

PLEA FOR ANIMALS AND BIRDS.

Barbarous Methods Used in Securing "Millinery," Etc.

We are all cranks nowadays. The man who is not a vegetarian or a Seventh Day Adventist is probably a flat-earthist, or at least convinced that Bacon wrote Shakespeare. Even the humanitarian has come to stay, and the contemporaries of Artemus Ward (of the moral wax works) would be respectful to the modern 'Femal Riter.'

Frankly I am a humanitarian of the most objectionable type. I even preach. Worse still, I am accustomed to taking young people in hand, even before they have absorbed prevalent fashions. I try to suggest artistic ideals to them. Then they grow up with a prejudice against the things I hate. The logical ones find arguments, facts and figures wherewith to support their preconceived inclinations. The stupid ones, the easy-going ones and the dreamy ones simply do the things I love, and tell people they "like it." that's all.

The artistic folk have never really liked their ancestors' personal attire. Probably the colors, originating in blood, presented no primary objection to the mere artist who loves rich hues. The skins of slaughtered animals, which are not lacking in picturesque qualities when representing the sole covering of the noble savage, are decidedly lacking in artistic merit when regarded as the finish of a civilized lady's toilet. One looks almost instinctively for the tale of scalps to accompany the bear's skin.

So long as this instinctive dislike rested on art taste alone, the public effect of the artist's disgust was extremely small. Humanitarian objections weigh precious little in the scale of unaccompanied by utilitarian substitutes. The new fact is that dry goods firms are beginning to advertise silk seals, imitation furs and artificial skins, in order confessedly to cater for those who would rather be fashionable than otherwise, but cannot overcome an artistic aversion towards apparel which speaks too audibly of the slaughter house or the dissecting chamber.

"Murderous Millinery," still looms largely in matinee hats and the usual "picture hats." The principal birds slaughtered in myriads to make women's hats hideous are ospreys, birds of paradise, hummingbirds, pigeons, impeyan, pheasants, jays, argus, kingfishers, owls, and parrots. To particularize only one: The egret, or egret (from which bird comes what are commonly misnamed osprey feathers), is a kind of heron. The easiest and the ordinary way of obtaining egret plumes is to go to the nests when they are full of young birds unable to fly. At such a time the egret murderers have no difficulty, for attack from defenseless birds is impossible, and the flight by parents from their help less fledgling is unthinkable. They are shot down while they brood over the young they refuse to desert. Who cares that millions of chicks are left to die of starvation? Who heeds the woodland dripping with blood? Who thinks of the extermination of herons in Florida and elsewhere? Who troubles about the brutal negation of bird parenthood, when the result adorns the fifteen-dollar hat of the human wife and mother?

Bear skins, when obtained by log



TRADE MARK

F. S. R.
REGISTERED.

The Origin of Royster Fertilizers.

Mr. Royster believed that success awaited the Manufacturer of Fertilizers who would place quality above other considerations. This was Mr. Royster's idea Twenty-seven years ago and this is his idea to-day; the result has been that it requires Eight Factories to supply the demand for Royster Fertilizers.

F. S. ROYSTER GUANO COMPANY,

FACTORIES AND SALES OFFICES.

NORFOLK, VA. TARBORO, N. C. COLUMBIA, S. C. SPARTANBURG, S. C.
MACON, GA. COLUMBUS, GA. MONTGOMERY, ALA. BALTIMORE, MD.

and steel traps, are revolting enough, with their horrid details of bears tearing away from the traps and leaving a paw or leg behind, crawling away to die from the slow poison of the decoy meat planted beside the trap. The skunk is caught by human skunks in cowardly fashion. The tiny ten-inch ermine skin will be in evidence at King George's coronation. Four hundred animals is a common requirement for a simple aristocratic robe. Other furs include beaver badger, lynx, muskrat, fox and otter. Drowning by the weight of the chain trap is common enough with water animals. In the case of the fox, amusement has to be combined with murder; dogs get their "fun" out of the chase.

Astrachan is a gory product but the rarer skins, such as a Persian lamb, are unmentionably vile in their origin. Carecul is a product of embryonic skins, and as such could hardly be worn without a shudder by the most commonplace human mother.—La Raine Helen in New York American.

Solves a Deep Mystery.

"I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart," wrote C. B. Rader, of Lewisburg, W. Va., "for the wonderful double benefit I got from Electric Bitters, in curing me of both a severe case of stomach trouble and of rheumatism, from which I had been an almost helpless sufferer for ten years. It suited my case as though made just for me." For dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice and to rid the system of kidney poisons that cause rheumatism, Electric Bitters has no equal. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50 cents. At all druggists.

It's a joke when some people take themselves seriously.

Rochdale Items.
Rochdale, N. C., Jan. 4.—Misses Martha Belle and Bessie Smith returned to their home near Farmville Wednesday.

Miss Agnes Smith entertained several of her friends last Tuesday night. Mrs. Anna Willoughby visited her daughter, Mrs. C. T. Tyson, near Renston and returned Friday.

Mr. Ellis McLawhorn, of Winterville, spent Wednesday with his brother, Mr. C. E. McLawhorn. Mrs. Ivey Smith spent several days last week with her sister in Snow Hill.

Miss Rosa Smith went to Farmville Saturday and returned Monday.

Mr. W. F. Walters, of Ayden, filled his regular appointments at May's chapel Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Walter Sheppard, of Trinity College, delivered an address at Smiths school house Sunday afternoon.

Miss Agnes Smith left Monday morning to resume her studies at East Carolina Teachers' Training school.

Mr. Joe Smith left Monday for Richmond after spending the holidays with his parents.

Mrs. L. W. Smith returned Monday night from Henderson.

Mr. T. E. Little is visiting relatives near Bruce.

Unregenerate.

"It was to satisfy your extravagant tastes," cried the desperate man, "that I committed the forgery. The crime is upon your head."

The woman started and gazed at him wondering, "Is my crime on straight?" she asked.—Success Magazine.

What promises to be a valuable coal field has been discovered in the Brazilian state of Pernambuco.

Value of a Man.

When a State board of health makes an appraisal of the monetary value of a human life it is apt to be rather truthless as to the mere sentiment of the subject in furnishing the figures. Yet even from the showing made in this way, the cost of a human life from its beginning to maturity averages quite high. At twenty years of age the individual has acquired a value of \$4,150, according to the California State Board of Health, while his commercial value is about the same sum. Capitalizing the man at the age of thirty at 6 per cent, this circular finds that he is worth to society about \$16,000, while his cost for growth maintenance has been but \$10,150, a clear gain \$5,850 in thirty years.

This tabulation shows that man makes very much more than his keeping his returns to society. Considering the fact—omitted from consideration in the circular—that there are many persons who are non-producers such as clergymen, schoolteachers and the like, the average is a fine one. Yet in a sense no one outside the dependent and defective class is a non-producer, as the contribution of the factors of capability to others is as much a wealth factor as the production of goods.—Baltimore American.

Rainfall.

Observer R. M. Hearne says the rainfall for 24 hours, ending at 8 o'clock this morning, was 1.46 inches. This makes nearly 2.50 inches for the first two days of the new year.

There are 103 cement factories in the United States and the number is growing all the time.

A woman never forgets her birthday, but she is seldom able to remember how many she's had.



Agriculture is the Most Useful, the Most Healthful, the Most Noble Employment of Man.—George Washington.

Volume XXXII.

GREENVILLE, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1911.

Number 2.

BOARD COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

SELL COUNTY BONDS AT A GOOD PREMIUM

A CHICAGO FIRM THE PURCHASER

Business Transacted at Last Monthly Meeting of the Board—Amounts Drawn on Treasurer—County Borrowings \$5,000—R. Williams Appointed County Auditor.

The board of county commissioners meet in regular session on the first Monday with all the members present, and continued in session three days.

The following orders in the aggregate were drawn on the treasurer: For paupers \$226.50; superintendent health \$25; county home \$230.04; jail \$5.50; court house \$4,134.99; court expense \$122; bridges and ferries \$193.43; conveying prisoners and insane \$14; elections \$10; smallpox \$180.46; printing and stationery \$83.53; coroner \$21.40; juries \$15; sheriff \$62.75; register of deeds \$24.40; commissioners, \$55.95; miscellaneous \$3.53 officers salaries \$637.91; premium on bonds \$451.25; general roads \$303.91; general stock law \$86.15; Belvoir stock law \$254.38; Carolina roads \$58; Chicod roads \$4.40; Contentnea roads \$209.20; Greenville roads \$250.77;

The board passed upon some official bonds deferred from December meeting.

R. Williams was appointed auditor at a salary of \$200 per year.

Spellman Flood, Hagar Flood, Theophilus Tyson and Louisa Hardee were added to the pauper list to receive \$1.50 per month. The general county fund being nearly depleted, the board authorized borrowing \$5,000 for sixty days from W. E. Proctor.

The opening of bids for the bonds to be sold for the purpose of building a court house and jail, coming before the board, was decided by unanimous vote to open and consider the bids. UP-

on examination it was found that eleven bids had been submitted, and after due consideration by all the members of the board assisted by the building committee, it was unanimously agreed and decided that it would be to the best interest of the county and tax payers to sell the \$75,000 worth of bonds to run 30 years at 5 per cent interest, to bear date Feb. 1st, 1911, and of the several bids submitted the board held the unanimous opinion that the bid submitted by Woodin, McNear & Moore, of Chicago, is the highest and best, it was accepted. This bid was \$77,525 and accrued interest to the date of delivery, the buyer to furnish necessary blanks free to the county.

PROPOSED RATE SUSPENDED.

Railroads Charged With Concealing Their Profits.

By Wire to The Reflector.

Washington, Jan. 11.—It is practically assured that the proposed advances in freight rates, now under investigation by the Inter State Commerce Commission, will be suspended to some date beyond February first. The possible suspension of the proposed rate has been under consideration for several weeks. In the hearing today charges were made affecting the truthfulness of statements made to the commission by Attorney Francis B. Jones, representing the railroads, as to the financial condition of the railroads, in effect that the railroads concealed their profits and their statements did not tell the whole truth.

FORMER NORTH CAROLINIAN.

Falls Dead Sitting by Telegraph Instrument.

Roanoke, Va., Jan. 11.—While sitting at his telegraph instrument in the office of the Roanoke Times early today, C. C. Boyd was stricken with neuralgia of the heart and died in a few minutes. He fell from his chair with an exclamation and was not conscious afterwards. He was from Concord, N. C., but had been a resident of Roanoke for 15 years.

E. C. T. T. SCHOOL WORK

THE ONLY SCHOOL OF ITS KIND IN THE STATE

GREAT WORK DONE TO THE PRESENT

Marvelous Enrollment of 691 in Less Than Two Years—Meeting a Long Felt Need in North Carolina—Destined to be a Powerful Factor in Educational Uplift.

Believing that the people of North Carolina will be interested in knowing what their educational institutions are accomplishing, The Reflector will give some facts regarding East Carolina Teachers' Training school, which have been gathered from the records of that institution.

This State school, located in the town of Greenville, is the only school of its kind, public or private, in the State. The school has the one purpose to better prepare young men and women for the profession of teaching. It was established by an act of the general assembly, ratified the 8th day of March, 1907:

"The object in establishing and maintaining said school shall be to give to young white men and women such education and training as shall fit and qualify them for teaching in the public schools of North Carolina."

The school first opened its doors for the reception of students Oct. 5th, 1909. Since that time to the last of December, 1910, it has enrolled 691 students, as follows:

Oct. 5, 1909 to May 20, 1910....	172
May 24, 1910 to July 30, 1910....	332
Sept. 13, 1910 to Dec. 23, 1910....	187

Total 691

Of this number between 350 and 400 are now teaching in the public schools. Such a record as this has never before been made by any other school in North Carolina.

These facts show two things: First, that there is a growing demand for

trained teachers in the State. Second, that the school in Greenville is meeting this demand.

The work that is being done here is certainly by far the greatest for the cost to the State of any which we have ever known. At the close of this one-and-a-half years of work we find the following: A school plant which we believe, at a low valuation, is worth \$200,000. In this school the town of Greenville and county of Pitt have put \$58,000. The State of North Carolina has in it \$65,000. It will thus be seen that up to this time the State lacks \$33,000 of having invested as much as the town and county, and yet the plant is owned in fee simple by the State.

With the character of work being done here the State will get results, will get them where they are most needed—in the rural schools of the State. In Eastern North Carolina, and in fact in all the State, there are thousands of people now teaching public schools who have never had any special training for the work. These teachers are to do the work largely for the next eight or ten years. The graduates of all the colleges in North Carolina if they were to enter the teaching profession, could not more than supply the increase of the teachers every year.

As we see it, the work of the State at present is to give opportunity to the teachers now in the school room so that they may become more efficient. This is just what this school is doing. Its work is already being felt in a number of schools, and we believe that in the near future it will be a power in the educational uplift of the State.

At present those seeking admission cannot be accommodated. Last summer many students, at least one hundred, were forced to find boarding places in the town at additional cost. This should not be, especially when we think of the salary paid these faithful servants of the State.

The State owes it to itself to make a sufficient appropriation for this school to meet more fully the demands made upon it, if the teacher of the school is to be given an opportunity to prepare for more efficient service.

A word to the wise is seldom sufficient.

PRAYER LEAGUE GOES FORWARD

CONTINUES TO INCREASE IN INTEREST AND ATTENDANCE

APPOINTS A CHARITY COMMITTEE

To Have Supervision of Charity Work in the Community—Cases of Need Can be Reported to Any Member of the Committee or Any of the Ministers.

The attendance upon the men's prayer league Sunday afternoon, in the Baptist church, was by far the largest of any meeting yet held, more than fifty being present. The subject was "What do the Boys Think of Us?" and the talks of Messrs. O. E. Warren, W. H. Ragsdale and T. J. Jarvis were excellent. Our example and influence upon others, with the attendant responsibility, was forcibly presented by these gentlemen.

The committee appointed the previous Sunday to suggest a plan of charity work for the league, made the following report which was unanimously adopted:

Your committee recommends that the league appoint what shall be designated a charity committee. The duty of this committee shall be to have general supervision of charity work in our community. Any member of the league, or any person in the community, hearing of a case of destitution or need, or a case of sickness that needs attention or visiting, can report this to the chairman or some member of the charity committee, and it will be the duty of this committee to take steps to render relief as promptly and to such extent as the case reported may require. And in the event of any solicitation for assistance by persons unknown, or whose appeals are questionable, it shall be the duty of the committee to investigate these and take such action as they may deem advisable.

The committee also recommends that no regular collections be taken in the league for raising a fund with which to do charity work, but that when a case of need is reported to the committee for which money is needed the committee ask contributions either outside or in the league, as it may seem best, to supply that need. We recommend that the following be appointed to serve on this charity committee until the next regular election of officers of the league, when their successors may be elected by the league or appointed by the president as may be deemed best: G. E. Harris, chairman; D. J. Whichard, E. B. Ficklen, J. G. Latham and W. A. Bowen.

The ministers of the different churches are asked to serve as ex-officio members of the charity committee, giving the committee such assistance as they can in finding cases that need help and in relieving such need.

Every member of the league is also asked to give his hearty co-operation to this work, in helping the needy visiting the sick, or doing any act of kindness for humanity in Christ's name; and especially not to decline to do work in this line if requested by the committee to do so. In other words, we ask that every member of the league do all he can to relieve suffering or distress wherever found,

The Bank of Greenville,
GREENVILLE, N. C.

Report of Condition of The Bank
of Greenville, Greenville, N. C.
At Close of Business December 31, 1910

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$173,824.71
Overdrafts	3,859.96
Building and Fixtures	8,512.32
Cash Items	11,198.45
Cash and Due from Banks	167,262.10
Total	\$364,657.54
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	\$50,000.00
Profits	4,186.73
Deposits	310,470.81
Total	\$364,657.54

\$100,000.00 to Loan

We take pleasure in calling attention to the above statement, and at the same time extend thanks to our customers and friends with the Greetings of the New Year.

R. L. DAVIS, Pres.
JAMES L. LITTLE, Cashier

DO YOU KEEP A BANK ACCOUNT? You Should For the Reasons:

MONEY in Bank is safe from fire and burglars; in your home it is not.
MONEY in Bank is safe from careless handling; in your pocket it is not.
MONEY paid by check guarantees to you a permanent receipt; cash handed out does not.
MONEY in Bank is a starter towards economy, always ready for use, or to be added to.

The Greenville Banking & Trust Co.

is provided with every safeguard for the protection of its depositors, and endeavors to give its customers the best service.
We will be glad to have your business.

C. S. CARR, Cashier

and try to make mankind happier and better.

We also recommend that the charity committee through its chairman or secretary, shall from time to time, or whenever advised, make a report of its work to the league.

The devotional committee reported as a subject for discussion next Sun-

day, "The Man of the Hour". Text, 1st Sam 17:40-51. Leaders, Messrs E. H. Thomas, W. E. Hooker and D. M. Clark. Meets in Methodist church at 3:30 p. m.

A woman isn't self made just because she makes her own complexion.

Former Greenville Lady Dead.

Friends here have received information of the death of Mrs. Edward Purdee, which occurred Thursday at her home in Dunn. Mrs. Purdee was formerly Miss Olive Daniel of Greenville. She had many friends and relatives in this section.

ALDERMEN HOLD MONTHLY MEETING

DR. J. E. NOBLES ELECTED FOR THE FIRST WARD

TO SUCCEED ALDERMAN SMITH

General Business Transacted by the Board Aldermen Committee to Meet With Committee of Graded School Teachers and Arrange for Deficit in the School Fund.

The board of aldermen met in regular monthly session Thursday night with the mayor and six members present.

The finance committee recommended that the suspension of street improvements be continued for the present. The matter of putting 24-inch tiling across Dickinson avenue near Washington street was referred to the street committee.

A motion was adopted that as soon as finances will permit, the water and light commission place a light on the corner of Evans and Twelfth streets at a cost not to exceed \$15.

It was recommended that the portion of the cemetery known as the Methodist grave yard be cleaned out. The mayor and chief of fire department were instructed to purchase sufficient couplings for the fire hose.

W. S. Moye was elected assistant chief of fire department. Dr. Schaffer was granted license to run a moving picture show the remainder of the fiscal year upon payment of tax of \$10.

The clerk was instructed to address a communication to the board of trustees of the graded school asking that committee of the latter consisting of the chairman and finance committee, meet with a committee of the aldermen on Monday night, 9th to devise ways and means for meeting the deficit in the school fund.

The matter regarding the sidewalk near the residence of J. F. Davenport was referred to the street committee. J. E. Warren was granted license to run automobile transfer balance of fiscal year upon payment of tax of \$5.

The mayor was instructed to write the Cotton Sed Oil Co., of Farmville, requesting settlement for generator. Dr. J. E. Nobles was elected alderman for the first ward to succeed J. I. Smith, resigned.

The chief of police was instructed to notify James Tucker and Sam Oby to appear before the board and show cause why their restaurant license should not be revoked.

The officers made their reports for the past month, and accounts approved by the finance committee were allowed.

TAX NOTICE.

All persons owing taxes for the year 1910 are notified that they must come forward and settle. I must collect these taxes, as I cannot afford to extend courtesies. The State requires me to settle with the treasurer by the first of January, which time has already passed, and I must insist on prompt settlement from those who are yet delinquent.

L. W. TUCKER,
Tax Collector.

The trouble with the dead beat is that he refuses to give up.

TRAINED GANDER

Mr. Johnston Quite a Trainer of Pets

Mr. J. Milton Johnston, of The Reflector force, who sometime ago developed a talent for training animals, has enlarged his field to the feathered tribe. He first begun with a dog, and was not long in making him do many marvelous things, even to climbing ladders and diving off into a net. There is not a better trained dog in all this region than "Turk."

Now Mr. Johnson has a trained gander also. He commenced teaching the bird about two months ago and has in this time learned "Charlie" to see-saw, jump through a hoop and to follow him around.

Send The Child to School.

If you have a neighbor who does not read, urge him to keep his children in school every day he possibly can. Of course, men and women who can read and take newspapers are too much alive to the needs of their children to keep them out of school for even a day—short as our public school term is—if they can possibly have them in school. But here and there is a man who has not education himself, who can hardly read, who says that his children do not need more schooling than he got. Do your best for such a neighbor for his children's sake. Until the law gets in behind such a man and makes him send the children to school as it will do before a great many more years come and go—use your best efforts at persuading him to send his children to school at least four months during the year.—Monroe Journal.

Atlantic Coast Line Hotel Closed

Saturday night Dec. 31, 1910, the Atlantic Coast Line hotel closed its doors for all time to come as a house of entertainment and at an early date it will be torn down.

It has been famous in one way or another for generations and is one of the largest frame hotel buildings in the State. The erection of this building was first started by President Byrd, of the Petersburg and Weldon Railroad, and was completed later by Moody & Jarratt.

This is a building with a history and it has had some notable proprietors during its existence. Among the well known men who have at various periods been in charge of this building, may be mentioned the late Dr. G. W. Blacknall, who was for years proprietor of the Yarrowhouse in Raleigh. Later it was in charge of the Happers, Major T. L. Emory and others. In more recent years it was known as the Davis House, run by Colonel Davis up to the time of its sale to the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company. The railroad people put Mr. Mann in charge and all trains stopped here for meals. Mr. Mann was succeeded by Mr. Gaul, who was quite popular with the traveling public. Several years ago the Atlantic Coast Line leased the property to Gresham and others. Mr. C. I. Gresham was succeeded by Mr. L. T. Brawner, who remained in charge only a few months, and then, on account of rheumatism, he sold out to C. D. Cherry and others. Mr. Cherry remained in charge up to the expiration of the lease, which expired Saturday night last, and then the building was closed for all time to come as a hotel.—Weldon News.

N. C. Labor Act Is Voted.

Says The Wilmington Star: Lawyers and others in this city read with much interest the Associated Press dispatches in yesterday's papers announcing the decision of the United States Supreme Court in declaring unconstitutional the "contract labor law" of Alabama, because North Carolina has a law on its statute books very much like the one which has been enforced in Alabama.

Many lawyers here have for some time had their doubts about the constitutionality of the North Carolina law and have been expecting some such opinion from highest court in the land.

The question of the constitutionality of the law in Alabama was raised in the case of Alonzo Bailey, a negro laborer. Bailey made a contract to labor as a fram hand for one year, received \$15 advanced pay to be returned at the rate of \$2.25 a month during his service, but quit work after a month and a few days. He was arrested, convicted and assessed a fine twice the amount of the advanced pay, one-half of which was to go to his former employer and one-half to the state. The Supreme court of Alabama upheld the constitutionality of the law. The Alabama law is very similar to that in force in North Carolina and many other Southern states. The North Carolina law is as follows, the same being Section 3431 of the Revised:

"False pretense; obtaining advances under promise to work. If any person, with intent to cheat or defraud another, shall obtain any advances in money, provisions, goods, wares or merchandise of any description from any person or corporation upon and by color of any promise or agreement that the person making the same shall begin any work or labor of any description for said person or corporation from whom said advances are obtained, and said person so making said promise or agreement shall unlawfully and wilfully fail to commence or complete said work, according to contract without a lawful excuse, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding \$50, or imprisoned not exceeding 30 days. And evidence of such promise or agreement to work, the obtaining of such advances thereon and failure to comply with such promise or agreement shall be presumptive evidence of the intent to cheat and defraud at the time of obtaining such advances and making such promise or agreement, subject to be proved by other testimony which may be introduced by the defendant."

"The Supreme Court today," read the dispatch, "held that the law in operation furnished a convenient instrument for the coercion, which the constitution and the act of Congress forbid; and that it was an instrument of compulsion peculiarly effective as against the poor and the ignorant, its most likely victims."

"The provisions of the constitution and laws designed to secure enduring freedom of contract 'would soon become a barren form,' said Justice Hughes, who announced the opinion of the court, 'if it were possible to establish a statutory presumption of this sort and to hold over the heads of laborers the threat of punishment for crime under the name of fraud, but merely upon evidence of failure to work out their debts.'"

Among others, the county recorder is a man of deeds.

CHOICE...

FRENCH AND HOLLAND BULBS
Hyacinths, Narcissus, Tulips, Freesias, Easter and Calla Lilies.

Plant early for best results

All Seasonable Cut Flowers
Furnished at Short Notice

Palms, Ferns and all Hot
House Plants For Decoration

J. L. O'QUINN & CO., RALEIGH,
N. C.

Phone No. 149.

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NORFOLK, VA.

Cotton Buyers, Brokers in
Stock, Cotton, Grain and
Provisions

PRIVATE WIRE
to New York, Chicago and
New Orleans.

J. C. LANIER

DEALER IN

Monuments

Tomb Stones

Iron Fencing

Greenville, N. C.

THE LADIES' FAVORITE.

Wherever Parisian Sage is Known it
Has The Call.

Parisian Sage, that most efficient of all hair restorers, is a very delightful and refreshing hair dressing. Besides possessing these qualities it will positively make any woman's hair soft, luxuriant and attractive. Coward & Wooten sells it for 50 cents a large bottle and will return your money if it does not cure dandruff, falling hair and itching scalp in two weeks.

"I had given up hopes of ever being cured of dandruff, when I purchased a bottle of Parisian Sage. It has entirely removed the dandruff and has started a growth of new hair and all this after having been troubled 15 years. I cheerfully recommend Parisian Sage."—Mrs. Elizabeth Anderson, Mechanicsburg, Pa.

Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde.

A fellow claims to have discovered Roosevelt's double. Oh, maybe he just saw Roosevelt over in Indiana, when he was talking against the tariff and for Senator Beveridge, and then saw him up in Massachusetts, when he was praising the tariff and Senator Lodge, and the poor individual got his mind befuddled and thought it two different men.—Wilmington Dispatch.

The egotism of a fool man reaches the high spot when some fool woman takes poison because of love for him.

SECOND BONUS 70,000 VOTES

FOR CLUBS OF \$20.00 ON NEW BUSINESS

THIS A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR VOTES

From Now Until January 25th, a Bonus Vote of 70,000 Over and Above the Regular Scale of Votes Will be Given for Every \$20.00 Worth of New Subscriptions.

From now until January 25th, extra votes will be given for new subscriptions. For every \$20.00 worth of new subscriptions turned in up to that time a certificate for 70,000 votes over and above the regular scale will be given.

Like the preceding offer, there is no limit to the number of clubs that may be won by any particular candidate.

It is not necessary to hold your start slips up until you have made up your clubs, a record is kept of all money turned in during the bonus period and divided into \$20.00 clubs at the close of the bonus period.

Not a single hour should be wasted by any contestant between now and 8 p. m., Wednesday, January, 25th.

For the benefit of each and every candidate the management desires to state that no one candidate has either of the capital prizes won. There is yet four weeks and four days before the contest closes and those candidates that did not have a chance to work during the first period of the contest have ample time and territory to catch up with the leaders before the expiration of this present bonus offer.

A rich harvest of votes may be reaped by the ambitious candidate who takes advantage of this opportunity.

List of candidates and votes counted up to 8 p. m., January 10th:

DISTRICT NO. 1. All of Pitt county.

Table listing candidates and votes for District No. 1, including Greenville, Greensboro, and Farmville.

Gritton: Miss Lelia Stokes, 293,500

Farmville: Miss Jennie Hooker, 9,500

Winterville: Miss Nancy Dail, 16,000

Ayden: Miss Annie McLawhorn, 6,000

Miss Faye E. Cory, 273,625

Table listing candidates and votes for District No. 2, including Tyrrell, Washington, Dare, Edgecomb and Martin.

DISTRICT NO. 2. All the counties of Beaufort, Tyrrell, Washington, Dare, Edgecomb and Martin.

Sneed: Miss Helen Edmondson, 37,600

Washington: Miss Claude Hollowell, 1,000

Williamston: Miss Lillian Brown, 1,000

Pinebluffs: Miss Mattie P. Cobb, 9,000

Pactolus: Miss Minnie Brown, 42,000

DISTRICT NO. 3. All the counties of Halifax, Nash, Wilson, Greene, Wayne, Johnson and Sampson.

Snow Hill: Miss Lillian Whitfield, 11,000

Halifax: Miss Beatrice Anderson, 1,000

Second Bonus 70,000 Votes. (Continued From First Page.)

Seotland Neck: Miss Fannie Joyner, 6,000

Weldon: Miss Maude Keeter, 1,000

Nashville: Miss Minnie L. Bone, 11,000

DISTRICT NO. 4. All the counties of Craven, Pamlico, Carteret, Jones, Onslow and Lenoir.

Beaufort: Miss Ethel Ewell, 11,000

Jacksonville: Miss Elda Walton, 1,000

Tuscarora: Miss Mattie Moore, 1,000

Bayboro: Miss Florence Weatherington, 11,000

Columbia: Miss Ethel M. Flowers, 9,000

Miss Ethel Ives, 1,000

Miss Sabra Sykes, 53,000

PERSONAL MENTION.

The People Who Come and Go on Our Trains.

Ex-Gov. T. J. Jarvis went to Raleigh Tuesday evening.

Messrs. L. H. Pender, R. Williams, R. L. Carr and W. L. Brown went to Raleigh Tuesday evening to attend the Masonic grand lodge.

Mrs. Nannie Pittman and little daughter, Mary Lee, came in Tuesday evening from an extended visit to Indiana.

Mr. B. R. King, of Goldsboro, was here today.

Mr. A. K. Miller came in this morning.

Mr. W. H. Harrington went to Tarboro this morning.

Mr. Albion Dunn went to Scotland Neck today.

Mr. Wiley Brown went to Oak City today.

Mr. J. B. Kittrell went to Bedford today.

Miss Nellie Barnhill went to Robersonville today.

Mr. C. F. Pilley returned this morning from Norfolk.

There is space in The Reflector that the business men could make look mighty good in advertisements.

Where this paper goes it is read by every member of the family who can read.

WHAT THE LAW MAKERS ARE DOING

PROCEEDINGS OF THE N. C. GENERAL ASSEMBLY

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS OFFERED

Both Branches Down at Hard Work and a Flood of Bills Pouring In—Speaker Dowd Completes the House Committees—Most of Bills Local So Far.

Senate—Tuesday.

Raleigh, Jan. 11.—A State wide anti near-beer bill was introduced in the State senate today and will pass, as the sentiment against near-beer saloons in the state is almost unanimous.

President Newland called the senate to order Monday morning at 11 o'clock. Among the resolutions introduced were these:

Martin of Buncombe: In regard to preserving State records.

Pharr of Mecklenburg: Directing the secretary of state to furnish the senate with ten copies of the revision.

Thorne of Nash: Requiring superintendents or heads of state institutions to furnish a full and complete list of employees of each and salaries paid, provided by an act of the general assembly.

Boyd of Rowan: As to the appointment of guardians.

Boyd of Rowan: Relating to the desertion and exposure of infants.

Baggett of Harnett: Regulating passenger rates in North Carolina and requiring railroads to allow mileage to be pulled from books on trains.

Barber of Johnson: To make concubinage between Caucasian and black races a felony. Referred to judiciary.

Baggett of Harnett: To prevent stockholders and officers of corporations from dealing with each other.

Cotten of Pitt: Increasing salary of court stenographer of Pitt county.

Hobgood of Guilford: Regulating the sale of lands under mortgage and deeds of trust, where the lands lie in two counties.

House—Tuesday.

The house was called to order by Speaker Dowd, Resolutions and bills of general interest were as follows:

Doughton of Alleghany: To canvass vote of state officers at noon.

Ewart of Henderson: Thanking Governor Pothier, of Rhode Island for his refusal to accept the repudiated bonds of North Carolina.

Magette of Tyrrell: Prescribing terms of court in first judicial district.

Spainhour of Burke: To increase salaries of judges in superior courts.

Spainhour of Burke: To divide State into four judicial districts.

Devin of Granville: To amend divorce law.

Ewart of Henderson: Reducing railroad fares to 2 cents per mile when road refuses to pull mileage.

Ewart of Henderson: Making bribery at elections a felony and disfranchising bribery.

Herbert: To increase pension of soldiers and widows.

Roberts of Buncombe: To prevent detention of women in houses of prostitution.

Battle of Wake: To amend pension law of state.

Pace of Wake: Requiring railroads to protect injured employes.

Connor of Wilson: To make uniform bill of lading in state.

Dillard of Guilford: To protect land owners in the enjoyments of their rights.

In accordance with a joint resolution both houses met in joint session in the house at noon for the purpose of going through the formality of canvassing the vote cast for state officers at the last election.

Speaker Dowd completed his announcement of standing committees of the house for the session.

Saves Two Lives.

"Neither my sister or myself might be living today, if it had not been for Dr. King's New Discovery," writes A. D. McDonald, of Fayetteville, N. C., R. F. D. No. 8, "for we both had frightful coughs that no other remedy could help. We were told my sister had consumption. She was very weak and had night sweats but your wonderful medicine completely cured us both." It's the best I ever used or heard of. For sore lungs, coughs, colds, hemorrhage, lagrippe, asthma, hay fever, croup, whooping cough, all bronchial troubles, it's supreme. Trial bottle free. 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by all druggists.

Words are sometimes the result of thoughts but sometimes they are not.

Wisdom often consists of keeping what you know to yourself.

EVENTS IN 1910

Record of the Year From January to December.

HISTORY DAY BY DAY.

Notable Occurrences Throughout the World.

A REMARKABLE DEATH ROLL.

Wonders of Aviation—Items of Miscellaneous Interest, Accidents, Wrecks and Floods—A Chronological Review.

Political: The railroad bill, creating a court of commerce and amending the interstate commerce act of 1887, became a law.

Obituary: Henry Neville, noted actor and dramatist, in London.

Convention: World's Sunday school convention met in Washington.

Aviation: Count Zepplin's dirigible Deutschland sailed from Friedrichshafen to Dusseldorf, 300 miles, carrying 12 passengers.

German airship Deutschland made an excursion trip carrying 32 passengers.

Political: Congress adjourned.

Sporting: Cornell won the varsity eight, four oared race and freshman's eight at Poughkeepsie.

Sporting: Nange, owned by Mme. Chermetteff, won the French Grand Prix, beating W. K. Vanderbilt's Reinhardt by a neck.

Political: Gen. Porfirio Diaz re-elected president of Mexico.

Obituary: United States Senator Samuel Douglas McEnery of Louisiana, in New Orleans; aged 74. Dr. John Henry Haynes, noted archaeological explorer, at North Adams, Mass.

Fire: Paterson, N. J., suffered \$500,000 loss by flames in the business district.

Obituary: United States Senator John W. Daniel of Virginia, at Lynchburg; aged 68.

Sporting: Harvard won the varsity races over Yale at New London.

JULY.

Obituary: Dr. Frederick James Furnivall, noted English scholar and critic, in London; aged 68. Ove Gude, Norwegian minister to the United States, at White Sulphur Springs, Va.

Aeronautics: Clifford B. Harmon broke the American amateur record (his own) by remaining in the air 2 hours 31 1/2 minutes at Mineola.

Aviation: Second international aviation meet at Rheims, France. Aviator Wachter killed by the fall of his machine.

Convention: Society of Descendants of the Signers of the Declaration met in Philadelphia.

Obituary: Chief Justice Melville Weston Fuller of the United States supreme court, at Bar Harbor, Me.; aged 78. Prof. Giovanni Virginio Schiaparelli, famous astronomer and discoverer of the Martian canals, at Milan; aged 75.

Railroad Accident: Cincinnati section of the Twentieth Century Limited wrecked in collision at Middletown, O.; 22 killed and many injured.

Fire: At Denton, Pa., 60 buildings burned in a Fourth of July blaze; loss \$300,000.

Sporting: Jack Johnson defeated Jeffries in 15 rounds at Reno, for the world's heavyweight championship.

Race Troubles: Numerous riots in which both whites and negroes were killed followed the news of the ring event at Reno.

Fire: At Annapolis, Ont., flames in a lumber yard caused a loss of over \$1,000,000.

Convention: National Educational association met in Boston.

Obituary: Dr. William James Rolfe, noted Shakespearean scholar, in Flushing, Mass.; aged 82.

Aviation: Walter R. Brookins flew 6,255 feet up in the air at Atlantic City. Obituary: George Berger, famous French art critic, in Paris; aged 72.

Obituary: John Cottfried Gale, noted astronomer, at Potsdam; aged 73.

Aviation Accident: Capt. C. S. Rolls, English aviator, killed in a Wright aeroplane at Bourne-mouth.

Obituary: Henry Dexter, founder of the American News Company, in New York city; aged 83. Kate Tunnat Woods, author, in Boston; aged 70.

Fire: Campbelltown, N. B., nearly destroyed; loss \$1,500,000.

Obituary: Daniel Folger Bigelow, noted American artist and art leader, in Chicago; aged 81.

Obituary: Aloys Wirsching, inventor of the stock ticker and New York's fire alarm system, in Brooklyn; aged 78.

Obituary: Z. B. Knight, who is said to have named the Republican party in 1854, in Omaha; aged 82.

Army Accident: Premature explosion of a gun during mimic war at Fort Monroe caused the death of 13 soldiers.

Nicaragua: Estrada's revolutionists defeated the government forces at Acospan.

Storm Disaster: 60 persons killed and hundreds injured by a tornado near Milan, Italy.

Obituary: Prof. Samuel Ross Winans, dean of Princeton university, at Princeton; aged 65.

Obituary: Sir Henry Tichborne, infant defendant in the notorious Arthur Orton claim to the Tichborne title and estates in 1871 and a noted big game hunter, in London; aged 44.

Obituary: John G. Carlisle, Kentucky statesman and a member of Grover Cleveland's cabinet, in New York city; aged 73. Rear Admiral Thomas H. Loker, U. S. N., retired, veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, in Washington; aged 81.

AUGUST.

Convention: The international peace congress met in Stockholm.

Obituary: E. L. Sannourne, noted cartoonist of London Punch, in London; aged 65.

Obituary: Louis Schriber, long known as a great cornetist, in Los Angeles; aged 53.

Obituary: Rear Admiral Schofield, U. S. N., retired, at Stamford, Conn.; aged 71.

Obituary: J. B. Studley, once noted actor, in New York city; aged 71.

Obituary: W. Scott, editor of the Portland Oregonian, in Baltimore; aged 72.

Assault on Mayor Gaynor: Mayor William J. Gaynor shot on board the ocean liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse by James J. Gallagher, a discharged city employe.

Railroad Accident: 14 killed and 20 injured in a head-on collision on the Northern Pacific near Ignacio, Cal.

Fire: In Boston's lumber district; loss \$1,000,000.

Convention: Apple growers' congress opened in St. Louis. Special convention of the United Mine Workers of America met in Indianapolis.

Obituary: Judith Ellen Foster, noted woman lawyer, in Washington; aged 70.

Disaster: 3,000 houses and shops flooded and over a thousand lives lost in Tokyo.

Sporting: Uhlans set a new trotting record by going a mile in 1:56 1/2 at Cleveland.

Obituary: Florence Nightingale, famous nurse in the Crimean war, in London; aged 90. Edmund D. Lewis, noted artist and art collector, in Philadelphia; aged 73.

Aviation: Redey, an English aviator, broke the world's speed record by flying a mile in 47.5 seconds at Blackpool.

Fire: The "White City" of the world's fair at Brussels destroyed; loss estimated at \$20,000,000.

Railroad Accident: 32 killed and 100 injured in a collision at Saunjon, France.

Aviation: C. F. Willard carried three passengers on a quarter mile biplane trip at Garden City, setting the world's record on the number of passengers.

Convention: The International Esperanto congress met in Washington.

Obituary: Rev. E. P. Hammond, once famous traveling evangelist, at Hartford, Conn.

Obituary: President Montt of Chile, in Bremen.

Shipwreck: 23 passengers and 7 sailors drowned by the foundering of the Spanish steamer Tarifa in the strait of Gibraltar.

Convention: Annual convention of the National Firemen's association met at Rochester, N. Y.

Nicaragua: Estrada's revolutionists defeated the Madrid forces in front of Managua.

Fire: In Jersey City loss of \$1,000,000 by the burning of a business block.

Nicaragua: Managua, the capital, occupied by the victorious revolutionists after Estrada, Madrid, the president, fled.

Fire: 12 lives lost and property valued at \$1,000,000 destroyed at Wallace, Ida., by flames started by forest fires in the vicinity of the city.

Sporting: Harvester lowered the world's record for stallions by trotting a mile in 2:03 at the Empire City track, Yonkers.

Sporting: William A. Larned, national level tennis champion, defeated his title at Newport, defeating Thomas C. Bundy of California.

Sporting: Novelty won the Futurity and a purse of \$5,300 at Saratoga, with Basili second.

Aviation: Glenn H. Curtiss made an over-water record by flying 60 miles over Lake Erie in 1 hour 18 minutes, an average of 45.1 miles an hour.

SEPTEMBER.

Obituary: Julian Edwards, composer

Obituary: National conservation congress met at St. Paul.

Obituary: William Holman-Hunt, distinguished artist, in London; aged 83.

Convention: International Socialist congress met in Copenhagen.

Obituary: Dr. Emily Blackwell, noted woman physician, at York Cliffs, Me.

Obituary: Lloyd W. Bowers, solicitor general of the United States, in Boston; aged 61.

Boat Accident: 30 drowned in the sinking of ear ferry No. 15, Pere Marquette railroad, during a storm on Lake Michigan.

Obituary: Emanuel Fremiet, noted French sculptor, in Paris; aged 87.

Fire: Loss of \$75,000 by flames in a business block in New Haven.

Sporting: Paul Sorg broke the four-in-hand record by driving a mile in 2:40 1/2 at White Plains, N. Y.

Aviation: Biplane started from Indianapolis in an American championship race. Balloon America II landed near Warrenton, Va., after a flight of 4 hours.

Aviation: Weymann, an American, and George Chavez, a Peruvian, attempted to fly over the Alps. Both failed, and Chavez was mortally hurt in landing.

Convention: 40th national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic met at Atlantic City.

Personal: Edward Allen Ives elected to the American Hall of Fame by a vote of 42; necessary to choice, 41.

Trolley Disaster: Collision on the Wash-bash Traction line near Kingsland, Ind., caused the death of 46 passengers.

Sporting: Harvester lowered the trotting record for stallions to 2:51 at Columbus.

Convention: National irrigation congress opened in Pueblo, Colo.

Convention: The United Irish league met at Buffalo.

Convention: National good roads congress met in St. Louis.

Obituary: Winslow Homer, famous American painter, at Scarborough, Me.; aged 71. Mrs. Rebecca Harding Davis, the author, at the home of her son, Richard Harding Davis, Mount Beacon, N. Y.; aged 73.

Aviation: Walter S. Brookins broke the cross-country distance record by flying from Chicago to Springfield, 186 miles, winning a \$10,000 prize.

OCTOBER.

Sporting: The Vanderbilt cup auto race won by Harry P. Grant; time, 4 hours 15 minutes 55 seconds.

Shipwreck: 3 of the crew of the battleship New Hampshire drowned by the sinking of a launch in the Hudson river at New York.

Explosion: A mysterious explosion, followed by fire, destroyed the Los Angeles Times building and caused the death of 21 employes of the paper.

Aviation: Aviator Wynmalen made a world record for height by ascending 8,186 feet at Mourmelon, France.

Shipwreck: The Pacific Navigation company's steamer Chiriqui wrecked off Panama by the explosion of her boilers; 20 lives lost.

Obituary: Ex-Governor Napoleon Bonaparte Broward of Florida, a former Cuban filibuster, at Jacksonville; aged 63.

Convention: International prison congress opened in Washington.

Obituary: Former Governor and United States Senator David Bennett Hill, at Albany; aged 67. Joseph Abner Harper, member of the old firm of Harper & Bros., the New York publishers, at Newburg, N. Y.; aged 77.

Fire: In New York city loss of \$1,500,000 by flames in the lumber and factory district on the Hudson river front.

Convention: Dry farming congress opened at Spokane.

Collision: Two electric cars collided at Springfield, Ill., causing the death of 37 people, chiefly passengers.

Personal: Justice W. H. Moody of the United States supreme court returned to Springfield, Mo., after a long absence.

Portugal: Republican uprising in Lisbon. King Manuel captured. The army and navy sided with the revolutionists, who proclaimed a republic.

Mine Disaster: 59 miners trapped by an explosion in the Colorado Fuel and Iron company's mine at Starkville, Colo.

Personal: Ex-Governor Charles E. Hughes took the oath of office as justice of the United States supreme court at Washington.

Storm: A fierce storm swept over Europe, causing heavy loss of life on the English coast and on the Baltic.

Shipwreck: The French steamship Ville du Rochefort was rammed by the British steamer Peveril in the bay of Biscay and sank with 25 of her crew.

Financial: The Charles Cross bank of London, with 40 country branches, went into the hands of a receiver, owing depositors \$5,000,000.

Obituary: Larkin G. Mead, noted American sculptor, in Florence, Italy; aged 75. United States Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver of Iowa, at Fort Dodge; aged 82.

Aviation: Wellman's balloon America started on its overseas flight at Atlantic City.

Fire: At Alabaster, Mich., loss of \$200,000.

of names in the plant of the Florida and South Carolina coasts.

Aviation: 10 balloons representing the United States, France, Germany and Switzerland started from St. Louis

EXPERIMENTS IN TOBACCO

THE STATE TO LOCATE FOUR TEST FARMS

PITT COUNTY WILL GET ONE OF THEM

The Expense for Operating These Experiment Farms to be Shared by the State and Federal Government.

A plan of co-operation has been reached between the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and the United States Department of Agriculture, whereby both parties share in the running expenses, plans and conduct of four local tobacco experiment stations in different parts of the State.

One of the stations will be located in Transylvania county another in Rockingham County, another in Granville County, and another in Pitt County. The one in Transylvania County is located by the State Department of Agriculture with the view of ascertaining what variety or varieties of the heavy shipping tobaccos may be grown in the mountainous section of the State. Incidentally, fertilizer experiments will be conducted to ascertain what fertilizers and combinations of fertilizers are best suited to the soil types in the mountains on which tobacco may be grown. Other experiments will be put under way from time to time as necessity seems to dictate.

The stations to be located in Rockingham, Granville and Pitt counties are to be run in co-operation with the National Department of Agriculture. These stations are to be located with the view of ascertaining the best varieties of bright tobacco to be grown in the old bright tobacco belt of the State and also with the view to ascertaining the best fertilizers to be used and their production.

Systematic crop rotations will be experimented with in order to find what rotation is best for tobacco culture in the different sections of the State.

No land will be purchased for these stations. The State Department of Agriculture will pay a fair rental for the land, which will include curing barn and storage room for the experimental tobacco and other crops; and all labor and fertilizer bills. In short, the State Department of Agriculture pays all running expenses, but receives the proceeds from the sales of all tobacco and other experimental crops grown on the station to aid in defraying these running expenses. The National Department of Agriculture gives to the State a tobacco expert, and pays his salary and expenses to look after these different stations.

These stations will begin with two and one-half acres of land, which amount will be increased yearly until not less than fifteen acres in one body will be used in this experimental work. This plan has been followed, and is now being followed, very successfully in Virginia, South Carolina, Florida, Kentucky and other States, and great good has come from their results of the work of these stations in every instance.

The work in North Carolina will be

BURNING QUALITY OF TOBACCO

Some Formula Suggestions for Fertilization.

The Tobacco Association of the United States, in carrying out a resolution passed at the instance of a member from the new belt tobacco territory, secured the services of a representative from the department of agriculture at Washington, Mr. E. H. Mathewson, who during the first week of December, visited several markets in Eastern North Carolina and South Carolina and made intelligent and valuable talks as to improvement of fertilizers for tobacco.

The object sought are a better burning or smoking quality so the tobacco of this section will compare favorably with that from the old belt, thus increasing its popularity and demand. Also to get better yields and improvement of character, which has been unsatisfactory during the past year or so.

From actual experience it is shown that an increase of (sulphate) potash will not only help the smoking qualities, but it will increase the yield, and the extra expense is very small compared with results. The formulas suggested and advised are based on the amount used per acre.

1st.—To the 3.3.3. goods so much used, add 100 lbs. sulphate potash in every 800 lbs. per acre used, costing \$2.50 to \$3.50. Compare to the 3.3.3. a fertilizer analyzing 3.8.10. or 3.8.7-1-2, would be far preferable.

Better results, however, can be obtained by either having the following formulas put up or mixed at home:

2nd.—250 lbs. dried blood 16 per cent ammonia, 400 lbs. 16 per cent acid phosphate, 150 lbs. sulphate potash, thus 800 lbs costing \$14.00 or \$15.00 to be applied to one acre.

To those who wish a less expensive fertilizer:

3rd.—150 lbs dried blood 16 per cent ammonia, 400 lbs. 16 per cent acid phosphate, 150 lbs. sulphate potash 50 per cent potash, thus 700 lbs costing \$11.00 or \$12.00 to be applied to one acre.

The experience of the best farmers was found to be along the lines proposed above. The sulphate of potash increases was strongly advised, also a fair per cent. of ammonia preferable from dried blood.

It is believed that under this plan of fertilizing that satisfactory results will follow both to the farmer and buyer.

Banks Are Safe.

A Macon, Ga., press dispatch in describing a fire in that town this week, says: "It develops that the fire which destroyed the store and dwelling of J. D. Noble, and said to have been of incendiary origin, also burned \$2,000 in paper money which was forgotten in the rush to escape. Mr. Noble was not at home at the time and the members of the family did not remember that the money had been left in the house until this morning." Probably ten to thirty times more money is destroyed by fire at home than is lost by failure of banks.—Charlotte Chronicle.

A busy man is never too busy to tell you how busy he is.

gin in 1911 with the above-named stations, and others may be taken up later on as circumstances may seem to justify.—Raleigh News and Observer.

TO TELEPHONE

A Telegram To The Western Union, Say "Telegram."

If you wish to transmit a telegram to the Western Union office by Home Telephone simply say, "telegram."

The operator will connect you with the proper Western Union telephone. Thus you may dictate your telegram and save yourself the inconvenience of waiting for a messenger.

For the convenience of the public this new method is now in effect in all cities in which the Home Telephone Company operates.

Are you a telephone subscriber? HOME TEL. & TELEGRAPH CO.

New Year Suggestions

Why not select your New Year presents with that same wisdom you use in every-day business matters? There is no gift more appreciated or useful than something that will beautify the home. We have everything in our store needed to furnish the home comfortably and cozily. But we wish to call special attention to our line of RUGS and PICTURES, they are just the gifts your friends would appreciate. We are making a reduction on Rugs and Pictures this week. Call in and let us show you our line.

Taft & Boyd Furniture Company

How About Your Home?

Is it comfortably furnished? If not you would find it interesting to visit our store and look over our stock of FURNITURE and HOUSE-FURNISHINGS. Everything needed from Parlor to Kitchen at prices that will make you sit up and take notice.

J. H. BOYD, JR.

PULLEY & BOWEN

Home of Women's Fashions, Greenville N. C.

J. S. MOORING

Now in Sam White Store on Five Points. More room and larger stock. Come to see me.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

TO EQUALIZE TAXATION.

Senator Brown Is Going After So-Called Pauper Counties.

Senator J. A. Brown, of Columbus, who is named by President Newland, of the senate, as chairman of the finance committee, declares his intention to go in for a material reformation in the North Carolina method of tax assessment with a view to equalizing taxation among the counties and ridding the state of the forty-eight "pauper counties" so-called because they receive from the state for schools and other purposes more money than they pay into the state treasury in taxes. He proposes to undertake getting through the legislature an act that will create a separate state tax commission, relieving the corporation commission of this duty, and requiring of this commission that it equalize taxation by counties. He would have the commission completely removed from politics, possibly appointed by the governor. He would have these commissioners confer at the beginning of each assessment period with the county authorities, meeting the officers of the group of counties in convenient railroad centers and explain just what is expected of them in the light of existing conditions. And he would clothe them with final authority to say just what the assessments must be. Where there are differences between the property owners and the local assessors, he would have appeal go to an intermediate board, composed of, say five men, one from each of a group of five counties. In this way no one county could be left alone to "juggle" its assessments so as to deprive the state of its equitable share of revenue. After this composite board has passed on the difference the state tax commission would have final say as to all assessments in all counties. Mr. Brown declares that he sees no reason why Buncombe county, for instance, should have her farm lands assessed at \$17 per acre and Robeson county, one of the biggest agricultural counties in the state, assessed at only \$6. And he sees no reason why counties like Cumberland, Chatham, Henderson and others—forty-eight in all, according to the report of the state treasurer and the state tax commission—should be a burden to the other progressive counties. They had best be given to some other state, he says, or consolidated with others for economy in operating expenses.—Raleigh Times.

High License Don't Work.

Griffin, Ga., is trying high license for near-beer, having fixed the license fee at \$5,000 a year. One dealer planked down the money and thus secured a monopoly of the business, as a high license shuts out the small dealers and places the traffic in the hands of the man who has big money and is willing to pay it for a monopoly. The one man will sell as much stuff as a dozen would and the town gets less revenue from the one than it would from several dealers. The price of a license doesn't regulate the traffic, and, as for that matter, the license of the sale of near-beer is a travesty on prohibition and a legalized farce.—Wilmington Star

LOOK, LADIES, THE SINGER STORE on Main St. extends to you the same courtesy the rest room did. Ladies from the country are especially invited to stop and rest yourselves. 31-cent. J. S. COCKRELL, Prop.

Spite Suit Falls Down.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt while president of the United States, was not averse to using his high and mighty position to crush his personal enemies. The robes of exalted position were not sufficient sanctity to cause him to forget enemies. He stood ever ready to step down and denounce as malicious liars, falsifiers, or unscrupulous prevaricators those hapless beings who chanced to incur his displeasure. Time after time the nation was regaled by the spectacle of a president of the United States endeavoring to annihilate with the presidential bludgeon some honest individual who had dared to oppose "my wish" or frustrate the consummation of my policies.

So it came to pass that the anger of the Little Father fell upon the head of the New York World, because forsooth, that paper published certain rumors, and asked that they be investigated. It had been reported that there was a giant corporation formed, with several of Mr. Roosevelt's closest friends as leading spirits, to take over the Panama canal property. It was said that the deal was made with the old French company and the property sold to the United States, with several millions of profit for the members of the mysterious syndicate, which dissolved thereafter. The matter was chiefly rumor, but it was one which should have been probed to the bottom, if for no other reason than that men prominent in the administration were implicated. If innocent they should have been cleared of all connection with the report, and The World dared to ask that the matter be thoroughly investigated.

Immediately Mr. Roosevelt is said to have caused a suit to be brought against The World. The suit has become famous as the Roosevelt spite suit. The lower court held that the editors of the New York World could not be hauled to the District of Columbia to answer to an alleged offense committed in the State of New York. And now the highest court in the land upholds this decision, and the Roosevelt spite suit falls flat.—Charlotte News.

A New Mars Theory.

In a novel theory of Mars, Prof. Svante Arrhenius rejects Prof. Lowell's view that the changing dark spots and bands are due to vegetation, and accepts the old suggestion that the so-called canals are long, deep fissures. Similar formations exist on the earth, one extending a distance of 2,200 miles along the coasts of Peru and Chile. Water is supposed to collect in the fissures or canals, and to accumulate at the points where several meet, these "lakes" of Schiaparelli or "vases" of Lowell being explained as places where the planet's crust has sunk. Though very salty, the water is frozen by the intense cold. The ice evaporates in the dry air the vapor collects as snow at the winter pole, and the canals become dry beds of salts, until, with the melting of the snow in spring and summer, the air ceases to be dry, and the salts again attract moisture, turning to a darker hue.

Among objections offered to the new theory is that it does not satisfactorily account for the complete winter disappearance of the canals, which, if really fissures, should remain visible throughout the year.—Newark Evening News.

S. A. L. SCHEDULE

Trains leave Raleigh effective May 15th 1914

YEAR ROUND LIMITED—No. 81.

3.45 a. m.—For Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and points West, Jacksonville and Florida points, connections at Hamlet for Charlotte and Wilmington.

THE SEABOARD MAIL—No. 38.

11.35 a. m.—For Portsmouth-Norfolk, with coaches and parlor car. Connects with steamer for Washington, Baltimore, New York, Boston and Providence.

THE FLORIDA EAST MAIL—No. 66.

12.05 a. m.—For Richmond, Washington and New York Pullman sleepers, day coaches and dining car. Connects at Richmond with C. & O. for Cincinnati and points West, at Washington with Pennsylvania railroad and B. & O. for Pittsburg and points west.

THE SEABOARD MAIL—No. 41.

1.05 p. m.—For Atlanta, Charlotte, Wilmington, Birmingham, Memphis and points West. Parlor cars to Hamlet.

6.00 p. m., No. 36.—"Shoo Fly", for Louisville, Henderson Oxford, and Norfolk.

6.00 p. m.—For Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and points West, Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Pullman sleepers. Arrive Atlanta 7 a. m.

12.45 p. m.—Arrives Richmond 4.20 a. m., Washington 7.49 a. m., New York 2 p. m. Pullman sleepers. Arrive Washington and York.

C. B. RYAN, G. P. A. Portsmouth, Va.
H. LEARD, D. P. A. Raleigh, N. C.

N. S. Schedule

ROUTE OF THE NIGHT EXPRESS

Schedule in effect December 15th.

N. B.—The following schedule figures published as information ONLY and are not guaranteed.

TRAINS LEAVE GREENVILLE Eastbound.

1.09 a. m., daily, Night Express Pullman Sleeping Car for Norfolk.

3.40 a. m., daily, for Norfolk and New Bern. Parlor car service between New Bern and Norfolk, connects for all points north and west.

6.30 p. m., daily except Sunday, for Washington.

Westbound.

9.25 a. m., daily for Wilson and Raleigh, connects north, south and west.

7.51 a. m., daily except Sunday for Wilson and Raleigh, connects for all points.

1.35 p. m., daily, for Wilson and Raleigh.

For further information and reservation of sleeping car space, apply to J. L. HASSELL, Agent, Greenville, N. C.

Firmness is the excess of will power; obstinacy is the excess of won't power.

Hope for the best, but don't remain contented.

Professional Cards

W. F. EVANS ATTORNEY AT LAW Office opposite R. L. Smith & Co.'s tables, and next door to John Flanagan Buggy Co.'s new building. Greenville, N. Carolina

N. W. OUTLAW ATTORNEY AT LAW Office formerly occupied by J. L. Fleming. Greenville, N. Carolina

W. C. Dresbach. D. M. Clark. DRESBACH & CLARK Civil Engineers and Surveyors Greenville, N. Carolina

S. J. EVERETT ATTORNEY AT LAW In Shelburn Building. Greenville, N. Carolina

G. I. Moore. W. H. Long. MOORE & LONG ATTORNEYS AT LAW Greenville, N. Carolina

CHARLES C. PIERCE ATTORNEY AT LAW Practice in all the courts. Office upstairs in Phoenix building, next to Dr. D. L. James Greenville, N. Carolina

DR. R. L. GARR DENTIST Greenville, N. Carolina Harry Skinner. H. W. Whedbee.

HARRY SKINNER Lawyer. Greenville, N. Carolina

JULIUS BROWN ATTORNEY AT LAW Greenville, N. Carolina

ALBION DUNN ATTORNEY AT LAW Office in Shelburn building, on Third street Practices wherever his services are desired. Greenville, N. Carolina

Central Barber Shop

HERBERT EDMONDS Proprietor Located in main business of town. Four chair in operation and each one provided over by a skilled barber. L. dies waited on at their home.

S. J. Nobles

MODERN BARBER SHOP Nicely furnished, everything clean and attractive, working the very best barbers. Second to none. Opp. J. R. & J. G. Moye.

J. W. Perry & CO.

NORFOLK, VA. Cotton Factors and handlers of Baggins, Ties and Hags. Correspondence and shipment solicited.

THE CAROLINA HOME and FARM and EASTERN REFLECTOR

(Once a week)
Published by
THE REFLECTOR COMPANY, Inc.
D. J. WHICHARD, Editor.
GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.

Subscription, one year, . . . \$1.00
Six months,50

Advertising rates may be had upon application at the business office in The Reflector Building, corner Evans and Third streets.

All cards of thanks and resolutions of respect will be charged for at 1 cent per word.

Communications advertising candidates will be charged for at three cents per line, up to fifty lines.

Entered as second class matter August 26, 1910, at the post office at Greenville, North Carolina, under act of March 3, 1879.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1911.

Charlotte is to keep her mint.

The Greenville tobacco market will resume sales Monday.

Wilmington is coming up to the scratch.

Even until now there are some who forget and write it 1910.

If you don't like Greenville, it might be easier to move out.

We just imagine that Durham can crow over Greensboro in the matter of population.

Once more we remind you that to find news the day it happens, look in The Reflector.

It is up to the Greensboro papers to show the whereabouts of the remainder of the 42,000.

The sugar trust has got scared and is asking the government to withdraw its prosecution.

When everybody makes up his mind to help everybody else, things will move along more like they ought to.

If nothing else, Greensboro can be satisfied at the advertising she is getting out of it.

Near-beer is shaky in the knees over the prospect of a legislative knock-out.

There is an old saying that "what goes up must come down," therefore the editors may look for a drop.

Now Wilmington is being solicited

to raise a purse to tempt aviators to go there and risk their necks.

It is to be taken for granted that Robin feathered his nest while he was at it.

As a place of depositing money, trunks and mattresses are a snare and delusion.

Possibly Mr. Carnegie wishes that New York bank had not been named for him.

The bath tub trust says it is not guilty. Most criminals make a similar plea when they are called to trial.

The government postal banks have opened, but there is no report that depositors are tumbling over each other to get on the ledger.

The number of train robberies occurring in the West look like that section has dropped back to pioneer days.

With the numerous cases or small-pox reported in this county, compulsory vaccination would not be a bad order.

It seems but a short while since we were talking about the beginning of a new century, but that was ten years ago.

That once-upon-a-time Greensboro directory maker must have been getting pay for his job according to the number of names reported.

Some years ago The Reflector had King Edward on its subscription list, but you know he died. Yet Jefferson Davis is one of our readers.

The towns under 5,000 will get their census figures next. Greenville expected to come in that class, therefore is not impatient.

Congress got over its holiday spell and came together again today. Whether it gets down to business remains to be seen.

The Reflector had its prediction right. It is Speaker Dowd. And it is cause for more congratulation that he was elected without opposition.

There is nothing the matter with Mecklenburg, even if she did get both the president of the senate and the speaker of the house. The men chosen are all right, too.

The News and Record both estimate that what Greensboro lacks in population, according to the census, she makes up in business. That's right, talk it up.

If the New Jersey women succeed in getting the law to compel married men to wear rings on their fingers (thumbs) they might complete the job with bells on their toes.

Just about all of them have taken a fall out of Greensboro, not that they had any spite against that town, but because of overmuch bragging in advance of the census returns.

Senator Stephen B. Elkins, of West Virginia, died Wednesday night in Washington City. The nation loses a prominent man in his passing, one who has been many years a political leader.

To be a winner and get things necessitates being in the hustle class. One thing especially that Greenville ought to do, is get busy and hustle to secure some manufacturing enterprises.

Since the recent decision of the supreme court in favor of a plaintiff against a railroad for being put off a train because mileage was not exchanged for a ticket, other suits of a similar character are being started.

Pitt county elected two widowers to the legislature, but Representative Thorne took unto himself a wife the day before the general assembly met and took her along to Raleigh with him. In that respect he stole a march on Representative Mooring.

We wish the New Orleans 'boosters' now in Washington City every success in getting their city named as the place for holding the Panama exposition in 1915. New Orleans is the logical location for the exposition.

This promises to be a big week in Raleigh. Besides the legislature, there will be the grand lodge of Masons the unveiling of the Ransom bust, the state historical association meeting, and several smaller assemblies.

When you hear a man going around talking about prohibition being a failure, he is apt to be one who wants to see it a failure and would place every obstacle he could in the way of the law being enforced.

Mr. G. B. Ford who since it started last spring has been editing the Farmville Enterprise, has leased the paper from the publishing company and assumed entire control of it. He is making the Enterprise a good paper.

As suggestions to the legislature are going forward, whether in order or not, we are going to say that body will not perform its full duty if it goes home at the end of the session without eliminating or modifying the present homestead and personal

property law. That law as it now stands is a cloak for more dishonesty than any other on the statute book.

Governor Dix, of New York, proposes to enact economic measures in the administration of affairs, that he calculates will save his state \$1,000,000 a year. If he succeeds we hope he will show other states how it is done.

Mecklenburg should now take top position in the satisfied class. It is the most populous county in the State, possesses the largest city in the State, and two of her citizens sit at the head of the two branches of the general assembly. No more room for complaint up that way.

Watchdog, of The Greenville Reflector, notes that "The Girls From Rector's" has "come back." He just can't get away from the petticoats, even though he has just had a chance of making a resolution.—Wilmington Dispatch.

And that resolution was to stick closer to 'em

Governor Kitchin's message to the legislature takes rank as an able document. His recommendations are timely, and the legislature can well afford to enact laws along the lines he suggested. On the questions of prohibition and education his message was especially strong.

The editors came along all right in getting offices in the present general assembly. Editor W. C. Dowd is speaker of the house Editor T. G. Cobb and Editor G. Scott Poole are principal clerk and reading clerk, respectively in the house, and Editor Mark Squires is reading clerk of the senate.

The town is not making any special move toward getting Uncle Sam to give Greenville free delivery to which the post office receipts already entitle us. And that free delivery is not coming until the town puts itself in shape with properly numbered houses, and sidewalks that the mail carriers can travel on.

The Greensboro News reprimands a South Carolina paper for saying the Republican party in North Carolina had got in such bad shape that the ex-chairman of the party attempted suicide. The News was entirely right in its strictures on the South Carolina contemporary. Newspapers often express themselves in a vein of too much levity on serious matters. It was enough to shock better feelings the way the punsters joked about the hanging of Dr. Grippin, and no less so were their jokes about Mrs. Eddy "coming back" because Mrs. Stetson, a religious fanatic, had expressed the belief that she would arise from the dead and appear on earth in another life. In the face of death there should be no levity.

Greenville is great, but we want to see a greater Greenville.

The Raleigh Times is complaining about the bricks and cobble stones lying in the streets. Get some of the Masons in town to lay them for you.

Instead of some of the legislators introducing local anti near-beer bills, they had better save their work for an entire state bill that is coming along before the session closes.

The Durham Herald says: "If the legislature does not put the clubs out of business it might as well allow the near-beer stands to remain." Quite true, but we think the legislature will bolt the door against both these evils.

A question like this was put to The Reflector: "If a man had \$10,000 to give to him and could not collect it, how much better off is he than a man who has nothing?" We believe the man who has nothing is the better off of the two, for he at least would not have the worry over not being able to collect the ten thousand.

The Home Building and Loan Association is not yet four years old, but it has some over \$76,500 distributed in loans among the people of the town helping them to own their homes. That is what The Reflector calls doing good work, both in helping the people and in the volume of business. Every meeting of the directors there are more applications for loans.

Men of Greenville, you business men the new year is young yet and it is not too late to make a good start. If among your good resolutions was one to do something for your town and section this year, show it now by attending the next meeting of the chamber of commerce which is to be held soon. Some matters of importance to Greenville and Pitt county are to be considered and your presence is needed. Stop your business long enough to attend this meeting for it means bringing you more business in the long run.

Mr. Ivy Smith, a good farmer of Beaver Dam, dropped in Thursday, to say that he was glad to see The Reflector talking against dogs, and hoped it will keep going. He said the best step would be to exterminate the dogs but if this cannot be done he would like to see a tax of \$1.00 each levied on them, the money thus raised to go either to the road or school fund. Dogs are the greatest hindrance the state has to sheep raising. A few dogs on a plantation will keep it practically clear of game, as they roam about and destroy partridge nests and kill every young rabbit they can catch. The present legislature ought to do something with dogs.

Again Mileage Exchange.

As Mr. W. H. G. Belt of Wadesboro has suggested, the railroads of this section can escape the problem which President Finley makes the basis of his argument for mileage exchange by simply issuing one class of mileage-books interchangeable with other roads and one not interchangeable. As to the second class there would be no interim book-keeping at all. This arrangement would not obviate the inconveniences which through travel has suffered since the mileage-exchange era began, but many people would appreciate it and it would save the railroad argument from such transparent self-defeat.

The fact is that the real motives for this step by Southern railroads have never yet been frankly set forth by any responsible official. We do not take the published statements seriously, for they are not serious. Probably it is doing the railroads a service to say for them what they shrink from saying themselves, namely that the only conceivable reason for a mileage-exchange requirement on the issuing road—aside from soreness over rate regulation—is that the conductors are not trusted as they are up North or as they were trusted until recently by the Southern roads themselves. A check on them in the form of mileage coupons was desired—though opportunities for dishonesty could be very moderate—restricted thereby. The question arises whether Southern conductors are less honorable than conductors elsewhere. There will be general agreement, we think, that as a rule they are superior men drawn from a superior class, ranking in this latter respect above their fellows almost anywhere else. Moderate business methods tend to eliminate the element of personal honesty as much as possible, but at many points this has never been very effectively done. To insist upon an additional check which operates no more effectively than mileage exchange, nevertheless vexing the public grievously, impress us as far from wise.—Charlotte Observer.

Including Saturday the general assembly of North Carolina had been in session four days. While the senate committees were appointed in that time, the house being a larger body it was more difficult to make proper assignments and speaker Dowd reserved naming these until today.

Several bills have been introduced, but so far they have been mainly of a local nature. Some of the measures offered in the senate were: Resolution Fisher: Requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote for the city of New Orleans as the proper site, for holding the world's fair.

A bill by Graham: to regulate the practice of architecture and create a board of examination and registration for the regulation of same.

By McLaughlin, of Cumberland, establishing the county of Hoke out of portion of Cumberland and Robeson.

Bills of general interest in the house were: Stubbs: To provide for a call of a constitutional convention of the people of North Carolina.

Carr, of Durham: To amend the laws of 1903, charter of Trinity College, by striking out the limitation of the amount of property the college shall hold.

Alfred: To amend the revival, relating to fees of jurors and witnesses.

Battle: To improve the administration

of the criminal laws of the State Roberts: To amend the laws of 1909, establishing a police commission for Asheville.

A Look in at Raleigh.

Everything points to a business legislature. Talking with individual members of the body and looking over the personnel of the two houses as a whole, one gets the impression that the legislature is going to do something for the state. Three of the richest men in the state have sacrificed sixty days from their offices in order to give their services to the state—and financiers are needed in the legislature. There are other members, not rich but successful business men who have sacrificed their time and business interests to aid in legislation they believe the state stands in need of. First, and towering above all other questions, is that of the equalization of taxation. The legislature is bent on passing an effective law and is not going to wait until the closing days of the session to do it. The drafting of the measure will be done by Senator Brown and his finance committee and it will be championed in the senate by Mr. Boyden, of Rowan. The plan is to eliminate the "pauper" counties. By that it is meant counties that draw more from the state treasury than they pay into it. There are 49 of these counties and there is not one that should not feel ashamed to be called a pauper. Iredell with two big towns, and Davison, with two big towns are but instances. The new law will probably provide a commission to visit these counties and equalize the assessed value of property. An equalization of taxation having been secured, the state will receive an enormous additional income, with no raising of the tax rate. The equalization will not apply to the delinquent counties alone, but to the entire state. Securing an equitable system of taxation this legislature will go down great in history.—Charlotte Chronical.

Raise Home Supplies.

There is food for thought in facts contained in a bulletin just issued by the state department of agriculture on the amount of foodstuffs shipped into North Carolina. The state imported for instance, \$4,227,636 worth of wheat and flour; \$6,877,148 worth of cured meat; \$1,123,166 worth of corn and oats; \$221,878 worth of hay; \$49,655 worth of butter. The conclusion reached in this special investigation, as expressed by Agronomist Burgess is that every farmer should make it a point to at least raise his own home supplies, no matter to what special crop his lands and section may be especially adapted. He says he would not expect all counties to raise all their home supplies, but he sees no reason why the crop development should not be brought to that point where the home supply products the state over should be such as to practically eliminate the heavy drain to which the state in now being subjected in purchasing these supplies out of the state.

It strikes us that Mr. Burgess is not far wrong in the conclusions he has arrived at.

Each year large sums of money go out of the state which could be kept at home. There is a tendency among farmers to raise their own supplies, but, according to these figures, the lesson has not been fully appreciated.—Charlotte News.

Worked Old Racket.

A slick bunco game was worked successfully by an unknown negro man early last evening, whereby the firm of Conyers & Sykes, druggists, were separated from a dollar bottle of patent medicine and four dollars in cash.

A telephone message was received at the store asking that a bottle of Swamproot be sent to 443 East Washington street, together with four dollars to make change for a five dollar note. The instructions were carried out, but when the boy arrived at the number given, he was accosted by a negro man, who said the medicine was for him. He took the four dollars change and the bottle of medicine and gave the delivery boy a check for fifteen dollars, telling him that he owed the drug store ten dollars and that the check would settle the debt. The boy thinking that the transaction was all right, accepted the check and returned to the store.

Of course the check was a bogus one and the negro grafter has escaped with his loot leaving the drug store lighter as to pocket-book but considerably wiser. Some one doubtless the same party attempted to work the same game on the Farris-Klutzn Drug Company yesterday afternoon, but it didn't go through.—Greensboro Record.

It is related that when President Taft entered a Washington theater the other evening the orchestra struck up "God Save the King." The audience seem to have been impressed with the incongruity of the selection and actually went so far, according to the report, as to "titter." The Anderson Mail notes the incident and comments "The leader of that orchestra is doubtless a foreigner who knows nothing of American sentiments and principles." No objection can be made to the "tittering" of the audience. They are assumed to have paid for their seats and consequently purchased the right even to laugh aloud if they felt so disposed. Nor can any one cavil at the attitude of The Mail. None the less we confess there is one phase of the incident which we do not thoroughly understand.

"God Save the King" (its music from an old German air) is a stately anthem and is loved by Englishmen for its intrinsic merit, as well as on sentimental grounds. Indeed, so excellent wrote "My Country 'Tis of Thee" he intentionally framed his language to suit the English music and on this side of the ocean the strain means to the average man not "God Save the King," but "America." We do not quite see how the orchestra indicated that they were playing the foreign setting of the music when it would be so much more natural upon the entrance of the head of the nation, to burst forth in some patriotic selection. We will be gratified if some musically inclined contemporary will let light in upon the difficulty.—Charlotte Observer.

Blight You Are.

J. Milton Johnston, of the Greenville Reflector force, has a decided talent for taming animals. His latest effort is to train an old gander to see-saw, jump through a hoop, and follow him around. This is not the first time a newspaper man has taught an old goose new tricks.—Durham Sun.

If you have occasion to pick your company use a magnifying glass.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Adopted by Grimesland Lodge on the Death of W. S. Rutch.

Grimesland Lodge, No. 475, A. F. and A. M. has been called upon to mourn the loss of one of its members On Saturday, December 31, 1910, W. S. Rutch was called to lay aside the working tools of life and his spirit took its flight to the God who gave it.

Therefore, be it resolved, That, by his death our lodge has lost an honorable member, one whose daily walk in life reflected credit on our institution.

That while we mourn with his loved ones, we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well and commend his beloved loved ones to the Great Architect of the universe whom he loved and served.

That with feeling of deepest and tenderest sympathy, we present a copy of these resolutions to the family of our deceased brother. That a copy be spread on the records of the lodge and copies furnished The Daily Reflector and the Masonic Journal for publication.

J. M. CLARK, J. J. ELKS, DR. C. M. JONES, Committee.

A Tit For Tat Game.

The beauties of female suffrage is now being demonstrated in Colorado in a kind of tit for tat way. What applies to men also applies to women in a suffragette state.

The Colorado Mrs. Voter is carefully laying plans to "get back" at Mr. Voter, out there this winter if he dares attempt to take the ballot from the charming and beautiful Madames and Misses who are filled with zeal to vote early and often. If the men introduce a bill in the coming legislature providing a constitutional amendment which shall deprive women of the right to vote, as has been threatened, the women legislators will introduce a bill a moment later proposing a similar amendment to deprive the men of the right to vote.

The women are already drawing up such a bill in full legal form to be ready for emergencies. They suppose the men who are quietly espousing the cause of disfranchisement of women will plead that women have not done with the ballot what they set out to do. The women retort with the assertion that man, in a much longer period and with much greater experience has also been a failure.

So there you are, Mr. Colorado Man. This looks like "Greek meeting Greek," as the saying goes, and there are coming evidences of a "tug of war."—Durham Sun.

This Takes the Peel Off

In the state of Washington, in the town of White Salmon, an editor's family were scared out of their wits by some potatoes that were baking in a range exploding and blowing the door off. That is easily explained. The potatoes were anxious to see the editor's wife cook in her new hobble skirt, and their eyes popped out in the strain to behold her. That editor had no business having potatoes cooked in their jackets. He should have been living on the promises of his delinquent subscribers.—Durham Sun.

Auto Vs. Horse in Fire Service.

The automobile has scored a distinct triumph in fire department service. Today all progressive fire departments are adopting or are considering motor-driven apparatus, which finds application not only in the largest cities, but in the rural and suburban districts, where anything like adequate fire protection hitherto has been impossible. Thus from New York, where most of the heavy hose wagons in the territory covered by the high pressure system soon are to be motor-driven, to the suburban town where a chemical engine or a combination fire engine and hose wagon can be sent over country roads at a speed of thirty or forty miles an hour, the automobile has established itself on the score of efficiency and economy.

Displacing the horse, with a surprising saving in the cost of maintenance, automobile apparatus is now working many innovations in modern fire department practice, for at the same expense vastly increased protection is possible, and more units and men can be concentrated at the scene of fire in much shorter time than previously, making it often possible to bring a fire under control before it develops to serious dimensions. Thus with increased speed for all classes of apparatus, it seems probable that larger and more powerful machines can be used, for the size and power of fire engines, extension ladder trucks, and water towers hitherto have been limited principally by the weight that three horses could draw at reasonable speed.

The economy of motor-driven apparatus is of course apparent. With so horses to feed, shoe, and otherwise care for, and with fuel and lubricating oil consumed only when the machine is in actual use, the saving on the score of maintenance is extraordinary. Added to this there is the gain in space in the fire-house due to the elimination of the horses with their forage and other stores, so that two pieces of apparatus, if desired, can be kept in less space than was formerly required for one, while the quarters of the firemen are much pleasanter and more sanitary. As a result of these many economies many towns and suburban villages are now able to install really effective fire apparatus capable of affording a large measure of much-needed protection to the surrounding country, where previously the expense of keeping the necessary men and horses for a limited field of operation would have been prohibitive. So universal is the tendency to acquire self-propelled apparatus that some consideration of the leading types already developed is not without interest.—From "The Automobile in Fire Service," by Herbert T. Wade, in the American Review of Reviews for January.

Solves a Deep Mystery.

"I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart," wrote C. B. Rader, of Lewisburg, W. Va., "for the wonderful double benefit I got from Electric Bitters, in curing me of both a severe case of stomach trouble and of rheumatism, from which I had been an almost helpless sufferer for ten years. It suited my case as though made just for me." For dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice and to rid the system of kidney poisons that cause rheumatism, Electric Bitters has no equal. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50 cents. At all druggists.

The National Bank

Capital \$50,000. Surplus \$10,000

We Pay 4 per cent. on time Deposits

The New Year is at hand. It's about time to turn over a new leaf—to make some good resolutions.

Why not resolve to start out January with a bank account? This bank will welcome you as a depositor—will appreciate your deposits.

We are serving others to their complete satisfaction. We can serve you likewise.

Only National Bank in Pitt County

Merry Christmas Prosperous New Year E. G. JAMES, J. P. QUINERLEY, F. J. FORBES, President, Vice-President, Cashier.

Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.

SCHEDULES

Between Norfolk, Washington, Plymouth, Greenville, and Kinston Effective November 1st, 1910.

Table with 4 columns: Time, Direction, Station, Time. Lists departure and arrival times for Norfolk, Hologood, Washington, Williamston, Plymouth, Greenville, and Kinston.

For further information, address nearest ticket agent, or

W. H. WARD, Ticket Agent, Greenville, W. J. CRAIG, P. T. M. T. C. WHITE, G. P. A. WILMINGTON, N. C.

LOW HOLIDAY RATES To Baltimore

via

CHESAPEAKE LINE

Tickets sold December 17th-19th-20th-21st-22nd-23rd-24th-30th-31st. Final limit January 6th, 1911

ELEGANTLY APPOINTED STEAMERS PERFECT DINING SERVICE ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS.

For reservations and tickets apply

F. R. McMILLIN, T. P. A., 95 Granby st., Norfolk, Va

Roofing and Sheet Metal Work. For Slate or Tin

Tin Shop Repair Work, and Flues in \$1.50 on, see

J. J. JENKINS,

Phone Number 76. GREENVILLE, N. C.

PITT COUNTY BOY PROMOTED.

Becomes District Commercial Manager of W. U. Tel. Co.

It gives us much pleasure to read in a recent copy of the Charleston, W. Va., Mail the article below about a Pitt county boy. The writer has long felt a strong attachment for Mr. King, for it was under him that "Sam" got his first practical work in a telegraph office, and his career and subsequent promotions have been watched with much pride. The Mail says:

Promotion has come unexpectedly to Manager S. V. King, of the local office of the Western Union Telegraph company. He has been selected to fill the office of district commercial manager for the company, with his territory covering the whole of West Virginia and a part of Western Maryland. He will assume his new duties as soon as he can caek into the position from which he is retiring his successor, who will be V. L. Brooks, at present chief operator in the local office.

In Pittsburg recently all the office managers to the number of 23 as well as a number of the officials of the Western Union, met in the office of the district commercial superintendent's office and had a conference, at which all present were made acquainted with the new order of conduct of the business of the company. Mr. King was one of those present and the record he has made in his office here merited him the promotion he was tendered and which he accepted. The managers present were from the State, from Pennsylvania and part of New York State.

Mr. King will likely retain Charleston as his home, but his new duties will require him to spend a great deal of his time out of the city. He will be given a much bigger salary than he has received here in the old position.

Will Help the Cause of Good Roads.

The government through the post-office department has taken vigorous steps in behalf of the rural service that will also tend to build-up the country. This with especial bearing on good roads. Fourth Assistant Post master General DeGraw has issued an order, coupled with a number of recommendations, or suggestions. The recommendations are more for improving the landscape, so to speak, though such is timely and really beneficial, but the former is what rings the bell. The order is for postmasters to keep tab on the rural routes going out from their respective offices, and report as to the condition of the roads, if the roads are not kept-up, are not fit the government will discontinue the rural route that lies along them, rather than be placed at great annoyance and extra expense and impose hardships on the rural carriers. The idea is an excellent one. It is also fair in every way. It should and will tend to promote the cause of good roads building. The rural service is a great pleasure and benefit to the people of the country, and also aids city folks. It keeps the country and city in close touch. Hence, good roads should be kept up, not only to aid in this service, but to help build-up the country. The counties should not expect the government to do everything, but every county should help itself.—Wilmington Dispatch.

Good faith is seldom a guest; when you have him, hold him fast.—Gergan.

DURHAM LEADS STATE

Pays More State Taxes Than All Other Counties.

Over and often the Sun has told you to keep your eye on Durham. Now you can keep both eyes on her. She is the coming metropolis of North Carolina, and has mighty nearly arrived.

The census returns on her population are very satisfactory. They do not get in all of our inhabitants, if they did, we would reach 23,000 easily. As it now stands, according to the last census, Charlotte is only 13,773 ahead of us; Wilmington 7,507 ahead; Raleigh 977; Asheville 520 Durham now stands fifth in the list. The next census will show our progressive city as the cap stone. Keep both eyes on Durham.

While we feel great pride in the census showing, that does not fill our cup of patriotism. We have something else to brag over. Durham county leads the state in tax paying. Just listen to this.

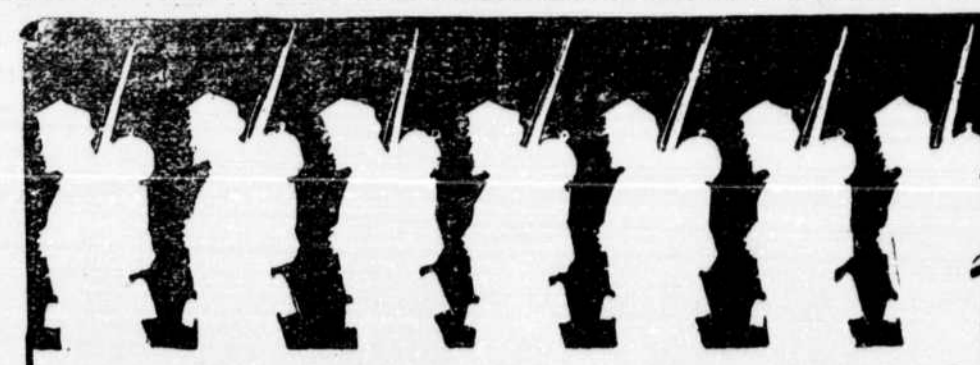
From figures received from Raleigh this morning Durham county pays into the state treasury \$32,942.50 more than she receives. This is the largest amount paid by any county in the state. Mecklenburg comes next with \$26,416.30. This shows an honest and proper valuation of the property of Durham county. If all did likewise, we would not have the 59 pauper counties which receive more than they pay in. This is encouraging enough for a New Year's starter up the hill of progress to the mountain top of success and prosperity.

Some few cities may, for the time being, beat us in population, but we just walk away with all the rest in our financial showing with the state, in helping to building her up and support her institutions. This is glory enough for one day! On to greater things, is Durham's slogan this afternoon and ever!—Durham Sun.

To Teach Farming by Mail.

Perusal of advertisements has long made the reading public familiar with the possibilities of correspondence schools. A modification of the idea has been adopted by Clemson College, which announces that hence forward it will teach farming by mail. Text-books have been selected covering such subjects as soil, tillage, fertilizers, domestic animals, etc. Upon the enrolment of a student in this course and his purchase of the required text-books a lesson will be assigned. When he notifies the college authorities that the lesson is prepared, a set of examination papers will be sent him together with the assignment of the next lesson. His replies will be carefully corrected at the college and returned to him, and if necessary a second correction will be prepared if he does not appear to have grasped the meaning of the first. Such a course has great possibilities. Purely theoretical, it is intended for pupils of all ages who will receive plenty of practical experience in the earning of their daily bread, and to such it should prove of distinct benefit. The agricultural population is each year becoming more fully alive to the advantages of a modicum of book-learning even in the conduct of a farm, and we anticipate a large enrolment for Clemson's new department.—Charlotte Observer.

We admire the judgment of those who agree with us.



Who Was There That You Knew?

IN the shadowy ranks of those who marched to defeat or death or victory fifty years ago in the mighty conflict that convulsed this great nation, is there a father or grandfather or uncle of yours? Would you like to see a photograph of him in that long ago day of his youth—a photograph that he never knew was taken? Perhaps we can show you one; and in any case, we can tell you a story, stranger than any detective fiction of 3,500 priceless photographs that were lost and are found again.

3,500 Long Buried Photographs of the Civil War

These were taken by the greatest photographer in the United States of that day; they were bought by the United States Government for \$25,000; they were buried in the War Department for 75 years—they are buried there now. Found after 75 years—by the photographer—who did not know he had done so—duplicate sets were knocked down for a few cents. I. H. Ripport Morgan tried to buy them for \$100,000. I. H. Ripport Morgan tried to buy them for \$100,000. I. H. Ripport Morgan tried to buy them for \$100,000. I. H. Ripport Morgan tried to buy them for \$100,000.

12 of These FREE For the Cost of Mailing

In order to give you some idea of the greatness of this work we will send you 12 superb reproductions of the photographs free of charge in a handsome portfolio. These photographs are very expensive and valuable, but you need only 10 cents to cover the cost of mailing. They are not only interesting from a historic standpoint, but framed, make a splendid addition to your library walls. At the same time we will tell you the Review of Reviews can give you the full story of the 3,500 photographs at the price of 10 cents. Send the coupon at once.

Review of Reviews Company

13 Astor Place, New York

COMMERCIAL CONGRESS.

President And Two Cabinet Members to Attend Meeting in Atlanta.

Washington, Jan. 5.—President Taft and two of his cabinet, Secretaries Dickinson and Wilson, will be present at the great meeting of the Southern commercial congress in Atlanta, March 8th, 9th and 10th. This meeting will typify the physical recovery of the South. In an interview G. Grosvenor Dawe, managing director, said: "Just fifty years ago the struggle between the States was approaching ahead. Consequently this semi-centennial meeting will have unusual significance. The proceedings will cover three days. One whole division of the meeting will be styled 'External Views of the South.' The group of speakers is of national weight, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, George W. Perkins, Edward Hines, president of the National Lumber Manufacturers Association; Samuel McRoberts, vice-president National City Bank of New York; George Westinghouse, of Pittsburgh and Arthur M. Harris, of N. W. Harris & Company, of Boston."

HUSBAND AND WIFE PART

Another Man Causes Home to be Broken up.

A telephone message to the Reflector tells of a serious trouble that occurred not far from House station. The message says that Mr. Tobe Fleming went to his father's, Thursday, to assist in killing hogs, and upon returning to the home found a man named Roney Everett there. Fleming an Everett away with a gun, but was prevented by Mrs. Fleming from using the gun. Friday night Fleming went to house, and he and Everett got into a difficulty in which Fleming was badly hurt. The trouble has led to the separation of Fleming and his wife, both of them returning to the home of their respective parents.

ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY

Colored Woman Claims to Have Lost Large Sum.

On Saturday afternoon Martha Lewis, a colored woman, swore out a warrant against John Mitchell and Pearl Price, also colored, charging that Mitchell had robbed her of \$350, and that the Price woman was implicated in the theft. She claimed that she had the money in her house, and went out Saturday morning leaving her money and Mitchell in the house. When she returned the money and Mitchell were both gone. Sunday officers arrested both John Mitchell and Pearl Price and placed them in the guard house pending preliminary trial.

Henry Lewis, husband of Martha Lewis, was sent to the roads from the recent special term of court for selling whiskey. There was also an indictment against her, but it was not prosessed.

OUR AYDEN DEPARTMENT IN CHARGE OF R. W. SMITH

Authorized Agent of The Carolina Home and Farm and The Eastern Reflector for Ayden and vicinity. Advertising rates furnished

Ayden, N. C., Jan. 7.—Miss Anna Lawrence left Thursday for her school in Edenton.

John Howard who has been clerking for Tripp, Hart & Co., the past year left Tuesday for his home in Ahoskie.

Ned J. McGlohon, who has been a prominent figure in the social circles of our community, left Wednesday for Thomasassa, Fla. where he will assist in developing the wonderful resources of the beautiful South Land.

Mr. Banks of Kinston, spent Thursday in our town soliciting for the Free Press.

Mrs. M. M. Sauls and her little daughter Burroughs came home from Richmond Wednesday, her sister, Mrs. Gills, accompanied her home.

Mr. John Gaskins and family left Thursday for their new home in Mid-Clesex.

Mr. Blaney Turner, of Kinston, spent Wednesday in town selling real estate.

Mr. J. C. Cox tells us he will open a first class livery stable here in a few days. Look for his ad, as he is a man who will talk through the press.

Owing to extreme high water in Swift Creek, the Ayden Lumber Co. had to close down for a short while.

Mr. Heber Hamilton of Fort Barnwell, has moved his family here and occupies the Bridges house on First street.

We will still gin your cotton, and buy your seed, or exchange meal for them—J. R. Smith Co.

The directors of the Bank of Ayden met Wednesday and Dr. Joe Dixon, president, resigned, as he will move away in a short while. Mr. Jesse Cannon, vice president was elected president. This was a good choice.

Messrs. C. S. Carr and H. L. Coward, of Greenville, spent a few hours here Wednesday.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves Wood or Coal at J. R. Smith & Co.

Messrs. George and Fred Worthington have purchased the Bill Jess Tripp farm of Alonzo McGlohon.

Mr. Billie Forrest has purchased the lot back of Messrs R. C. Cannon and Sons and will build him a Millinery store thereon.

Mr. James L. Little was a pleasant visitor to our office Thursday, Mr. Little for a long time has been cashier of the Bank of Greenville.

Let us shoe your horse or mule and do your repair work. Grind corn gin your cotton and buy your seed, J. R. Smith Co.

Masons meet every first and third Thursday night.

Mr. A. M. Moseley, of Greenville was here Thursday.

For iron wedges and old fashion cotton cards, hand mauls go to J. R. Smith Co.

Mr. Henry David, an old Confederate Soldier, is very sick at his home near Mr. Burt Heath's. We hope the good people who have been so fortunate than this poor old man, will see that he and his aged wife will not be neglected. She followed the plow while he followed General Lee during the Civil war. We hope

his will be remembered by those who had something at stake.

Mr. W. L. Robeson is suffering with a malignant case of erysipelas or weeping eczema. His case is one of a kind.

Mr. J. R. McGlohon is still no better. We hear he has Pellagra.

John Thrower, a colored preacher and barber in our town has purchased the old Methodist church from Mr. E. Furnage and will use it for a dwelling.

Ayden, Jan. 10.—We regret to note that two of our jolliest citizens are on the sick list this week, Messrs W. J. Boyd and W. B. Blount.

Mr. Robert Dawson, son of Mr. James Dawson, who has been out west for ten years returned last week on a visit, and said Ayden did not favor Harrington Cross Roads when he left.

Mr. Ike Gardner, of Vanceboro, spent Saturday and Sunday with his brother, Mr. Walter Gardner.

Mr. Reuben Wall lost his barn, with 50 bushels of corn, 500 bales of hay, besides peas, etc., and a lot of tools, Saturday evening by fire. Mr. Wall was at Ayden when he was apprised of the fire. We are unable to get the particulars.

His honor, J. F. Barwick made a business trip to Maple Cypress Monday.

J. R. Smith and Bro. have purchased the stock of groceries from C. C. Moore and Bro.

Mr. Samuel Alphonzo Jenkins is spending this week at Greensboro, and will return via Raleigh to attend the Grand Lodge Masons.

Mr. Zack Broughton, of Greenville, filled the pulpit of the Baptist church here Sunday night. Rev. M. A. Adams held service at Greenville on same date. Mr. Broughton sustained the family reputation for talented men. He is a brother of Mr. N. B. Broughton, of Raleigh, who has a national reputation as a speaker.

Mr. A. L. Sumrell has moved from East Third street to West First street. There is a call for a citizens meeting at Sauls hall on Thursday night at 7:30 to lay plans to erect a suitable Graded school building to accommodate 400 children. "As we live we grow."

Come see our stock of hardware more complete than ever, J. R. Smith, Co.

Dr. Joe Dixon left Sunday for his stock farm in the fertile valleys of Virginia.

Mr. Samuel W. Tyson made a business trip to Greenville Monday evening.

The stock holders of the Ayden Amusement Co. will meet at J. J. Stokes office to divide the spoils of 1910.

Mr. Webb, who moved here from Morehead for the practice of law, will leave Tuesday for Grifton where he has a position as cashier of the Bank of Grifton.

We are sorry to hear that the little daughter of our former townsman, Dr. J. W. Taylor of Greensboro, was severely burned lately.

Mrs. J. R. Smith and children spent Sunday visiting relatives in the country.

REP. J. L. STUART DEAD

Montgomery's Representative in the House Succumbs to Old Ailment.

Members of the general assembly were shocked yesterday afternoon to learn that one of their colleagues, Representative John L. Stuart, had died at Rex Hospital shortly after noon.

Mr. Stuart was taken ill Friday and while his condition was serious it was not thought to be dangerous. He was granted indefinite leave of absence by the house Saturday, when it was found that his illness had taken a more serious turn.

He was removed to the hospital between 2:00 and 3:00 o'clock Saturday afternoon, on the order of his physician, Dr. C. O. Abernathy, and Dr. E. P. Battle was called into consultation. His ailment was diagnosed as an acute attack of angioneurotic edema of the throat, a trouble from which he had suffered for several years. This was complicated by a chronic kidney trouble, but the immediate cause of his death was strangulation from the swelling of his throat.

Representative Stuart was 68 years old, married, and has several children. He was the representative from Montgomery county and lived at Starr.—Raleigh Times.

Tobacco Market Opened

The tobacco market has started up again after being closed for the holidays. Sales are light, but prices are better than they were before Christmas. Farmers should finish selling their tobacco early now, so as to have it all out of the way before starting crops for this year.

HEALTH INSURANCE

The man who insures his life is wise for his family.

The man who insures his health is wise both for his family and himself.

You may insure health by guarding it. It is worth guarding.

At the first attack of disease, which generally approaches through the LIVER and manifests itself in innumerable ways TAKE

Tutt's Pills

And save your health.

Stray Taken Up.

I have taken up two hogs, both black color, one weighing about 100 pounds, unmarked; the other weighing about 60 pounds, marked swallow fork in each ear. Owner can get same by proving ownership and paying charges.

ABRAM ANDERSON, T. F. D. No. 6, Greenville, N. C. (d 3w).

For a Uniform Road Law.

At the risk of being termed a self-appointed adviser of the legislature to convene in Raleigh, we would like to suggest that it would save lots of time and money if a uniform road law for the entire State could be put upon the statute books. Then our roads could be built with some idea of continuity, instead of erratically, as now.—Hendersonville Herald.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF AYDEN AT AYDEN, N. C.

In the State of North Carolina at the close of business, October 10, 1910.

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Resources include Loans and discounts, Overdrafts, Banking house, furniture and fixtures, Due from banks and bkers, Cash items, Gold coin, Silver coin, National bank notes and other U. S. notes. Liabilities include Capital stock, Surplus fund, Undivided profits, less current ex & taxes pd., Dep subject to check, Savings deposits, Cashier's checks outstg.

State of North Carolina, County of Pitt, ss: I, J. R. Smith, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. R. SMITH Cashier.

Correct—Attest: J. R. Smith, R. C. Cannon, Jos Paxon, directors. STANCIL HODGES, Notary Public.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

We wish to call your attention to our new line of fall goods which we now have. We have taken great care in buying this year and we think we can supply your wants in Shoes, Hats, Dress Gingham, Notions, Laces and Embroideries and in fact anything that is carried in a Dry Goods Store.

Come let us show you Tripp, Hart & Co., Ayden, N. C.

STATE UNIVERSITY NEEDS MORE FUNDS

HAS A DEBT OF \$53,000 AND GROWING LARGER

STATE WILL COME TO THE RESCUE

Several of the Faculty Lost Because of Higher Salaries Offered Elsewhere—University in The Civil War—Two of the Faculty Marry During the Holidays.

Chapel Hill N. C., Jan. 11.—The University is now smoothly started on the spring term. The registration figures are some 40 less than for the corresponding term last year.

At the chapel exercises Thursday morning Dr. Venable gave an account of the alarming financial condition of the college. He disclosed the fact that the University is now in debt for the sum of \$53,000, and that a debt of ten or twelve thousand would become due in the course of another year. He said that every retrenchment possible had been made but that it was impossible for the institution at its present site, to subsidize on the support now accorded it by the State.

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NAIL HIT. By Tar Heel Hand Across the Sea.

From a recent letter from Editor Clarence Poe to the Greensboro News, writing from China, the following extract is decidedly to the point:

"Another decidedly forward step in education is the most important thing the state has a right to expect of the new general assembly. The people who think that after the advance of the last ten years we can afford to rest on our laurels, ignore the fact that we have no laurels to rest on. We have gotten out of a position that was a disgrace to us; we have not yet come to a position that is creditable to us. An average school term of four or five months will not now equip the boys and girls of North Carolina to hold their own with the rest of the world fifty years ago a North Carolina secretary of the navy made the plans for opening up Japan to the world, and even yet majority of our people are accustomed to think of the Japanese as a heathen and more or less ignorant nation. But today Japan boasts that 98 per cent. of her boys and girls between six and fourteen are in the schools—and in schools not for four months (the Japanese anywhere would be ashamed of a four months school term), but for 10 months in the year! Their department of education in Tokio assures me that even the farm boys and girls have a month's schooling. Can we afford to let the future men and women go into life more poorly equipped than the so-called heathen in Asia? An average school term of six months in 1915 should be the aim of the new general assembly."

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OLD TESTAMENT TIMES BROOKLYN TABERNACLE BIBLE STUDIES

NATIONAL REFORM OF OLD II Chronicles 12:1-15—January 15 "Be strong, therefore, and let not your hands be weak; for your work shall be rewarded."

THIS Study shows us a young king whose environments in youth had been unfavorable, in that his father was far from being a good man, and his early years were under the influence of a grandmother who was an idol worshipper. In the midst of this unfavorable setting Asa quickly developed a loyalty to God and soundness of judgment peculiar to his kingdom.

We have all had experience with characters of this kind. We have occasionally seen children of evil parentage who seemed to see the evil of the parental course, and to be nauseated therewith, and by this led into right paths. It has at times appeared as though Divine Providence occasionally interposed in prenatal influences which made the child very different from either of its parents. Asa did much to abolish idolatry in his kingdom, and to sway the minds of the people to reverence and obedience to Almighty God. In consequence, he had peace for ten years, during which time he encouraged his people and spurred himself on to activity in the training of an army, and in the completing of fortifications. He was a true king, for he protected his kingdom, for protection against attacks from the north.

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types, shadows, illustrative of his gracious purposes. All of God's dealings with that nation typed greater blessings for the future. We are not to understand that either then, or since, has occupied this same relationship toward God, nor that he similarly regards and punishes faithfulness or unfaithfulness with particularity in each nation.

Spiritus Israel. St. Peter tells us, is a "Royal Priesthood, a holy nation, a people for a purpose, that they should show forth the praises of him who has called them out of darkness into his marvelous light." This Spirit-Begotten Israel is not an earthly nation, has no earthly wars with carnal weapons.

This Holy Nation has no promise of earthly peace and prosperity, as rewards of obedience to God, but, contrariwise, is assured that in the world she shall have tribulation, hatred, opposition, suffering and that her reward will be spiritual.

Lessons We May Learn. Nearly every page in history may teach lessons to those who are desirous of learning them. The experiences of King Asa may, for instance, give us a lesson that in the years of our youth we should prepare not away all industry of honors, of fame, of honor of men, and should seek to know and to do the will of the Lord from the heart.

In the early years of life we should erect the fortresses of character which will serve us as a defense against attacks of the world, the flesh and the Devil in our later years, and when the battle comes, thus prepared, we are still to look to the Lord for victory, receiving the force of the Apostles' words, "When I am weak in myself then I am strong in the Lord."

Growing Too Fast. Near-beer joints are the fungus growth of a prohibition law that is weak in some of its operations. The Sun is one of those who believe that if we are to have prohibition, and have it state wide, that we should have it strict. No subterfuges, in any "shape form or fashion," as Col. Henry Reams would say. No cloak under which any kind of concoction that contains the least intoxicant whatsoever, can be sold with open affront to the wishes of the majority of the people who say they do not want it sold.

Governor Kitchin, in his message to the general assembly, lays down the proposition that "hi-beer" places should be dealt with and some adequate restraint be put upon their growth and influence in debauching those with weak wills, and a desire to drink such stuff as is dispensed in these places. We are of his opinion. These places are growing in numbers too rapidly for the nice, soft invigorating and harmless drinks that they profess to be dispensing. It is noticed that a drunk will come in these places just as readily as in a saloon with whiskies. They are a blot on the prohibition laws of North Carolina. Let the "hi-beer" saloon go. It is adding nothing to the moral uplift of any community, and is only a screen for the breweries of the land.—Durham Sun.

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Dress Goods Coat Suits and

JACKETS, Ladies' Misses' and
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in all leathers for men, boys,
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Our shoes are sold on their
merit and if you want satisfac-
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Our stock embraces nearly
every article you will need in
you home, Farm, or personal
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see us.

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Will be pleased to have you call at their
store and inspect their goods, as quality is
the mainspring of our goods.

TAFT & VANDYKE

C. T. MUNFORD'S

BIG STORE HOME FOR EVERYBODY

STATE PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Superintendent Joyner's Recommendations to General Assembly.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 4.—The recommendations of State Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. Y. Joyner, to the general assembly as to the legislative needs of public education in North Carolina, were made public today. He asks that no radical changes be made in the present laws. He wants not less than \$50,000 appropriated for country farm-life high schools. Also he wants an increase of \$25,000 in the appropriation for rural high schools. Furthermore, he wants the State University, the A. & M. College at Raleigh, and the State Normal College in Greensboro, to be required to hold summer schools each year in which there shall be special training of public school teachers and those intending to teach, no charge in the way of tuition to be made. He wants the minimum pay for second grade teachers to be fixed at \$30 instead of \$25.

Mr. Joyner declares that he regards it just and wise that wherever competent men can be found in the minority party that they be given place on the county boards of education. He says the method of selection should be made uniform and calls attention to the fact that six counties now elect their own school boards, whereas, all the others are named by legislative enactment. The inference is that he favors the legislative method.

Mr. Joyner wants the State tax for public schools increased from 18 cents on the \$100 to 25 cents, to lengthen the school term and improve facilities. He wants the conditions governing the distribution of the second \$100,000 for assuring four months of school changed so that counties must levy at least a ten cent, instead of a five cent special property tax.

Another change in the present law asked by Mr. Joyner is that equitable machinery be provided for adjusting local special district taxation in cases where the whole county votes a special tax after the creation of the district tax districts. He wants the salary of the secretary of the State Board of Examiners to be increased to \$300, on account of his increasing duties. He asks that there be changes in the State Text Book Commission law so that the adoption shall apply to the city as well as the rural schools. He asks also that there be provisions made for the addition of practical teachers to the Text Book Commission now composed of the State officers constituting the State Board of Education. He approves the present system of having a sub-commission, composed exclusively of teachers to pass on the merits of the books offered, and would have practical teachers added to the commission composed exclusively of teachers to pass on the merits of the books offered, as now constituted, to take part in the final adoption. He insists, though that the State officers should retain their voice in the financial problem that is involved in the adoption. He wants the sub-committee to meet with the commission and have equal vote in adoption.

Week of Prayer.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Baptist church are observing this week as a week of prayer for missions.

NEW ODD FELLOW OFFICERS.

Installed at The Regular Meeting Tuesday Night.

At a meeting of Covenant Lodge, No. 17, I. O. O. F., Tuesday evening, the following officers were installed by L. H. Pender, Deputy Grand Master.

Noble Grand—Julius Brown.
Vice Grand—James Brown.
Secretary—L. H. Pender.
Financial Secretary—A. C. Hollo-man.
Treasurer—D. W. Hardee.

The lodge has adopted a new set of by-laws with some important changes. As soon as they are printed each member of the lodge will be furnished a copy.

A Promising Girl.

Miss Ruby E. Colby, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Colby, of Windsorville, and 16, rode the mowing machine last summer behind a pair of three-year-old steers to mow 50 acres of grass. Miss Ruby is one of the leading scholars in Erskine school, since her eighth year she has exhibited at the South Kennebec Agricultural fair butter, all kinds of cookery, plain sewing, and fancy work of every description, and her work has taken the first premium in the office of one of the large firms of Boston; but her parents desire her to remain in school.—Portland (Me.) Press.

More power to Ruby and may her tribe increase. Not in the gum-chewing assemblies of giggling girls, nor yet in the romantic environments of dimly-lighted parlors has she selected to shine. No; her field of endeavor is the plow-field and the kitchen. For her, God's free air and sunshine have a greater charm than the fetid atmosphere of the ball-room. There is a great future in store for Ruby, and some men is to be blessed in this generation.

We would like, however, urge general emulation of this young girl's example in the plowing line, but her apparent knowledge of domestic science is something to be envied. When we consider her future cooking possibilities and the promise of her prowess in cake making, it would seem that she was endowed above many girls of today, whose boast it is to lead in the world of "ologies" and "isms." Ruby's agricultural talents will not appeal so strongly to the average man, but they are not to be sneezed at.

Still, there is hope for the next generation in that many of the leading schools and young ladies' colleges are giving courses in domestic science, not, of course, with a view of letting the future wives of the nation graduate to the kitchen, but that they might have a knowledge which will fit them to preside over the destinies of their households. The servant problem which exists today is largely the result of the fact that the modern "domestic" believes that she knows more than her mistress about household management. In the day when she sees her mistake, in that day will the problem become less of a terror.—Asheville Citizen.

Mrs. Martin Pleads Guilty.

New York, N. J.—Mrs. Caroline B. Martin today pleaded guilty before Judge Teneyck to the charge of manslaughter for killing her daughter, Ocey W. M. Snead the East Orange "bath tub victim." Sentence was deferred.

Legal Notices

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Letters testamentary having this day been issued to me by the clerk of the superior court of Pitt county, as executrix of the last will and testament of J. T. Worthington dec'd., and having duly qualified as such executrix, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against the estate of the said J. T. Worthington to present them to me for payment on or before the 17th day of December 1911 or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are urged to make immediate payment.

This the 16th day of December 1910
MARY L. WORTHINGTON
Executrix of J. T. Worthington dec'd.
Jarvis & Blow, Attorneys. 1td 5tw

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Having duly qualified before the Superior court clerk of Pitt county as administrator of the estates of E. Brooks and E. J. Brooks, deceased, notice is hereby given to persons indebted to these estates to the undersigned or his attorney, and all persons having claims against said estate, to take notice that they must present the same to the undersigned administrator or his attorney on or before the 5th day of December, 1911, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

This the 5th day of December, 1910.
E. C. BROOKS, Administrator.
Ducham, N. C.
S. J. Everett, Atty., Greenville, N. C.

NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, executed by T. C. Cannon to W. H. and Mary S. Allen, on the 1st day of January, 1910, and recorded in Book M-9, page 141, in the office of the register of deeds of Pitt county, we will offer for public sale, at 12 o'clock, noon, to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door in Greenville, N. C., the identical tract of land allotted to Maggie Mills in the division of lands of T. C. Cannon, deceased, as appears of record in Book L-9, pages 54-62, and which was conveyed to said T. C. Cannon by Maggie Mills and her husband, Adam Mills, in a deed dated March 18, 1909, and to which deeds reference is directed for more definite description, excepting, however, a small tract of said lands, containing 10 1-4 acres, conveyed to W. O. Cox in a deed recorded in Book P-9, page 26.

Said sale is made for the purpose of satisfying said mortgage.
This January 2, 1911.
W. H. & MARY S. ALLEN,
Mortgagees.
1td 3tw.
By W. F. Evans, Attorney.

NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, executed to Dr. Zeno Brown by J. R. Corey and wife, on January 5, 1901, and recorded in Book W-6, page 91, in the office of the Register of deeds of Pitt county, we will on the 6th day of February, 1911, at 12 o'clock, noon, offer for public sale, at the court house door in Greenville, N. C., to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described tract or parcel of land, lying and being in the town of Greenville, and described as follows:

Beginning at T. E. Hooker's corner on east side of Pitt street, and running with said street a southerly course 91 feet to B. E. Parham's corner, then a northwest course with Parham's line 175 feet, thence a northwest course, parallel with the first line 91 feet to T. E. Hooker's line, then with said Hooker's line to the beginning.

The said sale made to satisfy said mortgage.
This January 2, 1911.
W. H. & MARY S. ALLEN,
Assignees and mortgagees.
1td 3tw.
By W. F. Evans, Attorney.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of the power contained in a certain deed of trust, executed by William Best to F. G. James & Son, trustees, on the 12th day of August, 1909, which deed of trust was properly recorded in the office of the Register of deeds of Pitt county, in Book K-9, page 274, the undersigned trustees will sell for cash, before the court house door in Greenville, on Monday, January 23rd, 1911, the following described lot or parcel of land, situate in the county of Pitt, and in Bethel township, described as follows, to wit:

Beginning in the road at the Northeast corner of Warren Station's line; thence with Warren Station's line to the Northeast corner of Pettigrew Barnhill's lot; thence with said Barnhill's lot back line to the southeast corner of his lot; thence nearly east a straight line to a ditch; thence with the ditch to the Bethel and Tarboro public road; thence with said road to the beginning, containing one half acre, and being the lot devised to said William Best by J. R. Grimes and others.

This Dec. 21, 1910.
F. G. JAMES & SON,
1td 3tw Trustees.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of a mortgage executed and delivered by Berry James and wife, Caroline James, to Cromwell Bullock, on the 23rd day of April, 1903, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pitt county, in Book 8-7, page 195, the undersigned will sell for cash, before the court house door in Greenville, on Saturday, the 21st of January, 1911, the following described parcel or lot of land, situate in the county of Pitt, and in Falkland township, adjoining the lands of J. C. Forbes, Haywood Applewhite and others. Bounded on the north by Haywood Applewhite, on the east by J. C. Forbes, on the west by the East Carolina railroad, containing five (5) acres, said land is sold to satisfy said mortgage, which was given for the purchase of said land.

This December 17, 1910.
CROMWELL BULLOCK,
F. G. James & Son, Mortgagee.
1td 3tw Attorneys.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the powers contained in a certain mortgage executed to O. L. Joyner, by Harvey Stancill, dated 17th day of December, 1909, and recorded in Book M-9, page 65-66, Register of Deeds office, Pitt county, I will expose for sale, before the court house door in the town of Greenville, N. C., on Monday, January 30th, 1911, for cash, the following described parcel or tract of land, to wit:

One certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in the county of Pitt, and State of North Carolina, in Pelvoir township, at Bell's Cross Roads, adjoining the lands of the late B. S. Atkinson, et al., and upon which is now situated a store house; it being the same land devised to O. L. Joyner and R. H. Coggins, by Joseph Williams and others by deed, dated October 21st, 1902, which deed is recorded in the Register of Deeds office of Pitt county, in Book Q-7, page 447, and also being the same land this day conveyed by O. L. Joyner and wife to Harvey Stancill.

O. L. JOYNER, Mortgagee.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Pitt county made in a special proceeding entitled Nashville Hardee, Jr., Administrator vs G. W. and J. H. Hardee, made on 13th of December, 1910, the undersigned will, on the 23rd day of January 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, before the court house door of said county offer for public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, a certain house and lot in the town of Winterville, N. C. Railroad near Lewis Kittrell's mill, being a lot purchased of J. T. Smith, by Nashville Hardee, Sr., the deed for which is recorded in book 58, page 425, in Register of Deeds office of Pitt county, to which reference is directed.

This December 21, 1910.
NASHVILLE HARDEE, JR.,
Administrator of Nashville Hardee, Sr.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Alex. Sutton having this day qualified as executor of the last will and testament of J. W. Sutton, deceased, before D. C. Moore, clerk of the Superior court of Pitt county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned executor, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified that they are required to file their claims with the undersigned executor on or before the 20th day of December, 1911, or this notice will be plead in bar of any recovery of said claims.

This the 29th day of December, 1910.
ALEX. SUTTON,
Executor of the last will and testament of J. W. Sutton, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Having duly qualified before the superior court clerk of Pitt county as executor of the last will and testament of Amos E. Brown, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same to the undersigned for payment on or before the 9th day of December, 1911, or this notice will be plead in the bar of recovery.

This the 9th day of December, 1910.
J. P. QUINERLY,
Extr. of Amos E. Brown.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

North Carolina, Pitt County.
By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed and delivered by E. L. Hooper to L. C. Arthur, dated January 22nd, 1906, and duly recorded in the Register's office of Pitt county, in Book H 8, page 481, the undersigned mortgagee will on Saturday, the 4th day of February, 1911, expose to public sale, before the court house door in Greenville, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described tract or parcel of land, to wit:

Lying and being in the town of Greenville, state of North Carolina, and described as follows: Beginning at a stake in the northeast corner of Pitt Street as extended and Mill Street running thence northward with the eastern boundary of Pitt Street extended about 150 feet to a stake at a corner on Greene St. as extended about 150 feet to a stake on the northwest corner of Greene and Mill Street; thence westwardly with the northern boundary of Mill Street about 230 feet to a stake at the corner to the beginning; containing about one-fourth of an acre more or less. This sale is made to satisfy the terms of said mortgage deed.

This the 4th day of January, 1911.
L. C. Arthur, Mortgagee
W. C. Harding, Attorney.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE

North Carolina, Pitt County.
By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed and delivered by Moses King and wife Virginia King to L. C. Arthur, dated January 1st, 1904, and duly recorded in the Register's office of Pitt county, in Book H. S. page 479 the undersigned will on Saturday, the 4th day of February, 1911, expose to public sale before the court house door in Greenville, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

Lying and being in the town of Greenville, state of North Carolina, beginning at a stake in the south east corner of Minor and McClellan street; thence southwardly with the eastern boundary of McClellan street; thence eastwardly with the northern boundary of Mill street about 100 feet to the center, squared at the center, thence north parallel with McClellan street about 300 feet to a stake at the corner of Minor Street; thence westwardly with the southern boundary of Minor Street about 100 feet to a stake at the corner to the beginning. This sale is made to satisfy the terms of said mortgage deed.

This the 4th day of January, 1911.
L. C. Arthur, Mortgagee
F. C. Harding, Attorney.

Most men are willing to remain at the foot of the ladder—when it is turned upside down.

LAND SALE

By virtue of a mortgage executed and delivered by J. S. Pittman and wife Mary E. Pittman to John Z. Brooks, on the 5th day of January 1910 which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds D-9 page 129, which note and mortgage was before maturity transferred and assigned to the Hubbard Fertilizer Company.

The undersigned will sell for cash before the court house door, in Greenville, on Monday, the 6th day of February 1911, the following described tract of land situated in the county of Pitt, and in Swift Creek Township, adjoining the lands of J. B. Cox, the Wilson land, the Laura Page land and the Zeb Bland land, containing 118 acres more or less, being the land devised by Jesse Cannon Admr. to Mary E. Pittman, reference to which deed is hereby made for accurate description.

This the 6th day of January 1911.
The Hubbard Fertilizer Co.
Assignees.
F. G. James & Son, Attorneys. 1td 3tw

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Whichard & Whichard, doing business at Statons, in Pitt county, was dissolved by mutual consent on December 24th, 1910. W. H. Whichard purchasing the interest of A. G. Whichard in the business. W. H. Whichard will settle the indebtedness of the firm, and all accounts due the firm are payable to him.
This December 31st, 1910.
A. G. WHICHARD,
W. H. WHICHARD,
1td 3tw

WOOD'S HIGH-GRADE

Farm Seeds.

We are headquarters for the best in all Farm seeds.

Grass and Clover Seeds
Seed Corn, Cotton Seed,
Cow Peas, Soja Beans,
Sorghums, Kaffir Corn,
Millet Seed, Peanuts, etc.

"Wood's Crop issued Special" monthly gives timely information as to seeds to plant each month in the year, also prices of Seasonable Seeds. Write for copy, mailed free on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

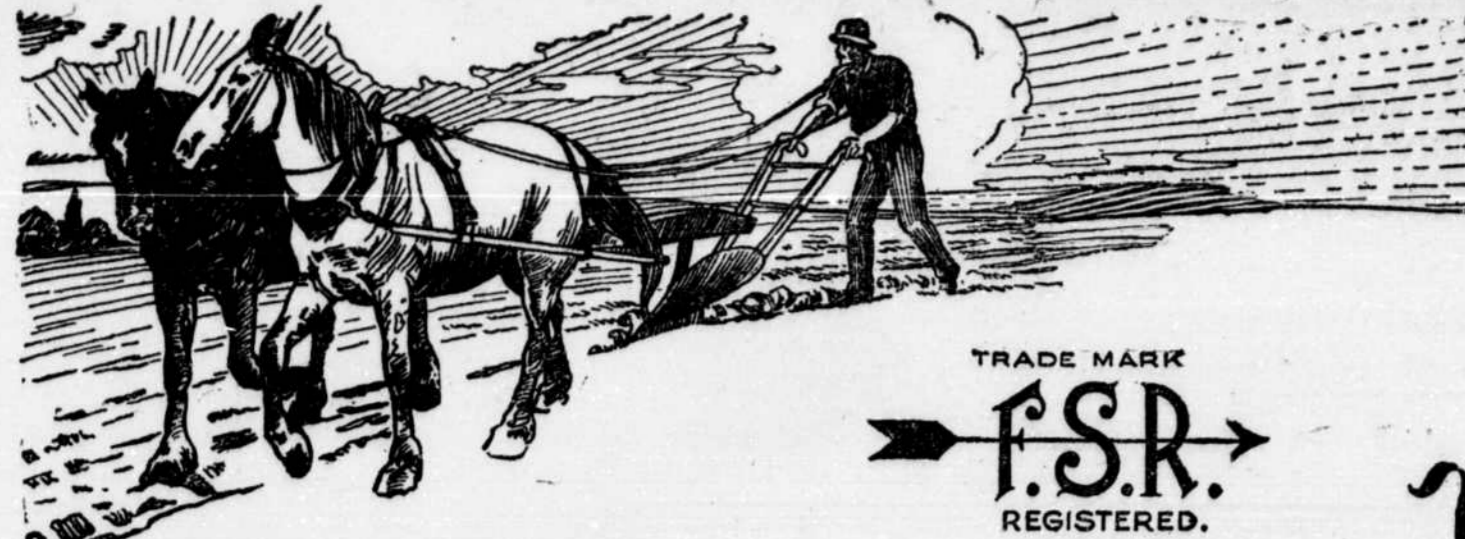
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S M SCHULTZ

Wholesale and retail Grocer and Furniture dealer. Cash paid for Hides, Fur, Cotton Seed, Oil Barrels, Turkeys, Eggs, Oak Bedsteads, Mattresses, etc. Suits, Baby Carriages, Go-Carts, Parlor Suits, Tables, Lounges, Safes, P. Lorillard and Gall & Ax Snuff, High Life Tobacco, Key West Chocoots, Henry George Cigars, Canned Cherries, Peaches, Apples, Syrup, Jelly, Meat, Flour, Sugar Coffee, Soap, Lye, Magic Food, Matches, Oil Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Garden Seeds, Oranges, Apples, Nuts, Candies, Dried Apples, Peaches, Prunes, Currants, Raisins, Glass, and Chinaware, Woodenware, Cakes and Crackers, Maracaroni, Cheese, best Butter, New Royal Sewing Machines, and numerous other goods. Quality and quantity cheap, for cash. Come to see me.

Phone Number 55.

S M SCHULTZ



The Origin of Royster Fertilizers.

Mr. Royster believed that success awaited the Manufacturer of Fertilizers who would place quality above other considerations. This was Mr. Royster's idea Twenty-seven years ago and this is his idea to-day; the result has been that it requires Eight Factories to supply the demand for Royster Fertilizers.

F. S. ROYSTER GUANO COMPANY, FACTORIES AND SALES OFFICES. NORFOLK, VA. TARBORO, N. C. COLUMBIA, S. C. SPARTANBURG, S. C. MACON, GA. COLUMBUS, GA. MONTGOMERY, ALA. BALTIMORE, MD.

Why Not Turn This Tide. During the year just ended one hundred and fifty thousand people of the United States, many of whom are farmers and nearly all of whom come from hardy Teutonic stock, moved across the northwestern border and settled in Canada. They will become citizens of that country, developing its wilderness, enriching its agriculture and adding to its national strength.

One hundred and fifty thousand producers of wealth have left us within a single twelve months. The number is considerably greater than it was in 1909 and, according to the forecast of the Canadian immigration department, it will be greater still at the end of 1911.

Such a record is of vital concern to every quarter of the Union and particularly so to the South. For it is in this section that these thousands of land seekers should logically settle. It would be a conservative estimate to say that the emigration to Canada last year meant a loss of one hundred million dollars to our own country.

The South neither desires nor needs that sort of immigration which flows in from the muck piles of the Old World, but she should welcome the men whose veins hold the blood of her own forebears and whose honest industry would add to the wealth of her harvests.

The immigration department of Canada is carrying on a vigorous systematic campaign to secure settlers from our northwestern states. Herein lies a truly, golden suggestion for the South.—Atlanta Journal.

Government Finances Show Some Improvement. The coming of a new year finds the finances of the United States Treasury far improved over the condition which the business of 1910 was begun, having spent in that year \$26,000,000 more than it had taken in.

The beginning of 1911 finds the deficit reduced to \$6,000,000, and the total deficit, including Panama expenditures, reduced to almost \$26,000,000 on all accounts—practically half of what it was a year ago.

The year closes with about \$86,000,000 in the general fund and a working balance of \$34,000,000 in the Treasury offices, both considerably lower than a year ago. This is considered by Treasury officials a remarkable showing in the face of the fact that more than \$130,000,000 has been for the canal construction.

Train Plunges in Creek. Morehead, Ky., Jan. 11.—A passenger coach on the Morehead and Northfork railroad jumped the track and plunged into a creek with 18 passengers aboard. Several were injured.

Everybody can instantly affect conceit in everybody but himself.

NATIONAL BANK STOCKHOLDERS.

Re-Elect Board of Directors and Officers.

The stockholders of the National Bank of Greenville held their annual meeting Tuesday in the office of the bank. The stockholders unanimously re-elected the former directors, as follows: F. G. James, J. P. Quinerly, E. A. Moye, Jr., H. W. Whedbee, G. E. Harris, L. W. Tucker, J. E. Nobles, J. E. Winslow and J. L. Perkins.

Immediately after the adjournment of the stockholders, the board of directors met and re-elected the following officers:

- F. G. James, president.
J. P. Quinerly, vice-president.
F. J. Forbes, cashier.
M. L. Turnage, assistant cashier.
Charles James, bookkeeper.

The unanimous re-election of both directors and officers shows the satisfaction of all concerned with the management of the bank.

TARIFF ASSOCIATION.

To Place Tariff on A Scientific Basis.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The National Tariff Commission association began its annual convention today with an attendance of delegates from all sections of the country. President John Candley Cobb called the convention to order and addresses were made by leader of a tariff reform, including Senator Beveridge, of Indiana; Representative McCall, of Massachusetts; and Henry C. Emory, chairman of the government tariff board. The object of the association is to place the tariff on scientific basis and instruct all revisions of schedules to a committee of experts.

Wisconsin Senator Guilty.

By Wire to The Reflector. Madison, Wis., Jan. 11.—The committee of the state senate appointed by the legislature two years ago to investigate alleged corruption in the election of Isaac Stephens, multimillionaire lumber man, to the United States senate today filed its report charging Stephens with violation of the corrupt practices act and many specific irregularities.

Schenck Was Poisoned.

By Wire to The Reflector. Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 11.—Dr. Lupp, who attended Schenck after the family physician gave up the case, was on the witness stand this morning. He said Schenck's symptoms were unmistakably those of poison. He said Schenck continued to grow worse until he was removed to the hospital, and then immediately started to get better.

Enormous Express Business.

By Wire to The Reflector. Washington, Jan. 11.—Express companies operating in the United States did business of \$132,590,190 for the year ending June 30th, 1909, of which over twelve millions was profit, according to a report published by the Inter State Commerce Commission.

Night Riders Again.

By Wire to The Reflector. Mt. Sterling, Ky., Jan. 11.—Night riders partially wrecked the tobacco warehouse of A. R. Roberston early today with dynamite. The explosion shook buildings all over the town and aroused citizens, but the culprits escaped.

Nearly every good talker overdoes it.

Cotton in a Weevil Field.

Mr. James B. Allen, a farmer of Port Gibson, Miss., has been experimenting with the cultivation of cotton in the boll weevil belt. Through intensified cultivation, fertilization and the use of powdered arsenate of lead, he claims to have put the weevil out of business. Mr. Allen furnishes The New Orleans Picayune with a detailed report of his experiment, which was made on land where previously the weevil had made all cotton cultivation unprofitable.

Government Finances Show Some Improvement.

The coming of a new year finds the finances of the United States Treasury far improved over the condition which the business of 1910 was begun, having spent in that year \$26,000,000 more than it had taken in. That sum took no account of the extraordinary expenditures for the Panama canal.

Shad May be Plentiful.

According to the sayings of old fishermen, that a freshet in the river between new and old Christmas, foretells a good run of shad, that very desirable fish ought to be plentiful this spring.

Local Banks Better.

A man is very foolish to deposit his money in the postal savings banks and get two per cent interest when he can deposit in perfectly safe savings banks and get four per cent.

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Agriculture is the Most Useful, the Most Healthful, the Most Noble Employment of Man.—George Washington.

WHAT THE LAW MAKERS ARE DOING

PROCEEDINGS OF THE N. C. GENERAL ASSEMBLY

VERY QUIET DAY IN BOTH BRANCHES

Bills to Appoint State Building Committee and Erect Administration Building Chief Matters of Importance Before the Senate—House Busy on Committee Reports and Passing Bills—But Few New Ones Senate—Saturday.

The Southern railway having agreed to put on an additional passenger train between Greensboro and Raleigh, Senator Graham asked permission to withdraw his bill requiring them to do so. The only new bills of importance introduced were these:

House—Monday. The house held a longer session and put in considerable work, again meeting with the calendar. The bills of general interest introduced were: Motion for the erection of a woman's building at the Soldier's home.

House—Saturday. The house passed a number of bills on third reading, practically clearing its calendar, and a large number were reported on by committees. All of the new bills introduced were of minor importance.

Senate—Monday.

The senate held only a brief session, the time being devoted mainly to considering bills sent over from the house. A joint resolution was adopted inviting Logan W. Page to address the general assembly on January 26th. When adjournment was taken it was in respect to the memory of the late W. J. Hicks.

The only new bills of general importance introduced were: Reinhardt of Lincoln: Providing

SENATORIAL CONTESTS IN THREE STATES

Two States Elect, New York Confronts Deadlock.

Vote to Re-Elect Lodge Re-Elected. Boston, Jan. 18. Henry Cabot Lodge was today re-elected senator from Massachusetts on joint ballot.

Lippitt in Rhode Island. Providence, R. I., Jan. 18.—Henry F. Lippitt was elected today to succeed Senator Aldrich.

New York Deadlock. New York, Jan. 18.—There was no election in New York today. Democratic insurgents are standing firm against Sweeney. Sweeney last one day, receiving ninety today against ninety-one yesterday.

Johnson of Duplin: To facilitate the probate of wills by non-residents in certain cases.

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NORTH CAROLINA HAPPENINGS

NEWS ITEMS TAKEN FROM OUR EXCHANGES TODAY

CONDENSED FOR OUR BUSY READERS

Needle Taken From Side of Kinston Child Where it had Worked Through From Inside—Presiding Elder Chas. G. H. of Raleigh District Dead—Lousburg Man Loses Arm in Cotton Gin.

Responding to the fretful cries of the George William Lane, the year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Lane, Mrs. Lane summoned a physician and had the child examined. The examination disclosed the fact that there was a piece of needle working out of the child's side. Several weeks ago the child had complained of pain in its side and the needle was taken from the body. The needle was taken from the child's side and had come from the inside of the child's side.

W. E. Chas. G. H. of Raleigh District Dead. For the erection of a woman's building at the Soldier's home.

Louisburg, Jan. 17.—Mr. T. P. Alford, about 60 years of age, while operating Griffin & Beasley's cotton gin, in this place yesterday, became entangled in the machinery, and had his left arm and that side of his body terribly mangled, the left arm being amputated above the elbow by Dr. J. E. Malone. His condition is not entirely satisfactory, it is said. He has a wife and a number of children.

BILL NYE DAY IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF N. C.

To Pay Tribute to Dead Humorist 10th, Wednesday, in February.

Raleigh, Jan. 17. Wednesday February 22, has been appointed by Hon. J. Y. Joyner, state Superintendent of Public Instruction, as "Bill Nye day" in the public schools of North Carolina. A special hour will be set aside on that day for the teachers to read to the pupils a biography of Bill Nye, and a brief program of his writings to be carried out.

Bill Nye Memorial Fund. The program for use in the schools, embracing the instructions from the state superintendent to the county superintendents and the teachers, will be sent out by the committee in due time. Incidentally the movement contemplates voluntary contributions from the school children to the Bill Nye memorial fund, which is to be applied to the erection of a handsome building at the State Normal School, Manual Training School at Concord. Every child in the state, including a public school, will be asked to contribute one penny, or more, to the fund. The Bill Nye day, which will be applied to this purpose, will be observed by the taking of a special hour in the great hall of the state capitol, presided over by the committee, as well as all the editors of the state, who are deeply interested in the memorial cause.

Accountant Shoots Himself.

Wire to The Reflector. Suffolk, Va., Jan. 18.—A. R. Hunt, chief accountant of the Montgomery Lumber Co., shot himself in the head today and is dying. A stockholders meeting is scheduled for tomorrow, but officials of the company say that Hunt was of exemplary business habits.

POOR PRINT