium than this  
can be paid the fighting qualities of  
any man. He entered the army a  
private and was promoted seven  
times, twice in the field of battle.  
He was within twenty steps of  
Stonewall Jackson when he fell and  
commanded three companies in the  
famous third-day's fight at Gettys-  
burg.

After the war he entered the  
Southern Baptist Theological Sem-  
inary and graduated from that in-  
stitution with high honors. In 1868  
he was ordained to the ministry in  
the chapel at Wake Forest College.  
In 1871 he received and accepted  
a call to the pastorate of the Frank-  
lin Square Baptist church in Balti-  
more, and served there most accept-  
ably for six years. His health failed,  
however, and he returned to North  
Carolina, taking up his residence on  
his plantation he owned in Wayne  
county. There he has been exten-  
sively engaged in farming and it is  
as a successful agriculturist, per-  
haps that he is best known to our  
people. He was an excellent soldier,  
an excellent preacher and minister.  
He proved an excellent farmer as  
well. He was progressive in all  
things. He introduced new meth-  
ods, new crops, new machinery and  
he made known to his fellow farm-  
ers, diligently and patriotically, the  
results of his experiments. He has  
done as much as any other one man  
to advance the agricultural inter-  
ests of the State.

Withal he is a gentleman of most  
pleasing address, of genial, courtly,  
pleasant manners, of learning, of  
culture, of experience as a business  
man, of executive ability. He made  
an enviable reputation during the  
last campaign for eloquence, ready  
wit and effectiveness as a public  
speaker and debater. He became a  
favorite at once on his entrance into  
the field, and held the admiration  
and respect of the people of the  
State to the discomfiture of his op-  
ponent. He aided no little in bring-  
ing about the signal triumph of the  
democracy that was won. He will  
adorn the position on which he now  
enters, and will discharge the duties  
of his office with ability, tact, fidel-  
ity and wisdom.

A building in Chicago which  
weighs 20,000 tons and is six stories  
high is being lifted up six feet five  
inches. Several thousand screw  
jacks are used and it takes three  
hundred men to work them. The  
average life is one foot per day. The  
cost will be \$40,000.

Gov. Fowle.

### Gov. Fowle.

Hon. D. G. Fowle is Governor of  
North Carolina. He was duly in-  
augurated yesterday, as appears  
elsewhere, and will preside over the  
destinies of the State as its chief  
magistrate if he lives for the next  
four years. That he will do so with  
dignity, ability and brilliancy it is  
not necessary to say in North Car-  
olina. Gov. Fowle's superb equip-  
ment as a public man, his learning  
his patriotism, his zeal in behalf of  
every real interest of the State, his  
accomplishments, his grace of man-  
ner and of speech are household  
words here the State which gave him  
birth and which he has served with  
great distinction and with fidelity  
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ner and of speech are household  
words here the State which gave him  
birth and which he has served with  
great distinction and with fidelity  
in various positions of honor and  
of trust.

He will be an executive of whom  
the State will have abundant reason  
to be proud always and it is cer-  
tainly a reason for congratulation  
on the part of our people that the  
chief magistracy has been yielded by  
the stainless hands of A. M. Scales  
only to pass into the equally  
stainless hands of the present ex-  
ecutive.

Hon. Daniel G. Fowle, was born  
in the town of Washington, in Beau-  
fort county, on the 3d of March,  
1831. At the age of fourteen he  
was entered at the school of North  
Carolina's most celebrated teacher  
William Bingham, where he re-  
mained until he matriculated at  
Princeton, New Jersey, at the age  
of sixteen. While at Princeton he  
was appointed by the literary soci-  
ety of which he was a member, jun-  
ior orator, and acquitted himself so  
well as to call forth a compliment  
and particular mention by one of  
the leading New York dailies.

The Hon. Barnes Compton now a  
member of Congress from Mary-  
land, was at the same time a jun-  
ior orator appointed by another of  
the literary societies.

In 1851, he graduated at Prince-  
ton, and having studied law under  
Judge Pearson for two years, was  
admitted to the bar. In 1854 settled  
in Raleigh. In 1856 he married  
Ellen Brent, daughter of Hon. R.  
M. Pearson, who died in 1862, leav-  
ing two children, Margaret, now  
the wife of Mr. P. H. Andrews, and  
Martha, the wife of Mr. David B.  
Avery of this city.

On the surrender of Fort Sumpter  
and the proclamation of Lincoln  
calling for troops to coerce the se-  
ceding States, he volunteered as a  
private in a company known as the  
Raleigh Rifles, and upon the or-  
ganization of the company was  
elected Second Lieutenant. Upon  
the organization of the State mili-  
tary department he was appoint-  
ed Major of the commissary depart-  
ment. In the summer of 1861 he  
resigned his commission  
helped to raise therefor after  
wards known as the 31st, was  
made captain of one of its compa-  
nies, then Lieutenant-Colonel of the  
regiment, and as such served at  
Fort Hill in Beaufort county, and  
at Roanoke Island, where he was  
captured by Burnside's forces Feb-  
ruary 8th, 1862, and after a short  
imprisonment, paroled. In Octo-  
ber, 1862, he was elected to the  
House of Commons from Wake  
county, and upon the adjournment  
of the legislature was appointed Ad-  
jutant General of North Carolina  
with the rank of Major General. In  
the fall of 1863 he resigned his  
commission. In 1864 he ran for the  
anti-Holder ticket and was the  
only one on this ticket who was  
elected. In 1865, during his ab-  
sence from home, he was appointed  
Judge of the Superior Court by  
Governor Holden, and was by the  
legislature of 1865-66 elected to the  
same office for life. In November,  
1867, he resigned this office rather  
than obey and enforce the orders of  
General Sickles, then Military Gov-  
ernor of North and South Carolina.  
He was a democratic candidate for  
the convention of 1867 and was de-  
feated, but led his ticket by over a  
hundred votes. In 1868 he was  
chairman of the State democratic  
committee and threw his whole en-  
ergy into that campaign. In 1870  
he was one of the democratic candi-  
dates for the State Senate from the  
counties of Franklin and Wake, re-  
duced the republican majority of  
twelve hundred to two hundred and  
again led his ticket. In 1876 he was  
democratic elector for the State at  
large and upon the election of Til-  
den, so conspicuous and pre-em-  
inent had been his canvass that the  
members of the North Carolina  
Electoral College recommended  
him to the President and requested  
that he be appointed Attorney Gen-  
eral of the United States. In 1880  
he was a candidate for the Demo-  
cratic nomination for Governor, was  
defeated by Hon. Thos. J. Jarvis,  
and during that campaign thor-  
oughly canvassed the State for his  
late competitor, making some sixty  
speeches in different parts of the  
State, from the mountains to the  
sea. In 1872 he canvassed Chatham  
and made speeches in other coun-  
ties of the State in behalf of the  
Democratic candidate for Governor.  
In 1878 he assisted Hon. W. H.  
Kitchen in his canvass for Congress,  
making speeches in Scotland Neck,  
Wilson, Goldsboro and New Berne.  
In 1884 he was a candidate for the  
nomination for Congress, was de-  
feated by Hon. W. B. Cox, but dur-  
ing that campaign his eloquent  
voice was heard in forty or fifty  
counties of the State pleading for  
the glorious principles of the Demo-  
cratic party. During the session  
of the legislature of 1884-'85 all  
the Democratic members of that

body united in a petition to Presi-  
dent Cleveland requesting him to  
appoint Judge Fowle Solicitor Gen-  
eral.

To retrace our steps somewhat, in  
January, 1866, Judge Fowle mar-  
ried Mary E., only daughter of Dr.  
F. W. Haywood of Raleigh, who  
died in April, 1886, leaving now  
surviving her three children, the  
eldest of whom, Miss Helen, is an  
accomplished young lady just ar-  
rived at womanhood in its most  
beautiful form. From his early  
manhood in 1861 up to the present  
time, Daniel G. Fowle has ever  
been a constant, earnest, able and  
office advocate of civil liberty,  
good government and that greatest  
of all blessings, the constitution as  
understood and defined by that  
grand old Roman, Thomas Jeff-  
erson. His moral character is with-  
out blemish. As a soldier, he was  
true to his flag, as a legislator he  
was able and conservative, as a  
lawyer he stands without a superior,  
as a judge he was great and pure,  
and an ornament to the branch  
which had been occupied by such  
men as Caldwell, Manly, Nash,  
Pearson, Battle, Ruffin and Balguy,  
and as a political orator, none can  
surpass him. Well do we remem-  
ber how in 1876 in a canvass of the  
State as a Tilden elector, he stirred  
the hearts and minds of the peo-  
ple as they had never been stirred  
before. Wherever he went he  
aroused the people to the importance  
of the political issues of the day and  
left behind him a determination to  
win and an enthusiasm for the cause  
of democracy that had not been  
seen for years. And thus it has  
been in every political campaign,  
except the one of 1882, when unfor-  
tunately for him and the democratic  
party, his private affairs were in  
such condition as to demand his  
constant attention.

On June 30th, 1888, Judge Fowle  
was nominated for Governor by the  
democratic State Convention, and  
his brilliant canvass of the State is  
still fresh in the minds of our read-  
ers. How he set the State a fire  
with his eloquence; how he van-  
quished his opponent in the joint  
debate; how he battled ably and  
unflinchingly, successfully in behalf  
of sound democracy is familiar learn-  
ing, so to speak, to all of us. From  
Gov. Fowle's already great achieve-  
ments; from his unswerving devo-  
tion to the welfare of the State;  
from his recognized ability; his  
rare talents and accomplishments  
it does not require the gift of prop-  
hcy to predict that his administra-  
tion will be one of the most bril-  
liant in the history of the State and  
one of solid advantage to the peo-  
ple.

On the opposite side of the  
bridge, on an eminence, his princely  
mansion is located. It is perhaps  
the largest, most elegantly finished  
and furnished country dwelling in  
North Carolina. The grounds cover  
twelve acres, are most highly im-  
proved and embellished, presenting  
the appearance of Central Park,  
New York, in miniature. A moral  
desirable house cannot be found.  
He is the owner of that famous  
plantation known as "Linwood," at  
Linwood station, on the North Car-  
olina Railroad, a few miles from  
Lexington. It is here he raises  
such vast quantities of wheat, clo-  
ver, hay and choice cattle and  
sheep; and here that he makes  
those experiments that tend so ma-  
terially to the progress of agricul-  
ture in the State.

Col. Holt is a citizen who has  
proved equal to every demand made  
upon him in the various positions of  
honor and trust to which he has  
been called. He is thoroughly ear-  
nest in his devotion to the State's  
every interest. Our word for it he  
will make one of the most creditable  
and efficient officers of his rank the  
State has ever had.

The Governor's Staff.

Gov. Fowle has appointed Col.  
Jas. D. Glenn, of Goldsboro, as Ad-  
jutant General, in the place of Gen.  
Johnstone Jones. Col. Glenn is now  
Colonel of the Third Regiment, and  
has good military training and ex-  
perience, and will make an admir-  
able officer. He is, we think, an old  
Confed. Gen Jones has filled the  
office faithfully and well. He was  
appointed by Gov. Vance in 1876  
and has served ever since. Follow-  
ing is a full list of Gov. Fowle's staff  
as we find in the News and Observer:

Brigadier General Jas. D. Glenn,  
Adjutant General.  
Col. Francis H. Cameron, Inspec-  
tor General.  
Col. Fred A. Olds, Quartermaster  
General.  
Col. Hubert Haywood, Surgeon  
General.  
Col. John L. Cantwell, Commis-  
sary General.  
Col. Eugene Morehead, Paymas-  
ter General.  
Col. William G. Lewis, Engineer  
in Chief.  
Col. John S. Cunningham, Aide  
de Camp.  
Col. Thos. W. Strange, Aide de  
Camp.  
Col. Alston Grimes, Aide de  
Camp.  
Col. W. H. Williams, Aide de  
Camp.  
Maj. Jas. G. Martin, Assistant  
Adjutant General.  
Capt. E. B. Curtis, Assistant Ad-  
jutant General.  
Capt. A. L. Smith, Assistant In-  
spector General.  
Capt. J. M. Baker, Assistant Sur-  
geon General.  
Capt. W. D. Hilliard, Assistant  
Surgeon General.  
Capt. Leo D. Hearty, Assistant  
Paymaster General.  
First Lieut. T. B. Young, Assis-  
tant Adjutant General.

### Well Said.

Alamance Gleaner.

Some of the North Carolina Dem-  
ocratic newspapers have almost run  
out of anything to do, so lately they  
have put in pretty good puffing  
Hon. Sam. F. Phillips as a suitable  
person for appointment under Mr.  
Harrison's administration. We do  
not consider it a part of or in any-  
wise pertaining to a Democratic  
newspaper's policy to yell itself  
hoarse for the promotion of a polit-  
ical opponent, when the question of  
politics is involved. The gentle-  
man above named is a deserter from  
the Democratic ranks, having for-  
saken the party when it most needed  
his best men to stand with it and  
help defend the honor of the good  
old State.

In the last few days occasion has  
been taken through Democratic  
journals to boom Mr. Richmond, M.  
Person, another deserter from the  
Democratic ranks, for a cabinet po-  
sition under Mr. Harrison. Let  
Democrats do something better to  
do, than seeking the promotion of  
those who have forsaken the Demo-  
cratic ranks.

The reason why landowners have  
the blues is probably because they  
use indigo.

River station, on the north side of  
the North Carolina Railroad, in Al-  
amance county. They are the large-  
est and best equipped mills in  
North Carolina, and rank with any  
in the Southern States. They con-  
tain 8,254 spindles and 434 looms,  
and give constant employment to  
425 men, women and children, who  
occupy 100 or more well constructed  
and neatly painted brick and frame  
dwellings, situated on the premises;  
besides these dwellings there is a  
five-story flour mill a large store-  
house, filled with general merchan-  
dise, from which the operatives  
and neighbors get their supplies. A  
beautiful and conveniently arranged  
office; sundry stores and warehous-  
es, and last but not least, an attrac-  
tive and comfortable Chapel, in  
which Col. Holt and family and the  
operatives worship, and whose pul-  
pit is filled at Col. Holt's expense.

"Standing on the railroad bridge  
which spans the Haw river, and  
looking on the north side are seen  
the cotton factory, flour mills, dwell-  
ings and other buildings mention-  
ed above, and it has the appearance  
of a large, thrifty and beautiful vil-  
lage; larger, indeed, than some of  
our so-called towns.

On the opposite side of the  
bridge, on an eminence, his princely  
mansion is located. It is perhaps  
the largest, most elegantly finished  
and furnished country dwelling in  
North Carolina. The grounds cover  
twelve acres, are most highly im-  
proved and embellished, presenting  
the appearance of Central Park,  
New York, in miniature. A moral  
desirable house cannot be found.  
He is the owner of that famous  
plantation known as "Linwood," at  
Linwood station, on the North Car-  
olina Railroad, a few miles from  
Lexington. It is here he raises  
such vast quantities of wheat, clo-  
ver, hay and choice cattle and  
sheep; and here that he makes  
those experiments that tend so ma-  
terially to the progress of agricul-  
ture in the State.

Col. Holt is a citizen who has  
proved equal to every demand made  
upon him in the various positions of  
honor and trust to which he has  
been called. He is thoroughly ear-  
nest in his devotion to the State's  
every interest. Our word for it he  
will make one of the most creditable  
and efficient officers of his rank the  
State has ever had.

### The Cash System.

Fayetteville Observer.

It is evident from the number of  
those who are adopting the cash  
system, that they intend to try their  
business on a more solid basis. No  
system is more hurtful or places  
more impediments in the way of  
progress than the credit system.  
It is pecuniary death to those who  
follow it; it is only a matter of time  
for one by one the creditors fail, and  
at last he who granted indulgences  
is sure to follow. Farmers espe-  
cially have seen and felt the evil of  
the system, and if there had been  
no credit given, they would have  
been forced to work less land and  
make their own supplies, and in-  
stead of being, as many are, sunk  
past redemption in poverty an inde-  
pendent set. The farmer has al-  
ways, until the present, been look-  
ed upon as leading the happiest  
and most independent life, he has  
been the envy of other classes, but  
credit with its alluring temptations  
has despoiled the picture. If now,  
all classes would join hands in this  
crusade against credit, while at first  
it might work its hardships, they  
would be comparatively of short du-  
ration, and prevent many from re-  
trievable ruin. It is better to en-  
dure temporary evils that have no  
end—and for the good of all, it  
would be well for the system to be  
a universal one.

### Personals.

Arizona Kicker.

We have received a two-column  
letter signed Veritas, which pur-  
ports to give a true history of Maj-  
or Galvanus Brit, proprietor and  
laudlor of the Adams House. He  
is shown up as a thief, hypocrite,  
har and coward, but we shall not  
publish it while he keeps the  
most miserable of my for a hotel  
owner, and while we are satisfied  
he would steal the winkers from a  
dead dog's eyes the major was the  
first man in town to subscribe to  
our paper, and we are not going  
back on him unless he refuses to re-  
new.

It has been remarked that when-  
ever a stranger who looks like a de-  
tective appears in town about four-  
fifths of our leading citizens hunt  
their holes like foxes. This matter  
has been carried so far as to seri-  
ously interrupt business. We wish  
s'rang'ers would keep away.

Kinston Free Press: Two boys of  
this county, Sam'l Faulkner, son of  
Mr. Leander Faulkner, and Guilford  
Wh



## The Eastern Reflector,

GREENVILLE, N. C.

R. J. WHIGHAM, Editor and Prop.

Published Every Wednesday

THE LEADING PAPER  
IN THE  
FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

LATELY ENLARGED TO 32 COLUMNS!

Subscription Price. - \$1.50 per year.

THOROUGHLY DEMOCRATIC, BUT

will not hesitate to criticize Democratic  
measures that are not consistent  
with the true principles of the party.

If you want a paper from a wide-awake  
editor, send for the REFLECTOR.  
50 SAMPLE COPIES FREE!

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 30th 1889.

[ENTERED AT THE POST OFFICE AT  
GREENVILLE, N. C., AS SECOND-CLASS  
MAIL MATTER.]

To Work! To Work!

A few weeks since the REFLECTOR called attention to the fact that the location of the railroad would necessitate the building of a new county road for a short distance just beyond the river bridge. The time has now come for this new road to be put in order and about it we desire to offer a few suggestions. Time and again the REFLECTOR has advocated the construction of such a roadway from the foot of the bridge out to high land that will be passable at all times. Never a year passes but what Greenville suffers much loss in the way of trade because the people living on the North side of the river have been kept out of town for several days at the time whenever a freshet comes. While this is true, we have yet to learn of the first step being taken to remedy the evil though so greatly needed and one that would cost but a trifling sum when compared with the amount the town is annually losing. To say nothing of the inconvenience to the people wishing to pass to and fro. The county has constructed and maintains a bridge across the river, and it is as much its duty to build a roadway enabling people to get to this bridge as it is to build a bridge by which they can get into town. Notwithstanding this, it is also the duty of the business men of Greenville to help in this matter. They owe it to the people by whose trade the town and its business is built up and supported. The object of every one should be to increase the trade of the town rather than allow it to be cut off in a way that could be easily prevented. To be thrifty and prosperous a town must exert itself to bring all trade possible from the surrounding community and for as great a distance as possible. In this respect the business men of Greenville have been far more backward than is expedient. While they prove themselves enterprising in many directions, all that tends to the upbuilding of the town has not been taken advantage of. This is due to the lack of unity and co-operation that is manifested. The town has pulled along with too much of an individual idea—every man for himself, so to speak. But such a state of affairs must not longer exist. The town cannot afford it. Our business interests can not afford it. If Greenville is to take the front rank as a progressive town there must be unity and work.

Now as to the construction of this roadway. It should be built, and that immediately. The time for action is at hand. The railroad work is under way and the site of the county road has already been changed. Capt. W. H. Smith, the railroad contractor, took us out to see the changes in the county road. All the way from the turn leading to the bridge out to where the county road leaves the railroad the former has been made to run on the East side of the railroad. Of course where a railroad in construction destroys a county road it must make another that will be received as a good public highway. Capt. Smith has gone beyond this, and instead of leaving the new county road to follow the natural undulations of the surface he has graded, leveled and straightened it so that the new road is far better than the old one.

But our purpose is to get a high roadway constructed from where Capt. Smith's work ends to the bridge. At our request he had it surveyed and made an estimate of the cost to build

a road that would be passable at all times. A dam would have to be built a distance of only about 225 yards and Capt. Smith says it can be done for \$250. Surely it should be no trouble to raise that amount and have the work done at once. The business men of the town should make subscriptions to the fund and petition the County Commissioners at their meeting next Monday to appropriate the balance necessary and to order the work done at once. The business men will be waited upon for this purpose. Now every man do his duty and the roadway is assured. Be negligent in this matter and the same old trouble will remain to be a draw back to the town and a nuisance to the people on the North side of the river who wish to get over. THE ROAD MUST BE BUILT.

Last week a convention of Confederate soldiers met in Raleigh to petition the General Assembly to increase the pensions allowed to the wounded and disabled. Our Raleigh correspondent gives an account of the meeting, the sympathies it called forth and speaks of the probable results. The whole State is in sympathy with such a movement, and we earnestly hope that every dollar that can be spared from the State treasury after disbursing necessary expenses, will be given to the veterans of the "Lost Cause." They fought nobly, bravely, gallantly, and all possible should be done for them. The writer's birth being during the war, he knows only of the great struggle what could be learned in after years, yet the Southern cause was our cause, and dear to our heart is every man who wore the gray. All honor to the gallant veterans.

The hogs are an interesting topic. We have noted in our exchanges the following reports for the winter. There have been slaughtered many big hogs, but not such large ones as we have seen in some other years. Catawba 450 pounds; Halifax 461; Stokes 615; Franklin 530 and 531; Wake 516; Richmond 530; Robeson 630; Wayne 600; and Forsyth 725. So Forsyth takes the bladder and the pigtail. We anxiously await other reports.—Williamston Star.

\* It strikes us Pitt county did not get on your list, brother. Where is that \$60 pounds that the REFLECTOR mentioned on the 2nd inst. as being killed by Mr. J. H. Mills? So just permit Pitt to step in and take the curl out of that pigtail which you voted to Forsyth, and burst that bladder, too.

Just after the REFLECTOR had been printed and was ready for mailing last week our Raleigh letter arrived. Another has arrived this week. They are both published in this paper, the former on the first page and the latter on the second. They are ably written letters, giving an outline of the legislative work in a manner that is attractive and interesting. They will hereafter appear regularly while the General Assembly remains in session, and it goes without saying that they will be highly enjoyed by the readers of the REFLECTOR.

New Bern's Second Annual Fair comes off February 19, 20, 21 and 22. The holding of fairs in the winter is a new idea but it proved such a success last year in that city that an annual exposition has been organized under much greater proportions than formerly. They are advertising it most thorough and seem determined to make it an event to be remembered.

Top of the morning to Joseph Daniels, of the State Chronicle. He got the State printing by a vote of 93 to 19. Almost unanimously. We have not taken a lien on these words but feel it necessary to use them once in a while—merit will come to the front.

Brother H. S. Nunn, of the New Bern Journal, has been appointed Collector of Customs for the District of Pamlico, with headquarters at New Bern. A splendid selection. Our congratulations, brother.

County Sunday School Convention. County Sunday School Convention will be held at each county seat in the State on Friday, February 23rd, at 10 o'clock. Any minister of the Gospel, superintendent of a Sunday School or adult member of any Sunday School will be a member of these conventions. Pastors and superintendents resident at the county seat will arrange for these conventions. Each county convention will appoint five delegates to the State Convention. By order of State Executive Committee. E. J. PARRISH, Pres. M. W. GORE, Sec.

## Our Raleigh Letter.

News from the State Capital, Proceedings of Legislature, etc.

Special cor. to REFLECTOR.

The anxious solicitude and feverish excitement so marked during the first two weeks of the Legislature have passed away. Things have come down to a normal state. The city is more quiet and its people again absorbed in the prosecution of their daily work and business. The law makers are relieved of the continuous button-holeing and unrestricted entreaties of this and that candidate. The proceedings of the General Assembly now indicate earnest, hard work until the close of the session. The members realize that much in the shape of wise and important legislation is expected of them and they are directing their time and study to the subject in their charge. They are to pass upon many supremely important questions of State policy and government. The management of the penitentiary and its large expenses to the State at present demand wise and serious consideration from this Legislature. Amendments to the school law, and to the election laws of the State, the subject of increased pensions to our maimed Confederate veterans and their widows, the establishment of a railroad commission and the election of a better system for improving the public roads, all these and other general measures must be considered and acted upon.

So far the work of the session has been confined mainly to matters of local importance. The contested election cases are being disposed of as rapidly as possible. To do justice to all parties. The sitting member from Halifax held their seats, also Mr. Bauman, a representative of Wake. The Jones county case was heard before the committee on elections yesterday. The sitting member is Mr. Essene, a democrat. A majority of the committee report in favor of the contestant, Mr. Greene. The House will probably act upon the report to-day. It is very likely that the fees of certain officers will be considerably reduced by the present Legislature. Several bills on this line have been introduced. The other day a bill passed one of the Houses reducing the fees of probating and registering court liens to fifty cents. Petitions are being presented almost every day from various counties asking for a repeal of what is known as the merchants purchase tax. And here I will remark that the spirit of the Legislature seems to be to repeal many unnecessary and burdensome laws, to remedy existing evils, as well as to enact new laws. Bills have been introduced amending the laws as to assignments, their principal provisions being that no assignor shall have the right to prefer any of his creditors and that assignees shall be required to give bond in like manner as administrators, etc.

The Democratic members met in joint caucus in the Hall of the House representatives Wednesday night last to nominate a State Printer, 117 members being present. The claims of Mr. Daniels and Capt. Ashe were presented, and the caucus decided by a vote of 93 to 19 in favor of the former. This is a merited endorsement of Mr. Daniels who has discharged the duties of State Printer for the past two years with marked efficiency and acceptability. It is believed here that he will make his excellent paper, the State Chronicle, a daily in the near future. The convention of the Confederate veterans held in this city last Friday was a signal success, and no doubt helped their cause with the legislators very much. They numbered near two hundred. It was indeed a sad sight, one never to be forgotten, to see those battle-seared veterans, one-legged, one-armed and maimed old soldiers, marching in line up Fayetteville street. The speeches made were very touching, eloquent and sadly sympathetic. Gov. Fowle's address to them stirred all hearts and moved nearly every one who heard him to tears. He made an appeal to the members of the General Assembly in their behalf which will have its effect. It is very evident that the Legislature will provide for them as liberally as the State is able to do.

To the Farmers. Many of you have offered to contribute something for the erection of the wheat mill to be located at Greenville and have planted large acreage in wheat. I am proud to inform you that the prospect of getting up a sufficient amount to erect the mill is good. Many friends outside the Alliance have offered to help us. If you will contribute liberally the mill will be complete and in good working order by July and then we can have good flour of our own make, at a cost not to exceed \$2.50 or \$3 per barrel, in place of the \$5.00 to \$7 per barrel. Let for subscriptions will be presented to you soon. Be sure to subscribe. We want a first-class mill and must have it.

Don't buy any guano this season. The same money will pay you much better invested in the wheat mill or some other industry. Don't spend your money for commercial fertilizers, it never has paid you anything. Besides, there is a Trust on it now. The money that is spent yearly for commercial fertilizers that does not pay the farmers one cent in return, will establish us a first-class mill and many other industries that will prove a blessing to the community. All members of Greenville Alliance, No. 708, are respectfully invited to be present on Saturday, Feb. 9th, next regular meeting. We would be glad to have members of other Alliances meet with us that day.

Notice to Creditors. The undersigned having duly qualified as Executor to the Last Will and Testament of James E. Edwards, deceased, on the 28th day of January, 1889, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and to all creditors of said estate to present their claims properly authenticated, to the undersigned on or before the 28th day of January, 1889, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. This 28th day of January, 1889. JAMES T. EDWARDS, Et al James E. Edwards.

Efficient. Seventy years ago, more or less, a well known citizen of Richmond, N. H., named Nahum Grout, was reputed to be a Federalist, perhaps the only one in town. Political feeling ran high in those days, and it has often since, and naturally the "minority of one" was looked upon with small favor. The majority, in order to show their disrespect for the man or their detestation of his political principles, elected him hog reeve, an office whose duty it was to ring all swine found running at large in the highway, or else to put them into the town pound. Grout assumed the office with much complacency and great dignity, and shortly began operations in earnest, as was soon found out by many of his opponents, who had been accustomed to turn their hogs into the public way. Securing efficient help he gathered quite a respectable drove—respectable in point of numbers, at all events—belonging mostly to such of his neighbors and townsmen as had been foremost in promoting him to office. He lodged the animals in the pound, and waited for his fee; but, as luck would have it, the enclosure was not strong enough to hold this kind of cattle, and the pigs all got out, and with a few exceptions, made their way home again. Grout was equal to the emergency; he used the town for damages. By this means he secured the hogs, and the town's neglect he had lost his lawful fees. The court decided in his favor, and the town was mulcted in the sum of nearly \$1,000. After this the solitary Federalist of the village was allowed to remain a private citizen.—Youth's Companion.

Of Interest to Ladies. We will be glad to have members of other Alliances meet with us that day.

## A & I O W.

DIST. ASSEMBLY No. 1

HALL No. 5

Jan. 23rd 1889.

The Supreme Court Worker called the meeting to order at 11:30 P. M., and fined Colossal Sunbeam \$85.00 for being asleep and snoring in the presence of the Club. After Prof. Longfellow had shown the Club the latest triumph in the terpsichorean art, brother Proboscis Nightmare was given the second degree, and declared a member in good standing. The resignation of Windmill Hailover was read and accepted. The office of Chief Explosive Manipulator being vacant, Trustful Whim was placed in nomination for that position, and unanimously elected. Proboscis Nightmare was then elected most Merciful Scribbler by acclamation. The Hon. Golegthy Helpmeed gave notice that he had a complaint to make against Nickleplate Hopeful, Trustfulness Whim and Filatus Longfellow. On motion of Proboscis Nightmare, the trial was set for the next meeting and Colossal Sunbeam was appointed counsel for the defence. Backspring Normal for the prosecution, and Proboscis Nightmare referee. The following resolutions were read and adopted.

WHEREAS, it has come to the knowledge of this Club that one of its members has reached, at last, a satisfactory solution of the matrimonial problem, and

WHEREAS, we consider it our duty to speak a word of cheer and encouragement to one who is going out from us soon to take unto himself a mother in law, therefore be it

RESOLVED 1st. That the sympathies of this Club be extended to the brother in this his hour of fear and trembling.

RESOLVED 2nd. That while we regard in silent anguish the act of cupid in taking from one number, one whose record was destined to be among the brightest annals of the A & I O W. Still we would remind the brother who has thus been cut off in the hour of his youth that there is no rose without a thorn, but there are lots of thorns without roses.

RESOLVED 3rd. That should the brother who is soon to go out from the storm swept plains of bachelordom into the peaceful realm of matrimonial felicity, of over 6-124, as the case might be, ever betray to his wife or any other female, any of the secrets of his order, each individual member shall consider it his bounden duty to separately and secretly break the neck, and otherwise disgrace the traitor.

NICKELPLATE HOPEFUL, GOLGOTHY HELPMEED, TRUSTFULNESS WHIM. Having no other business the meeting adjourned.

GREENVILLE MARKET.	
Corrected weekly by LIGHTENSTEIN & SCHULTZ, Wholesale and Retail Grocers.	
Alfalfa	14 00 to 14 50
Bulk Sides	7 50 to 10 00
Bulk Shoulders	7 00
Bacon Sides	9 00
Bacon Shoulders	11 to 12 1/2
Pitt County Hams	1 1/4
Sugar Cured Hams	4 35 to 6 50
Flour	10 1/2 to 12 1/2
Coffee	16 1/2 to 20
Brown Sugar	6 1/2 to 7 1/2
Granulated Sugar	7 1/2 to 10
Syrup	18 to 40
Tobacco	27 to 65
Snuff	30 to 50
Lard	8 to 10
Butter	24 to 35
Cheese	24 to 35
Eggs	10
Meal	65 to 80
Corn	65 to 80
Irish Potatoes	2 1/2
G. A. Salt	2 00
Liverpool Salt	1 to 7
Hides	18 to 20
Beeswax	3 25
Horseford's Bread Prep'n.	6 40
Star Lye	3 to 4
Kerosene Oil	10 to 11
Paraffine-Box	2 75

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Of Interest to Ladies. We will be glad to have members of other Alliances meet with us that day.

## R. S. CLARK & CO.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, BUILDERS' MATERIAL & HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Are headquarters for all articles needed in the HARDWARE line. Our stock cannot be enumerated, but if you want anything in

Hardware, Agricultural Implement, Stoves and Cooking Utensils, Carriage Material and House Builders' Material, Cutlery & C.

CALL ON US. We can save you money on any of these goods. MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS FOR POWDERS which we will sell at Factory Prices.

## The Greenville Carriage Works,

WE are now fitted up in FIRST-CLASS ORDER and are prepared to manufacture upon short notice any kind or style of

RIDING VEHICLES. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO ALL REPAIRING.

We also keep a nice line of READY MADE HARNESS. Come and see us. Flanagan's old stand R. GREENE, JR. Manager.

## THE MAN IN THE MOON

(CANNOT BE SEEN EVERY DAY, but the man who keeps a fresh supply of

Groceries, Fruits, Confections, Cigars, TOBACCO, CANNED GOODS, & C.

Can be found whenever wanted. You only have to look for

V. L. STEPHENS,

And all your wants in the above goods can be supplied. BOXES OF CONFECTIONS PUT UP TO ORDER. FINE CIGARS A SPECIALTY. ESTABLISHED IN 1870.

## LUTHER SHELTON,

SASHES, DOORS AND BLINDS, MOULDINGS, MIXED PAINTS, TIN SHINGLES, FANCY CUT GLASS, BRACKETS, VARNISHES, TARRIED ROOFING PAPERS, ENAMELED GLASS, STAIR RAIL, 4 inch Cords in Japan, Plain Sheathing Papers, Cathedral Glass Newsels, Dry Paints, Plaster of Paris, Venetian Chrysomile Glass, Wood Mantels, Brushes, Wire Cloth Window Screens, Rubber Roofing Paint, Marbleized Slate Mantels.

Builders' Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, AND BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Nos. 16 West Side Market Sqr. & 49 Roanoke Ave. NORFOLK, VA.

## W. L. BROWN

COMMISSIONER MERCHANT AND AGENT FOR THE TARBORO OIL MILLS.

Highest Cash price paid for Cotton Seed or Meal given in exchange Has for sale Acid Phosphate, Shell Lime and Cotton Seed Meal

Either for Cash or on Time. FARMER'S BONE FERTILIZER. A SPECIALTY it is guaranteed to be superior to any fertilizer on the market.

J. B. CHERRY. J. R. MOYE. J. G. MOYE.

## J. B. CHERRY & CO.,

New Firm New Goods

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

Having just received a fresh line of the following goods, we are now ready to offer to the public just what they stand in need of—honest goods at prices that will please the purchaser.

WE HAVE IN STOCK

STAPLE AND FANCY DRESS GOODS, Dry Goods,

Notions, Hosiery, Etc. HATS & CAPS for Men and Boys.

SHIRTS & COLLARS. BOOTS AND SHOES

To fit all who favor us with their patronage.

Hardware, Nails, Cutlery, Guns, Shot, Powder, Crockery, Glass-ware, Wood and Willow

ware, Furniture, Harness, Whips, Nail & Ax and Railroad Mills Snuff, Cheiving

and Smoking Tobacco.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

IN THIS LINE WE WILL CARRY

Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Flour, Rice, Meats of different kinds, very best Lard we can

buy, Butter, Cheese, Spice, Pepper. Soap both toilet and Laundry,

Star Lye, Ball Lye, Matches,andles, Starch, best grade of White

Kerosene Oil, Machine Oil, &c.

We are a New Firm, but not new men to the public. All who stand in need of goods in our line are invited to come to see us. We can and will sell as low as any one who sells as good goods as we do

## ALFRED FORBES,

THE "OLD RELIABLE MERCHANT" OF GREENVILLE, N. C.

Offers to the buyers of Pitt and surrounding counties, a line of the following goods that are not to be excelled in this market. And all guaranteed to be First-class and pure straight goods. DRY GOODS of all kinds, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS, FURNITURE and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, DOORS, WINDOWS, SASH and BLINDS, CROCKERY and QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, LUMBS and FLOW CASTING, LEATHER of different kinds, GIN and MILL BELTING, HAY, ROCK LIME, PLASTER OF PARIS, and PLASTERING HAIR, HARNESS, BRIDLES and SADDLES.

HEAVY GROCERIES A SPECIALTY. Agent for Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton which I offer to the trade at Wholesale Jobbers prices, 55 cents per dozen, less 6 per cent for Cash. Horsford's Bread Preparation and Hall's Star Lye at Jobbers Prices. Lewis' White Lead and pure Linseed Oil, Varnishes and Paint Colors, Cucumber Wood Pumps, Salt and Willow Ware. Nails a specialty. Give me a call and I guarantee satisfaction.

## TAILORING!

Our line is so large and complete and varied that it allows our customers to please themselves as to prices. The garments offered are made on the premises with the intention of furnishing the best material, perfect in finish and workmanship, at prices which compare favorably with goods of inferior quality, and to suit the most fastidious or economical taste.

JOHN SIMMS, GREENVILLE, N. C.

## J. L. SUGG,

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENT, GREENVILLE, N. C.

OFFICE SUGG & JAMES OLD STAND. All kinds of Risks placed in strictly

FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES

At lowest current rates

AM AGENT FOR A FIRST-CLASS FIRE PROOF SAFE.

THE OLD RELIABLE CARRIAGE FACTORY

STILL TO THE FRONT!

J. D. WILLIAMSON, Prop'r.

SUCCESSOR TO JOHN FLANAGAN. GREENVILLE, N. C.

Has Moved to One Door North of Court House. WILL CONTINUE THE MANUFACTURE OF

PHAEONS, BUGGIES, CARTS & DRAYS.

My Factory is well equipped with the best Mechanics, consequently put up nothing but first-class work. We keep up with the times and the latest improved style. Best material used in all work. All styles of Springs are used, you can select from

Brewster, Storm, Timpink, Coil, Ram Horn, King.

Also keep on hand a full line of ready made

HARNESS AND WHIPS, the year round, which we will sell as LOW as the LOWEST.

Special Attention Given to REPAIRING.

Thanking the people of this and surrounding counties for past favors to, we hope merit a continuance of the same.

## E. C. GLENN,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

STANDARD GUANO ACID PHOSPHATE KAINIT, PULVERIZED OYSTER SHELL,

SHELL LIME, PURE DISSOLVED BONE, COTTON SEED MEAL AND

Tennessee Wagons, for sale. GREENVILLE, N. C., Mar. 23d, 1887.

Rail Road. The railroad company will commence grading in my Nursery this week and will take up about twenty five hundred apple & pear trees, the following varieties Viz. Warren's Favorite, Wooten's winter Astrachan, Yellow May, Spice, June Sweetening and Wilke's winter. These trees I will sell at ten cents each. I also have four or five hundred pear trees that I will sell for twenty five cents each. These trees are all first class, and good varieties. Now is the time to get cheap trees. Come at once. ALLEN WARREN.

Notice to Creditors. Having duly qualified as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of James E. Evans, deceased, on the 2nd day of January 1889, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and to all creditors of said estate to present their claims properly authenticated to the undersigned on or before the 2nd day of January, 1889, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. HATTIE E. EVANS, EX'X. of JAMES E. EVANS.

Land Sale. By virtue of a power contained in a certain Mortgage executed and delivered to me by W. J. James on the 25th day of January 1887 and recorded in Book T 4 173-4 in the office of register of Deeds of Pitt county. I will offer for sale on the premises E. Bethel Pitt county on Saturday the 2nd day of February 1889 at 12 o'clock the following described parcel of land viz: "All of a certain house and lot of land situated in the town of Beaufort Pitt county on the East side of Main street adjoining the lands of Mrs. Hattie Barnhill, Warren Andrews and others, containing one half acre more or less."

Terms Cash. Greenville Jan. 28th, 1889. Mortgagee JAMES M. NORRIS Atty. for Mortgagee

Notice. Is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Commissioners of Pitt county on the 1st Monday of February 1889 to establish a new Township and to divide the same into the following boundaries. Beginning at the mouth of Turkey Creek Swamp running with said swamp to Turkey Creek Posing thence to the persimmon branch, then down said branch to clay rock swamp then up said swamp to Indian well swamp then up said swamp to the head of said swamp then north to Greenville township line then with said line to Kingston road and on near Reedy branch church then with said road to S Creek swamp then down said swamp to the beginning. W. H. Moore N. R. Cory. W. W. Haddock James Cox.

Notice. By virtue of a Deed of the Superior Court of Pitt county, in a special proceeding, entitled Wm. May Executor of Mary A. E. May vs. Thos. E. Keel and wife, Mary F. Lewis, and others, I shall on the 4th day of February 1889, at 11 o'clock, Meridian, at the Court House door in the town of Greenville, sell for cash the house and lot in Farmville, township line then with said line to Kingston road and on near Reedy branch church then with said road to S Creek swamp then down said swamp to the beginning. This is a dwelling and an necessary out-houses. This 12th day of Dec. 1888. Wm. May, Ex.

Notice. On Monday the 4th day of Feb'y A. D. 1889, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Greenville, N. C. to the highest bidder for Cash one tract of land in Pitt county and bounded as follows: Situated in Greenville Township on the north side of Tar River adjoining the lands of E. M. Carney G. S. Johnson and others, at the same time and place I will sell for cash one other tract of land in Pitt county and Greenville township north side of Tar River adjoining the lands of J. A. Thigpen, A. D. McGowan and others, said lands were owned by W. W. McGowan at the time of his death. I will sell the interest of E. L. McGowan (one-six part) to satisfy an execution in my hands for collection against E. L. McGowan and as the property of E. L. McGowan, J. K. Gowan, J. K. Tucker, Shif. January 3rd 1889.

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**THE EASTERN REFLECTOR GREENVILLE N. C.**

**IN THE LONG RUN.**

In the long run fame finds the deserving man; The lucky weight may prosper for a day; But in good time true merit leads the van. And vain pretense, unnoticed, goes its way;

In the long run.

In the long run all goodly sorrow pays; There is no better thing than righteous pain; The sleepless nights, the awful thorn-crowned days; Bring reward to tortured soul and brain; Unmeaning joys enervate in the end; But sorrow yields a glorious dividend.

In the long run.

In the long run all hidden things are known; The eye of truth will penetrate the light; And, good or ill, thy secret shall be known; However well 'tis guarded from the light; All the unspoken motives of the breast Are fathomed by the years, and stand confessed.

In the long run.

In the long run all love is paid by love; Though undervalued by the hearts of earth; The eternal government above Keeps strict account, and will redeem Give thy love freely—do not count the cost— So beautiful a thing was never lost.

In the long run.

**Washington Letter.**

Special cor. to REFLECTOR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18th 1889

Mr. Cleveland has sent to Congress a communication from the Secretary of State in regard to the troubles in Samoa. He also sends a message of his own which effectually disposes of the charges made in many republican papers that the administration was neglecting American interests in Samoa. After reviewing the whole trouble, the President says: "After looking under the restraints which our constitution and laws have placed upon the Executive power, I have insisted that the autonomy and independence of Samoa should be scrupulously preserved according to the treaty made with Samoa. I have protested against every act apparently tending in the opposite direction, and during the existence of internal revenue disturbances one or more vessels of war have been kept in Samoa waters to protect American citizens and property. These things will not be put aside by the correspondence and papers which have been submitted to Congress." This is the whole thing in a nutshell. Could any American citizen ask more of an administration? All the papers in the Haytian cases have also been submitted to Congress, and they are equally creditable to the patriotism and good sense of the administration.

The U. S. Navy will soon be in a position to compete with that of any nation, unless the republican administration and Congress again adopt the policy by which in 24 years they succeeded in destroying it, while spending millions of dollars with favored contractors. The House committee on naval affairs has just completed naval appropriation bill, which amounts to \$2,000,000. The bill authorizes the construction of a dynamite cruiser on the pattern of the Vesuvius, which on its recent trial trip attained the greatest speed of any vessel afloat, and a 3,500 ton cruising monitor on the plans prepared by Representative Thomas, of Illinois.

Another foreign diplomat seems desirous of following in the footsteps of Lord Sackville. He has been interviewed in a newspaper, and has impudently criticized the Edmunds resolutions on the Monroe doctrine. He is wiser than Lord Sackville, in that he does not allow his name to appear. But if the published interview is authentic, we shall probably have to send another foreign meddler home to learn better manners.

The contest over the speakership of the next House is rapidly developing into a regular Kilgenny cat fight among the Republicans. Two factions, one led by Messrs. Cannon and Reed and the other by Messrs. Burrows and McKinley, had quite a spirited spat on the floor of the House last week. Mr. Reed got into a passion when he saw how he was losing the leadership, which he had been undisputed for so long. This fight was the result of some fine work on the part of Mr. Blaine. He has exposed the cause of McKinley and is determined if possible to have him elected Speaker. In this connection it is interesting to note that so confident is Blaine of being the next Secretary of State, that he has already been making promises to the members of the next House, of patronage under the State department, in order to make votes for McKinley.

The busy bodies who have been trying to make it appear that the President deliberately snubbed Senator Ingalls because he did not invite him to the first State dinner at the White House, have had all the wind taken out of their sails by the announcement that Mr. Ingalls has been invited and has accepted the invitation to the next State dinner, which takes place on the 31st inst. However, the fact should be borne in mind that Mr. Cleveland had had ample cause for snubbing Mr. Ingalls personally on account of the manner in which he blackguards Mr. Cleveland on the floor of the Senate, but the latter could not afford to slight the President of the Senate, hence the invitation. It is the preceding officer of the Senate that is invited to the State dinner.

Petitions, said to represent over fourteen million persons, were presented to the Senate Wednesday in favor of the "Sunday Rest" bill. The petitions were gotten up by the W. O. T. U.

Some ideas of the reason and sense in the Senate tariff bill may be gathered from the fact that the Re-

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**WRITING BY TELEGRAPH.**

Eliza Gray's Invention for Sending Letters by Wire.

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These things may all come. At present we get along with an intermediate and exaggerating repetition of the voice over the wire, having no means of determining the identity of our interlocutor, no certainty of getting his words accurately and no record of his words. Cases are reported where ingenious rascals have secured considerable sums by cleverly imitating over the telephone the voice of wealthy business men; in other cases, orders to buy or sell goods or securities have been repudiated by those who gave them by telephone, while the simple blunders caused by faulty telephonic transmission would fill volumes.

Eliza Gray, the well known Illinois inventor, recently patented a device to insure accuracy and accountability over the electric wire. The sender of a message can write it out at his desk, and give any number of readings of the message to the other end of the circuit. There have been previous attempts at transmitting fac-similes of writing, but inventions which depend upon the variation in the intensity of the current or upon revolving cylinders proved unsatisfactory.

Mr. Gray's device consists of two current interrupters at the sending end and a pen at the receiving end. The pen is connected to the interrupter at the sending end, and each one passes to a current interrupter set into the telegraphic circuit. When the pen moves to the right the current is broken and the pen draws the ink red line to the right. Similarly upward motion is given by the vertical rod. Left handed or downward strokes of the sending pen are represented on the receiving pen in the same manner. Consequently every motion made on the paper at one end of the wire is copied with faultless exactness at the other end. When the pen is taken off or a line is drawn by hand, the device operates with the same result on the receiving pen.

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A war may become impossible through all nations being armed to the teeth; it may also prove in the future that writing and publishing what is written will become so general that it will cease altogether. Other methods than those now used may more likely supersede printing; but, whatever the practical means pursued in the future to perpetuate and preserve alive human thought, it is certain that if the "making of books" (or their equivalents) continues to increase at the rate at which it has increased in the last twenty years, the world will be a frightful burden, so sickly a plague, that it will cease to have any life or meaning in it, as a locust swarm perishes of famine from its multitude.

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**THE ONLY CELERY COMPOUND**

**CURES PROOFS**

**Neuralgia** "Paine's Celery Compound" has cured thousands of cases of Neuralgia, Sciatic, Rheumatic, and other pains.

**Nervous Prostration** "After using six bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, I am cured of Nervous Prostration, and feel as well as ever."—J. H. Smith, New York.

**Rheumatism** "I have done more good for Rheumatism than any other medicine."—Geo. Abbott, New York.

**Kidney Diseases** "Paine's Celery Compound" has been of great benefit for Kidney Diseases, Gravel, and other ailments.

**All Liver Disorders** "Paine's Celery Compound" has been of great benefit for Liver Disorders, Biliousness, and other ailments.

Manufactured by **W. L. ALLEGOR, JR.**, New York.

**THE Eastern Reflector,**

**ALL ORDERS FOR JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY FILLED.**

**Notice!**

CULLEY'S PREPARATION for baldness, falling out of hair, and cradication of dandruff is before the public.

Among the many who have used "with wonderful success," I refer you to the following named gentlemen who will testify to the truth of my assertion:

ED. JOSEPHUS LATHAM, Greenville.

MR. O. CUTHRELL, S. C.

ROBT. GREENE, S. C.

Any one wishing to give it a trial for the above named complaints can procure it from me, at my place of business, for \$1.50 per bottle.

Respectfully,  
**ALFRED CULLEY, Barber.**  
Greenville, March 14th, 1888. N. C.

**DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESORT!**

**GRAND EMPORIUM**

For Shaving, Cutting and Dressing Hair.

**STOP**

**AT THE GLASS FRONT.**

Under the Opera House, at which place I have recently located, and where I have everything in my line.

**NEW, CLEAN AND ATTRACTIVE,**

**TO MAKE A**

**MODEL BARBER SHOP**

with all the improved appliances; new and comfortable chairs.

Razors sharpened at reasonable figures.

Orders for work outside of my shop promptly executed. Very respectfully,  
**CULLEY & EDMONDS.**

**LICHTENSTEIN & SCHULTZ,**

**OLD BRICK STORE.**

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BUYING their year's supplies will find it to their interest to get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock is complete in all branches.

**PORK SIDES & SHOULDERS,**

**FLOUR, COFFEE, SUGAR,**

**SPICES, TEAS, &c.**

always at LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

**TOBACCO SNUFF & CIGARS**

we buy direct from Manufacturers, enabling you to buy at one profit. A complete stock of

**FURNITURE**

always on hand and sold at prices to suit the times. Our goods are all bought and sold for CASH, therefore having no risk to run, we sell at a close margin.

Respectfully,  
**LICHTENSTEIN & SCHULTZ,**  
Greenville, N. C.

**EVERYBODY LOOK.**

**Horses AND Mules.**

A car load just arrived and now for sale by

**H. F. KEEL,**

at Keel & King's old stand. Will sell them or at reasonable terms on time. I bought my stock for Cash and can afford to sell as cheap as anyone. Give me a call.

Have just procured several first-class Vehicles and will take passengers to any point at reasonable rates.

**Sale, Feed and Livery Stables.**

**UNDERTAKING.**

Having associated B. S. SHEPARD with me in the Undertaking business we are ready to serve the people in that capacity. All notes and accounts due our late firm will be paid by the new firm. We are fitted up with all conveniences and can render satisfactory services to all who patronize us.

**JOHN FLANAGAN.**

W. L. ELLIOTT, S. P. ELLIOTT, JOHN NICHOLS

**THE ONLY**

**Brilliant DYES**

**Durable Economical**

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These things may all come. At present we get along with an intermediate and exaggerating repetition of the voice over the wire, having no means of determining the identity of our interlocutor, no certainty of getting his words accurately and no record of his words. Cases are reported where ingenious rascals have secured considerable sums by cleverly imitating over the telephone the voice of wealthy business men; in other cases, orders to buy or sell goods or securities have been repudiated by those who gave them by telephone, while the simple blunders caused by faulty telephonic transmission would fill volumes.

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Mr. Gray's device consists of two current interrupters at the sending end and a pen at the receiving end. The pen is connected to the interrupter at the sending end, and each one passes to a current interrupter set into the telegraphic circuit. When the pen moves to the right the current is broken and the pen draws the ink red line to the right. Similarly upward motion is given by the vertical rod. Left handed or downward strokes of the sending pen are represented on the receiving pen in the same manner. Consequently every motion made on the paper at one end of the wire is copied with faultless exactness at the other end. When the pen is taken off or a line is drawn by hand, the device operates with the same result on the receiving pen.

The telegraph, as Mr. Gray calls his invention, therefore not only insures the accuracy of the message, but it exactly copies the handwriting of the sender's handwriting as to hold him accountable for what he has written, while he retains for his own guidance the original of the message transmitted. It is a device which will be of great use in the future, and the slightest regard to whether they possess any literary capabilities for the work or not. If the public has ever heard of them in any capacity, whether marching through a savage country or singing a musical ballad, whether speaking at a public meeting or rebutting a criminal charge in the dock, they will all write, and they will all find editors, publishers, and public ready to receive their words.

A war may become impossible through all nations being armed to the teeth; it may also prove in the future that writing and publishing what is written will become so general that it will cease altogether. Other methods than those now used may more likely supersede printing; but, whatever the practical means pursued in the future to perpetuate and preserve alive human thought, it is certain that if the "making of books" (or their equivalents) continues to increase at the rate at which it has increased in the last twenty years, the world will be a frightful burden, so sickly a plague, that it will cease to have any life or meaning in it, as a locust swarm perishes of famine from its multitude.

**Men and Those Who Pass for Men.**

Often we find not more than five whole men in a town of 5,000 inhabitants. Those who pass for men and who really do get married and have families, are a hundred to one fractional men or exclusively machines. Eliza Barrett cultivated the man she loved in him until his trade and his blacksmith shop could not stay with him. They ceased to be useful to him. He could get his living in a way that was better for him. Benjamin Franklin was an excellent printer, but he used his trade only as a means. The development of his mind and his manhood went on above it. Printing with him was not an end of life. If it had been so, he would have missed his words of wisdom; some one else would have built the kite that exchanged the first kiss with electricity, and less able men would have been set to do the work which he did so creditably in the management of the country's affairs. It is not necessary that you be learned blacksmiths or philosophical and diplomatic printers, but it is necessary that you be a man before your calling, behind your calling, after your calling, outside of your calling, and inside of it; and that that calling modify your character no more than it would were it your neighbor's.—J. G. Holland.

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Under the Opera House, at which place I have recently located, and where I have everything in my line.

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