

LEADING PAPER IN THE FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT. ONE YEAR \$1.50 SIX MONTHS 75c.

THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

THE BEST PAPER EVER PUBLISHED IN GREENVILLE LARGEST CIRCULATION. EXCELLENT ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Proprietor.

TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION.

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The Eastern Reflector, GREENVILLE, N. C.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Proprietor. Published Every Wednesday

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THOROUGHLY DEMOCRATIC, BUT will not hesitate to criticize Democratic men and measures that are not consistent with the true principles of the party.

If you want a paper from a wide-awake section of the State send for the REFLECTOR. 65 SAMPLE COPY FREE!

General Directory.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor—Alfred M. Scales, of Guilford

Lieutenant-Governor—Charles M. Steedman, of New Hanover.

Secretary of State—William L. Sammers, of Wake.

Treasurer—Donald W. Bain, of Wake.

Attorney-General—William P. Roberts, of Gates.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Sidney M. Finger, of Catawba.

Attorney General—Theodore F. Davidson, of Buncombe.

SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice—William N. H. Smith, of Wake.

Associate Justices—Thomas S. Ashe, of Anderson; Augustus S. Merrimon, of Wake.

JUDGES SUPERIOR COURT.

First District—James E. Shepherd, of Beaufort.

Second District—Frederick Phillips, of Edgecombe.

Third District—H. G. Connor, of Wilson.

Fourth District—Walter Clark, of Wake.

Fifth District—John A. Gilmer, of Guilford.

Sixth District—E. T. Boykins, of Sampson.

Seventh District—James C. McRae, of Cumberland.

Eighth District—W. J. Montgomery, of Cabarrus.

Ninth District—Jesse F. Graves, of Yadkin.

Poetry.

VOICE OF THE FAITHFUL HEART.

JESSE BARTLETT DAVIS.

Say, what is the wild sea's message. It so longingly bears to the land;

That so fondly it croons on the pebbles. As it dries its sad eyes on the strand?

Do the pelicans it dallies and kisses. And does it weep as it dries its eyes?

Like the voice of a fond, faithful heart. Like the voice of a fond, faithful heart.

Is the pebble an exile, I wonder. From some sea bedded cavern of yore?

Are the waves but its couriers bearing. Sweet tidings from grovels to shore?

Does it hearken and send back its greeting. To the voice of a fond, faithful heart.

Is the kiss on the wave's lips a part. As swift and as sure comes the answer?

From the voice of a fond, faithful heart. From the voice of a fond, faithful heart.

Does the surf change forever, or ever? Do these couriers pause in their chase?

Are the depths of the sea ever broken. By the tempests that wrinkle its face?

Altho' it is so strong and enduring. Though ocean and continent part.

Are the whispers, heard but by the loved one. From the voice of the fond, faithful heart.

Deep down beneath the boom of ocean. Unmolested by plumes or waves;

At peace from the storm and commotion. That rage o'er its billows of brine.

There are secrets that time shall fathom. There are jewels unknown to earth's heart.

As deep, as true and as precious. Is the voice of the fond, faithful heart.

GENIUS.

RICHARD HENSTIG HOINE.

Far out at sea—the sun was high. White veiled the wind and flapped the sail;

We saw a snow-white butterfly. Dancing before the fitful gale.

The little wanderer, who had lost. His way, of danger nothing knew.

Settled awhile upon the mast. Then fluttered o'er the waters blue.

Far out at sea. Above, there gleamed the boundless sky. Lit by the sun's softest gleam;

Between them danced the butterfly. The spirit life of this vast scene.

Far out at sea. The tiny soul that soared away. Seeking the clouds on fragile wings.

Who is injured by protection?

To this question it may be answered, every one who is not benefited.

Protection can only benefit any thing, as has been shown, by increasing the prices of those things which they have to sell.

Now, if it increased likewise the price of that which they had to buy, the one would set off the other, and there would be no benefit at all.

Surely this is self-evident. To make protection a benefit to somebody, therefore, it must in the necessity of things, either increase the price of their products, leaving the price of their purchases the same, or it must maintain the price of their sales and lower that of their purchases.

If it does neither it does nothing; if it does either it injures somebody. Every man, therefore, in the United States is injured who, having (by protection) the cost raised of all which he has to buy, does not also, by the same law, have the price of all that he has to sell increased to the same extent.

First and foremost, then, it injures all who only consume and do not produce. As these are the vast majority, it is not necessary to dwell upon them.

But with the protection, and with their transactions, are purchases, it is impossible to compensate them for their losses by the increase in prices.

This large class includes the professions, merchants, all persons engaged in transportation, personal and government service, women orphan children, and all who live on fixed incomes, and the like. Perhaps, however, their injury is not so great as that done to the farmers and planters, for though the expenditures of the first-named is increased by protection, their incomes are not necessarily diminished.

But with the farmer both are done. The price of his surplus which cannot exchange with us on equal terms, the prices are necessarily lowered, and his income is thereby lessened. He is wasting at both the spigot and the spile. There is no proposition more obviously just than that which the farmer is forced to send for sale his wheat, his meat and his cotton to Europe, where the price is fixed for him by the competition of the world, he should be permitted to buy his supplies of wool and iron and the like in the self-same markets at prices regulated by the same competition.

I have seen it stated by reputable authority that in many portions of India recently opened up by railroads wheat is profitably grown at a cost of five shillings per quarter of eight bushels. In competition with this "pauper" grown wheat our Western farmers have to sell their wheat, produced at a cost of at least three times as great.

British capital will permit, put into these railroads, and these cheap wheat lands of India were developed because England could not get her bread from our prairies in exchange for her manufactured goods, tariff wall forbidding.

She would gladly have fed her people from the riches of our plains if she could, but all foreign commerce is exchange, a protection forbids exchange. The story of cotton is the same. The farmer sells in Liverpool in competition with that grown in all parts of the earth, at the lowest figure for which human labor can be induced to grow it. But he is not permitted to buy even the jute bagging and the iron ties which envelope it in the same market cheapened in the same way.

The price of those things is fixed by having tariff duties to suit the American manufacturer. So it is with nearly everything produced by those who fill the earth and create food or the material of raiment. They are made the nation's victims in Liverpool taxation whose toil goes to enrich the few who control our legislation. In order to keep them in quiet submission the keenest intellect of the land is employed and paid for with the farmer's own money. They are armed with a thousand false arguments and exploded theories; their national pride is appealed to, and mean prejudices are excited against foreign nations simply because they have the power to sell; the term "pauper" is applied to every laborer upon earth except those employed in our protection country, and "British gold" is said by the slave-traders to bribe every man who refuses to help them steal; revenue tariff men are called "free traders," so bold has become robbery that honesty has thus become a reproach and political partisan hostility is freely and successfully invoked. In this way these injustices have been enacted and maintained until the task of removing them has become a revolution which it will require a generation of stubborn agitation to accomplish. But it will be done. To doubt it is to question the strength of justice and impugn our civilization. Even the last appeal, that against the cruelty of disturbing vested interests, which is so effectually made, will lose its power to stay the hand of reform. For men will come to agree with Bastiat that because wrong has been permitted to exist for a moment is no reason why it should endure eternally. Nor does the fact that wrong is profitable to its perpetrators give it any further or stronger sanction to immortality. Truth and justice are entitled to live forever.

The most feasible hope of this reformation appears to me to lie in the West and South. These sections of our country are natural allies,

Washington Letter.

Special cor. to REFLECTOR. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29th 1888.

The republicans of the House have backed down in a most inglorious manner by declining to accept the proposition made them by Rep. representative Mills to take a vote on the Mills tariff bill, without further discussion or amendment.

This action on the part of the republicans shows plainly that they were afraid the bill would pass if they allowed it to come to a vote without further delay. The bill, when taken up again, be considered under the five minute rule by sections. At this stage, amendments will be in order. It is not likely that a final vote will be reached before July.

Members of the Senate Judiciary Committee have received many letters regarding the confirmation of Mr. Fuller as Chief Justice. The majority of the letters have come from the North, and quite a number of them were written by prominent republicans. He would have probably been confirmed this week, had not Senator Ingalls asked for further delay. It is now believed that he will be confirmed next week.

The Baltimore, one of the new cruisers for the navy, will be launched in Philadelphia July 4th. It is expected that Mrs. Cleveland will christen the new boat.

A resolution providing for an investigation of the fur seal fisheries of Alaska, by the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, has been passed by the House. For many years there have been charges against the Alaska fur company, a corporation which has a contract with the Government that gives it a monopoly of catching seals on the coast of Alaska. Up to the present time this wealthy corporation has always been able to prevent any legislation looking toward a Congressional investigation; but now it is to be hoped that the committee will make an exhaustive inquiry into the whole business and methods of the company.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, has introduced a bill in the House, placing on the free list all articles of merchandise the production of which is controlled by trusts and corporations.

Thursday the cornerstone of the new Catholic University in this city was laid. Gen. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury, was the Chief Marshal of the procession which was an extremely large one. The ceremonies were very impressive, being participated in by Cardinal Gibbons, about thirty bishops, and nearly four hundred priests.

Some excitement was created here Wednesday by a report that Gen. Sheridan was dangerously ill. He was and is still sick, but not dangerously so.

There will not probably be any paper fractional currency issued just now. The Senate committee has reported against the House bill providing therefor. In place of it, they have reported a bill reducing the fee on postal notes in sums below one dollar to one cent.

The position of Secretary Fairchild killed the fractional currency bill.

Wednesday night there was great rejoicing among the democrats here, when the news of the unqualified endorsement by the Pennsylvania State Democratic Convention of the President and the Mills tariff bill was received. It only shows what rapid headway reform is making among the people of the country.

A Curious but Valuable Gift.

Springfield (Mass.) Union.

The man is still living who seventeen years ago walked into the rooms of the Bible society in Boston and electrified the persons whom he found there, first by his appearance, and secondly, by his communication he had to make. His appearance betokened more than poverty, for his shabby clothes were tied together with strings. What in the world had brought such a man there, was the question that everyone asked himself, and the wonder can be better imagined than described when the stranger remarked that he had property to the amount of \$75,000, which he would like to turn over to the society if he could be guaranteed 10 per cent annually upon it for the remainder of his life, his age then being seventy-nine. The officers suppressed their amazement as well as they could, took his name, verified his schedule of his possessions, and submitted the case to the directors. They looked at the matter over in the light of actuaries' tables, etc., and finally, after much deliberation, decided that the risk would be too great and so notified the donor. Not long after he came back and renewed his proposition to turn over the money to the society and said that he would be content with 7 per cent annually. That proposition was accepted, and for some years he appeared regularly at the expiration of the year and drew interest of \$200 in cash and the company's note for the balance. After doing this for seven years he turned these notes back to the company, saying that he had no use for them. He is now at the age of ninety-six, blind, deaf, and crippled by a fall so that he cannot walk, and the Bible society pays the bills for his support.

Travel Cheapened.

Wilmington Messenger.

The authorities of the Atlantic Coast Line yesterday announced a reduction in the rates of first-class fare over the Wilmington and Weldon railroad, from four to three-and-a-half cents per mile. The reduced rate goes into effect to-morrow, which is June 1st.

It was also announced that passengers without tickets, who board trains at stations where there are agents, will be charged from 25 to 50 cents more than the rate at which the tickets are sold.

The three and a half cents rate has prevailed on the other railroads of the Coast Line System for some time, and that rate having now been adopted on the W. & W. makes the rate uniform along the entire system.

The reduction was at the instance of the railroad management, and will considerably cheapen travel along that road, a circumstance which will be greatly appreciated by the traveling public.

The Washington Post wants the members of congress to have \$15,000 a year. Some of them would be high at \$2,000 a year.

Richmond Times.

The poor people of the United States, when they read the creeds of monopolists appealing to working men, ought to notice one particular point about protection, and that is that the family pays over 100 per cent. more for alpaca goods than people in other countries do.

Please take notice of the fact and think about it. Every family wants that class of goods and the duty makes them over 100 per cent. higher than they ought to be. But mark you well; the rich man gets high-class clothes from England at about 50 per cent. duty, so the laborer is not quite so much protected after all, if he will open his eyes.

The same thing applies to other goods, and the man in Canada, just across the river, and in the same continent, the same conditions, gets all his clothes for one-half what the American citizen pays for his free country pays. Why is this?

The monopolists say—that it is protection of American labor. And yet, as we stated yesterday, in free-trade England the price of labor rose, while in protective New England it fell. The reason is that England works for the markets of the whole world with raw materials at fair prices, while the American is tied to a stake and made to work only for a manipulated home market.

Having only a limited market and only limited employers, who are monopolists, when he complains of starvation wages the monopolists shuts up and holds his supply of goods for a rise of the market, because the protective tariff keeps out other goods and gives him a royal grant of monopoly.

If the American workman was allowed to exercise his skill on raw materials as Englishmen do he could beat the world, and it would not be in the power of a few employers to control him. There would be no need of unions or of strikes, because the demand for labor would be ten times what it is now. It is in vain that the monopolists fight this simple statement. The reverse of it is a Robinson Crusoe idea of keeping an island all to yourself instead of trading with the whole world. The sewing machine in England costs one half what it does here, and so with everything else that comes under the baleful control of the most infamous system that a free people ever endured.

It is time that the American people opened their eyes and asked why it is that we are not allowed to manufacture goods for the whole world instead of being enslaved to a few Republican monopolists to whom the Government farms out the great industrial interests. We do not want any better issue than this in the coming contest for the Presidency which will control the destiny of the country for twenty years. But we wish to see the speakers and the papers teach the people the right of the thing and to do it clearly and well.

You Think, Don't You?

When you want newspaper favors you strike for your "home paper," don't you? If you want your town boomed and your property increased in value, you expect your home paper to go in for it "teeth and toe nail," don't you? Yet you kick anything that would not be noticed in anybody else, and you object to his paper because it hasn't as much reading matter in it as a "city paper," don't you? Still, on the whole dear reader, you think your home paper a mighty good thing for the town, and yet by your actions you preclude the home paper from thinking the town is a good thing for it, by not giving it sufficient patronage, don't you? You would not expect the home paper only circulating in hundreds to give you as much reading matter as a city paper circulating thousands, would you? You would not expect the price of the former to be as the latter to give you the local dots and the thousand and one little newsy things and notions that you get in the former, would you? Do you think a newspaper publisher can live on wind? And do you think that he can forever digest the consoling fact that his paper is "a good thing for the town," when he receives nothing in return? He can't do it, can he?—Ee.

A Monster Shark.

Beaufort Record.

Capt. Lorenzo Willis with two boats crews killed a large shark, a few days ago, in the Ocean off Wreck Point near Beaufort. The monster was killed after a desperate fight lasting two hours. When he was first struck with the harpoon he jumped his full length out of the water. After being killed he was towed ashore, measured and dissected. He was 18 feet long, 8 feet across his breast, and weighed two tons. Upon cutting him open, his stomach was found to contain six sharks, the smallest measured 6 feet in length. This ugly fellow must have been ravenous indeed, in fact he was a regular cannibal. His mouth was large enough to roll a keroseene barrel into with room to spare. He had three rows of teeth, one inch wide and two inches long. Our old-time fishermen pronounced him to be the largest ever killed on our coast.

Thoughts for Reflection.

What is so rare as a day in June! Days then, if ever, come perfect.—James Russell Lowell.

Truth is the property of no individual, but is the treasure of all men.

Her voice was ever soft, Gentle and low; an excellent thing in women.—Shakespeare's Lear.

Hope is like the sun, which, as we journey towards it, casts the shadow of our burden behind us.

The talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well without a thought of fame.

Oh many a shaft at random sent Finds mark the archer little meant; And many a word at random spoken, May soothe or wound a heart that's broken.—Scott.

The right performance of this hour's duties will be the best preparation for the hours or ages that follow it.—Emerson.

Industrial ignorance is the mother of idleness, the grandmother of destitution and the great-grandmother of socialism and nihilistic discontent.

This above all, to thine own self be true, And it must follow as the night the day, Thou canst not then be false to any man.—Shakespeare.

You never get to the end of Christ's words. There is something in them always behind. They pass into proverbs, they pass into laws, they pass into doctrines, they pass into consolations; but they never pass away; and, after all the use that is made of them, they are still not exhausted.—Dean Stanley.

Wouldst thou be a happy liver, Let the past be past forever! Fret not, when prigs and pedant bore you; Enjoy the good that's set before you; But chiefly love no man; the rest, Leave thou to God, who knows what's best.—Goethe.

For every grain of wit there is a grain of folly. For everything you have missed, you have gained something else; and for everything you gain, you lose something else. If the gatherer gathers too much, nature takes out of the man what she puts into his quest; swells the estate, but kills the owner. Nature hates monopolies and exceptions.—R. W. Emerson.

Yet I hold her, king, True woman; but you class them in one, That have as many differences as we. The violet varies from the lily as fast, As oak from elm; one loves the soldier, one The silken priest of peace, one this, one And some unworthy; their selfish faith A maiden moon that smiles on a sky, Glorifying clown and satyr; whence they need.

More breadth of culture; is not Ida right? They worship it? Truer to the law than? Severer in the logic of a life? Twice as magnetic to sweet influences Of earth and heaven.—Tennyson "Princess."

STATE NEWS.

A WEEK'S GLEANING

The State Over, From Our Many Exchanges.

Happenings in and Events Concerning the "Old North State"—What Our People Are Doing and Saying.

The government has put 700,000 young shade in the Swannanoa river.

Elizabeth City News: Horses in Camden are suffering with pink eye.

Military companies have recently been organized at Caswell and Rocky Mount.

It is stated that 185 of Trinity's graduates have become ordained ministers of the gospel, while only 65 have entered the profession of law, and 26 of medicine.

Sanford Express: Dr. William Arnold of Pocket township has a curious calf. This calf was calved without the sign of tail; it is about three weeks old and has none yet.

Wilson Advance: Judge Connor's residence is going up rapidly, and a handsome one it will be. He is sparing no pains to replace the old one by even a handsomer dwelling.

A son of Mr. Robert Campbell, of Robeson county, died a horrible death, on the 14th, from hydrophobia. He had been bitten by a dog a few days previous.

Bishop Granberry, by the new plan of Episcopal visitations, presides over the next session of the North Carolina Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, South.

Goldsboro Herald: It is now an assured fact that the A. & N. C. Railroad company will run a Sunday train over their line on regular weekly schedule time, during the summer months, for the convenience of the Morehead travel.

Wilmington Messenger, 31st: The movement of Florida watermelons North has begun, a car load having passed through the city enroute to New York day before yesterday. Small lots by express have been going through for two weeks past.

A lad in Greensboro, last summer, opened an account in the Savings Bank, which in nickles and dimes amounted in three months to seven dollars. He said that he put the money in there, and then when he wanted a watermelon or some candy, he was ashamed to take money out of the bank for such nonsense. The result was a suit of clothes, while many of his companions had only rags for winter wear.

New Berne Journal: Mr. Silas Fuller has detected a dangerous counterfeit silver dollar that was passed on him by some one on Friday last. He has left it at the Journal office for inspection. It is almost an exact counterpart of the standard silver dollar and separate from the genuine it is difficult to detect it. A close inspection and comparison will, however, show the difference. The most striking variance is in the border which is considerably wider than the genuine. There are other discrepancies which a close inspection will reveal.

Leaksville Gazette: At the colored people's Whitsuntide frolic, Monday night, a white man from Henry county named Frank Sams, a blockade liquor trader who married some years ago near this place, thrust his presence into the dancing hall and made himself obnoxious. He was finally ejected from the hall, but still he persisted in annoying the colored people. At last, when further "disturbance" ceased, he was a virtue," two or three colored men armed themselves with willow sycamore brushes and gave Sams a thorough and well deserved thrashing.

A clipping from the Arizona Kicker puts one paragraph thusly: "We can't brag on our subscription. We have thirty-seven subscribers, but they all love us, and all have paid in advance. The New York Herald started on three. Our advertising for the last quarter has brought us in six boxes of pills, two bottles of stomach bitters, one dozen capsule plaster, one keg of paint, one box of soap and over two dollars in cash. This may not equal the income of the New York Herald, but it is a strong proof that brains are appreciated in any section."

Some of the papers in the State think that crime is on the decrease. We will not pretend to know anything positively as to the matter, but from what we can glean from the papers themselves recording crimes that happen in every portion of the State, it looks very much like it is on the increase. In Cumberland county it seems that crime is on the increase constantly, especially that of larceny. At the term of Court just closed, there must have been at least twenty-five cases on the docket for this offence.—Fayetteville Journal.

So "My son Oliver" is the Radical nominee for Governor, and we would as soon help him as any other seal-wag in the State. Dockery is not without ability, and he can write and commit a very fair speech. The Democrats must unite and give him such a defeat it will make him sick to hear the Governorship mentioned the remainder of his life.—Wilmington Star.

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WEDNESDAY JUNE 6th, 1888.

[ENTERED AT THE POST OFFICE AT
GREENVILLE, N. C., AS SECOND-CLASS
MAIL MATTER.]

Democratic Nominees.

FOR GOVERNOR:
DANIEL G. FOWLE,
Of Wake County.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
THOMAS M. HOLT,
Of Alamance County.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
Of New Hanover County.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
DONALD W. BAIN,
Of Wake County.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE W. SANDERLIN,
Of Wayne County.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC IN-
STRUCTION:
SIDNEY M. FINGER,
Of Catawba County.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
THEODORE F. DAVIDSON,
Of Buncombe County.

FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGES:
JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
Of Franklin.

JAMES E. SHEPHERD,
Of Beaufort.

A. C. AVERY,
Of Burke.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE:
ALFRED M. WADDELL,
Of New Hanover.

FREDRICK N. STRUDWICK,
Of Orange.

The Democratic hosts of the Union
assembled in Convention at
St. Louis yesterday, and ere this
will be read a candidate for President
and Vice-President will have been
nominated. That Cleveland will be
our leader is an assured fact. No other
man will be mentioned. The selection
of a candidate for second place is
an interesting topic. Within the past
week the name of the noble old Roman,
Allen G. Thurman, has been prominently
mentioned, and if he will accept the
nomination it will surely be given him.
It is said by those in a position to know
that Thurman will accept the nomination
for Cleveland and Thurman!

State Executive Committee.

The following is the new State
Democratic Executive Committee,
of which Spier Whitaker,
Esq., of Raleigh is chairman:
FIRST DISTRICT—Harry Skinner,
W. G. Lamb, B. B. Winborn,
J. H. Small.
SECOND DISTRICT—W. H. S.
Bergwyn, C. C. Daniels, J. W.
Grainger, J. B. Martin.
THIRD DISTRICT—W. A. Johnson,
T. H. Sutton, I. F. Dorth,
Dr. W. T. Ennett.
FOURTH DISTRICT—H. A. London,
J. S. Carr, F. N. Strudwick,
W. H. Pace.
FIFTH DISTRICT—W. A. Bobbitt,
A. E. Henderson, W. B.
Glenn, W. F. Carter.
SIXTH DISTRICT—T. R. Robertson,
John D. Bellamy, W. H.
Neal, H. B. Adams.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—G. S.
Bradshaw, J. G. Hall, J. P. Caldwell,
T. C. Phillips.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—J. C. Wellborn,
W. A. Hoke, W. C. Fields,
W. C. Ervin.
NINTH DISTRICT—S. V. Pickens,
T. A. Jones, J. W. Gudder.
CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Spier Whitaker, Raleigh;
Paul B. Means, Concord; Armistead
Jones, Raleigh; Samuel Wilder,
Raleigh; T. L. Emery, Weldon;
P. F. Faison, Raleigh; D. B. Nicholson,
Clinton; C. B. Watson, Winston; M. E. Carter,
Asheville; W. E. Ashley, Raleigh;
W. J. Yates, O.

The Convention.

Never, in the history of North
Carolina, has there assembled a
larger, more intelligent, more
enthusiastic or more earnest
body of men than those who met
in Raleigh last week for the
purpose of attending the Democratic
State Convention. Every county in
the State was represented, a thing
unheard of before, and the work
done was very effective. The
Convention organized permanently by
the election of Gen. W. R. Cox as
permanent Chairman and Mr. R. M.
Furman, Secretary. A synopsis
of the proceedings of the Convention
would be interesting, but want of
space prevents. Judge Fowle, Lieut.
Gov. Stedman and Mr. S. P. Alexander
were placed in nomination for
Governor. Judge Fowle led in the
race from the first to the twenty-
second ballot, and the name of Mr.
Alexander being withdrawn after
that ballot, the fight narrowed
down to Fowle and Stedman. The
former received the nomination on
the twenty-third ballot, getting 523
votes, to 435 cast for Maj. Stedman.
After the nomination of Judge
Fowle Mr. Alexander was nominated
for Lieut. Governor by acclamation.
The selection of the remaining
State officers, with the exception
of Auditor, proceeded without stir
or excitement, the present incumbents
being nominated by acclamation
without opposition. There were
quite a number of aspirants for
Auditor, the names of Gen. W. P.
Roberts, present incumbent; Mr.
D. E. McIver, of Moore; Rev. G. W.
Sanderlin, of Wayne; Mr. H. C. Bourne,
of Edgecombe; Capt. W. A. Darden,
of Greene, and Mr. E. F. Cohoon,
of Pasquotank, being placed before
the Convention. Mr. Sanderlin was
nominated on the fourth ballot,
receiving 508 votes to 453 cast
for McIver. Col. A. M. Waddell
was nominated for Presidential
elector for the State-at-Large
by acclamation. Messrs. Harry
Skinner, W. B. Glenn and F. N.
Strudwick were placed in nomination
for the other elector. Col. Skinner
and Mr. Glenn withdrew their
names, and on motion of Mr. Glenn
Mr. Strudwick was nominated by
acclamation. Associate Justice
Davis was nominated by acclamation
to fill the unexpired term of Judge
Ashe. For the other two Justices
quite a number of names were placed
before the Convention. On the
second ballot Judge J. E. Shepherd
received 515 votes and was declared
nominated, on the third ballot
Judge A. C. Avery received 494
votes and received the other
nomination. Mr. S. P. Alexander
having declined to accept the
nomination for Lieut. Governor,
a new election was held. Col. Thos.
M. Holt and Mr. Leazer were
presented as candidates, Col. Holt
receiving the nomination on first
ballot. After electing four delegates
and four alternates to the National
Democratic Convention, the
Convention at 1:20 o'clock Friday
morning adjourned sine die, having
been in session for nearly two
days. The work was well done,
and we look for a grand ratification
of it in November.

The Ticket.

We place at our mast-head to-
day the nominees of the State
Democratic Convention, and from
now until the 6th of November we
will do all in our power for its
success. The ticket is one which
the REFLECTOR can support with a
great deal of pleasure, and it
should receive the hearty endorse-
ment and support of every white
man in North Carolina. All in all
it is a ticket of which we are
proud, and is as good a one as
could have been gotten out. The
friends and supporters of the
other gentlemen whose names were
mentioned for some of the offices
pledged themselves to the nominees,
and it behooves all patriotic men
to lay aside personal preferences
and work earnestly and heartily
for the nominees. With two
exceptions—Judge Fowle, the
nominee for Governor, and Rev.
G. W. Sanderlin, the nominee
for Auditor—all the candidates
have been before the people of
the State before asking their
votes, and they are well and
favorably known; therefore it is
not necessary that we should
mention their lives and past
services. They are now filling
the positions for which they are
candidates for re-election, and
the fact that they have received
their nominations at the hands of
the largest and most intelligent
body

of Democrats ever assembled in
Convention in the State, is ample
proof of their having discharged
the duties of office faithfully
and efficiently. Judge Fowle and
Mr. Sanderlin are the new men,
but they are equally well known
in North Carolina as the others,
and there is no one who will
gainsay the fact that they are
eminently fitted to adorn the
positions for which they have
been chosen by the Democracy
of the State. The former is our
"silver tongued" orator, a dear
lover of the constitution and the
upright judge who struggled
singlehanded and alone to maintain
the honor and dignity of the
State when Republican debauchery
and mismanagement ran riot
over the land. As our next
Governor he will keep North
Carolina up to the high plane
upon which she now stands and
will add new lustre to her name
and glory. Rev. G. W. Sanderlin
is one of our most scholarly
and efficient men. Being forced
provisionally, to abandon his
chosen profession, the ministry,
he accepted agricultural pursuits
as his calling, and he is one of
our most progressive and
prominent farmers. His nomination
is an excellent one and will
bring out a big vote from that
class of people of which he is
such an honored member. It
would be very hard indeed to
improve the ticket in one
single particular. We look
for an overwhelming Democratic
victory in November.

The Democrats of the Fourth
District met in Convention in
Raleigh last Tuesday and
nominated Hon. B. H. Bunn, of
Nash county, to represent them
in the next Congress. Mr. Bunn
is a fine speaker and will force
John Nichols to come out
squarely and declare where he
stands. The Convention was a
very enthusiastic one and
nominated Mr. Bunn by acclamation.
Blaine is now entirely out
of the race for President. He
has written a letter from Paris
to Whitelaw Reid, of the New
York Tribune in which he
positively declines to allow his
name to go before the Republican
convention. He says that even
if the nomination were
unanimously tendered him he
could not accept it. This settles
the matter so far as Mr. Blaine
is concerned. Some one else
besides the "Plumed Knight"
will have to lead the
Republican hosts to defeat
this year. Who it will be is
a question that greatly
agitates the public mind
just now.

Platform of the Democratic Party of North Carolina.

We again congratulate the
people of North Carolina on the
continued enjoyment of peace,
good government and general
prosperity under Democratic
administration of the affairs
of the State which has now
been unbroken for so many
years; upon the just and
impartial enforcement of the
law; upon the increasing
efficiency of our common
school system, and the progress
made in popular education;
upon the improvement and
enterprise manifested in all
parts of the State. We again
challenge a comparison between
this state of things and the
outrages, crimes and scandals
which attended Republican
ascendancy in our borders.
We pledge ourselves to exert
in the future as in the past
our best efforts to promote
the best interests of the
people of all sections of the
State. Affirming our
adherence to Democratic
principles as heretofore
enunciated in the platforms
of the party, it is hereby
Resolved, That no government
has the right to burden its
people with taxes beyond the
amount required to pay its
necessary expenses and
gradually extinguish its
public debt; and that
whenever the revenues,
however derived exceed this
amount, they should be
reduced, so as to avoid
a surplus in the treasury.
That any system of taxation
which necessitates the
payment of a premium of
\$270 by the government on
each \$1,000 of its bonds,
taken up with millions
that would otherwise lie
idle in its vaults, and paid
to bondholders who
purchased, in many
instances, at less than
par, is undemocratic,
oppressive and iniquitous
and should be refunded.
The course of our
Democratic Representatives
in Congress, in their
efforts to give relief
to the people from
burdensome internal
revenue and tariff
taxation, meets with
the approval of the
Democratic party of this
State and we respectfully
recommend that if they
find it impossible to
give to our people the
relief demanded, they
present any just and
practical measure
before Congress that
will afford a practical
relief from such
existing burdens.
Resolved, That while
the details of the
methods by which the
constitutional revenue
shall be gradually
reached are subject
to the representatives
of our people at the
national capital, we
trust to be adjusted,
we think the customs
duties should be levied
for the production
of public revenue, and
the discriminations
in their adjustment
should be such as
will place the highest
rates on luxuries and
the lowest on the
necessaries of life,
distribute as equally
as possible the
burdens of taxation,
and confer the
greatest good on
the greatest number.

Why Is It?

Editor Eastern Reflector.
DEAR SIR: In your last issue I
sent a letter from Superintendent,
Finger, to county Superintendents,
in regard to Normal Schools; and
in noticing the list of Normals,
and the time of opening and
closing them, I find there is not
a single Normal School, for the
white race, in the State open
before the 1st of July, and
some of them run till the
last of August. Now, I wish
to ask, what are the Normals
for? And of course the answer
will be, for the benefit of the
poor children of the State,
who have not the means to
educate themselves! Then
why should the Normals be
kept during the very time
when more poor children
can attend the public
schools than at any other
time during the year? For
it is a well known fact that
more children attend the
public schools during the
months of July and August,
than any other two months
in the year; and yet our
Superintendents or those
controlling the Normals,
persist in having them
open at that very time.
Why is this? Is it because our
Superintendents have never
thought of the matter? Or
is it because they do not
care? If either is the cause,
I think it is about time
for the people to take the
matter into consideration
and abolish either the office
of Superintendent of the
Normal Schools, or both;
and let the money which
goes to them, go directly
to the public schools and
greater good will accrue
to the poor children. If
we are to have Normal
Schools, and the argument
is to be maintained that
they are for the benefit
of the children instead
of the teachers and
Superintendents by all
means let them close by
the middle of July.
JUSTICE.
Last Thursday was the
centennial day of the
presbyterian church and
about 10,000 Presbyterians
of both the Northern and
Southern Assemblies met
at Philadelphia and
celebrated it together.
An exchange says the
depositors in the
smashed State National
Bank have reached the
conclusion that 50 cents
on the dollar will be
about the size of their
receipts after the
adjustment and
collection of accounts.
The receiver says
there ought to be a
first dividend by July
1st, of its amount he
has no idea.

Paine's Celery Compound
Cures Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuritis, Nervous Weakness, Stomach and Liver Diseases, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all affections of the Kidneys, WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO, Prop's BULLDOGFORD, VA.
WEAK NERVES
Paine's Celery Compound is a New York
made, pure, safe, and powerful. It
restores the system, and gives the
nerve system a healthy condition. It
is the best remedy for all
nervous diseases.
RHEUMATISM
Paine's Celery Compound purifies the
blood, drives out the acids, which
cause rheumatism, and restores the
nerve system to a healthy condition. It
is the best remedy for all
nervous diseases.
KIDNEY COMPLAINTS
Paine's Celery Compound purifies the
blood, drives out the acids, which
cause kidney complaints, and restores
the system to a healthy condition. It
is the best remedy for all
nervous diseases.
DYSPEPSIA
Paine's Celery Compound purifies the
blood, drives out the acids, which
cause dyspepsia, and restores the
system to a healthy condition. It
is the best remedy for all
nervous diseases.
CONSTIPATION
Paine's Celery Compound purifies the
blood, drives out the acids, which
cause constipation, and restores the
system to a healthy condition. It
is the best remedy for all
nervous diseases.

The Greenville Carriage Works,
R. GREENE, JR. Manager.
We are now fitted up in FIRST-CLASS ORDER and are prepared to manufacture upon short notice any kind or style of RIDING VEHICLES. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO ALL REPAIRING. We also keep a nice line of READY MADE HARNESS. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
THE MAN IN THE MOON
CANNOT BE SEEN EVERY DAY, but the man who keeps a fresh supply of Groceries, Fruits, Confections, Cigars, TOBACCO, CANNED GOODS, & C. Can be found whenever wanted. You only have to look for V. L. STEPHENS, And all your wants in the above goods can be supplied. BOXES OF CONFECTIONS PUT UP TO ORDER. FINE CIGARS A SPECIALTY.

THIS BEING ELECTION YEAR
And LEAP YEAR has nothing to do with the price of GROCERIES. I desire to purchase a first-class article in either FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, MEAT, Or anything in that line, call on J. C. TYSON, - - Greenville, N. C. Provisions, Canned Goods, General Family Supplies, Tobacco, &c., Always on Hand.

What You Are Looking For Is Reliable Goods At Reasonable Prices.
If such be your wants, we can supply them. We are receiving weekly NEW GOODS OF THE LATEST STYLES. GIVE US A CALL. **LITTLE HOUSE, & BRO.** E. C. GLENN, COMMISSION MERCHANT. STANDARD GUANO ACID PHOSPHATE, KAINIT, PULVERIZED OYSTER SHELL, SHELL LIME, PURE DISSOLVED BONE, COTTON SEED MEAL AND Tennessee Wagons, for sale. GREENVILLE, N. C., Mar. 23d, 1887.

W. L. BROWN
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AGENT FOR THE TARBORO OIL MILLS. Highest Cash price paid for Cotton Seed or Meal given in exchange. Has for sale Acid Phosphate, Shell Lime and Cotton Seed Meal. Either for Cash or on Time. **FARMER'S BONE FERTILIZER.** A SPECIALTY it is guaranteed to be superior to any fertilizer on the market. **Save Money Save Money. PIANOS AND ORGANS.** THE BEST IN THE WORLD. HUME, MINOR & COMPANY. Three Big Houses. RICHMOND, NORFOLK, AND POTSMOUTH. A REVOLUTION IN PRICES. OLDEST DEALERS. LARGEST HOUSES. BEST INSTRUMENTS. LOWEST PRICES. EASIEST TERMS.

FOR SALE.
One Tanner & DeLaney Saw Mill, Husk and Carriage, Saws 30 odd feet long. Cost \$750. Used 6 months. Price \$400 Cash.
One Double Cylinder Hoisting Engine, with separate Horizontal Boiler. Cost \$1000. Used 4 months. Price \$500.
Two Marine Boilers to run 40 horse engine, would do for land service, or for steam boats with some repairs. Cost \$1,400 each, will take \$150 each.
One Marine Boiler to run 80 horse engine, will take \$200.
One "Love" Single Block Shingle Machine, Cost \$225. Price \$100.
One Old Steamboat Engine 17 Cylinder, some slight repairs necessary. Price \$100.
Above articles sold because we have absolutely no use for them. Address GREENLEAF JOHNSON & SON, Norfolk, Va.

THE NEW MILLINERY STORE OF MRS. M. T. COWELL
Has lately been repaired and fitted up and she has just received a superb display of New Millinery for SPRING AND SUMMER. Besides her usual line of trimmed and untrimmed Hats, Ornaments and general millinery goods, she has the prettiest stock of Straw Silks, ombre shaded Ribbons, Gauzes, etc., in the market. Give her a call at the Old Stand.
CONSUMPTIVE
The PARKER'S GINGER TONIC without delay. A new medicinal compound for curing Cough, Weak Lungs, Asthma, Indigestion, Nervous Debility, etc. It is the best remedy for all consumptive diseases. It is the best remedy for all consumptive diseases. It is the best remedy for all consumptive diseases.
HINDERGORN'S.
The safest, surest and best cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, etc. It is the best remedy for all consumptive diseases. It is the best remedy for all consumptive diseases. It is the best remedy for all consumptive diseases.

HARRY SKINNER
L. C. LATHAM
HARRY SKINNER & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO JOHN S. CONGLETON & CO. GREENVILLE, N. C.

THE LEADERS IN ALL KINDS OF STAPLE GOODS.
Our FALL and WINTER stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, etc., have arrived, and all friends and customers are invited to call and examine goods and prices.
Having purchased the entire mercantile business of John S. Congleton & Co., including notes, book accounts and all evidences of debt and merchandise, we solicit their former and increased patronage. Being able to make all purchases for cash, getting advantage of the discounts, we will be enabled to sell as cheaply as any one South of Norfolk. We shall retain in our employ J. S. Congleton as general superintendent of the business, with his former partner Chas. Skinner as assistant, who will always be glad to see and serve their old customers. A special branch of our business will be to furnish cash at reasonable rates to farmers to cultivate and harvest their crops, in sums of \$100 to \$2,000 with approved security.

J. L. SUGG,
LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENT,
GREENVILLE, N. C.
OFFICE SUGG & JAMES OLD STAND.
All kinds of Risks placed in strictly FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES. At lowest current rates Give us a call when in need of LIFE, FIRE ACCIDENT and LIVE STOCK INSURANCE.

THE OLD RELIABLE CARRIAGE FACTORY
STILL TO THE FRONT!
J. D. WILLIAMSON, Prop'r.
SUCCESSOR TO JOHN FLANAGAN.
WILL CONTINUE THE MANUFACTURE OF PHAETONS, BUGGIES, CARTS & DRAYS.
My Factory is well equipped with the best Mechanics, consequently put up nothing but FIRST-CLASS work. We keep up with the times and the latest improved styles. Best material used in all work. All styles of Springs are used, you can select from Brewster, Storm, Timpkin, Coil, Ram Horn, King. Also keep on hand a full line of ready made HARNESS AND WHIPS, the year round, which we will sell as LOW AS THE LOWEST. Special Attention Given to REPAIRING.
Thanking the people of this and surrounding counties for past favor, to we hope merit a continuance of the same.

JOHN SIMMS,
Merchant Tailor,
LAGRANGE, LENOIR CO., N. C.
I never put out "BAIT" or "CATCH" announcements to the public of great sales and job lots. I never pretend to offer such stock. My rule of business is to buy and sell at the Lowest Possible Cash Figures, and to deal only in the Freshest, Newest and Best Goods. My stock is the Most Complete, the Best and the Cheapest in the State. Again, and yet again do I challenge any merchant tailor to compete for Fit, Style, Quality, Durability. ALL GARMENTS KEPT IN REPAIR MONTHS.

THIS PAPER MAY BE FOUND ON FILE AT THE OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT IN GREENVILLE, N. C.

Local Sparks.

The best Butter kept constantly on ice at Harry Skinner & Co's.

What we have to eat at the Old Brick Store—Canned Beef and Cabbage, Cream Cod Fish and Potatoes, finest Butter and Cheese.

Harrah for Fowls! 100 Bushels of Peas for sale by E. C. Glenn.

Plums are ripening. We will pay the Cash for 10,000 pounds of Beeswax, at the Old Brick Store.

Sixth month of 1888. Point Lace Flour has been tried and is the best and cheapest at the Old Brick Store.

Politics continue to warm up. The sale of the Boss Famons Lunch Milk Biscuit during 1887 exceeded the sales of the former year by 380,701 pounds. Try them, at the Old Brick Store.

Too wet for much farm work. NOTICE—Colored School Committees are hereby instructed not to employ Fred Cannon to teach in their schools, as I will not sign his order. J. LATHAM, Supt.

Large crowd in town Monday. DENTISTRY—I will leave next Monday (the 11th) for Raleigh to attend the N. C. Dental Association. My office will be closed about ten days. D. L. JAMES, D. D. S. Greenville, N. C., June 5, 1888.

Water in the river rising again. The Racket Store has just purchased the entire stock of shoes, dry goods, notions, white goods, laces, &c., of Mrs. Horne at 50 cts in the dollar less than cost, and we propose giving our customers the benefit of this mammoth bargain. RYAN & REDDING.

Decline in the meat market last week. P. Matthew begs to intimate that he is leaving Greenville in a few weeks. Any one that may wish his services before leaving must apply at once. He takes this opportunity of thanking his many kind patrons and hopes that his work has been as much appreciated as their kindness.

Five Fridays and five Saturdays in June. Commencement and pretty girls this week. Potato bugs keep up their destructive work.

The firemen paraded Monday afternoon. Some more bad weather during the past week. The days are now nearing their greatest length.

Pitt county Superior Court commences next Monday. May apples have been coming in the market for a week. It is almost time for whortleberries to appear in market.

Only civil cases will be tried at the coming term of Court. At the election in Raleigh Monday the city went by 120 majority. The beginning of June is almost a repetition of May. Cool and wet.

Superior Court in Washington this week for the trial of criminal cases only. We are again under obligations to Senator M. W. Ransom for public documents. Tax listing time is here, and that duty must be attended to the first twenty days in this month.

We have now passed into the first summer month and the season may be expected to assert its rights. The market is poorly supplied with anything to eat just now. Fish has played out and beef comes in but seldom. Farmers behind and can't do any work, and the grass keeps growing. That is the way they talked to us Monday.

Mr. R. L. Humber has suspended a large sign across the street in front of his machine shops, on Fifth street. The prohibitionists carried the day in Washington at the election on Monday. The town went dry by 27 majority. Masons are requested to bear in mind the election of officers to be held at the regular communication of the Lodge to-morrow.

A general heavy rain passed over this county last Thursday night. This section had another heavy one on Saturday evening. It matters not how warm the political cauldron may become, you should not forget that the warm weather makes sanitation necessary. Off goes our hat to the Board of County Commissioners and Superintendent of Public Instruction upon their reelection for another term. It is a hard matter to keep up with the state of the river during so much wet weather, but we expect the late heavy rains will send it up again.

Thanks to Mr. C. H. James, the principal, for an invitation to the closing exercises of Oak Grove Academy, Keelsville, on Friday, 22nd inst. Mr. E. B. Moore requests us to state that there will be no more sale or delivering of ice on Sunday. Persons wishing ice for Sunday must procure it Saturday evening, at which time the wagon will hereafter go around for that purpose.

Personal. Miss M. E. Tyson closed her school on last Friday for vacation.

Miss Sadie Short is teaching a month's term of school in the Academy.

Mrs. J. H. Tucker returned home Saturday from her visit to Warren-ton.

Mrs. V. H. Whichard, the editor's mother, has been very sick this week.

Mrs. Raca Hamburger, of New York, is visiting the family of Mr. L. G. Heilbronner.

Miss Florence Perkins, of Washington, is visiting Misses Margie and Emma Langley.

Miss Mollie Moore's school will close on Friday. The pupils will give an entertainment Monday night.

Miss Aece Warren, who has been teaching school near Enfield, returned home on Saturday. Her friends welcome her return.

Miss Havens Cherry, who has been teaching school at Mr. Leonidas Fleming's, returned home last Friday her term of school having closed.

Mr. R. M. Hearn, the popular agent of the O. D. Line, recently made a trip to Tarboro, and seems greatly refreshed since returning home.

Prof. W. H. Ragsdale and wife and two children, of Granville county, are visiting the family of Mr. H. A. Sutton, father of Mrs. Ragsdale. Their many friends in Greenville are glad to see Mr. and Mrs. Ragsdale in our midst.

A messenger came to Greenville yesterday bearing the intelligence that Mrs. R. A. Bynum was dangerously ill at her home near Farmville, and that her condition was considered hopeless. Her brothers, Messrs. A. L. and H. A. Blow, left immediately to attend her.

Mr. J. E. Tucker, a promising young man of this county and brother of our townsman, Mr. J. H. Tucker, left Saturday for Raleigh, where he goes to accept a clerkship in the State Agricultural Department. We wish him every success in his position and feel sure he will fill it creditably.

It is time spring chickens were making their appearance in market. Wonder if it will require a spring board to get up to the prices demanded for them.

The Old Brick Store gave another testimonial of the enterprise of the proprietors last week. Saturday they had on sale cucumbers direct from Florida.

The Town Councilmen have reduced the pay of the policemen from \$40 to \$35 per month for the months of June, July, August and September.

A Young Men's Christian Association was organized last night. It was too near the hour of going to press for us to make any report of it this week.

We hope our readers throughout the county will come to town prepared to pay us some more money on their subscription when they attend Court.

The steamer Greenville will give excursions to Washington to persons desiring to attend the commencement exercises of Greenville Institute on Friday.

During the last week a book, "2010 Popular Quotations," has disappeared from the REFLECTOR office. Whoever has it will confer a favor by returning it at once.

Thanks are in order for a bucket of nice honey in the comb, which that excellent woman, Mrs. W. R. Whichard, very kindly sent us on last Friday. It was greatly enjoyed.

We are requested to announce that Mr. M. C. Smith, of Swift Creek township, will be a candidate before the next Convention of the Democratic party of Pitt county for the office of Register of Deeds.

Many have taken the advantage of our low offer to send the REFLECTOR to the first of next January for 75 cents. There is room for more names and we hope to swell our list considerably during Court week.

The M. E. Sunday School of this town has one of the best libraries that any town in the State can boast. And it is admirably conducted, the method for giving out the books and keeping a record of them being nowhere surpassed. A system of deposit cards is used.

A very handsome tablet to the memory of the late Mr. B. A. Starkey has been placed in the M. E. Church by the Sunday School class of which he was a faithful and beloved member. There are many who cherish the memory of a friend who was so true as Robert Starkey.

Debate at the Institute chapel to-morrow night, literary address by Rev. S. M. Smith, of Washington, in the Opera House Friday afternoon, annual concert in the same hall Friday night; picnic at Pollards Mill Saturday. That is the outline of the program prepared by the pupils of the Institute for this week.

Farmers Meeting. The meeting of the Farmer's Institute on Monday was marked by a much larger attendance than the meeting a month ago. The question of silos was again discussed, the President Mr. J. J. Laughinghouse, giving the plan of one he had constructed and the advantage it had been to his stock. Mr. R. K. Cotten also spoke upon the construction of silos and the subject was interestingly discussed by both him and Mr. Laughinghouse. Capt. John King spoke upon the diversification of crops and gave his experience in raising peanuts, oats and wheat. He showed how wheat could be successfully raised at a cost not to exceed 25 cents per bushel. The membership of the Institute was considerably increased. We hope to see a large number of farmers present at the meeting the first Monday in July.

Will Play Later. The Greenville Base Ball Association is coming. It has received an application from a professional pitcher in Baltimore to engage his services. If the boys would hire him and then send off and get eight more to act as catcher, basemen, fielders, and so forth, they might get up a game. But the boys say if they can't play yet, they will show you a little later what can be done.

Correction. In publishing the list of delegates from this County to the Congressional Convention, two weeks ago, an error was made in list for Contentnea township. Below we give the correct names of the delegates from that township as they should have appeared in the former issue: Delegates—A. Cox, A. G. Cox, Wm. Worthington, John Pierce, J. W. Cannon, R. C. Cannon, Biggs Harrington.

Base Ball. There will be a match game of base ball played on Friday evening at 4 o'clock between the 1st and 2nd nines, of the Greenville Base Ball Association. Two of the rules governing the Association may be of interest to the public. The first is any player using vulgar or profane language while on the grounds, either during practice or play, shall be fined. The second is that the spectators are expected to preserve the same order.

A Hen Fancies Variety. Mr. Adrian Savage of this township, has a hen that ought to be awarded the premium over all the tribe of fowls. He brought us on Saturday twelve eggs of different shapes, ranging in size from a bird's egg to nearly half the average hen's egg. He said they were all the product of one full grown hen, and that she had laid nineteen of these eggs up to Friday, the small ones having been preceded by several full size eggs. Mr. Savage set two of the eggs under another hen to see if they will hatch. The dozen brought us makes quite a nice collection in various sizes and shapes.

Marriage License. During the month of May license were issued to twelve couples in Pitt county, by the Register of Deeds, as follows:

WHITE. J. J. Frizzle and Clarissa Lawrence, L. H. Smith and Mary A. Smith, B. F. Sutton and Mary F. Dixon, Caleb Weathington and Julia McArthur, J. S. Moore and Adelaide Burnett, James H. Spain and Lovey A. E. Hardy, Charles Bright and Fannie Vick.

COLORED. Washington Borgin and Lucy Ward, W. H. Hardy and Cora Smith, Matthew Faison and Harriett Thighen, Henry Bullock and Tenny Cherry, J. J. Wilkins and Henrietta A. Cherry.

A Smart Calf. We learn that a right amusing incident occurred at the home of Mr. S. M. Jones, near Bethel, last week. Among his cattle was a calf which seemed to possess a very great dislike to being roped at milking time and always made quite a do to when the rope was adjusted. One morning Mrs. Jones went out to attend the milking and upon looking in the accustomed place for the rope failed to find it. While the search for it was going on the calf thought, perhaps, to get more than his share of the milk, but something seemed to interfere with the milking process, and his peculiar actions attracted attention to him, whereupon it was discovered that the calf had swallowed the rope but failed to make a complete job of it, as the noose was hanging from one corner of his mouth. The noose was laid hold of and a steady pull brought the rope to light. The calf is sufficiently amused and don't swallow any more ropes to evade being tied.

Religious. Instead of the regular preaching services in the Baptist Church at 11 o'clock next Sunday morning, the children of Sunbeam Missionary Society will have an interesting exercise, to which the public is invited.

Services were held in all the churches in town on last Sunday morning. Two persons were added to the membership of the Methodist Church, and four were received as candidates for baptism at the Baptist Church. The recent meetings have awakened a religious interest in this community the influence of which we hope will be long felt.

The protracted meeting at Allen's School House continues with much interest. At this writing there have been about twenty conversions and scores of persons ask for prayers at nearly every service. Ten have given in their names to unite with the church. Rev. Mr. Dowell had to return to his charge in Hamilton on Thursday, and Mr. Wildman has had no aid since that time. But the good work goes on.

Dead. The sad intelligence reached Greenville on last Thursday evening of the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Respass, wife of J. T. Respass, Esq., which occurred near Yatesville, in Beaufort county, on Thursday morning, after an illness of twelve days with typhoid fever. Mrs. Respass is better known throughout this community as Miss Pettie Beck, she being raised near Greenville and having spent much of her early life with friends in this town. She was married to Mr. Respass, a citizen of Beaufort county, on the 26th of December, 1836, but their home was made in Greenville until a few months ago when they removed to his plantation. Mrs. Respass was about 38 years old at the time of her death. Her remains were brought here on the steamer Greenville on Friday and taken to the family burial grounds, three miles from town for interment. Deceased was a most excellent woman and her many warm friends here are pained at her death. All sympathize with the husband and her family in their loss.

The REFLECTOR from now until January 1st, 1889, 75cts.

Commissioners and Magistrates. The Board of County Commissioners and Magistrates of the county held a joint session on Monday for the purpose of levying the taxes and electing a superintendent of Public Instruction. The meeting was a full one, nearly all the Justices of the county being present. A brief statement of the standing of the county was made and it was found that a lower levy than that for last year would raise sufficient revenue to defray the expenses of the county this year, whereupon the following levy was made:

On every \$100 valuation 25 cents. Income and profit 1 per cent. Poll tax 75 cents.

Article B. and C. taxes were made same as the State, viz: Theatrical companies, \$5 each performance. Concerts, &c., except for charitable or religious purposes \$3. Lectures for reward \$3. Museums \$3.

Circuses or menageries \$100 for each day or part of a day. Side show \$50. Any show under canvass with dogs, trick horses, juggling, &c., \$50.

Any entertainment or exhibition except for religious, educational or charitable objects, \$5. Gift Enterprises \$50. Lotteries, \$1,000. Billiard tables, \$20. Bowling alleys, \$20. Public ferries \$5 and one half of one per cent.

Itinerant dentists, photographers &c., \$0, one half to State and one half to county.

Commission merchants 1 per cent. Merchants &c., one tenth of one per cent on purchases. Liquor dealers, one-half of one per cent.

Peddlers, on foot \$25; with one horse or mule with or without vehicle \$50; with two or more horses or mules \$75. Gypsies or strolling fortune tellers \$150.

Lightning-rod dealers, \$25. Wholesale liquor dealers, \$25 for six months. Retail liquor dealers \$10 for six months. Auctioneers one-fourth of one per cent. Marriage license 50 cents.

The Magistrates voted to appropriate an amount not to exceed \$1-500 for the purpose of building a house for Overseers to live in, to erect such other buildings and make such repairs as may be necessary at the County Poor House.

The election of Superintendent of Public Instruction being next in order, Josephus Latham, G. B. King and H. Harding were placed in nomination. A ballot was taken resulting as follows: Latham 28, King 19, Harding 7, Josephus Latham was declared elected.

The Commissioners then withdrew and the Magistrates proceeded to elect a Board of County Commissioners. Council Dawson, G. M. Mooring, J. A. K. Tucker, T. E. Keel, W. A. James Jr., C. V. Newton, J. B. Nichols, J. S. Norman, J. M. King, and J. J. Laughinghouse were placed in nomination. A ballot was taken resulting in the election of the old Board, they receiving the following number of votes. Dawson 39, Mooring 44, Tucker 37, Keel 32, James 36.

The meeting then adjourned, the Magistrates having performed the duties for which they had assembled well and harmoniously. The reduction on the tax levy over last year, as stated above, is 3 cents on every \$100 valuation and 63 cents on poll tax.

The New Berne Journal says the Governor will not set the day for the hanging of Potts for the killing of Lincke. The Supreme Court found no error in the lower Court. So he will be executed at the next criminal Court to be held for Beaufort county.—Elizabeth City News.

Subscribe to the REFLECTOR.

Notice to Creditors. W. A. Fields, and other Creditors vs. B. H. Hearne Adm'r of Ivey Norville. Notice is hereby given to all the Creditors of the estate of Ivey Norville, dec'd to the undersigned, to file their claims in my office on or before the 9th day of July 1888. E. A. MOYE, May 2 1888 Clk Superior Court.

NORTH CAROLINA Superior Court. Pitt County. Asa Garris in behalf of himself and all other Creditors. vs. Mary E. Garris, Adm'r of John B. Garris dec'd. This action commenced in the Superior Court of Pitt county by Asa Garris in behalf of himself and all other Creditors of John B. Garris, dec'd against Mary E. Garris, Adm'r of said John B. Garris, on the 14th day of July of the Code of North Carolina. All Creditors holding claims against the estate of John B. Garris, dec'd are hereby notified to file their claims in my office or with said Administrator on or before the 5th day of July 1888 and institute such further proceedings as the creditors may desire. E. A. MOYE, Clerk Superior Court. Moore Tucker & Murphy Att'ys for Pitt.

NORTH CAROLINA Superior Court. Pitt County. Notice is hereby given of the incorporation of the Benevolent Religious Burying Society of Pitt county, that the names of the incorporators are: Matthew Kitchell, John Ward, Henry Brown, Cesar Bandolph, Benjamin Price, Turner DeGraft-eneid, Absalom Randolph, Aaron Evans Blount Stokes, William Smith, Benjamin Dancy, James Evans and Lewis King B. and such others as they may associate with them. That the place of business shall be in Pitt county, North Carolina and its purpose and business is mutual aid to its members, to aid the sick and bury the dead, that the duration of the corporation shall be thirty years, that there shall be no capital stock. This May 18th 1888. E. A. MOYE, Clerk Superior Court.

IN THE COMMISSIONERS' COURT, Pitt County. Ordered by the Commissioners of Pitt county, and notice is hereby given that no order will be issued after this date on the Treasurer of Pitt county for the payment of money to any pauper outside the County Poor House except in cases of Insane Paupers. Order further, that this notice be published for three weeks in the EASTERN REFLECTOR. By order of the Board. Given under my hand at office in Greenville, N. C., May 7th, 1888. LEWIS H. WILSON, Clk. ex-officio Bd. Coms. Pitt Co.

THIS WEEK A big rush at Higgs & Munford's this week everybody is after those CHEAP SAMPLE NOTIONS. WHY? BECAUSE THEY ARE 33 1-3 PER CENT CHEAPER THAN ANYWHERE ELSE. HIGGS & MUNFORD GREENVILLE, N. C.

100 TON ACID PHOSPHATE KANIT, 25 AGRICULTURAL LIME, FOR SALE BY HARRY SKINNER

Horses AND Mules. A car load just arrived and now for sale by H. F. KEEL, at Keel & King's old stand. Will sell them CHEAP FOR CASH, or at reasonable terms on time. I bought my stock for Cash and can afford to sell as cheap as anyone. Give me a call. Have just procured several first-class Vehicles and will take passengers to any point at reasonable Judge Treasling. Sale, Feed and Livery Stables.

ICE ICE ICE I HAVE LOCATED MY ICE BOX AT the store of Messrs. Harry Skinner & Co., where ICE can be had at all times of the day in quantities to suit at ONE CENT PER LB. Ice delivered in all parts of the town every morning without extra charge. All orders personally attended to and carefully packed for out of town customers. Thanking the public for their past liberal patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully, E. B. MOORE, Ag't. May 2, 1888

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Having duly qualified before the Superior Court of Pitt county, on the 21st day of April, 1887, as Executor of the Estate of Thomas Hill, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and to all creditors of said estate to present their claims properly authenticated, to the undersigned on or before the 22nd day of April, 1888, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. This 9th day of May, 1888. J. B. HILL, Ex'r of Thomas Hill.

Notice to Creditors. Having duly qualified before the Superior Court of Pitt county, on the 5th day of April, 1888, as Administrator of J. G. James, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and to all creditors of said estate to present their claims, properly authenticated, to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of April, 1888, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. This 5th day of April 1888. F. G. JAMES, Adm'r of J. G. James, dec'd.

Commencement OF Greenville Institute, FRIDAY, JUNE 8TH AT 3 P. M. ANNUAL CONCERT, at 8 P. M., in the same hall. The Public and especially Friends and Patrons of the School cordially invited to attend both exercises.

J. C. CHESTNUT, GREENVILLE, N. C. Has on hand a well assorted stock of Light Groceries, Canned Goods, Fruits, Confections, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., which will be sold at VERY LOWEST CASE PRICES. Give him a call, at the corner under the Opera House.

NEW JEWELRY STORE. I have just received another lot of fine WATCHES, CLOCKS, and Jewelry. which are offered at low prices ALL KINDS OF REPAIR WORK DONE. A News Stand has been added to my business where the latest books and periodicals can be purchased. MOSES HEILBRONER.

M. R. Lang. LET 'ER GO GALLAGHER! Also let every man, woman and child go to our store this week and look at the BARGAINS awaiting them. We have set this week as BARGAIN WEEK. Look at this array of Stylish Goods: DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS That can surpass any line ever before shown in Greenville CLOTHING The most stylish Cloths and cuts at Popular prices. SHOES and SLIPPERS, We challenge the State to show a finer line of Low Quarters and Slippers than we have.

HATS, Both Felt and Straw, of all the Stylish Shapes and Colors. In conclusion, make it your business to visit us this week, and we will send you away rejoicing in the possession of so many BARGAINS.

M. R. LANG. THE BLIZZARD IS PAST! BUT NOT SO THE LOW PRICES AT THE "RACKET," Once More She is Chock 'o Block With NEW GOODS, Just Arrived. Ladies' Dress Goods A Specialty. Particular Attention has been paid the selection of WHITE GOODS Of which we have quite a quantity. Ladies' all wool Dress Goods 10 cents per yard. Cashmeres 35 cents. Nuns' Veiling 20 cents. WE HAVE ALSO A LARGE LOT OF GENTS' CLOTHING, Latest Styles and Best Quality at prices far below anything in town.

Do NOT FORGET THE FACT That we still have a quantity of CLOTHING that was purchased at 25 cents in the dollar, thus enabling us to sell at far below NEW YORK COST. STRAW HATS At warm weather prices, 5 cents up. Come and be Convinced. RYAN & REDDING.

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