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THE AMENDMENT.

The following is the amendment to article 6 of the State Constitution, adopted by the General Assembly of 1898, and to be submitted to the voters for ratification next August:

Section 1: That article VI of the constitution of North Carolina be and the same is hereby amended and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following article of said constitution:

ARTICLE VI.
SUFFRAGE AND ELIGIBILITY TO OFFICE—QUALIFICATIONS OF AN ELECTOR.

Section 1. Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, twenty-one years of age, and possessing the qualifications set out in this article, shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people in that State, except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 2. He shall have resided in the State of North Carolina for two years, in the county six months, and in the precinct, ward or other election district in which he votes, four months next preceding the election: Provided, That removal from one precinct, ward or other election district to another in the same county, shall not operate to deprive any person of the right to vote in the precinct, ward or other election district from which he has removed, until four months after such removal. No person who has been convicted, or who has confessed his guilt in connection upon indictment of any crime the punishment of which is, or may hereafter be, imprisonment in the State prison, shall be permitted to vote, unless the said person shall be first restored to citizenship in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 3. Every person offering to vote shall be at the time a legally registered voter as herein prescribed and in the manner hereinafter provided by law, and the General Assembly of North Carolina shall enact general registration laws to carry into effect the provisions of this article.

Sec. 4. Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the constitution in the English language; and, before he shall be entitled to vote, have paid, on or before the first day of March of the year in which he proposes to vote, his poll tax as prescribed by law, for the previous year. Poll taxes shall be a lien only on assessed property, and no process shall issue to enforce the collection of the same except against assessed property.

Sec. 5. No male person who was, on January 1, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote in the United States wherein he then resided, and no lineal descendant of any such person, shall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in this State by virtue of his failure to possess the educational qualifications prescribed in section 4 of this article: Provided, he shall have registered in accordance with the terms of this section prior to December 1, 1908. The General Assembly shall provide for a permanent record of all persons who register under this section on or before November 1, 1908, and all such persons shall be entitled to register and vote at all elections by the people in this State, unless disqualified under section 2 of this article: Provided, such persons shall have paid their poll taxes as required by law.

Sec. 6. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be viva voce.

Sec. 7. Every voter in North Carolina, except as in this article disqualified, shall be eligible to office, but before entering upon the duties of the office he shall take and subscribe the following oath:—

"I, _____, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and maintain the constitution and laws of the United States, and the constitution and laws of North Carolina not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office as _____ So help me, God."

Sec. 8. The following classes of

persons shall be disqualified for office: First, all persons who shall deny the being of Almighty God. Second, all persons who shall have been convicted or confessed their guilt on indictment pending, and whether sentenced or not, under judgment suspended, of any treason or felony, or any other crime for which the punishment may be imprisonment in the penitentiary, since becoming citizens of the United States, or corruption and malpractice in office, unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 9. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.

By virtue of the decree made September 20, 1898, of the Superior Court in the case of J. T. Bruce against Harry Skinner, executor and surviving partner and others.

The undersigned named therein as Commissioner will expose to public sale before the Court House in Greenville, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday the 5th day of March 1900, the following described property:

1. One undivided half interest in tract of land adjoining the lands of John McLean, Eleanor McGowan, George Williams and others containing seventy-five (75) acres more or less, lying on Indian Well Swamp and known as the lands formerly belonging to Elias and Julia Evans, formerly described in a recorded in Book 4 page 586.

2. One tract situate in Greenville township adjoining the lands of John McLean, Eleanor McGowan and others, containing 57 acres more or less, fully described in a deed from John and Julia Evans to Harry Skinner, Book P 4 page 575.

3. One tract known as the Council James land situate in Greenville township adjoining the lands of F. M. James, John Mason and others, containing 100 acres more or less, fully described in a deed from F. M. James to Harry Skinner, Book C 4 page 120 and 121.

4. One tract situate in Greenville township adjoining the lands of John McLean, Eleanor McGowan and others, containing 57 acres more or less, fully described in a deed from John and Julia Evans to Harry Skinner, Book P 4 page 575.

5. One tract known as the Adams land, situate in Greenville township adjoining the lands of Benjamin Daniel, George James and others, containing 300 acres more or less, fully described in a deed from John and Julia Evans to Harry Skinner, Book P 4 page 575.

6. One tract known as the Adams land, situate in Greenville township adjoining the lands of Benjamin Daniel, George James and others, containing 300 acres more or less, fully described in a deed from John and Julia Evans to Harry Skinner, Book P 4 page 575.

7. One tract known as the Adams land, situate in Greenville township adjoining the lands of Benjamin Daniel, George James and others, containing 300 acres more or less, fully described in a deed from John and Julia Evans to Harry Skinner, Book P 4 page 575.

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To those living

in the districts of the Pillsbury Dispensary, they keep the system in perfect order and are an absolute cure for sick headache, indigestion, biliousness, torpid liver, constipation, and all bilious diseases. Tutt's Liver Pills

ESTABLISHED 1875.

S. M. Schultz.

HAS PROVIDED FOR YOU

4,000 pounds Candy,
25 barrels Apples,
25 boxes Sweet Florida Oranges,
15,000 Coca Nuts,
500 pounds Mixed Nuts,
500 pound Raisins,
Seeded Raisins, Currants, Citron,
Figs, Dates, Bananas.

0.000 Dols. WATSON'S
PISTOLS, VASES, LAMPS
AND SCREENS.

WAGONS, and
ALL KINDS OF
TOYS, CHEAP.

Come to see me.
SAM M. SCHULTZ
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—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise
Whichard, N. C.

The Stock complete in every
department and prices as low as the
lowest. Highest market prices
and for country produce.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Pitt County in the case of J. C. Griffin, Addie E. Brooks, Alice M. Spier, Anna Patrick, Joel G. Patrick and Joel Patrick, guardian, Ex parte, petition to sell land for division. The undersigned, Commissioner will sell for cash before the Court House in Greenville, on Monday the 5th day of March 1900 the following described piece or parcel of land in the town of Grifton, bounded on the west by J. C. Griffin lot on the east by E. Lang's lot on the north by Alice M. Spier's lot and on the South by McInnes Street, containing two acres more or less. This Feb'y 5th 1900.

F. G. JAMES, Com'r.

NORTH CAROLINA. In the Superior Court, Pitt County. Before the Clerk. J. A. Forbes against Harry Jenkins and Nellie Jenkins, his wife.

The defendants, Harry Jenkins and Nellie Jenkins, will take notice that Special Proceedings, entitled as above, has been commenced in the Superior Court of Pitt County, before the Clerk, McInnes Street, for the sale of the real estate of the said Harry Jenkins, and the said Nellie Jenkins, and that they are required to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for the County of Pitt, on the 10th day of March 1900, and answer or demur to the petition and complaint filed in said Court, and the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said petition and complaint. This Feb'y 27th, 1900.

D. C. MOORE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Pitt County made, on the 27th day of January 1900, a certain Special Proceeding therein pending, entitled, W. O. Massey and wife against Jacob McCotter and others, and numbered as case 1009, I will on MONDAY, MARCH 10th, 1900, sell at public sale before the Court House in Greenville to the highest bidder for cash, a certain piece or parcel of land situate in the County of Pitt, known as Lot No. 7 in the division of the lands of Mary E. McCotter, deceased, and which was allotted to Carl McCotter, the following named lands and bounds, to-wit: Beginning at the 4th corner of Lot No. 6 in Grifton road, thence South 82° E. 170 feet to a street run on creek, 82 feet corner of Lot No. 6, thence down said creek to a black stump, thence N. 82° E. 175 feet to a stake on Grifton road, then post, South of the beginning, containing 38 acres more or less. This January 27th, 1900.

ALEX. L. BLOW, Commissioner.

The One Day Cold Cure.

Cold in head and sore throat cured by Ketch's Cold Cure. "Children cry for it."

YOU CAN PATENT

anything you invent or improve also can you get a PATENT. CORRESPONDENCE, PROTECTION, and money, which, or patent, for the best results, apply to J. A. SNOW, 100 N. 3rd St., New York, N. Y.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS and fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic. It is simply Iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

SALT RHEUM CURED BY Johnston's Sarsaparilla

QUART BOTTLES.

JUST SEEN IN TIME.

What skin eruptions are a warning of something more serious to come. The only safe remedy is Sarsaparilla. It is the most powerful blood purifier known.

Nature, in her efforts to correct mistakes, which mistakes have come from careless living, or it may be from ancestors, shoots out pimples, blotches and other imperfections on the skin, as a warning that more serious troubles (perhaps tumors, cancers, or pulmonary disease) are certain to follow if you neglect to heed the warning and correct the mistakes.

Many a lingering, painful disease and many an early death has been avoided simply because these signs of warning have been heeded and the blood kept pure by a right use of JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA.

Miss Abbie J. Bards of Marshall, Mich., writes: "I was cured of a bad humor after suffering with it for five years. The doctors and my friends said it was salt rheum. It came out on my head, neck and ears, and then on my whole body. I was perfectly raw with it. What I suffered during those five years, is no use telling. Nobody would believe me if I did. I tried every medicine that was advertised to cure it. I spent money enough to buy a house. I heard JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA highly praised. I tried a bottle of it. I began to improve right away, and when I had finished the third bottle I was completely cured. I had never had a touch of it since. I expect that my skin is the least. I have never had JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA. I would heartily advise all who are suffering from humor or skin disease of any kind to try it at once. I had also a good deal of stomach trouble, and was run down and miserable, but JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA made me all right."

The blood is your life and if you keep it pure and strong you can positively resist disease or face contagion fearlessly. JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA never fails. It is for sale at all druggists. In full quart bottles at only one dollar each. Sarsaparilla is sold in 25-cent bottles at 25 cents each.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 14, 1900.

Leave Weldon 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:10 p.m. 12:20 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 12:40 p.m. 12:50 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:10 p.m. 1:20 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 1:40 p.m. 1:50 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:10 p.m. 2:20 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 2:40 p.m. 2:50 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:10 p.m. 3:20 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 3:40 p.m. 3:50 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 4:20 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 4:40 p.m. 4:50 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:10 p.m. 5:20 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 5:40 p.m. 5:50 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:10 p.m. 6:20 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 6:40 p.m. 6:50 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:10 p.m. 7:20 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 7:40 p.m. 7:50 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:10 p.m. 8:20 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 8:40 p.m. 8:50 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:10 p.m. 9:20 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 9:40 p.m. 9:50 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:10 p.m. 10:20 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 10:40 p.m. 10:50 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:10 p.m. 11:20 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 11:40 p.m. 11:50 p.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:10 p.m. 12:20 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 12:40 p.m. 12:50 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:10 p.m. 1:20 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 1:40 p.m. 1:50 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:10 p.m. 2:20 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 2:40 p.m. 2:50 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:10 p.m. 3:20 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 3:40 p.m. 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EASTERN REFLECTOR.

GREENVILLE, N. C.

D. J. WHICHARD, Ed. & Owner

Entered at the Post Office at Greenville, N. C., as Second-Class Mail Matter.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1900.

Porto Rico is outside the Constitution but it is inside the Dingley tariff, and the Dingley tariff is worse than the Spanish one.

Philadelphia has raised one fourth of that \$100,000. Now Mark Hanna, who has been really hard up, can begin the campaign work which was deferred for lack of funds.

Porto Rican merchants announce that the island is worse off now than under Spanish rule. There is no reason to doubt their statements. The annexation has cut off the few resources that the island had under Spanish rule and has given nothing in return.

William of Germany is having much trouble in getting his navy increased. Why doesn't he let up his declaration that 10 years make a century by announcing that his present navy is twice as big as it seems to be. This would settle the question with satisfaction to all.

Possibly there are many republicans who are opposed to trusts. But the party as a whole is opposed to them and let them work their will on the country, without even making an effort to curb their destructive powers. If the party is wise, it will try to do something before the next election.

The esteemed New York Tribune counts over the progress of the administration in framing a reciprocity treaty with Spain. Considering that the Republicans in Congress have throttled one reciprocity treaty and show no inclination to adopt any of the others already negotiated, the Tribune's rejoicings seem premature.

There is much discussion going on through the Press and otherwise as to the high prices the factories are charging for fertilizers this season. The farmers of Pitt county recently held a meeting and adopted resolutions expressing their sentiments in the matter, which THE REFLECTOR published at the time. Since then we have published, copied from the Raleigh News and Observer, a statement made by the Agricultural Department of the State setting forth that the advance in fertilizers was due to the advance of the raw material composing them, and that the manufacturers were not responsible for the high prices. A correspondent of the Charlotte Observer made statements through that paper to almost the same effect. But another correspondent of the latter paper refutes these statements, and says the factories are responsible for the high prices from the fact that they also have control of the sources of the supply of the raw material and put up the prices themselves.

THE REFLECTOR is not prepared to say just how all this is. But one thing we do know, the farmers are having to pay much higher prices this year for fertilizers. And the factories having laid in a supply of raw material out of which to make the fertilizers being sold this season previous to the advance on such raw materials, the higher prices charged for fertilizers this season is very unjust. The best thing for the farmers to do is to make their fertilizers at home if possible.

Senator Gorman has declared himself standing for the nominee of the Democratic party. He does not profess to be in favor of Bryan but he will stand for him if nominated. So other men who hold aloof or were cold in 1896, can now afford to return to the old mother party and aid to save the country from the consequences of Republican misrule.

The Republicans are in a bad way. They all claim that McKinley will have a walk over this fall, but nevertheless they are walking more gingerly than a great party ever did under similar circumstances. They are afraid to push the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, the "sundry bill" or the reciprocity treaties all of which are party measures, and they are in imminent peril of being defeated on the Porto Rican tariff bill.

Fritz Korvein, who was forced to take a bath before being put into a cell in the county jail in Chicago, has brought suit against the Sheriff for \$10,000, on the allegation that the enforced ablation blinded him in one eye and threatened the sight of the other, through inflammation. The plaintiff says he was made to undress immediately after a chilly ride in a patrol wagon and to walk over a cold flagging and plunge into the bath without any chance to warm up.

Correspondent Joe Ohi, of the Atlanta Constitution, throws some light on the attitude of Senator Butler toward Mr. Bryan. He says:

"Democratic leaders do not conceal the possibilities of annexation and embarrasment which would come if the Populists, at the convention they are now scheduled to hold at Sioux Falls on the 23rd of May, put out that ticket and insist upon the Democrats endorsing their candidate for the Vice President. That it is the intention of one of those high up in the councils of the Populist party to do everything possible to embarrass the Democrats is certain, but it is not the intention of the party's leaders, who, as acted by their honest desire to compass the defeat of the Republicans, see the necessity of cooperation on Democratic lines which means the acceptance of the Democratic platform and Democratic candidates without any equivocation. The brand of Populism which Senator Butler, of North Carolina, a representative expected to give all of his trouble, and the Democratic leaders, in Congress and out of it, have come to the conclusion that the one way to meet all possible complications is by a fight on straight Democratic lines. This will be made. Butler, who is going to fuse with the Republicans in North Carolina, and, according to present plans, is to be the candidate for Governor of that State, will have very little to do with the Democratic campaign. There are thousands of Populists in the West who, when the time comes, can be relied upon to support the Democratic ticket rather than throw their votes away on a reform whose purpose would be to further the interests of the Republican party, and those Populist leaders who are seeking to give the Democrats trouble will find themselves with no followers in those States where Populist votes may be of value to the Democratic candidates. It is regarded as possible that the Populist and Silver Republican conventions may yet be changed so as to conform with the date and place of the Democratic convention. If that is done it will be these elements coming to the Democratic idea as to time and place and not the Democrats accepting the Populist ideas, as a few men in the Democratic committee desired."

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

From the Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26, 1900. The Democrats of the House have a right to claim the annexation of the Porto Rican tariff bill, but the Republicans were compelled to make at the eleventh hour in order to get the republican votes needed to pass the bill as a party triumph. The firm and united attitude of the Democrats was what enabled the republican objects to force the amendment of the bill.

As predicted, the gold standard bill, reported from the conference committee is a little bit worse than was either the House or the Senate bill. It contains every objectionable feature that was in both, and has made most of them more objectionable. As the Republicans have the votes, the Conference bill will probably be rushed through this week. It has already been agreed that the Senate shall vote upon it Thursday.

Quay is in sight of success. A first vote has made it sure that he will get the seat when the final vote is taken. A number of democrats will vote to seat him as a matter of principle.

Senator Butler, Chairman of the Populist National Committee, expresses the opinion that the Democrats and Populists, will be the choice of the nomination of Col. Bryan, Senator Butler said: "Bryan will be the choice of three elements, the democrats, the Populists and the silver republicans. The two latter will meet on the same day, if present arrangements are carried out, and will, in all probability unite upon the same candidate for Vice President."

Representative Richardson, the democratic leader in the House, has by a new resolution, added the steel trust to the sugar trust, the oil trust, the products of which the previous resolutions authorize the Interstate Commerce Commission to prohibit the transportation of on Interstate Transportation lines. As members of the House have knowledge that the prices asked for the goods produce profit in excess of 4 per cent, on the actual capital invested in the trust which controls them.

Mr. McKinley has tendered places on the two Philippine Commission, to two gold democrats, Gen. Luke E. Wright, of Tenn., and Mr. Henry C. Lee, of Vermont. Inasmuch as both of these gentlemen are supposed to enforce the financial as well as the foreign policy of the republican administration, it is far from clear that Mr. McKinley expects the democratic party to recognize them as its representatives on the Commission. It is equally far from clear that the new Commission, nonpartisan, when every body knows it to be thoroughly imperialistic.

Although the Wisconsin democrats made a strong and almost a winning fight for Milwaukee, none of them have shown the slightest disapproval of the choice of Kansas City for the National Convention, by the Democratic National Committee. Like all other good democrats, they believe in majority rule, and accepted the vote of the Committee as ending the controversy. It is the same with those democrats who advocated holding the convention abroad of that of the republicans. Upon second thought, every democrat recognizes how fitting it is that the party which stands for the true American construction of the Declaration of Independence, and of the Constitution, should hold its National Convention on Independence day.

Indianapolis has been named as the place and Sept. 5th, as the time for holding the National Convention of the Association of Democratic Clubs, by the Executive Committee of the Association. At the same meeting the resignation of Hon. Chauncey F. Black, of Pa., as President of the Association, and of Representative Shibley, of Pa., as a member of the executive committee, were accepted.

The new president will not be announced until April 13th, Jefferson Day, when the Association will give a big banquet in Washington. Gay, Benton McMillin, of Tenn., Chairman of the Executive Com-

NO LONGER IN EUROPE.

American Catholic Headquarters on the Potomac.

New York, Feb. 26.—At the Methodist ministers' meeting today Bishop Hurst said that he admired the Roman Catholics for their foresight and liberality in founding at Washington the institution at Georgetown and the Catholic University with its five affiliated colleges. He declared that rich Roman Catholics had already put into their wills bequests in aid of education at Washington amounting to \$50,000,000. This showed, he said, that so far as America is concerned the Roman Catholic headquarters are no longer in Europe, but are here.

"Methodist and Roman Catholics have no rivalry at Washington," he said. "We came to the capital after them, and as a good brother once said to a Roman prelate, 'You will always be pretty certain to find Methodists after you.'"

Bishop Hurst said that the one hundred acres of land purchased a few years ago for \$100,000 is now bringing offers of \$1,000,000. But we will not sell. We did not buy to sell. Other denominations than Methodists have contributed about sixty per cent. of the \$1,250,000 so far in hand apart from the site.

One building, the hall of history is under construction and will be given to the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States. The Oregon election will be held on the 5th of June the convention would have been called for that week by a very large majority. The Oregon member, who wanted the convention held as early as May 9th, begged that convention be not be called on the same week of the election in his State. There were only eight or nine in favor of a date as early as the middle of May. When the Oregon election date drove the advocates of June 5th from that date, the vote was on June 14th, and July 4th, the latter winning because, inasmuch as neither would be an early convention it was believed it would serve to arouse the slumbering American spirit, to hold the convention on the day of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, and to unite that Declaration into the platform warning the people that the Republican party was bent on converting the Republic into an Empire, and calling upon all who believe in the Republic to unite in a struggle to crush imperialism and militarism before they become powerful enough to crush out the real life of the Republic."

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"Kansas City, the place chosen, has the best auditorium in the United States, having the voluntary testimony of Moody and Bryan to that effect. It is in the heart of the prairie country, a city true to Democracy, and the convention will be held in sympathetic surroundings and an inspiring environment."

The plan of the continuous sessions is a part of a large whole. It is one manifestation of the university extension spirit—that spirit which, during the last eight or nine years has been leading many of our more prominent universities of our country to widen their fields of activity with a purpose of bringing the advantages of the university to those classes of the population that have heretofore been deprived of university culture. It is, in effect, a movement to add a year to the scholarly man.—Wilmington Messenger.

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THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY CALLED.

Kansas City is the Place.—The Glorious 4th is the Day.

The Democratic National Convention has been called to meet on the fourth of July at Kansas City, National Committee Josephus Daniel was interviewed by a Post reporter upon his return to Raleigh Saturday, and gave out the news fresh from the committee meeting. The reasons for holding the convention in Kansas City and upon the fourth of July can best be given in Mr. Daniel's own words: "There was a very strong sentiment in favor of an early convention, in which I shared, and I think but for the fact that the 5th of June the convention would have been called for that week by a very large majority. The Oregon member, who wanted the convention held as early as May 9th, begged that convention be not be called on the same week of the election in his State. There were only eight or nine in favor of a date as early as the middle of May. When the Oregon election date drove the advocates of June 5th from that date, the vote was on June 14th, and July 4th, the latter winning because, inasmuch as neither would be an early convention it was believed it would serve to arouse the slumbering American spirit, to hold the convention on the day of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, and to unite that Declaration into the platform warning the people that the Republican party was bent on converting the Republic into an Empire, and calling upon all who believe in the Republic to unite in a struggle to crush imperialism and militarism before they become powerful enough to crush out the real life of the Republic."

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ORINOCO GUANO
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY SPECIAL TOBACCO GUANO IN THE WORLD.
MANUFACTURED BY F.S. ROYSTER GUANO CO. NORFOLK, VA.

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO.

of Newark, N. J.

Your Policy is:
1. Non-forfeitable,
2. Has Cash Value,
3. Loan Value,
4. Paid-up Insurance,
5. Extended Insurance that works automatically,
6. Will be re-insured three years after lapse if you are in good health.
After Second Year
7. No Restrictions,
8. Incontestable.
Dividends are payable at the beginning of the second and of each succeeding year, provided the premium for the current year be paid. They may be used:
1. To reduce Premiums,
2. To Increase the Insurance,
3. To Make Policy Payable as an Endowment during the Lifetime of Insured.

J. L. SUGG, Agt., GREENVILLE, N. C.

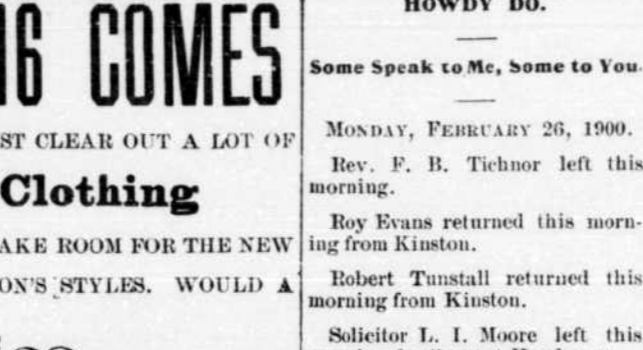
D. W. HARDEE,
—DEALER IN—
GROCERIES
GREENVILLE, N. C.

Cotton Baggings and Flies always on hand. Fresh goods kept constantly on hand. Country produce bought and sold. A trial will convince you.

D. W. HARDEE.

Have you any
If so, bring them to me. I pay cash highest market prices.

E. M. MCGOWAN



BEFORE PRINGS COMES
I MUST CLEAR OUT A LOT OF
Fall and Winter Clothing
TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE NEW SEASON'S STYLES. WOULD A
Special Price
ON A
Good Suit
TO GIVE YOU A BARGAIN.
FRANK WILSON
THE KING CLOTHIER.

EASTERN REFLECTOR.

NOTICE.

If there is a CROSS MARK in the margin of this paper it is to remind you that you owe THE EASTERN REFLECTOR for subscription and we request you to settle as early as possible. We need what YOU owe us and hope you will not keep us waiting for it. This notice is for those who find the cross mark on their paper.

LOCAL REFLECTIONS.

County Commissioners will meet next Monday.
The family of S. H. Ross have moved in the country.
Something good, Mullet Roe 5 cents a pair at S. M. Schultz's.
Choice New Crop Raisins to be closed out at 10c per pound.
J. C. COBB & SONS.
New line Spring Samples for Tailor Made Suits. Fit and satisfaction guaranteed.
FRANK WILSON
Charles Dupree, a colored inmate of the County House, died last week.

If Sunday was not a disagreeable day from a cold, windy standpoint, we do not want to see one.
March term of Pitt Superior Court begins next Monday. It will be a civil term.
A cold wave pinches us once in a while, but we believe taken as a whole it is going to run a mild winter.
Pitt county ought to make a soon start organizing White Supremacy clubs. Let Greenville start the ball rolling.

Mayors Court.
The following cases have been disposed of in Mayor Moye's court since last:
Louis Atkinson, drunk and exposing his person indecently, guilty after one penny and cost, \$2.36.
J. G. W. Cobb and J. W. Perkins, riotous and disorderly, Cobb not guilty, Perkins waived examination. Recognized for his appearance at April term of Superior Court.

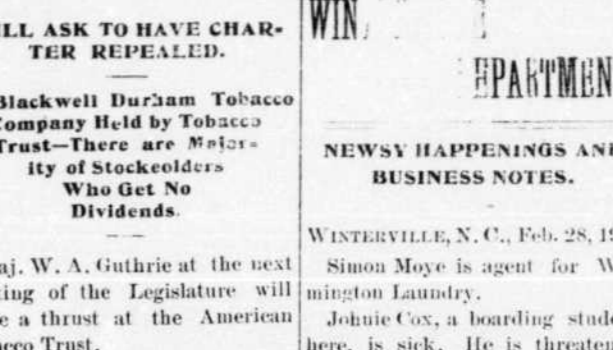
Mr. Los Rountree Dead.
At 6:40 this morning, of pneumonia, at her home in this town Mrs. Los Rountree died. She leaves two sons, Mr. L. H. Rountree and Ernest Rountree and one daughter, Mrs. Herbert Rountree. Mrs. Rountree was fifty six years old. She had been a resident of Greenville for a number of years. The remains will be interred at the old Rountree graveyard 2 miles from town. The hour of interment has not yet been announced.

The Business Trump.
"When in doubt play trump" is a maxim as fully applicable to business as to card playing. When a merchant is of two minds as to the advisability of increasing his advertising, obedience to his rule of card playing will resolve his doubts. Advertising is the best business trump, and it never fails to take the trick when properly played.

Accidental Shooting.
This morning at the Liberty Warehouse Mr. G. J. Woodward was handling a loaded pistol and the pistol accidentally went off. The ball passed through Mr. Woodward's hand and striking the floor some distance away glanced and struck Mr. B. E. Parham just over the left eye.

Marriage Licenses.
Last week Register of Deeds Moore issued marriage licenses to the following couples:
WHITE.
J. F. Parker and Leona Moore.
Willie T. Phelps and Martha E. Abram.
E. E. Harris and Nettie Spaul.
COLORED.
Cary May and Elizabeth Warren.

These Two
Are now Greenville's most prominent needs:
A cotton factory.



HOWDY DO.
Some Speak to Me, Some to You
Monday, February 26, 1900.
Rev. F. B. Tichner left this morning.
Roy Evans returned this morning from Kingston.
Robert Tunstall returned this morning from Kingston.
Solicitor L. I. Moore left this morning for Greensboro to attend court.
J. L. Starkey and wife have moved to H. C. Ormond's to board.
Madame Eldorado, the wonderful palmist, came in this morning from Kingston.
Miss Annie Robeson did not leave for Raleigh, as was stated in Saturday's Raleigh News.
A. A. Forbes has moved into one of the new buildings on the former college property near the railroad.
Dropped Dead.
Tuesday morning at her home at Keesville, Mrs. A. M. Keel dropped dead. Supposed to be the result of heart disease. She was apparently well and in good health about breakfast time.
She leaves four daughters and four sons.
State Jr. O. U. A. M.
At the recent meeting of the State Junior Order United American Mechanics, the following officers were elected:
B. S. Nissen, of Winston, State Council Secretary.
A. B. Horney, High Point, Junior Post State Councilor.
Sam F. Vance, Winston, State Council Secretary.
J. T. Thacker, Greensboro, State Council Treasurer.
J. D. Moore, Washington, State Council Conductor.
F. O. Sink, Lexington, State Council Warbler.
W. L. Yopp, Wilmington, State Council Inside Sentinel.
W. P. Ezzell, Burlington, State Council Outside Sentinel.
E. F. Sawyer, Elizabeth City, State Council Chaplain.
The next meeting of the Council will be held in 1901 at Winston.

WILL ASK TO HAVE CHARACTER REPEALED.

Of Blackwell Durham Tobacco Company Held by Tobacco Trust—There are Many of Stockholders Who Get No Dividends.
Maj. W. A. Guthrie at the next meeting of the Legislature will make a thrust at the American Tobacco Trust.
He will present a bill to the Legislature asking that body to put the Blackwell Durham Tobacco Company which is a branch of the American Tobacco Company into the hands of trustees, and empower the trustees to wind up the business of said company, pay off the debts of said company and divide the residue among the stockholders.
The Whites Will Vote.
The republicans are manifesting very marked determination to fasten upon the white people of North Carolina for all time the negro yoke. If they can succeed with the aid of the Butler factions and the negroes to defeat the constitutional suffrage amendment, the state will receive such a blow in its interests as it has not received since the time of savage and waste and filibustering under the carpet-bag slaveholder rule in 1865-70. The white radicals are attempting every subterfuge and every falsehood to deceive and intimidate white illiterates. If they can by lying scare them into the belief that they will be disfranchised the last one will vote for a continuance of negro rule. But it is the one of the whole cloth of their being disfranchised by the proposed amendment. They ought not to allow themselves to be deceived and misled by the lies of the enemy of the state and the enemy of their race as well as of themselves. Wilmington Messenger.

Gobel's Suspected Assassins.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 24.—The attorney General, who has been attending a conference this afternoon and arranged for an examination trial for Harlan Whitaker on March 6th. Whitaker is one of the men charged with complicity in the murder of Gobel. Les Jones, the Whiteley county suspect, will also be arraigned for trial the same day.—Wilmington Star.

Tiltman's Bold Avowal.
Washington, D. C., Feb. 21.—Senator Tiltman broke loose today and for nearly an hour bombarded the Senate with a steady fire of abuse, invective and vituperation of the kind which has not been heard in the Senate since he delivered his "Pittsburgh" speech.
The Cullom bill providing a government for the Hawaiian Islands was the target. Tiltman's principal objections to this bill were the governing class, which he dubbed "oligarchy," almost entirely power.
SENATOR TO DISFRANCHISE THE NEGRO.
Senator Clark, of Wyoming, asked Tiltman if he did not do all in his power to disfranchise the colored people of the South.
Tiltman sprang to his feet, ran over to where the Wyoming Senator was standing, and shaking his first almost directly under his nose the greatest denunciations of what has been done in other Southern States, but for South Carolina I can say that I did everything I could to disfranchise every "nigger" in the State."

"HUMPS ON" SENATOR MORGAN.
Referring to an incident in which Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, had recently declined to yield to Tiltman, he said: "Never in my experience in the Senate have I been treated so discourteously by any member of the Senate."

Morgan endeavored to interrupt Tiltman, but the latter waved him silent, saying: "I desired to yield to the Senator. He has put himself outside the pale of courtesy and consideration, so far as I am concerned."—Philadelphia Record.

Every man has a blind side to him, if the reformer can just slip up on it.

Magistrate McLeod Skips.

Lumber Bridge, Feb. 22.—The Rev. Sam McLeod, Pasion magistrate, who was to have been tried yesterday for raping a colored woman, failed to appear at trial this morning, and it is reported that he left the State last night for parts unknown. This is one of the most dastardly crimes that a member of the Ral-Pop party has ever committed in this country. He was the most important witness against Ross, swearing that he saw prints of the negro's fingers on the woman's neck at the preliminary trial. He leaves a small number of people to mourn his departure.—Charlotte News.

