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THE EASTERN REFLECTOR

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Owner

TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION.

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VOL. XV.

GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1896.

NO. 19

Two Papers for \$1.50.

We have made arrangements to furnish the REFLECTOR and North Carolinian for the above amount. This is campaign year and you should take the two leading papers.

Sunday Selections.

A good heart never grows cold. A good mother's worth is incalculable. Haste for wealth leaves happiness behind. True Christians love all men with all the heart. Contentment crowns the soul with constant joy. Hoard sunshine in the heart for clouds come by and by. There is a want in every soul that God alone can satisfy. Conscious trust in Christ is the only light of the death chamber. Every neglected opportunity draws after it an irreparable loss which will go into eternity with you.—Doddridge. Doing nothing for others is the undoing of one's self. We do most good to ourselves when doing most for others.—Horace Mann. It is only the great-hearted who can be true friends; the mean and cowardly can never know what true friendship means.—G. Kingsley.

His Maiden Speech.

The rising young politician had prepared an elaborate speech for the occasion. He rose in response to loud calls for him and felt in his inside pocket for the manuscript. It was gone. It had slipped through a hole in the bottom. The situation was a terrible one, but the self-possession of the rising young politician did not forsake him. Letting his hand remain in the breast of his coat he looked fearlessly out over the assembly. "My fellow citizens," he said, I have no—no words in which to express my thanks for the honor you have done me in selecting me as one of your standard bearers in this campaign, and I will simply ask you to join me.— He was interrupted by deafening cheers, in which the other orators on the platform heartily joined. The situation was still more terrible. He had intended merely to propose three cheers for the ticket, but the audience had jumped hastily to the conclusion that he was extending an invitation of another kind. Still he did not lose his head. "I see fellow citizens," he resumed with a smile, as soon as he could make himself heard again, "you understand me. Come on!" He seized his hat and the meeting adjourned at once to the saloon on the floor below. He had made the hit of the evening.—Chicago Tribune.

There's Danger in Idleness.

It is not uncommon to see about almost any town or village a number of boys and young men between the ages of ten and twenty doing nothing. A little observation will disclose to those who had not thought about it the fact that there are many such boys and young men spending their time in idleness. This is very dangerous. Habits of carelessness and disposition to indolence grow on the young under such circumstances to a degree that sooner or later will startle them and mortify their parents. Men sometimes say they are not willing for their boys to work unless they get good pay for it. Well, if a boy is worth good pay it is all the better if he can get full value of his time and labor; but it is better for the young to be all the while employed, when not in school, whether there is one cent's visible profit in it or not. There is great profit to be realized some time in the future by the boy or young man who is taught in his early years to be constantly at some kind of employment. Parents are sometimes too careless about where their boys are and what they are not doing. Whether it is admitted by idle boys or not, or whether it is realized by their parents or not, there is nothing truer in the sayings of men of this world than that "An idle brain is the devil's workshop."—Scotland Neck Democrat.

A Jolly Centenarian.

Mrs. Sallie Braswell who lives near Braswell's X Roads will be one hundred years old if she lives to see next Christmas. She is cheerful and bright but can not walk. She has a good friend in her octogenarian neighbor, Mrs. Margaret Bell, who is eighty three and lives a few miles from her. Not long ago Mrs. Braswell sent a message to Mrs. Bell asking her to come over the first day of May and let her see her. She over the well to draw her sweethearts.—Scotland Neck Democrat.

What One Family Did.

The Southern States tells of four brothers named Abbott, who moved from one of the Western States to Louisiana in 1883. They all had families (comprising over twenty children), and they had among them \$800 in money. They bought a farm on credit and planted it in rice. At such times as they were not needed on the farm they worked at day labor for \$1.25 a day. At the present time (March, 1896), these four brothers own 3,000 acres of land that has an average value of \$20 an acre. They own forty mules, fifty yoke of oxen, and a large equipment of reapers, separators, threshers, engines, wagons and other agricultural implements. They have an irrigating canal eleven miles long and eighteen feet wide. They own and operate a big saw mill plant, and have a rice warehouse of their own, 400 feet long. They own a telephone line twelve miles long, connecting their farms, saw mill, warehouse, etc. They are part owners in a rice mill and in the bank at Crowley. They have some obligations, but they have rice on hand and well-secured notes due them, enough to pay all they owe, leaving their land and other properties as a clear aggregate of the profits of their farming operations during the last eight years. They believe that if they had remained in the West they would have been fortunate to have made a living and saved the original \$800.

Professor Walter.

Prof. Walter, a harmless crank who sold mockingbird whistles on the streets in Wilmington and gave exhibitions of live-saving apparatus of his own invention in the muddy waters of the Cape Fear, several years ago, has appeared at Atlantic City, N. J., and asserts that he died, was buried, and he visited the heavenly realms and was ushered into the mystic city and has now been sent back to this mundane sphere on several missions, one of which is to bring about the demotion of gold and the downfall of what he terms the robber barons of Wall Street, and at the same time free and elevate the downtrodden workman. In support of his assertion that he really did visit the regions above the cloud, Walter proudly exhibits to all interviewers a telegram purporting to have been sent from Heaven, and received at Washington, which is signed "St. Peter," and which order him to proceed at once to Atlantic City and superintend the erection of the new steel beach walk there. John Clements, of Atlantic City, swears that he saw the Professor's body lowered into the grave and took charge of his simple coffinet after the funeral rites were over. A New York paper prints a cut of the Professor and gives a long account of his pretensions, the main facts of which are stated above.—Wilmington Star.

Protect American Citizens.

The fact that the authorities in Havana have ordered shot two Americans captured, or rather taken on board of the schooner Competitor several days since, is attracting no end of attention, as it ought to do, and the opinion is general that the United States should protect them at any cost. The men have a right to be tried by a civil court, instead of a court-martial, which latter course has been pursued, while the result as stated above, and unless this Government lays down its ultimatum the imprisoned Americans will be sacrificed to Spanish ferocity. It appears that the condemned men were not acting in a hostile manner to the Government of Spain; they were not taken with arms in hand, and save the fact that they were found aboard of a vessel held in suspicion by the authorities of Cuba there was no reason why they should have been molested at all, and their conviction and condemnation is an outrage upon American citizenship which should not rest for a moment. It is true that Secretary of State Olney has remonstrated, but should this not avail, then the strong arm of the Government should be brought in play and that too at once.—Norfolk Virginian.

A Boy's Repose.

"When I grow up," said little Jack to his father "I am going to be just like you, papa." "That's sweet of you to say," said his father. "Well, I mean it," said Jack. "What a snap you have with mamma around to wait on you!" "Generally poor people can more nearly maintain their independence in the country than in the town or city.—Scotland Neck Democrat.

Weekly Crop Bulletin.

The reports of correspondents of the Weekly Crop Bulletin, issued by the North Carolina Section, for the week ending Saturday, May 9th, indicate that less favorable conditions prevailed for the growth of crops on account of the cool spell on the 7th and 8th and the continued dryness towards the end of the week. Favorable rains fell on the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th, which were least in amount in the Western District; after the 6th cool weather set in from the north-east, with even light frost, which damaged cotton to some extent. Only the 7th and 8th were below the normal in temperature, and the remainder of the week was quite warm. The amount of sunshine has been in excess of the normal. Frequent light rains are needed, especially in the Central and Western Districts.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

First of week warm, with beneficial rains on 3rd and 6th, but decidedly cooler weather set in on 7th and 8th, with minimum temperature as low as 42 degrees Friday morning, with light frost in north-east portion. The latter part of week warm and dry, and rain is needed again. Considerable damage to crops was reported by a severe hail-storm in Pamlico County. The effect of cool weather Thursday and Friday was to retard growth somewhat, and some cotton was killed. Planting corn and cotton practically finished, except what little replanting may have to be done. Transplanting tobacco well advanced, though interrupted by dryness at some places. Corn looking well and growing nicely. Shipments of truck and strawberries continue in large quantities. Fruit trees reported to be shedding considerably.

CENTRAL DISTRICT.

Good rains occurred Sunday, the 3rd, after which weather remained dry. Many places are still suffering from drought along the western border of the district. The cool weather of the 7th and 8th stopped growth of cotton, but did not injure anything else. Cotton is being chopped and corn plowed. As grass is beginning to make some headway, cultivation is necessary, for which weather was favorable. Large quantities of tobacco have been transplanted and are doing well, but dryness latter part of week interrupted this work; some plants are now overgrown. Wheat is heading well, though low. Sweet potatoes sprouted in beds nicely, and transplanting progressing now. Peach trees are shedding fruit; strawberries plentiful, raspberries ripening. Reports of depredations by insects were received in large numbers.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

Light local showers on 4th and 5th did great good where they occurred. Some correspondents report no rain and consequent suffering of all vegetation. It seems that the counties of Cabarrus, Iredell, Rowan, Surry, Yadkin and a portion of Mecklenburg are the worst sufferers from drought. Wheat is apparently the most seriously injured crop in the droughty localities. Two correspondents report damage by hail. There were two or three cool nights, but the average temperature for the week was above normal. Good stands of cotton and corn are reported from nearly all places where these crops are up. Some are waiting for rain before finishing planting cotton. It was a good week for work and harrowing cotton has gone on pretty general; also setting out sweet potato plants, hoeing corn and plowing. Potato bugs reported very destructive in several localities.

Moving to town.

Too many people are dazzled by the tinsel and show of the city and town. They think that to live in the city or fashionable town is far preferable to living in the dull and uneventful rural district; and sometimes persons with no manner of employment in the city or town leave the country and move in just where they "can see something." Those who have good homes in the country will do well to count the cost very carefully before they leave them for a haphazard business about town. And those who have no home and are really poor in the country, will do well also to ponder well the chances against them before they move to the town or city without first securing at least some fair employment. The Democrat likes to see the town built up, but we do not wish to see people make their condition worse by moving to town without good employment or some independent means of support.

Got Satan Mixed With the Society.

Some of our little girls are not as conversant with church work in all of its branches as we hope to find them when a few more years have been added to the half dozen years or so they have known. A Christian Endeavor society asked to have a little girl selected for them to clothe. This was done, much to the delight of the little girl chosen. A few days after she came with a devoted little friend, who asked the teacher: "Did you say that Carrie was clothed by the Christian and I've got Satan mixed with the Society?" They were immediately taught that the devil never engages in a good work.—Bariem O. Phillips' Home Paper.

The Execution of Holmes.

London is the execution of a criminal a matter of such intense satisfaction as that of H. H. Holmes, in Philadelphia, last Thursday morning. Never did the scaffold perform a better day's work or vindicate more nobly the cause of outraged humanity. Though few were so credulous as to believe the story of his marvelous newspaper, which appeared in the newspapers of the country several weeks ago, no one doubted that he was a most accomplished artist in his line of work and that perhaps the only reason which renders it impossible for him to have committed all the deeds which he acknowledges in his confession is that Satan himself would have manifested more compassion. After shocking the refined instincts of society by his alleged confession he was bold enough to declare his innocence on the scaffold and to protest against the taking of his life. The only regret about the matter is that a criminal execution was too good for such a criminal.—Atlanta Constitution.

Yes, We're Growing Old.

There is a time in the life of every individual when a circus constitutes the acme of enjoyment pure and undefiled. No champagne in after life ever proved the intoxicating draught as did those early libations of red circus lemonade and no dissipation in maturity ever came up to the exhilarating pastime of feeding peanuts to the elephant. But when in after years we find that circus seats are hard and trying on the spine, when the clown's jokes fail to move our risibles of mirth, when the animals look no more nervous to our stated optics than our next door neighbor's Thomas cat, when the glare and glitter and splashes begin to loom up dim and tawdry, then are we most forcibly reminded that time has crept on apace and, in adding to our annual milestones, he has stolen away our capacity for youthful pleasure as embodied in the circus.—Durham Sun.

OUTLOOK FOR DEMOCRACY.

Col. Julian S. Carr was in Raleigh a short time yesterday, returning to Durham from Southern Pines. He expressed himself greatly pleased with his trip. "It was not so much what I heard in the convention that impressed me," he said, "but the wonderful development of Southern Pines and the surrounding section. The progress there has been amazing. Land that a few years ago went bringing at sixty-five cents an acre now brings at \$20 to \$30. The culture of the grape and the peach is fast transforming the section into a combination of vineyard and nursery. It is already developing into a great section." "How are the political skies?" I asked the gentleman from Durham whose name is now so frequently mentioned for Governor. "I think the situation is clearing up vastly the last few weeks," he replied. "Everybody is more hopeful and the Democrats are becoming sanguine of success. I am thoroughly convinced that if the National convention at Chicago nominates a silver candidate we will sweep the State. And I think the silver men will surely control that convention, nominate the candidate, and write the platform. The chances of the silver men controlling at Chicago and sweeping the State are ten to seven in their favor."

The Spring Cleaning.

If you have not done so it is high time your premises had been cleaned of all accumulations of trash or filth if you expect or desire to escape sickness this summer. It sometimes happens that sickness will come, but if you will cast about you will find that the cleanest places and people have the least amount of fever and kindred ailments. Cleaning for the sake of health should be one incentive if you have no other, yet for the sake of comfort, all people should keep their premises so as not to be offensive to their own or their neighbors' nostrils. Your drinking water may be cool and apparently right, but if you allow the filth to penetrate the earth about your well you will find fever in your family and wonder where it comes from. Heavy rains carry more or less surface water into many wells. Now all this is said in a general way, for the public good, and not because we know of a dirty back yard; for we have been nowhere to see what the condition of the town is. Clean up the refuse, sweep off all trash, burn it, and sprinkle lime or ashes about the dump place where the sun does not shine, and we will guarantee that you will feel better, the place will look better, you will have less doctor bills to pay, in short you will transform a dirty place into a habitable one. Then see that your hog pens are clean and well drained so that the folks joining can sit out at night if they feel like it.—Burlington News.

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An Old Fogey Talks About Bicycles.

There are old fogies, you know, and they will talk. One of them talked to the Landmark the other day about bicycles. After passing some timely remarks about the cry of hard times and some folks making that an excuse for not paying their honest debts, when thousands of dollars have been spent right here in Statesville for bicycles, luxuries pure and simple—he adverted to the wheelwoman. Before touching the latter, however, he said he desired to be just: that he didn't find fault with anybody for buying a wheel if they felt they could afford it. His remarks, he said, were of a general nature and those they didn't fit needn't feel hurt. Coming to the wheelwoman, however, he was interesting. He said: "You have heard doctors say, time and again, that pedaling a sewing machine has broken down many a woman's health and killed many another?" We nodded assent. "Maybe that's so," he continued, "I know men who can hardly support their families but who must hire the family sewing done because the health of their wives and daughters will not admit of their running a sewing machine. But look at these girls on wheels," he exclaimed. "See them bending over and pedaling as if their lives depended on it. Isn't that as hard on them as running a sewing machine? I believe it's worse if there is any difference. A lad yet some doctors say riding a wheel is healthy exercise. Maybe it is, but I believe it's just as healthy to run a sewing machine or wield a broom. See I'm an old fogey he said," and then walked off, lamenting the decadence of this generation.—Statesville Landmark.

Boiler Explosion in Tyrrell.

A few days ago the boiler of a new saw mill at Gum Neck, Tyrrell county, exploded, wrecking the mill and killing three men, one white and two colored. The white man killed was Mr. Richard Daniels, from near Fairfield, Hyde county. The mill belonged to Mr. F. N. Hussey, a brother of Mr. Charles Hussey who is engineer on the steamer Neuse. It was run by Mr. W. B. Cooper who had leased it. The loss is probably about \$5,000. The explosion was unusual in its character. The shell of the boiler did not burst, the tubes simply blew out at the end cutting their way as they went through the timbers and masonry forming the foundation of the mill and caused it to collapse immediately. The tubes did not keep together but scattered like shot, some of them going several hundred yards beyond the mill—some of them in their flight, we are informed, passed entirely through twelve inch cypress logs like a bullet would through a thin plank. One would naturally expect that in such an explosion the boiler would have gone in a direction opposite to that followed by the tubes, but it followed the same course and went from its original position about thirty feet.—Newbern Journal.

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The Rum Fiend.

A woman struggling in the clutches of an infuriated and drunken husband, who was trying to fight with the flames of a smoking lamp her oil soaked garments, was the sight witnessed by policeman McNamara of the Bar street station, at 1111 Oak street last night at 10 o'clock. "The woman was Mrs. Jennie White. The man whose murderous design was frustrated by the appearance of the policeman was Thomas White her husband. He has lived on part of the money earned by his hard working little wife, but not satisfied with squandering the lion's share of the poor woman's earning to gratify his love for liquor, he has made her life a torment with his threats and abuse. "He staggered down Oak street last evening drunk and exceedingly ugly because he could not obtain more money. His wife was lying on a couch when he lurched into the room, and he ordered her to get up. "The children, three pretty little ones, were in bed, but they were still awake, and when they heard him they began to cry, well knowing from past experience that trouble was coming. White wanted money, and when the woman told him she had none, he grabbed her by the throat and choked her until her face grew black. "Give it to me," he yelled, "or I'll smash everything in the house." He went to a shed in the rear, but the next minute he was back with an axe. He swung it over his head and brought it down with all his force on the stove, again and again until there was little left of the stove but fragments. Then he was into the next room, where another stove stood. Three or four heavy blows with the axe wrecked it. The kitchen stove went next, and after that tables, chairs, dishes, pictures, and everything in the house were sacrificed in the gratification of his insane destructive fury. "His wife, pale faced and terror stricken, stood by and watched the demolition of her home. The frightened children crept out of bed and crowded around their mother. None of them uttered a cry until he threw down his axe and started towards the little group. The children screamed and fled back into the bedroom. They were unable to get out, for White had locked the door separating the rooms from the hall, and the key was in his pocket. He changed his mind when the children ran, as if his purpose had been to frighten them off, and went to the kitchen. "The terrified wife stood in the corner. White came back with an oil can in his hands. The cover had been taken off the can, and while he held her with one hand he soaked her dress with kerosene. For the first time she understood his awful intention. Fear gave her voice and she screamed repeatedly. The children joined in her appeals for help, and their outcry was heard by policeman McNamara who chanced to be passing (guided by their cries he made his way to the door in the darkened hallway. "It was locked. He placed his shoulder against it and burst it open. He was just in time. A moment later and the woman's garments would have been blazing.—The Buffalo News, December 21, 1885. Nothing can remove the impression made on our minds by the above, when we reflect that the votes of church members help to perpetuate the drink cause. If every christian, i. e. church member, would do his duty for five years, we would have a temperance land.

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THE REFLECTOR
Greenville, N. C.

D. J. WEICHAID, Editor and Proprietor

Entered at the post office at Greenville, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

WEDNESDAY, May 20th, 1896.

The nomination of Daniel L. Russell for Governor is variously commented upon with wide divergent views. With any party except the Republican party he would not stand a shadow of a chance of carrying anything like the vote of his own party. He would run twenty-five thousand behind the remainder of the ticket. But it will hardly make any difference with his followers what he has said or done. There is one thing the Republicans have ever been powerful in and that is in driving every man into line when the day of election comes. This they will doubtless do this time or at least make an effort along that line. Russell, however, has more to overcome than any man the convention could have nominated. It remains to be seen whether he can be elected. He will be elected by Republicans if he is elected because we have no idea that Populists will take any stock in the work of that remarkable convention at Raleigh last week. Never was more corruption seen than was here exhibited. Everybody ought to say down with such a party.

HIS EYES OPENED.

A Recent Convert to Republicanism Recants, Abjures and Abhors His Affiliation With the Party.

GOLDSBORO, May 16.—Mr. James R. Holt, Jr., the young cotton manufacturer, who recently went over to the Republican party because he was an advocate of protection and was made a delegate to the St. Louis Convention, is in the city to-day by chance, and here met and viewed the returning Republican forces from the State Convention that last night nominated Russell for Governor. In consequence, he publishes this afternoon in the Goldsboro daily Argus the following letter, which speaks for itself:

"Editor Argus.—It is an old saying, but a true one that 'self preservation is the first law of nature.' Acting on this principle from a mistaken standpoint of view as to in what consisted my preservation as a purely business question I have of late lent my aid and influence to the furtherance of the policy of protection championed by McKinley and advocated by the Republican party, and I have gone so far as to permit myself to be named as a delegate from the Fifth (my resident district) to the St. Louis National Convention. But Mr. Editor, to-day in the city of Goldsboro, on my way home from the session of the Mystic Shrine in Newbern, I am greeted by a scene that gives me pause, and deeper reflection than heretofore. I have read of the scenes and experiences of 1868, as we read of other dark epochs in history; but I recall since that time, growing up under the benign influence of Democracy and enjoying only the pacific blessings and elevating experiences that appertain to its supremacy, I could not comprehend what 'The Men of Old' endured, nor could my mind formulate a picture so dark as their words painted. But to-day in Goldsboro I am able to approximate from what Democracy has delivered the State and to what we are again tending. I am greeted here by a seething surging mass of conglomeration, humanity, howling negroes and exultant white men, arm in arm, bearing aloft a banner with the painted picture of 'D. L. Russell, Our Choice for Governor,' and with McKinley badges 'on the side.' And this is the party with which I have become allied, and this is the all, negro and all, with which I am to consort at St. Louis. 'My God, Abernathy,' never! I hereby recant, abjure, abhor my affiliation with this party that fosters and glorifies in such scenes in North Carolina.

I believe, Mr. Editor, in honest money, sound money, if you will, honest values and in 'our' turn at protection to the infant manufacturing industries of the South but what would industry, however much exalted, amount to in a State, dominated by Russell and his mob of howling savages? Yes, Mr. Editor, there is protection and there is protection, and for that greater protection I hereby withdraw as a delegate to the St. Louis Convention, renounce my affiliation with the Republican party, only just begun, I am happy to say, and return an humble but earnest worker in the ranks of the Democracy for white supremacy in North Carolina, good government economically administered, and home protection. Very truly,
J. H. Holt, Jr.

Life is so short for neighbor to be eternally plotting to destroy the happiness of his neighbor.

When a man really loves his neighbor as himself it generally turns out that the neighbor is a pretty girl!

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15, '96.
President Cleveland has never signed a River and Harbor bill, and there isn't one chance in a thousand that he will sign the one passed by the Senate this week, which provides for spending the unheard of sum, in this connection, of \$70,000,000. It is confidently expected that President Cleveland will veto this bill in a ringing message showing the reckless extravagance of the Republicans.

There are Democratic members of the A. P. A., but if those who attended the meetings of the Supreme Council of that organization, this week, are not convinced that they are out of their element it is difficult to imagine what would convince them. Not being a member of the organization I cannot vouch for its truth, but those who are members assert that McKinley has bought off the opposition. Anyway the A. P. A. isn't going to oppose McKinley.

Secretary Olney has been using some plain language to Spain in connection with those Americans it proposed to execute as the result of a court martial in Cuba, and he is prepared to talk still plainer if necessary to prevent punishment out of proportion to their offense being given them at the civil trial which Spain has promised them.

Not a single Democratic member of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce voted for the Malton Nicaragua canal bill, which was this week ordered to be favorably reported to the House by that committee. That is creditable to the Democrats on that committee. It is a Republican bill, founded upon the Republican idea of public subsidies for private enterprise. It might as well appropriate \$100,000,000 outright as to provide for government guarantee of bonds to that amount, as it does, so far as the final result is concerned. With the example of the Pacific railroads before them the people of the country should never endorse another scheme to loan the public credit to private corporations. If Congress regards the building of the Nicaragua canal as a public necessity let the private company and for having the canal built by the government. We have already had enough of the results of government partnership with private individuals. Cesar Reed has not yet indicated whether he will allow this bill to pass at this session.

Senator Smith, of New Jersey, returned to Washington more convinced than ever that the Democrats can win this year if they exercise care and discretion. Speaking of the State Convention in New Jersey he said: "The Democrats gathered at Trenton with as much vim and spirit as they ever did. There were plenty of candidates for delegates to the National Convention, and among the rank and file there was a very general opinion that if the National Convention would only do the right thing on the money question there was hope of carrying New York, and that Connecticut and New Jersey would certainly be in the Democratic fold."

Railroad men as a rule regard political conventions merely for the money they put into their coffers by the increase in travel. Hence, these words of a prominent railroader, now in Washington, contain not a little encouragement for Democrats: "The premature capture of the Republican nomination by McKinley is killing interest in the St. Louis convention, but the railroads will do much better business on account of the Chicago convention. The contest over the financial question will be sure to attract interest and spectators, and although Chicago didn't know it at the time, she got much the best convention so far as attendance is concerned."

The Democratic Senators—Larris, Vest and Walthall who form the majority of the subcommittee of the Senate Finance committee which has been designated by Senator Morrill, that feisty old Republican, to investigate the issues of bonds by this administration, under the resolution adopted by the Senate, are too smart to fall into the trap which has been set for them by the Republicans. They were selected because of their being silver democrats, with the hope that they would use the investigation to widen the financial breach in the Democratic party. The other members of the subcommittee are Jones, of Nevada, and Platt of Connecticut. Secretary Carlisle notified the Committee as soon as it was named that he would render all possible assistance. He has been asked to submit a statement in writing covering all the bond issues, and from that the committee will decide whether it wishes to examine Mr. Carlisle personally.

Representative Livingston, of Ga., who has just returned from his home says: "I do not pretend to speak for any other State, but the Democrats of Georgia do not know how to bolt the regular ticket, and we are not going to learn at the coming election. If we are outvoted in the convention we will return home and support the nominee, and we expect the other fellows to do likewise."

You can write all this Congress has done on a ten cent piece and then have room enough for the Constitution and the Declaration of Independence.

THE TOWN SHOULD AID THEM.

EDITOR REFLECTOR.—As a matter of business policy would it not be a good idea for all the people of Greenville to unite to, either and extend to Messrs. Hines & Hamilton encouragement and aid in getting on their feet again? Only a few days ago the writer heard Mr. Hamilton say that he had every dollar that he possessed in the world invested in the plant that was Monday totally destroyed. As most people know it has not been very long since these gentlemen lost about ten thousand dollars by fire, and as a matter of course, with no aid but their own, they were compelled to use their credit in getting up again. The insurance that they carried at the last fire was entirely for the benefit of their creditors, so it can be seen at present they are totally without everything upon which to make a new start. Since they have been in Greenville they have made a good fight, and as business men of the highest rank they have clearly shown themselves in their dealings with the people here. The writer is told that their entire pay roll for logs and labor averaged from ten to fifteen hundred dollars per week. This money swelled the volume of business of Greenville and helped every enterprise here, and as above stated, would it not be business policy for the people here to help them up again? We have made some enquiries of these gentlemen and they say with the support they can get from abroad and the business they already have, with five thousand dollars of ready cash they could replace the plant and get it in running shape again. Now cannot some means be adjuiced by which the community can aid them to this extent? Just think of it—they pay out nearly or quite that amount every month, the most of it right here in Greenville and by extending them this aid here at home it will the better enable them to command indulgence and aid from abroad. These gentlemen are not at all upon a begging expedition, but they have lost and lost heavily, and the community has lost, and unless some aid is given them at present it looks very doubtful that the plant will be rebuilt. The public at large ought to feel a very great interest in this matter. If this support can be given now in this, their time of need, a great good will have been done to the community, and the proper encouragement and aid at the proper time given these estimable and enterprising gentlemen.

J. L. T.

[This communication was intended for Tuesday's paper, but was handed in too late for that issue.—Ed.]

How to Settle the Political Questions.

Our Church Record, of Greensboro, the organ in the case of the Methodist Protestant church, has this week an editorial of such impressiveness under the above caption that we print it with unusual prominence. It follows:

There is but one way to reach a final settlement of a political question, and decide it strictly in accordance with the principles of rectitude. The tariff question and the currency question are both moral questions. We will always be floundering about in uncertainty over the tariff question so long as we are simply trying to determine what is 'best for me and my section, i. e., will make what we have to buy cheapest and what we have to sell dearest.

The currency question cannot be settled finally by a mere consideration of the standard that will make debts easiest to pay or that will give the greatest value to bonds.

There is a right and a wrong in both these questions, and the right is not to be found by a war of classes, each seeking its own interests independently of the rest. Even the war of ballots may fail to establish the right. The victorious majority may be utterly wrong.

They are questions of conscience, and each voter is to vote not for his 'interests' (temporary advantages), but for that which after careful thought seems to him right.

OKAYED, N. C., May 18th, 1896.

—Rev. Mr. Barna, of Bethel, filled his appointment at Piney Green school house Sunday evening.

We are glad to be able to state that our people in this section are improving from lagrippe.

It was our pleasure to attend the Democratic meeting at Stokes' Saturday, 16th, and everything was harmonious. Our Populist friends, some of them, came in and took a part in the meeting and I am sure that everything will be all right in time, and that is as it should be. There are not but two parties in this country of ours, and all men that desire good government should join in with the Democrats and make one common cause against the Russell gang.

THE AGONY ENDED.

(Special to Reflector.)
RALEIGH, N. C., May 16.—At a late hour last night D. L. Russell, of Wilmington, was nominated for Governor by Republican State convention. The convention nominated Z. V. Walker, of Davidson, for Attorney General, and Henderson, of Wilkes, for Auditor, leaving all other places on the ticket open to be filled by the Populists.

E. A. Holton was re-elected chairman of the State Executive Committee.

Don't Throw Eggs.

Twice since he has been here the colored mechanic venter, calling himself Dr. Gilliam, has been egged while giving his concerts at night on the public square. This is very bad behavior on the part of the egg throwers—if they do not like the concerts they can stay away from them. It is not gentlemanly to throw eggs at anyone. The doctor swore out warrants against some parties and had them before the Mayor to day, but failed to show any proof at all against them.

A Fine Business Block.

Elliot Bros.' new two-story brick block on the east side of Evans street, the contract for which has been awarded to Riddick & Barnes, of Suffolk, Va., will be the finest block of buildings ever erected in Greenville. All the material will be the very best. The front will be of pressed brick, and the roof covered with the best Glendale tin.

The first floor will be devoted to business purposes and the second to both business and professional as may be wanted.

The stores will be fitted up in the most modern style with fine, large show windows. They will occupy one floor or two floors as the tenant may prefer. Those with two floors will be provided with stairways and with Bates' best elevators if desired. There will be five large offices in the building suitable for doctors, lawyers, dentists or bachelors' sleeping rooms. All these will have large windows and transoms to give plenty of light and air, and will be reached by an easy stairway from the street. To make the stores and offices cool in summer ventilators will be placed in the front and in the roof of the building. Work has commenced and the building is to be completed and ready for occupancy by the 15th of August.

Grand Lodge Officers.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, which met this week at Goldsboro, elected the following officers:

- W. T. Dorch, Grand Master; Jas. P. Sawyer, Deputy Grand Master; R. W. Murray, Grand Warden; B. H. Woodell, Grand Secretary; R. J. Jones, Grand Treasurer; C. F. Lumsden, Grand Representative; M. W. Jacobs, Grand Conductor; J. M. Davis, Grand Marshal; W. L. Brown, Grand Guard; R. N. Hackett, Grand Herald; C. O. Durant, Grand Chaplain. N. Jacobs, C. B. Edwards, W. C. Douglass, W. T. Dorch and W. L. Gaster were selected as Trustees of the Orphan Home.

Respect for the Aged.

Wednesday Bo Cherry rushed almost breathless out of Mumford's to stop a cart going by with a load of chickens.

Bitten by a Spider.

Wednesday afternoon Mr. Jesse Tyson, living about four miles from town, wanted to come to Greenville on business. He hitched up his horse to come and went in the house to put on his coat. As he started out again he remarked to his wife that something had bit him on the shoulder. He started on to town without thinking anything serious of it, but after going about two miles began to feel sick and noticed that he was turning blind and dizzy. By the time he reached town he was suffering intensely and drove at once to the office of Dr. Zeno Brown. The latter was in the country but his father, Dr. William Brown, began treating Mr. Tyson with Dr. Zeno Brown should return.

The doctor tells us that Mr. Tyson was in a right bad condition, but is now improving and he hopes soon will be all right again. He is suffering threw him into convulsions for a while. It is supposed that the trouble was caused by the bite of a spider that had taken refuge in Mr. Tyson's coat while it was hanging up in his house.

Cotton and Peanut.

Below are Norfolk prices of cotton and peanuts for yesterday, as furnished by Cobb Bros. & Commission Merchants of Norfolk:

COTTON.	
Good Middling	81-10
Middling	77-10
Low Middling	77-10
Good Ordinary	61
Tone—dull.	
PEANUTS.	
Prime	31
Extra Prime	31
"Any	31
Lowish	31
Tone—firm.	10.10

WHAT FLUCK WILL DO.

This Young Man Runs His Own Business.

There is a young man in this county, a farmer, who has made a record during the last five years of which he is justly entitled to feel proud, and while we are not at liberty to use his name there are a few points connected with his business management that will be beneficial and serviceable to the public to know.

About seven years ago that young man came into possession of what had once been a highly improved and valuable farm in the western section of this county, but with his possession came a heavy debt. Through several years of bad management the farm had passed under the tenant system by which the land was cultivated, it had become very much impoverished and the yield was very poor. The time had been when there were plenty of splendid outhouses, barns, stables and tenement houses, but these were all dilapidated and the most of them absolutely worthless so far as comfort or convenience were concerned. The farm house, a handsome structure when first built in ante-bellum times, had decayed and the wall around it was all rotten and gone. The ditch banks and hedge rows had grown up and here and there all over the farm were evidences of thriftlessness and neglect. In this condition as above stated about seven years ago he came into possession of this farm with an incumbrance upon it of over two thousand dollars. With no money to make a start he was compelled to go in debt for team and farming implements and utensils and by the time he was ready to start his first crop it can be readily seen that he was in debt very near three thousand dollars. The first two years he made nothing to pay upon his old debts, and so five years ago he made a new start with a different determination and different management. Since that time he says he has stayed at home and attended to his own business. He farms entirely by the tenant system but he has it understood in written contracts with his tenants that he is the business manager of the farm, and that each crop must be cultivated and managed under his instructions and that they together work for each others mutual interests. He says that he has no trouble with his tenants and that each recognizes that whatever is for one is for the other interests. He lives exclusively at home, seldom leaving except upon business.

He lives within twenty minutes ride of a prosperous little village but never spends his time loitering around discussing politics with the idle ones always to be found around such places, keeps his own books, manages his own business and pushes his farming interests with the same degree of business judgment that he would were he engaged in the mercantile or any other business that required skill and judgment. A few days ago it was the writer's pleasure to spend a few hours on this farm. An entirely different spectacle is presented now from the dilapidated and neglected farm of five years ago. The hedge rows have been mowed down and are in cultivation, the fence locks are gleam, the water has been trained around the hill sides and this waste land is being recovered. Instead of the old decayed log barn and stables, large, comfortable and convenient framed ones have been built. Several nice tobacco barns and a large pack house have been built. Instead of the old and weather beaten tenant houses new and comfortable ones have taken their place and the whole plantation has about it an air of improvement and hustle.

The neighbors say the land has increased in productivity almost double, and now list, with all these improvements that have been added which have increased the value of the farm very near or quite double what it was five years ago, the owner says that last fall he could have paid every dollar of the indebtedness if he had not reserved the money to make some more improvements this year. In other words he is so nearly out of debt that he has personal property enough to pay all he owes. Now isn't this a good record and one which the majority of the farmers of the county would do well to imitate? This young man certainly has right to feel proud and under ordinary circumstances he has a future full of promise. It is his plan of business management that has done it.

Hookerton Items.

HOOKERTON, N. C., May 18, 1896.
Mrs. Lillie Wagon, of Greenville, is visiting her mother here.

Drummers are very plentiful now, never did see so many visit our town.

A hail storm passed in about two miles of here last Wednesday night doing much damage to crops. Some will have to plant over.

Commencements.

The Reflector has received an invitation to the commencement exercises of Kinsey Seminary, LaGrange, May 24-28.

The Reflector is in receipt of an invitation to the commencement exercises of Littleton Female College, May 27th and 28th.

We are indebted to Miss Mary Smith for an invitation to the fourth annual commencement of the State Normal and Industrial School, Greensboro, May 19th and 20th.

The Reflector acknowledges an invitation to the commencement exercises of Burlington Institute, Smithfield, June 3rd. Our townsman, Hon. T. J. Jarvis, delivers the address.

The commencement exercises of James High Improved School at Grindwood, take place May 26th and 27th. The Reflector thanks J. J. Halliway for an invitation.

O. L. J.

CHILDREN'S DAY EXERCISES.

Large Attendance and Very Pleasant Occasion.

The children of the Baptist Sunday School gave their Children's Day Exercises at the church on Sunday night. A very large congregation was out to hear them and the little folks acquitted themselves well, the entire programme being carried out perfectly and without the least interruption in any part.

The programme was as follows; Song by choir. Grand March. Prayer by Pastor.

Song—"I love to go to Sunday School," by the children.

Recitation—"The First Children's Day," Dot Flanagan.

Recitation—"The Appointed Way," Irma Cobb.

Recitation—"The Two Trees," Richard White.

Recitation—"The Child Jesus," Lizzie Moore.

Dialogue—"Nothing to Do," Leon Smith, Hugh Ragsdale, Bruce Sugg.

Recitation—"Golden Kings," Linda Smith.

Recitation—"Little Flakes of Snow," Lucile Cobb.

Recitation—"Children's Offering," Bruce Sugg.

Recitation—"Percy Forbes," Song—"He loves Me Too," by the children.

Recitation—"Remember," Heber Tripp.

Recitation—"Only a Drop in the Bucket," Fannie Bagwell.

Recitation—"Love," Eula Quinn.

Recitation—"We Would Tell Thee All," Hugh Ragsdale.

Recitation—"Precious Promises," Lula Tripp.

Dialogue—"Going to Sunday School," Janie, Lyson, Bruce Sugg.

Recitation—"Our Mission," John Shelburn.

Recitation—"The Sunday School," Lillian Burch.

Song—"Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star," by the children.

Recitation—"Beginning Right," Willie Liveson.

Recitation—"Give a Little Child a Place," Ethel Cheek.

Recitation—"Little Rain Drops," Hugh Sheppard.

Dialogue—"The Little Flowers," Pansy, Hennie, Whichard, Violet, May Schultz, Daisy, Ethel Cheek, Rose, Abbie Smith, Lilly, Fannie Bagwell.

Recitation—"Willie Ragsdale," Dialogue—"Where Did You Come From, Baby dear?" Hennie Ragsdale, Hennie Whichard.

Recitation—"Jesus Bids Us Shine," Jessie Sugg.

Recitation—"Seven Little Gypsies," Abbie Smith.

Song—"I Have a Father in the Promised Land," by the children.

Recitation—"Deacon Horner," Lucile Cobb.

Collection.

Recitation—"In Sight of the Crystal Sea," Hattie Smith.

Dialogue—"Faith, Hope and Charity," Janie Tyson, Irma Cobb, Hennie Ragsdale, Abbie Smith.

Song by choir. Benediction by Pastor.

The exercises were arranged under the management of Mrs. E. D. Wells. The music was delightful, the instrumental part of it being rendered by Miss Lula White at the organ; Ola Forbes, cornet; A. A. Forbes, violin; and G. J. Woodard, piccolo. The songs were excellent.

FIRMNESS.

So much is to be gained by moderation and firmness of speech as opposed to hysterical passion, that it is worth while for every one to try to learn how to control the tongue and the pen so as to obtain the greatest amount of influence over others. Strong language is never needed to enforce the opinion of a man who is firm in his faith, clear in expression and logical in his methods. It is usually the result of bullies, of those who cannot reason, or of men who are guided by their prejudices rather than by logical deductions from facts. The objection to strong or intemperate language is that it gives rise, unnecessarily, to contentious opposition. A radical in religion or politics takes such extreme views and urges them so offensively that he provokes quarrels, yet never makes a convert. Another man, just as firm in his convictions, more moderate in giving expression to them and more considerate of the opinions of other people, can say substantially the same things without irritating those who differ with him. He does not provoke a quarrel, but invites a calm discussion. He thus has the chance at least of winning people over to his views, whereas the radical drives them off at once. Moreover, the moderate man may remain firm because he says nothing that he cannot maintain, whereas the radical is vacillating. He goes to such extremes that he is obliged to retract and loses the respect of his hearers because he is not consistent or firm. Firmness, it is to be observed, is consistent only with intelligent, honest thought. The ignorant may be unyielding, but in their case obstinacy takes the place of firmness. One who has well-settled principles, a mind free from prejudices, and a disposition to think before speaking can be firm in expression and unyielding in his adherence to opinions once expressed without being obstinate. Such a man wins the respect not merely of his followers or those who agree with him, but also of his opponents, and is much more influential than the radical who presents extreme views in strong language. Frequently the teachers or leaders of men are obliged to combat some wide-spread movement or resting perhaps on sentiment, and to do so successfully they must be considerate of the feelings of those whom they address, moderate in their language and yet firm. They would be misunderstood if they should use violent language or attempt coercion, and would thereby lose influence. Firmness, coolness, deliberation, these are the elements that ally strife and convince the understanding. Hot-headedness, extravagance of language, ill-considered railing may stir men to action, but they also arouse opposition and do nothing to promote the rational settlement of disputes.—Baltimore Sun.

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TOBACCO FLUES.

We, the undersigned, having purchased or used Tobacco Flues made by W. C. Mallison last season and unhesitatingly say they are A. 1. both in workmanship and are much easier put together than Flues usually made. All joints riveted or lugged.

J. J. LAUGHINGHOUSE, W. G. GRIFF, S. L. GRIFF, S. D. CALLIS.

We are now taking orders for next season and will guarantee quality the best and prices as low as any. Correspondence solicited. Give correct size of inside, or barn and we will make flues so you can put them up in fifteen minutes.

W. C. MALLISON & SON, Washington, N. C.

Removal.

DO YOU KNOW THAT YOU CAN BUY

STEEL

FLUES

FOR LESS MONEY FROM

A. B. Ellington

than you can the common iron from others. If you don't believe it call and get his prices. He will not be undersold. All work guaranteed as to material, work, fit, &c.

Flues are now Ready for Delivery.

Prompt attention given to all orders. I am also agent for the largest WALL PAPER manufacturers in America.

A. B. ELLINGTON, Near Hamber's Machine Shop

My \$8.00 Stoves will be sold for \$7.00; My \$10.00 Stoves for \$9.00 and my \$20.00 New Lee for \$18.00. Pumps, Doors, Sash and Nails, specialties. Axes 50c and 36c.

I am offering my Corn Shellers and Sewing Machines at cost. I have just received a lot of barbed and fencing wire.

All of my 75c axes will go for 60c. Try one of my 50c axes. Call early and bring the Cash.

D. D. HASKETT, Five Points, Greenville, N. C.

A. B. ELLINGTON, Near Hamber's Machine Shop

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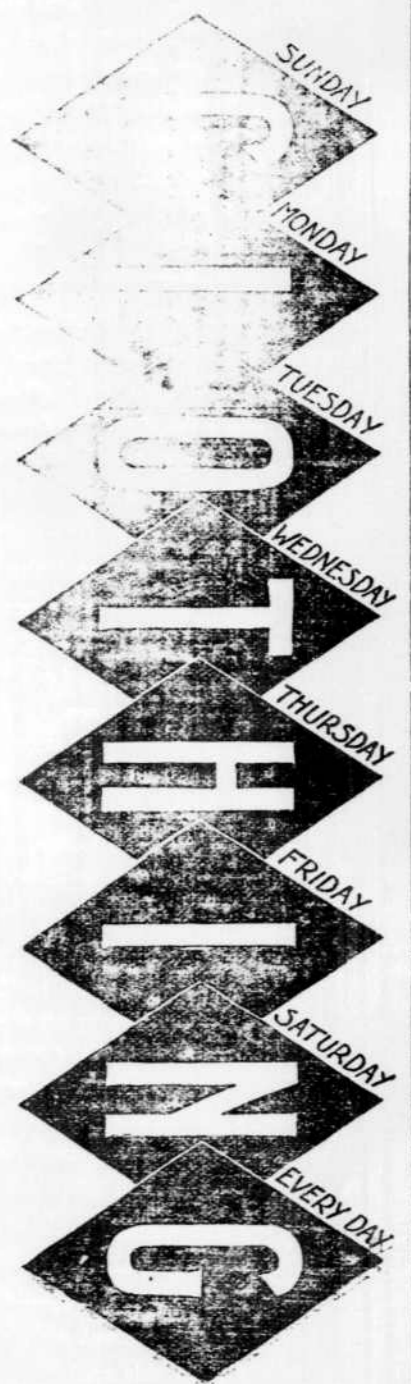
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FRANK WILSON

THE KING CLOTHIER.

Just received another supply of Spring and Summer Suits and and now ready to supply all your wants. If it is the perfect fitting, neat finish, every-one-of-them-up-to-date kind of



why you want to come the King Dealer and be satisfied both in material and price.

10,000 Straw Hats CHEAP.

I have also a complete stock of—
Dry Goods,
Notions,
Shoes,
Gents' Furnishings

and will be pleased to show them to you and if once seen you will be sure to buy. Come and see me.

Frank Wilson,
The King Clothier.

THE REFLECTOR.

Local Reflections.

Peanuts for seed at S. M. Schultz.
Try the Dried Beef Ham at J. S. Tunstall's.
Fresh Butter, N. Y. State and Carr's at S. M. Schultz's.
Best Fulton Market Beef just received by J. S. Tunstall.

Many a merchant whose prayers are long can't catch trade because his ad is too short.—Printer's Ink.
Things looking busy up the street now with brick buildings progressing on both sides. Greenville is not going to stay down.
If you want Ice Cream, Soda Water, Milk Shakes, Coco Cola, Lemonade and Sherbets call on Morris Meyer.

Cod Fish, Irish Potatoes, Prepared Blackhead, Oat Flakes, Cheese, Macaroni, P. R. Molasses, at S. M. Schultz.
When you want a real good smoke go to Morris Meyer.
I am prepared to furnish Ice Cream to families in any quantity. Give me your order.—MORRIS MEYER.

Can Tomatoes, Corn, Peaches, Cherries, Apricots, Pears and Pineapple. S. M. SCHULTZ.
Th's section had a right good shower Monday night. Considerable thunder and lightning and some wind accompanied it.

Rev. J. O. Akerman, of Washington, will hereafter preach at the Baptist church at Pictou on the third Sunday in each month.

D. N. Branch, of Cententia township, told us this morning that he had tobacco leaves one foot long and over. This is the best yet and he says his crop is a beauty to look at.

The burning of the mill plant consisting of putting in electric lights, for the present at least, the town authorities ought to replace the street lamps that have been destroyed or broken and make an improvement in such lights as we have.

At a series of races in Norfolk on Thursday and Friday of last week, horses owned by Smith & Hooker and G. J. Studdert, of Greenville, were prominent among the winners.
Quite a number of our people received checks (good for a drink) from the Coca-Cola Company, at Atlanta, and Shelburn's new fountain was kept busy last night and today "fishing" them.

Marriage Licenses.
The Register of Deeds issued five marriage licenses last week, four to white and one to colored couples.
WHITE—J. R. Newton and Mattie Parker, William Harris and Mary J. Manning, William Cobb and Eliza Corbett, T. E. Cory and Louisa Haddock.
COLORED—W. H. Loftin and Estella King.

Potatoes.
Those folks who have been bragging on their Irish potatoes had as well take a back seat. The REFLECTOR's gardener went out to examine our crop this morning and brought in some specimens as large as hen eggs. They are the largest reported so far.
LAYER—B. T. Bailey came in this afternoon with one that knocked us off the front row, too. He's ahead.

Interesting Book.
Hal Suggs, son of Col. I. A. Suggs, has taken the agency for a book entitled "Cuba, and the Fight for Freedom." We have examined the prospectus and find it a very interesting publication. It is splendidly illustrated, contains the history and customs of the people, and gives graphic accounts of the struggle for freedom now in progress on the island. It is a book well worth reading.
A Handsome Fountain.
Shelburn's new soda fountain was put up yesterday, and it was charged for the first time today. The fountain is the handsomest we ever saw, and would do credit to a city, to say nothing of a town the size of Greenville. The body of the fountain is of different colored onyx, while the ornamental work on top is finished in white and gilt and set with several splendid mirrors. Mr. Shelburn is to be congratulated upon the beauty of his selection.

A Youthful Criminal.
A little negro boy returned here from the State farm Friday. He is not quite 14 years old, but has just finished serving a 4 year penitentiary sentence. He broke in a house and at the trial it was developed that he was a boy of bad character generally. Being so young the Judge hesitated as to what punishment to give him but decided that the penitentiary was the best place for him. The boy got off 4 months of his imprisonment by good behavior.

Excursion to Norfolk.
Excursion train will leave Washington Wednesday, May 27th, at 7:50 A. M. for Norfolk. Parties at Greenville and intermediate points can take advantage of this cheap trip to Norfolk and return by paying local fare to Parnoke and purchasing ticket there. Fare for round trip from Parnoke \$2.50. Train will leave Norfolk, Thursday, 28th at 2 P. M. making connection at Parnoke with Kinston and Plymouth trains. Two cars will be reserved for ladies and their escorts and one exclusively for colored people. E. PETERSON, C. T. CORDON, Managers.

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Pitt Boys Make Their Mark.
His many friends are glad to know that Mr. Wm. O. Little, who has just taken a course at the Maryland College of Pharmacy, did credit to himself on his examination. He was one of the most successful five and therefore his name was entitled to be placed on the honorable mention. He also worked part of the course and the full junior and the senior practical Pharmacy.

Badly Hurt.
Monday afternoon a 12-year-old son of Mr. Marsial Cox, of (Chicard) township, was driving a log cart. In some way the windlass that held up the log became unfastened and the lever flew over and struck the boy on the back. The boy was badly hurt and narrowly escaped being instantly killed.

The Norfolk Excursion.
Wednesday, 27th, is the date for the big excursion from Washington to Norfolk. Parties from Greenville and other points in this vicinity can take the morning train to Parnoke and meet the excursion train there. It will be a good chance for a delightful trip at a low price. The round trip fare from Parnoke is only \$2.50.

THE PRIMARIES.

HELD IN THE DIFFERENT TOWNSHIPS SATURDAY, 16.

BEAVER DAM TOWNSHIP.
A. S. Walker was elected chairman and W. Parker secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected by acclamation:
Delegates. Joab Tyson, Ruel Willoughby, J. F. Allen, George Crawford, A. S. Walker, Harvey Tyson, J. C. Crawford, F. M. Smith.
A crowd of substantial Democrats were present.

BETHEL TOWNSHIP.
D. C. Moore was elected chairman and M. C. S. Cherry secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were selected:
Delegates. M. A. James, Newsom Worsley, J. T. Nelson, G. W. Edmondson, W. G. Carson, W. D. Manning, D. A. Moore, F. L. Davenport, Robt Staton, S. T. Carao.

CAROLINA TOWNSHIP.
W. H. Williams was elected chairman and H. G. Nobles, secretary.
The following were elected delegates and alternates:
Delegates. J. R. Congleton, W. W. Thomas, I. H. Little, H. N. Gray, S. A. Congleton, J. I. Keel, J. B. Whitehurst, M. R. Page, H. G. Nobles, S. H. Taylor, H. A. Gray, W. H. Williams, B. D. Beach, J. A. Whitchard.
A resolution was passed instructing the delegates to vote for men as delegates to the State convention who are favorable to the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The delegates were also instructed to recommend Hon. T. J. Jarvis for selection by the State convention as a delegate to the National Convention.
CONTENTIA TOWNSHIP.
Meeting called to order by J. R. Forbes. Jesse Cannon was elected chairman and A. L. Jackson secretary.
The following were chosen as delegates to the County Convention:
Delegates. J. J. May, J. W. Garrison, A. G. Cox, J. B. Carroll, B. T. Cox, Bryant Tripp, Jesse Cannon, O. Worthington, W. J. Jackson, A. Williams, Asa Garrison, E. Lang, Dr. H. Johnson, L. A. Cobb, J. Z. Brooks, Allen Jackson, C. Dawson, R. B. Sumrell, John Pierce, E. C. Carmon, H. C. Cannon, L. McLawhorn, C. McLawhorn, B. Harrington, S. Mumford, J. A. Harrington, W. F. Hart.

The following were elected as Township Executive Committee:
Precinct No 1—J. H. Cobb, C. Dawson, Samuel Mumford, E. C. Spier, R. C. Cannon.
Precinct No 2—Jesse Cannon, J. D. Cox, W. Worthington, J. J. May.
It was unanimously declared by the meeting that the delegates be instructed to use every precaution to elect free silver delegates to the State Convention.

Ordered also that a copy of these proceedings be sent the EASTERN REFLECTOR.
FALKLAND TOWNSHIP.
The meeting was presided over by J. H. Smith with T. L. Williams secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were selected:
Delegates. R. R. Cotten, C. C. Vines, Capt. Joo King, T. L. Williams, J. H. Smith, Bruce Cotten, Dr. J. Morrill, Jooas Didda.

FARMVILLE TOWNSHIP.
Benj. May was elected chairman and C. L. Barrett secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected:
Delegates. B. May, B. M. Lewis, W. R. Horne, I. J. Anderson, R. L. Davis, R. B. Bynum, J. W. Parker, R. P. Suggs, T. E. Keel, O. L. Barrett.

A resolution was adopted declaring in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and recommending to the County Convention that the delegates to the State convention be instructed to support only such candidates as favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the above ratio.
GREENVILLE TOWNSHIP.
The Democrats of Greenville township met in the Court House Saturday to select delegates to the County Convention which meets next Wednesday, 20th. The large number in attendance made the meeting look like the old time Democratic meetings before there were so many divisions and isms among the people.

The meeting was called to order by W. L. Brown, chairman of the Township Executive Committee, who appointed H. T. King and D. J. Whitchard secretaries.
Following the usual custom of the township primaries, the voters present from the different sections of the township withdrew to select their proportionate representation among the delegates. The following lists were returned and endorsed by the meeting:
TOWN.
Delegates. F. G. James, W. H. Smith, C. D. Rountree.
Alternates. L. J. Moore, D. J. Whitchard, R. W. King.

THE PRIMARIES.
J. H. Blount, W. L. Brown, W. R. Parker, T. J. Jarvis, J. W. Smith, Alfred Cannon, M. G. Moyer, Joseph Tripp, J. O. Briley, I. A. Suggs, G. M. Tucker, Paul Harrington, H. F. Keel, Josephus Moyer, W. E. Jolly, R. H. Allen, O. W. Harrington, F. S. Moore, E. S. Dixon, B. F. Gwaltney, Kenneth Staten, A. D. Johnston.
Meeting called to order by J. B. Little who was made permanent chairman, and J. J. Mason secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected:
Delegates. R. R. Fleming, J. J. Moore, W. G. Mizelle, W. R. Whitchard, Jr., H. M. Jones, J. J. Nobles, J. J. Mason, B. E. Abrams.
On motion of D. H. James the primary passed a resolution favoring the coinage of both gold and silver as they were prior to 1873.

SWIFT CREEK TOWNSHIP.
I. K. Witherington was elected chairman and F. M. Kilpatrick secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected:
Delegates. J. B. Kilpatrick, Alonzo Phillips, N. R. Cory, H. J. Williams, John Coward, Ed Hammonds, J. J. Hardy, W. F. Mowbrue, Heber Fleming, E. F. Cox, C. P. Moore, J. J. Moore, Israel Roach, R. H. Garrison, M. C. Smith, W. B. Bland.
N. R. Cory, L. B. Mowbrue, W. B. Bland, John Coward and Jesse Cox were elected Township Executive Committee.

THE OUTLOOK ENCOURAGING.
So far the REFLECTOR has received reports of the primary meetings held last Saturday from all but two townships in the county. The news that comes from all these townships is that the meetings were largely attended and everything passed off harmoniously. Several townships passing resolutions in favor of the free coinage of silver indicates the strong sentiment in that direction that prevails throughout the county. In some of the meetings men who two years ago left the party and went with the Populists came back and identified themselves with the Democrats. The Democracy of Pitt has good cause to look for success in the coming campaign.

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A crowd of substantial Democrats were present.

BETHEL TOWNSHIP.
D. C. Moore was elected chairman and M. C. S. Cherry secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were selected:
Delegates. M. A. James, Newsom Worsley, J. T. Nelson, G. W. Edmondson, W. G. Carson, W. D. Manning, D. A. Moore, F. L. Davenport, Robt Staton, S. T. Carao.

CAROLINA TOWNSHIP.
W. H. Williams was elected chairman and H. G. Nobles, secretary.
The following were elected delegates and alternates:
Delegates. J. R. Congleton, W. W. Thomas, I. H. Little, H. N. Gray, S. A. Congleton, J. I. Keel, J. B. Whitehurst, M. R. Page, H. G. Nobles, S. H. Taylor, H. A. Gray, W. H. Williams, B. D. Beach, J. A. Whitchard.
A resolution was passed instructing the delegates to vote for men as delegates to the State convention who are favorable to the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The delegates were also instructed to recommend Hon. T. J. Jarvis for selection by the State convention as a delegate to the National Convention.
CONTENTIA TOWNSHIP.
Meeting called to order by J. R. Forbes. Jesse Cannon was elected chairman and A. L. Jackson secretary.
The following were chosen as delegates to the County Convention:
Delegates. J. J. May, J. W. Garrison, A. G. Cox, J. B. Carroll, B. T. Cox, Bryant Tripp, Jesse Cannon, O. Worthington, W. J. Jackson, A. Williams, Asa Garrison, E. Lang, Dr. H. Johnson, L. A. Cobb, J. Z. Brooks, Allen Jackson, C. Dawson, R. B. Sumrell, John Pierce, E. C. Carmon, H. C. Cannon, L. McLawhorn, C. McLawhorn, B. Harrington, S. Mumford, J. A. Harrington, W. F. Hart.

The following were elected as Township Executive Committee:
Precinct No 1—J. H. Cobb, C. Dawson, Samuel Mumford, E. C. Spier, R. C. Cannon.
Precinct No 2—Jesse Cannon, J. D. Cox, W. Worthington, J. J. May.
It was unanimously declared by the meeting that the delegates be instructed to use every precaution to elect free silver delegates to the State Convention.

Ordered also that a copy of these proceedings be sent the EASTERN REFLECTOR.
FALKLAND TOWNSHIP.
The meeting was presided over by J. H. Smith with T. L. Williams secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were selected:
Delegates. R. R. Cotten, C. C. Vines, Capt. Joo King, T. L. Williams, J. H. Smith, Bruce Cotten, Dr. J. Morrill, Jooas Didda.

FARMVILLE TOWNSHIP.
Benj. May was elected chairman and C. L. Barrett secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected:
Delegates. B. May, B. M. Lewis, W. R. Horne, I. J. Anderson, R. L. Davis, R. B. Bynum, J. W. Parker, R. P. Suggs, T. E. Keel, O. L. Barrett.

A resolution was adopted declaring in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and recommending to the County Convention that the delegates to the State convention be instructed to support only such candidates as favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the above ratio.
GREENVILLE TOWNSHIP.
The Democrats of Greenville township met in the Court House Saturday to select delegates to the County Convention which meets next Wednesday, 20th. The large number in attendance made the meeting look like the old time Democratic meetings before there were so many divisions and isms among the people.

The meeting was called to order by W. L. Brown, chairman of the Township Executive Committee, who appointed H. T. King and D. J. Whitchard secretaries.
Following the usual custom of the township primaries, the voters present from the different sections of the township withdrew to select their proportionate representation among the delegates. The following lists were returned and endorsed by the meeting:
TOWN.
Delegates. F. G. James, W. H. Smith, C. D. Rountree.
Alternates. L. J. Moore, D. J. Whitchard, R. W. King.

THE PRIMARIES.
J. H. Blount, W. L. Brown, W. R. Parker, T. J. Jarvis, J. W. Smith, Alfred Cannon, M. G. Moyer, Joseph Tripp, J. O. Briley, I. A. Suggs, G. M. Tucker, Paul Harrington, H. F. Keel, Josephus Moyer, W. E. Jolly, R. H. Allen, O. W. Harrington, F. S. Moore, E. S. Dixon, B. F. Gwaltney, Kenneth Staten, A. D. Johnston.
Meeting called to order by J. B. Little who was made permanent chairman, and J. J. Mason secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected:
Delegates. R. R. Fleming, J. J. Moore, W. G. Mizelle, W. R. Whitchard, Jr., H. M. Jones, J. J. Nobles, J. J. Mason, B. E. Abrams.
On motion of D. H. James the primary passed a resolution favoring the coinage of both gold and silver as they were prior to 1873.

SWIFT CREEK TOWNSHIP.
I. K. Witherington was elected chairman and F. M. Kilpatrick secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected:
Delegates. J. B. Kilpatrick, Alonzo Phillips, N. R. Cory, H. J. Williams, John Coward, Ed Hammonds, J. J. Hardy, W. F. Mowbrue, Heber Fleming, E. F. Cox, C. P. Moore, J. J. Moore, Israel Roach, R. H. Garrison, M. C. Smith, W. B. Bland.
N. R. Cory, L. B. Mowbrue, W. B. Bland, John Coward and Jesse Cox were elected Township Executive Committee.

THE OUTLOOK ENCOURAGING.
So far the REFLECTOR has received reports of the primary meetings held last Saturday from all but two townships in the county. The news that comes from all these townships is that the meetings were largely attended and everything passed off harmoniously. Several townships passing resolutions in favor of the free coinage of silver indicates the strong sentiment in that direction that prevails throughout the county. In some of the meetings men who two years ago left the party and went with the Populists came back and identified themselves with the Democrats. The Democracy of Pitt has good cause to look for success in the coming campaign.

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THE PRIMARIES.

HELD IN THE DIFFERENT TOWNSHIPS SATURDAY, 16.

BEAVER DAM TOWNSHIP.
A. S. Walker was elected chairman and W. Parker secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected by acclamation:
Delegates. Joab Tyson, Ruel Willoughby, J. F. Allen, George Crawford, A. S. Walker, Harvey Tyson, J. C. Crawford, F. M. Smith.
A crowd of substantial Democrats were present.

BETHEL TOWNSHIP.
D. C. Moore was elected chairman and M. C. S. Cherry secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were selected:
Delegates. M. A. James, Newsom Worsley, J. T. Nelson, G. W. Edmondson, W. G. Carson, W. D. Manning, D. A. Moore, F. L. Davenport, Robt Staton, S. T. Carao.

CAROLINA TOWNSHIP.
W. H. Williams was elected chairman and H. G. Nobles, secretary.
The following were elected delegates and alternates:
Delegates. J. R. Congleton, W. W. Thomas, I. H. Little, H. N. Gray, S. A. Congleton, J. I. Keel, J. B. Whitehurst, M. R. Page, H. G. Nobles, S. H. Taylor, H. A. Gray, W. H. Williams, B. D. Beach, J. A. Whitchard.
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CONTENTIA TOWNSHIP.
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Precinct No 2—Jesse Cannon, J. D. Cox, W. Worthington, J. J. May.
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FARMVILLE TOWNSHIP.
Benj. May was elected chairman and C. L. Barrett secretary.
The following delegates and alternates were elected:
Delegates. B. May, B. M. Lewis, W. R. Horne, I. J. Anderson, R. L. Davis, R. B. Bynum, J. W. Parker, R. P. Suggs, T. E. Keel, O. L. Barrett.

A resolution was adopted declaring in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and recommending to the County Convention that the delegates to the State convention be instructed to support only such candidates as favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the above ratio.
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Alternates. L. J. Moore, D. J. Whitchard, R. W. King.

THE PRIMARIES.
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Meeting called to order by J. B. Little who was made permanent chairman, and J. J. Mason secretary.
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N. R. Cory, L. B. Mowbrue, W. B. Bland, John Coward and Jesse

