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THE EASTERN REFLECTOR.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Owner

TRUTH IN PREFERENCE TO FICTION.

TERMS: \$1.00 per Year, in Advance.

VOL. XIII.

GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1894.

NO. 34

FOR GOOD
JOB PRINTING
CALL AT
REFLECTOR OFFICE

PITT FEMALE SEMINARY

GREENVILLE N. C.

Session Opens September 5th, 1894, Closes June, 1895.



Full Corps of Teachers. Complete English Course. Ancient and Modern Languages. Special Advantages in Music and Art. For full particulars apply to

B. E. GOODE, Principal.
FREE ENGLISH SCHOLARSHIP will be given to two young ladies who are preparing to teach in the Public Schools of Pitt and adjoining counties. Tuition will be refunded to the applicants who make the highest average on the regular examinations at the close of the session. Candidates must enter not later than October 1st.

TERMS—HALF SESSION—20 WEEKS.		Use of Piano or Organ, one hour each day, \$5.00.	
Primary English.....	\$10.00	Vocal (in class).....	10.00
Academic.....	15.00	Conservatory Course.....	20.00
Intermediate.....	12.50	Vocal—Special.....	15.00
Collegiate.....	20.00	Organ.....	15.00
		Vocal—Conservatory.....	20.00
		Latin, Greek, French and German, each.....	\$5.00
		Board, (including lights and fuel).....	\$50.00

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS

What is it Undertaking to Do, and What is it Doing?

In the capacity of a committee, appointed by the Board of Trustees for such purpose, we are glad to put the College before the public.

The institution has now completed its fifth year. Its development may be best noted by the number of students matriculating each year: Seventy-one in the first, 84 in the second, 110 in the third, 115 in the fourth, and 191 in the fifth year.

The scheme of education, as decided on in the beginning, has not been changed, but it has been enlarged. It was a innovation on the methods of the past. It is true that some of our institutions of learning contemplated certain industrial features in the beginning of their career, but these features were, however, soon abandoned.

The College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts promised the youth of the State an education which could be procured at no other institution in North Carolina; an education broad and thorough in its basis, omitting the classics and metaphysics, but including the principles of production by skilled labor, with the essentials of development and improvement in such things as constitute the basis of all true prosperity to the commonwealth.

A brief glance at the curriculum will, perhaps, best exemplify the work undertaken in the beginning, and now carried on in the several departments of the College. The intelligent reader can judge whether such work promises practical results, and then will carefully consider how much has been accomplished in this short time as detailed below. See if it does not promise well for the State.

A four years course is necessary to graduation; but shorter courses are being prepared for special cases.

In the first year the course is not elective, but arbitrary. In the second year the student must decide which of several courses he will take, viz.: Agriculture, Science, or Mechanics. The students in the Agricultural course, however, are allowed one more year in Mathematics.

The Agricultural course embraces the theory and practice of advanced and economical farming, drainage, improvement of land, crops, care of stock and cattle, feeding for beef, and butter making, creameries, etc. In this general division Horticulture is taught. Attention to orchards and small fruits, gardening and practical floriculture, forestry and entomology, botanical investigations, with or without microscope. This division contains, as

also do others, a good course in English history, mathematics, physics, and chemistry, pure and agricultural, and in bookkeeping. The Scientific course includes all such studies as lead to the B. S. degree. But in this Institution the student must take much practical work in laboratories along with the course, the botanical work in the Senior year of this course leading into Bacteriology. The Mechanical course includes the technical study of buildings and building materials, steam and all kinds of steam machinery, graphic statics, bridges and roofs, and applied mechanics generally. To these technical studies the course adds a four years course in English in pure and applied mathematics, a course in history, in physics and electrical engineering, in chemistry, and in moral science.

The practice work of the course consists of the use of all sorts of tools, of forging and tempering and making iron tools, of the use of the various machines in wood turning and pattern-making, of machine work in iron, together with a thorough course in mechanical drawing, architectural drawing, surveying, civil engineering, work in physical and electrical laboratories, etc.

In the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts it is not designed to teach single trades or occupations. Especial reference may be had to some particular line of work, but the student who desires to graduate must take the entire course in one of the three departments, and thus obtain a good knowledge of the principles underlying all of the work taught.

It will probably be asked, is the work of the College practical? Is the worth of the education at all commensurate with the outlay in providing for the same? Such questions will occur to all thinking men. It could readily be shown that in the industrial development of the resources of the State, that the agricultural and mechanical pursuits (including all kinds of manufactures), easily outrank all others combined. Of course we have mines, fisheries, lumber interests, etc., which add to the wealth of the State. Preachers, teachers, lawyers, physicians, bankers, merchants, etc., go to make up the remainder of the population. Yet it will be readily conceded that all products upon which mankind, the professions and all trades, subsist come as the result of manual labor, which, therefore, should be well trained and directed. As a matter of course only a fraction of the population can learn to be experts, but these can be of the greatest service in guiding and directing others.

Therefore the question naturally will be asked, if ample facilities are already afforded to so many of the youth of the State, so far as purely mental acquire-

ments are concerned, should not an opportunity be given to other youth to learn something of the principles underlying the various kinds of practical work? It will doubtless be admitted that such training, coupled with proper mental exercise, will be in the direction of a happy combination of knowledge and skill which will fit the youth of any people to be good citizens and true men.

A period of time, counted by only two graduating classes, is hardly sufficient to judge of results.

The first graduating class left the College in June, 1893. It consisted of nineteen members. Of these, three are farming, one is in charge of dairy at Occonee farm (belonging to J. S. Carr, Esq.) one is in charge of the machinery in the new Deaf and Dumb State School in Morganton, one is draughtsman in a large factory in Nashville, one is engineer in a similar place in this State, three took post-graduate work at the A. & M. College and are retained there as instructors—one is chemist at the State Experiment Station, one is in charge of the machinery on a dredge boat in Florida, one is in the milling business in Salem with Fries Brothers, one is a draughtsman in Wilmington, one is teaching mathematics in the State School for the Blind, one is teaching in the public school, one is merchandising, one is taking postgraduate work, and one is employed at home.

In the second year there were eight graduates, four of whom were already employed when they graduated. Fourteen students are spending their vacation in putting up buildings on the College grounds and in the vicinity; six are spending their vacation studying chemistry, and others are undoubtedly making themselves useful at home or elsewhere.

It will be, perhaps, readily admitted that boys who have been well grounded in English studies, in mathematics, and in scientific studies generally, and who are enabled to perform such work as above named, will make useful citizens. Of course a longer time must be permitted to make up a fair opinion as to the work of the College, but enough has been given to answer the question, Is the work of the College practical? Our students are drawn from the following sources:

- Sons of Farmers 47 per cent.
- Sons of Merchants 15 per cent.
- Sons of Machinists and mechanics 3.1 per cent.
- Sons of Lawyers 4.1 per cent.
- Sons of Physicians 3.1 per cent.
- Sons of Manufacturers 3.1 per cent.
- Sons of Ministers 2 per cent.
- Sons of County officers 1.7 per cent.

Sons of Engineers 1.7 per cent.
Sons of Bankers 1.7 per cent.
Sons of Insurance men 1.7 per cent.
Sons of Bookkeepers 1.7 per cent.
Sons of State officers 1.7 per cent.
Sons of City officers 1 per cent.
Sons of Teachers 1 per cent.
Sons of Judges 1 per cent.
Sons of Hotel men 1 per cent.
Sons of Lumbermen 1 per cent.
Sons of Tanners 1 per cent.
Sons of Sundry occupations 6.4 per cent.

The average age of all students during the past year was 18.3. An enlargement of the mechanical shops is now being made and a new dormitory building is under way. The Agricultural and Horticultural Departments are better equipped than ever before. First-rate work is being done in the Chemical Department, while physics and electricity are being taught in a thorough manner.

The moral atmosphere of the College is excellent. The institution is gaining ground rapidly. The Faculty is made up of gentlemen of high standing in their respective positions. Everything points to a future of the greatest usefulness, and the people of North Carolina may well be proud of the Agricultural and Mechanical College.

W. S. PRIMROSE,
W. B. MCCLELLAND, M. D.,
N. B. BROUGHTON,
Committee.

A Close Senate Next Year.

The Republicans from the Northwest in the Senate and House are very confident that the Republican party will have a majority after the fall elections in the Legislatures of Washington, Montana and Wyoming, so that when the vacancies in the representation of these States are filled next winter Republicans will certainly be elected. Senator Squire of Washington; Senator Power, of Montana, and Senator Carey, of Wyoming, say that they will have Republican colleagues here from their State before the first of February next. The Republicans will then have forty votes, the Democrats forty-four, or one less than a majority of the whole number of Senators, while the four Populists will practically hold the balance of power on most critical occasions. Two of them—Peffer and Stewart—sit on the Republican side, and usually vote with the Republicans; the other two—Allen and Kyle—sit on the Democratic side, and usually vote with the Democrats.

But, whenever the four Populists agree to vote together on the Republican side, it will take the casting vote of the Vice-President to carry a Democratic measure and Senator Hill, or any other Democrat, by joining them, could defeat any Democratic measure.—Philadelphia Record.

The Bishop Took the Prize.
The late Bishop Selwyn delighted to tell the following racy incident in his varied experience. While Bishop Liegeld he was walking one day in the Black Country, and observing a group of callers settled by the road side in a semi-circle with a brass kettle in front of them, he had the curiosity to inquire what was going on.

"Why, yer honor," replied a grave-looking member of the group, "it's a sort of wager. You kettle is prize for the fellow who can tell the biggest lie, and I am the umpire." Amazed and shocked, the good Bishop said reprovingly, "Why, my friends, I have never told a lie that I know since I was born." There was a dead silence, only broken by the voice of the umpire, who said in a deliberate tone—"Gie the Bishop the kettle."

Two Lives Saved.
Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. It is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Jno L. Wooten's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

THE BEST THING TO DO.

And let us consider one another to provoke unto love and to good works.—Hebrews, x., 24.

The man who thinks only of himself and is forgetful of his obligations to others doesn't count for much either in his world or the next.

A purely selfish man, who wants everything and gives nothing, lives in the suburbs of purgatory and will not have far to go when he dies.

To recognize your rights and ignore your duties is to pursue a policy which angels deplore and devils rejoice at.

God can use a man to the best advantage when the soul which is prone to selfishness evicts its tenant and makes room for the occupancy of heavenly visitants.

The man who seeks for this world's goods exclusively, whose chief possession is a bank account, will find himself out of place in heaven, a stranger in a strange land.

Money is a good thing to work for, but it isn't the only thing, nor the best thing.

It is not well to despise money, but you should remember that while it will purchase much that is desirable it will buy neither character nor happiness. Unless you generously share it with those who are unfortunate it will make you narrow and mean.

The most pitiful spectacle that eye ever looked upon is the man who has more than he knows what to do with, but refuses to give his surplus to keep the wolf away from the door across the street.

The noblest men are those who give, not those who keep, and there is more satisfaction in seeing a poor man's child eat bread which you have furnished than in setting at your own table when plenty abounds, if you ignore the poor man's children and let them go hungry.

True religion is a very simple matter. You can get along without a creed, but you cannot get along without doing good to your fellow creatures who need your help.

The world is full of sorrows and struggles. Tears fall like showers and sighs fill the air as when the wind sweeps through a forest of pines. Those who suffer are part of the family to which you belong. You have no right to be indifferent. To be neglectful is a crime. If you can lend a helping hand, but refuse to do it on the ground that you wish to use both hands for yourself, you lose an opportunity which Providence has presented, and you will have difficulty in explaining your conduct when the hour of reckoning comes.

Doing good to others is the best way to get a blessing for yourself.

You will find the strongest proofs that the religion you believe in is from God if you will cease studying the theology which is in books and devote an equal time to God's poor in your neighborhood.

When a man gives cheer to another's heart the angels mysteriously put cheer into his own.

It is right and proper to pray. "Give us this day our daily bread," but God asks a price for His answer, and that price is that you shall give some one else a share of the bread He gives to you.

If you are suffering from an affliction what will you do? How shall you seek relief? By asking God to lighten your burden? No; by doing what you can to lighten the burden of some equally troubled soul. If you bring a smile to the trembling lips of another, you will soon discover that a smile is alighting on your own lips like a butterfly on a flower.

Would you increase your faith? Would you dissipate your doubts? Would you convince yourself that life is very worth living, even when the shadows throw their gloom on your path? Then visit those who are wearily plodding along, hopeless and friendless.

You will find yourself stronger by forgetting yourself and saying a kindly word to some poor creature who would think he is in heavenly surroundings if he lived under your roof and enjoyed your advantages.

When you are in the presence of the Lord, who was Himself poor and oppressed, and who so lonely that He knelt in Gethsemane to ask for help, you will be poorly off if you have nothing better to say than that you accepted all the creeds of the Church and kept yourself unspotted from the world. But you will be well off if you can assure Him that you kept some one else unspotted from the world at great pains and sacrifice.

Love God, love your neighbor, obey the command, "Feed my lambs," and you will get a warm welcome at the end of your journey after death.

It is not what you believe, but what you do, that will entitle you to a residence in New Jerusalem.

You may be worth a million, but if you have done nothing to make the world better you will die a beggar.

You may be counted among the poor, but if you have been a brother to your fellow men a group of angels will gather about your bed and usher you with songs into the presence of Him who said: "The first shall be last, and the last first."

No one ever yet loved God acceptably who did not love His children.

There is no room in the house not built with hands for a soul that has not made some sacrifice for others.

If you love your kind and manifest that love by generous deeds it will be but a step from your grave to heaven.—New York Herald.

Let us look at the matter in the light of common sense. Except in the matter of finance and the repeal of the tax of ten per cent on the issue of State banks, the Democratic party has done all it promised to do. It has repealed the Federal election law, and passed a good tariff bill, greatly reducing the burdens of the people. We are in favor of free silver and ultimately the Democratic party will enact it, but what is the sense of so weakening the Democratic party, so as to put the Republican party again in power? Either the Democratic party or the Republican party will shape the legislation of this country. This is a statement which no man who is at all informed will for a moment question. There is no other party which can by any possibility secure the control of the government. It is simply a question of which the people prefer, the Democratic or Republican party. As far as the Peoples party is concerned, it is out of the race. We have tried the Republican party for a third of a century, and are now suffering from the effects of its class legislation and its demoralization of silver. We certainly do not desire to continue it in power. Then the only course is to stand by the Democratic party. It will, in the end, do all it has promised. Stand by the old ship. If she does not make the headway you desire, she will reach port at last and this is the only ship which can weather the storm.—Warrenton Record.

William Fitzpatrick, a weaver in England, mistook his digestive capacity and conceived a fondness for nails. He died suddenly, and to determine the cause of his death the doctors held a post mortem. The result was the discovery in his stomach of over a pound of nails varying in size from a tack to a flooring nail. Occasionally he varied his bill of fare by swallowing screws, buttons, etc.

There is a great deal of hard common sense in the following paragraph from the Blakely Observer: "A woman will face a frowning world and cling to the man she loves through the most bitter adversity, but she would not wear a hat three months behind the fashion to save the republic itself. She just ain't constructed according to those plans and specifications."

Do you have headache, dizziness, nervousness, loss of appetite and other symptoms of biliousness? Hood's Sarsaparilla will cure you.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AN ADMIRABLE ECONOMY.

Under the above caption the Washington Post, independent, says:

Hon. J. D. Sayers, chairman of the committee on appropriations, gratifies the country and credits himself in the announcement that the Fifty-third Congress has effected a saving of \$30,000,000 in the budget of public expenditure. Reductions, where they can be made without impairing the efficiency of the government, are always to be desired, but we recall no time within the generation when economy was more desirable than it is at present. The operation of the McKinley act has not been satisfactory. The result is that with a constant and legitimate growth of necessity for public expenditure and a tariff arrangement that did not yield the needed revenue, we have been gradually approaching a condition of bankruptcy. Even without the encouraging prospect opened to us by the passage of the new tariff bill, the reductions effected by the committee of which Mr. Sayers is the chairman are therefore as useful as they are timely. A matter of \$30,000,000 is always one of moment to any government under any circumstances, but Mr. Sayers has accomplished that economy at a crisis which lends it peculiar significance.

We do not doubt that, when the new tariff bill shall have gone into thorough effect, the Treasury will be relieved of all its present embarrassments. Such competent authority as Secretary Carlisle may be quoted in support of this opinion. But some months must elapse before that consummation can be reached, and meanwhile such achievements as this of Mr. Sayers come at a most opportune time.

The Democratic party can go before the people in November with a very fair title to their confidence. It is something, surely, to have substituted a sound, conservative, and provident financial system for a thoroughly unsatisfactory and inadequate one, and to have exhibited, at the same time, a capacity for wholesome and genuine retrenchment.

North Carolina is about to lay claim to another historic honor. A writer in the Charlotte Observer is of the opinion that Noah's ark was built in North Carolina as the wood of which it was built is peculiar to this State. People are generally coming to accept the genuineness of our Mecklenburg declaration of independence, but it will no doubt be quite a while before the belief that Noah's ark was built here can be well established.

An old lady died near Elkins few weeks ago whom everybody thought was very poor, as she always seemed hard run and was at times pushed to pay her taxes when they became due. After her death her people found \$700 in cash hid away among a lot of castings in an old chest. It was a great surprise to them, as they did not think she had any money at all.

Japan comes to the front with the oldest married couple on record. The man is said to be 133 years old and his wife 135. Their two oldest children are respectively 108 and 105 years. The mother-in-law of the family is dead.—Wilmington Star.

Electric Bitters. This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A pure medicine does not cost and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle at John L. Wooten's Drugstore.

THE NEGRO IN POLITICS.

The negro is now a greater factor in politics than he has ever before been in the South. At the late election in Alabama he voted almost solidly for the democratic nominees, as against the fusion ticket of white republican bosses and populists.

In North Carolina many negroes voted local democratic tickets at the last election, and they did so as a matter of preference. The majority of negroes are naturally republicans and vote that ticket, but where there is no republican ticket in the field they usually vote with the democrats, because they feel safe under democratic government. They know their rights have been as much respected under democratic rule as under any other. They have much cause to feel grateful to democrats for the schools and charitable institutions that their race has enjoyed in this State at the hands of democratic legislative bodies.

There is not one jot or tittle more disposition in the populist platform to recognize the rights of the people of the State irrespective of color than in the democratic platform. Yet we have it on good authority that populist emissaries are urging, with every means that they command, the negro to vote the co-operation ticket. But the negro is suspicious, and well he may be, for the party that is now putting him on the head for his vote is the same that two years ago wished him disfranchised.—Clinton Democrat.

—Reduced prices in—
Watch Repairing!

Have your Watches Cleaned for 35 cents. Main Springs 50 cents, all other work as cheap in proportion. Call on me at corner store near post-office. Z. F. HIGGSMITH, Watchmaker & Jeweler, Greenville, N. C.

Professional Cards

H. F. PRICE, SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Greenville, N. C. Office at the King House.

D. R. L. JAMES, DENTIST, Greenville, N. C.

JAS. E. MOORE, L. I. MOORE, WILLIAMSON, MOORE & MOORE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, GREENVILLE, N. C. Office under Opera House, Third St.

J. L. FLEMING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Greenville, N. C. Prompt attention to business. Office at Tucker & Murphy's old stand.

F. G. JAMES, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GREENVILLE, N. C. Practice in all the courts. Collections a specialty.

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HOTEL NICHOLSON, WASHINGTON, N. C.

Geo. A. Spencer, Mgr.

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. Special attention to Commercial Men. Free Day.



Mabel—I buy my dresses from Mr. Bluebottle.
Florence—I want you to distinctly understand that H. C. Hooker keeps the finest dress goods in town and that's where mamma trades.

H. C. HOOKER

—HAS JUST RETURNED FROM—

NEW - YORK

with a large and complete line of
**Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots Shoes,
Hats & Gaps**

call and get his prices, next door to J. A. Andrews.

Tobacco is selling well here this week. Sell your tobacco while it is at a good price and buy your goods of H. C. Hooker, while they are low down.

Heavy yard wide Hemespun at H. C. Hooker's for 5 cents a yard.

To the farmers of Pitt and surrounding counties I wish to say to you all that all kinds of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., has been reduced in prices. I bought at the down figures and am selling them with the tariff off.

Prof Ragsdale opened school Tuesday morning. Keep straight boys, study hard and buy your clothing from H. C. Hooker, it is switch-back proof.

Yard-wide Bleaching at H. C. Hooker's at 5 cents a yard.

Calico 4 cents a yard at H. C. Hooker's. Can't get the color out with box dye, buy some of it.

Thanks to the public for their liberal patronage and hope a continuance of the same.

THE REFLECTOR

Local Reflections

A nice line of spectacles at A. J. Griffin's, the practical watchmaker, jeweller and engraver.

September.
For good reliable Shoes go to Wiley Brown.

Ninth month.
First class Curt Wheels with Iron Axle, only \$10 a pair.

JOHN FLANAGAN BUGGY CO.
Much better weather now.

Go to Cory's and get your Harness, Shoes, Trunks and Valises repaired.

First fall month is with us.
All Summer Goods must go. New Fall Goods arriving.

BOSWELL, SPEIGHT & CO.
Attend your township primary next Saturday.

The Greenville Iron Works does all kinds of engine repairing. Bring your engine before the busy fall season arrives.

JAMES BROWN, Proprietor.
The season is here for the oysters to get in the soup.

New assortment of Bibles from American B. S., just received.

WILEY BROWN, Depositor.
County convention Thursday of next week.

FREE CRAYONS—I am now giving a life size Crayon free with every dozen Photographs.

R. HYMAN.
Mrs. Lucy Bernard's school opens next Monday.

A large stock of nice Furniture cheap at the Old Brick Store.

Superior Court begins third Monday in this month.

Sewing machines from \$15 to \$50. Latest improved New Home \$35.

WILEY BROWN.
This month gives us five Saturdays and five Sundays.

Remember I pay you cash for Chicken Eggs and Country Produce at the Old Brick Store.

See notice to creditors by J. A. K. Tucker, administrator of J. E. Tucker, in this issue.

Complete line of Dry Goods at Wiley Brown's.

The County Commissioners and Board of Education both had busy sessions Monday.

Splendid line of tablets and box paper at Reflector Book Store.

Cheap, New Grass Butter 20 cents per pound. Best Blended Tea 25 cents per pound. Imported Macaroni 10 cents. Cream Cheese at the Old Brick Store.

Watches, clocks and jewelry carefully repaired by the old experienced and practical watchmaker, A. J. Griffin.

The Reflector again requests secretaries of the primaries to send us reports of Saturday meetings as early as possible. We want to publish the full list of delegates in next week's paper.

Personal.

Mr. Harry Harding left yesterday for Chapel Hill.

Mr. W. J. Nichols left for Chapel Hill yesterday.

Mrs. J. L. Moore went to Cary last week to visit relatives.

Mrs. A. L. Blow left Monday morning for Richmond, Va.

Miss Alice Nichols left yesterday to enter school at Bethel.

Miss Mary Walker left yesterday to attend school at Littleton.

Messrs J. B. Jackson and E. F. Munford left yesterday for Wake Forest.

Mrs. D. E. Doughty returned Friday from a week's visit to Pactivus.

Mr. J. F. Harrington has taken a position as clerk with W. H. White.

Miss Arley Moore spent part of the past week visiting Miss Cotte Hearn.

Dr. E. D. Barnes, of Tarboro, has opened a dental office in the King House.

Mr. L. H. Pender and family returned Saturday from the western part of the State.

Mr. W. B. Wilson and three of his boys went to Plymouth Saturday to visit relatives.

Miss Minnie Carroway, of Halifax, has been visiting friends here the past week.

Mr. B. F. Sugg who was confined some weeks with rheumatism, is out on crutches.

Mr. R. J. House has come to Greenville and taken a clerkship with Boswell, Speight & Co.

Miss Ada Hearn left yesterday to resume her duties as teacher in the female school at Littleton.

Messrs. Charlie O'Hagan and James Moore left Monday for Oxford to attend Horner school.

Mr. W. G. Lang, of Farmville, took the north bound train here Monday morning for Baltimore.

Mrs. J. E. Wooten, of Trenton, has come to Greenville to make her home with her son, Mr. J. L. Wooten.

Mr. B. S. Sheppard left Monday morning for Pannoea springs to join Mrs. Sheppard who went last week.

Mr. W. H. Dixon, of this county, took the cars here Monday for Chapel Hill to attend the University.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Tyson, left this morning for a pleasure trip to Baltimore, New York, Saratoga and Niagara Falls.

Sheriff R. W. King left yesterday to take James Downs to Suffolk. Downs is accused of burning a barn near there.

Rev. A. Greaves has moved his family to Kinston to make his home there. He will fill regular appointments in Greenville.

Mr. E. Lipscomb, auctioneer of the Eastern Warehouse, has moved his family to Greenville and occupies a building in Forbestown.

Miss Bettie Tyson left Monday morning for Winston-Salem accompanied by her father, Mr. R. A. Tyson, to enter the Salem Female Seminary.

Mrs. S. C. Wells, of Wilson, came down Saturday evening, being summoned by telegraph to her daughter who is quite sick at the King House.

Rev. J. H. Lamberth was expected to return last night from his two month's absence. He will fill his pulpit in the Baptist church next Sunday.

The wife of Mr. W. H. Robertson, of Carolina township, died on Friday morning of last week.

If you want the best, full cream cheese go to J. S. Smith & Co.

Admiral Cigarettes \$3.50 a thousand, jobbers price.

J. L. STARKEY & CO.
Bird and squirrel hunters go to J. E. Smith & Co's., and get your loaded or unloaded shells, powder and shot. Prices to suit.

WANTED—An experienced tobacco buyer wants a partner with some capital to engage in the leaf business on the Greenville market. Guarantee against losses. Call at REFLECTOR office for particulars.

Mens good Shoes \$1.15 a pair, Ladies Dongola Shoes at 98 cents.

J. L. STARKEY & CO.
Handsome and cheap Oak Sets, up stairs, Old Brick Store.

Three kinds of Canned Pine apple at J. S. Smith & Co's. He has two kinds of grated and one of sliced.

DENTAL NOTICE—I can be found in my office at the King House now and until Oct. 1st 1894.

E. D. BARNES, Dentist.
Greenville N. C. Sept. 1st 1894.

Just received 70 barrels first patent Flour, \$3.65 a barrel, at J. L. Starkey & Co's.

Don't wait until cotton is all open and you are crowded to bring your engines to be repaired. The Greenville Iron Works does all kinds of repairing.

JAMES BROWN, Proprietor.
The very thing you want in school tablets can be found at Reflector Book Store.

Boneless Pickle Pigs Feet and loose cucumber pickles at J. S. Smith & Co's.

Crescent Bicycles for sale by S. E. Pender & Co., agents for Western Wheel Works. The largest Bicycle factory in America. Get prices and catalogue from Pender.

The Rainfall.

Mr. R. R. Cotten has a weather station at Cottondale and takes daily observations. He tells us that the rain fall for the last three months was as follows: June 1.69, July 12.88, August 14.67. Such heavy rainfall for July and August is almost unprecedented for two consecutive months.

Nice Toys.

Two negroes out in Beaver Dam, Bill Graham and Will Taft, were playing with a pipe one day last week. Taft grabbed the pipe from Graham and Graham shot him, the ball taking effect in Taft's hip. Dr. C. A. Blount cut the ball out and Taft is getting on well. Graham said he "didn't know it was loaded."

Killed a Deer With a Brick.

One day last week Mr. Josephus Moyer killed a deer with a brick. Dogs were running the deer and to escape them it jumped in a ditch close to Mr. Moyer's house. There was so much water in the ditch the deer could not get out, and Mr. Moyer struck it on the head with brick and captured it. The deer was about half grown.

Try It.

The fall season is here and the end of the year draweth on rapidly. Every man of business is now stirring himself to make the best of the few remaining months and to get his share of the trade while the busy season is passing. The hustling man neglecteth not to advertise, for verily he knoweth to do so would put him behind his competitor in the race for customers. Judicious advertising furnishes the key to success.

Snake and Turkey.

Mr. Allen Kittrell started out to hunt squirrels, the other day. He had not gone far in the woods before a big rattle snake showed up in his path. The reptile was quickly dispatched with a load of shot and he pursued his way. A little further on a fine turkey gobbler saucily intercepted him. Another bang of the gun and he gobbled no more. With this kind of shooting he lost interest in hunting for such small game as squirrels.

Marriage Licenses.

During the month of August Register of Deeds Harding issued licenses to the following couples, six white and four colored.

WHITE—Miles Brinkley and Sarah Suggs, Marcus M. Briley and Artamissa Whitehurst, Wm. F. Buck and Susan Ann Mayo, John P. Jolly and Ada P. Dixon, Samuel Mills and Virginia Lee, William Ford and Fanny Harris.

COLOR—Lewis Williams and Sally Ann Stocks, John Peebles and Josephine Boyd, Alfred Calley and Ella R. Dudley, Abram Harris and Mariah Smith.

Greenville's Sweet Singer.

A few weeks ago a music recital was given in Kinston in which Mrs. J. B. Cherry, of this town, took a prominent part. Commenting upon her selections a writer in the Free Press said:

"No singer has met with more hearty approval in Kinston than Mrs. Cherry. Her voice is strong and sonorous and the ease with which she sings high notes, her good enunciation and theatrical pose, called forth storms of applause. Facts lie in figures and four encores are flattering. Kinstonians hope that this will not be her last appearance."

At the Breaks.

At the Eastern Warehouse last Friday nearly four hundred piles of tobacco were sold in one hour and five minutes, and the book-keepers had every account made out ready for the checks to be drawn when the last pile was knocked off. That was rapid work.

The tobacco sales last week were tremendous. Fully 50,000 pounds were on Friday's breaks and then all that come was not put on the floors. All the warehousemen and the buyers were a happy looking set of men, and they made the farmers happy, too, by shooting their weed to good prices. Greenville is forging right ahead as the best market in the State.

For the week ending Aug. 31st the sales on the Greenville tobacco market were as follows: Greenville Warehouse, 35,468 pounds for \$3,600; Planters Warehouse, 36,847 pounds for \$3,700; Eastern Warehouse, 37,000 pounds for \$4,334.48, making a total for the three houses of 109,315 pounds for \$12,234.48. This is the largest sale ever made during a week in August on any market in Eastern North Carolina, and with very few exceptions planters were well pleased. This market has about twenty buyers, all anxious for tobacco at good prices.

We met Mr. R. W. Alexander, a young farmer of Lenoir county, on the breaks here Friday, and he gave us his experience in tobacco culture. He got married about two years ago, bought on credit 103 acres of land of which only 20 acres were cleared, built him a house that would do to live in and settled down to work. In this time he has cleared more of his land, built two tobacco barns, a large pack house and other necessary buildings about his place, and by the time he gets through selling this year's crop will finish paying for his farm and have \$600 left. He makes all his sales on this market.

Wanted—Agents, Women and men, women preferred, to canvass for a handsome illustrated, inexpensive patriotic book. A liberal percent allowed. Address, Women's Washington Book Agency, Washington, D. C.

A Close Call.

There came near being a collision on the Norfolk & Carolina road Saturday afternoon. The "shoo fly" train had run a short distance out of Suffolk when the engineer saw a heavy log train coming meeting him. Quicker than it takes to tell it, he applied air brakes to stop his train, reversed and went flying back to the nearest siding. It seems the log train was trying to make Suffolk before the "shoo fly" pulled out but missed it a few minutes, and the crew of the latter did not know it was coming. Quick work on the part of the engineer averted a disaster. There were several passengers on the "shoo fly," some of them from Greenville, and they tell us they were a considerably frightened crew for a few moments.

Property Valuation in Pitt County.

On Monday the Board of County Commissioners turned over the tax books for 1894 to Sheriff King. Below we give the aggregates for the county as furnished by Register of Deeds Harding:

No.	Value.
Acres land 297,410	\$ 1,782,851
Town lots 690 1/2	295,484
Horses 2,490	112,975
Mules 1,817	87,301
Jacks 3	330
Goats 1,295	724
Cattle 9,415	59,696
Hogs 33,297	37,344
Sheep 2,993	13,417
Farming Implements	41,597
Mechanic's Tools	5,252
Household & kitchen furniture	90,141
Provisions	72,250
Fire arms	6,604
Libraries	3,082
Scientific Instruments	1,997
Money on hand	72,573
Solvent Credits	286,878
Shares in incorporated co's.	1,615
All other property	254,427

Aggregate val real & persol at, \$3,215,345
Of this the amount listed by white people was \$3,140,021, by colored people \$75,324.

OTHER LOCALS.

Rev. R. B. John, P. E., of the Washington District, will preach in the Methodist church next Sunday morning and evening.

Most of our merchants are back from their northern purchasing trip and are now displaying splendid lines of new goods.

Mr. Zeno More will deliver an address to the Pitt County Camp Sons of Confederate Veterans in the Court House Monday night.

The male academy opened yesterday and the female seminary opens to day. Our people should see to it that these schools are made the pride of the community.

The 4th. Quarterly meeting for the Greenville circuit will be held at Arden the third Saturday and Sunday in September. Preaching both days at 11 o'clock by Rev. R. B. John, P. E.

If you fail to attend your town ship primary next Saturday don't complain afterwards about what is done by those who are present. It is the duty of every Democrat to be on hand in his respective township.

Be sure that you read W. H. White's advertisement to-day, and do not overlook the fact that he carries a complete stock of general merchandise and sells as low as reliable goods can be bought for.

The editor has enjoyed no feast more than one had from some delicious peaches sent over to us by Mr. H. C. Hooker upon his return from the north on Friday evening. They were large, luscious and as fine as we ever tasted.

That enterprising young merchant, D. W. Hardee, has an attractive advertisement in the REFLECTOR to-day. His store has recently been enlarged and he has a full line of groceries both for retail and wholesale trade. Give him a call.

Mr. L. N. Edwards tells us that his wife has a four-months-old pullet that has adopted a brood of twelve chickens that were taken from a hen. The pullet attends the biddie's and chicks to them during the day, and hovers them at night just like the mother hen.

The John Flanagan Buggy Co., have a large advertisement in today's REFLECTOR. This reliable firm continue the manufacture of reliable vehicles that for excellence, comfort and durability can be surpassed nowhere. They also sell the Acme Harrow, the best cultivator in use.

A mule with a buggy hitched to him walked up to the gate at Mrs. L. C. Rountrees' farm, two miles from town, on Saturday, and was still there at last accounts. No driver was along and no one making any inquiry after the mule, it is not known who is the owner.

It should not be necessary to call attention of the city authorities to the weeds that are taking possession of the town. Such a prolific growth of them is a menace to both comfort and health. They could be easily removed with a little work and should be cut down at once.

That prince among clothing merchants, Frank Wilson, greets REFLECTOR readers to-day with a quarter page advertisement, in which mention is made of some of the attractions he offers. He can supply you with what you want in fine clothing, both in custom work and ready made suits. Besides this his lines of dress goods, staple dry goods, notions, shoes, &c., are the equal of any you can find.

The most boisterous game now going the rounds is, according to the way it is played in Greenville called "Up Jinks." An old fashioned corn shucking would sink into insignificance in the same neighborhood with one of these games in progress, and as a long distance traveler the "Up Jinks" party is almost equal to the Christmas powder jug. The noise incident to the game seems to be an unnecessary accompaniment.

BUSY

OPENING

THE FALL GOODS

Come to see us and we will do the balance.

C. T. MUNFORD,

The Low Tariff Cash Man.

In time of peace prepare for war,
In time of heat prepare for winter.

This is what we are now doing while the thermometer registers up in the nineties. I am in the northern markets selecting a line of Goods for the Fall and Winter that will far surpass anything of the kind ever shown in Greenville.

LANG

WHAT A RACKET

—the people are making over the—

FURNITURE & RACKET STORE

You can find anything you want from a paper of Pins to the finest FURNITURE.

Antique Oak Suits \$19.00.

Bedsteads \$1.48.
Chairs, per dozen, \$2.00. RATTAN ROCKERS, &c.

and if they want any Racket Goods why the prices have struck bottom with the tariff off—

Boys Hats 5 cents.
\$1.25 Umbrellas 99 cents.
Paper Pins 1 cent.

75 cents Shirts 48 cents.
35 " 24
Paper Needles 1 cent.

Pens, Pencils, Paper, Ink, Crayon, Slates, &c., everything for the school room or any other room can be found at the

Furniture & Racket Store,
GREENVILLE, N. C.

Old Racket Store Stand, Opposite Mrs. Cowell.

THE JOHN FLANAGAN BUGGY COMPANY

—ARE STILL AT IT MAKING FIRST-CLASS—

BUGGIES AND PHÆTONS.

—AND SELLING THE BEST—

HARNESS ' AND ' FARM ' WAGONS,

and doing all kinds of repairing to vehicles. We are also —Agents for the—

ACME - HARROW



The best Cultivator known. It will cut, lift, turn, level and pulverize the land all in one operation. We have them in all sizes from 3 to 13 1/2 feet.

You can find us at the same old stand ready to serve you.

The John Flanagan Buggy Company.

J. L. SUGG,

Life and Fire Insurance Agent!

GREENVILLE, N. C.

OFFICE AT THE COURT HOUSE.

All kinds of Risks placed in strictly FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES

At lowest current rates.

AM AGENT FOR FIRST-CLASS FIRE PROOF SAFE

J. B. CHERRY & CO.

ASK

—IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN LOOKING FOR—

BARGAINS!

Go straight to them, their stock is now complete, their store is full of choice selected—

Gen'l Merchandise

From which genuine bargains can be had. We buy for Cash. We sell for Cash, or on approved credit. We carry the stock. We do the business. We fear no legitimate competition. We dread no comparison of stock, quality and prices. Our store is the place for you to buy goods at right prices, for the following reasons: We buy for Cash. We seek for quality and durability. We deal squarely with you. We carry the largest stock to be found in our county from which to make your selections. We do not seek to take advantage of you. We are responsible for all errors or mistakes that may occur on our part. We do not carry a cheap John stock of job lots and inferior goods and push off on you things you do not want. Once our customer you will remain our friend. Hundreds of customers visit our store, buy their goods at right prices are well pleased with their purchases, go home satisfied. Now why don't you do the same thing and receive your money's worth. One hundred cents on the dollar

Look here did you know that you could buy from us almost any article you may need in the following lines:

Dry Goods, Notions, Hats, Gentlemens Furnishing Goods,

Caps, Shoes for Everybody, Ladies, Misses and Childrens Oxfords, Men's Fine and Heavy Shoes, Crockery and Glassware, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plows and Castings, Groceries, and Flour, Matting, Curtain Poles and Lace Curtains.

Furniture Furniture,

Cheap and Medium Grades, Chairs, Bedsteads, Lounges, Tables, Sideboards, Tin Safes, Mattresses, Bed Springs, Children's Beds, Cradles, Bureaus and Full Suits of Bed Room Furniture.

Take a look at our stock it will cost you nothing and may save you dollars. We are agents for J. & P. COATS' SPOOL COTTON at jobbers prices.

Come One. Come All.

W. I. BOSWELL. JESSE SPEIGHT. C. M. JONES

BOSWELL, SPEIGHT & CO.

GONE NORTH.

Watch this Space.

NEW GOODS

Are Arriving Daily

WILEY BROWN

is in the

Northern - Markets

purchasing

Fall - and - Winter

GOODS.

Don't buy until you see him.

Before buying your new bicycle look the field over carefully. The superiority of Victor Bicycles was never so fully demonstrated as at present. Our '94 line will bear the most rigid scrutiny, and we challenge comparison.

There's but one best—Victor.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO.

BOSTON, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO, DETROIT, DENVER.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. AND FLORENCE RAIL ROAD. Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated July 8, 1894.	No. 29 Daily	No. 30 Daily	No. 41 Daily
Leave Weldon Ar. Roek Mt	A. M. 8:25	P. M. 9:27	A. M. 10:20
Ar Tarboro Lv Tarboro	3:40	12:25	
Lv Rocky Mt Lv Wilson	1:02	10:20	6:00
Lv Selma Lv Fayetteville	2:58	11:01	
Ar Florence	4:35	12:51	
	7:25	3:00	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Dated July 8, 1894.	No. 28 Daily	No. 31 Daily	No. 40 Daily
Lv Florence Lv Fayetteville	7:30	7:25	
Lv Selma Ar Wilson	10:25	9:30	
Ar Tarboro Lv Tarboro	12:25		
Lv Rocky Mt Ar Weldon	2:13	12:05	11:15

Train on Southern Neck Branch leaves Weldon 3:40 p. m., Halifax 4:00 p. m., arrives at Neck at 4:55 p. m., Greenville 6:37 p. m., Kinston 7:35 p. m., returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 a. m., Greenville 8:22 a. m., arriving Halifax at 11:30 a. m., Weldon 11:20 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 a. m., arrives Parrelle 8:40 a. m., Tarboro 9:50; returning leaves Tarboro 5:50 p. m., Parrelle 6:10 p. m., arrives Washington 7:35 p. m., daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Southern Neck Branch.

Trains leave Tarboro, N. C., via Albemarle & Raleigh R. R. daily except Sunday, at 5:00 p. m., Sunday 8:00 p. m.; arrive Plymouth 9:20 p. m., 5:20 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 4:30 a. m., Sunday 9:30 a. m., arrive Tarboro 10:25 a. m., and 11:45 a. m.

Trains on Midland N. C. Branch leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 a. m., arriving Smithfield, 7:30 a. m., R. R. returning leaves Smithfield, 8:00 a. m.; arrive at Goldsboro, 9:30 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 p. m., arrive Nashville 5:05 p. m., Spring Hope 5:30 p. m., returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 a. m., Nashville 8:35 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9:05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch, Florence R. R. leaves Latta 6:50 p. m., arrive Dunbar 8:00 p. m., returning leave Dunbar 6:30 a. m., arrive Latta 8:00 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, at 11:00 a. m., returning leave Clinton at 1:00 p. m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all call via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Norfolk & Carolina railroad for Norfolk daily and all points North via Norfolk, daily except Sunday.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Supt. J. E. KENLY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMBISON, Traffic Manager.

ATLANTIC & NORTH CAROLINA R. R. TIME TABLE. In Effect December 4th, 1893.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST. Pass. Daily Ex Sun. STATIONS. Ar. Lv. Ar. Lv.

P. M. P. M. A. M. A. M. 3 20 Goldsboro 11 00

Train 4 connects with Wilmington & Weldon train leaving North, leaving Goldsboro 11:35 a. m., and with R. & D. train West, leaving Goldsboro 2:35 p. m.

Train 5 connects with Richmond & Danville train, arriving at Goldsboro 12:45 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 2:55 p. m.

TOBACCO DEPARTMENT.

Conducted by O. L. JOYNER, Proprietor Eastern Tobacco Warehouse

LOCAL NOTES AND TOBACCO JOTTINGS

Messrs. C. C. Vines, J. C. Cook, A. O. Height, Peyton Mayo and many others from Falkland, were on the breaks last week with tobacco.

Messrs. Lipscombe, Gorman, Hayes, Parham, Morgan, Harrison and Whitfield went over to Kinston last week. They report a good time generally.

Messrs. Everette Rouse and Zadoc Edwards, two prominent planters of Lenoir county were on the breaks last week. They seemed favorably impressed with prices.

Who says raising tobacco does not pay. Mr. Jas. H. Hardy, a young man living just below Greenville, stated last Sunday that he had sold three bars of tobacco at the Eastern warehouse for over four hundred dollars.

That clever gentleman and successful grower of fine Pitt county wrappers, Mr. Harvey Tyson, was on sale last week. He had a load of tobacco for a neighbor, and was we are pleased to say well pleased with prices.

Messrs. G. M. Tucker and Henry Edwards have opened a grading room for the purpose of carefully handling their purchases. They are dealing largely. It is needless to say it is only a question of time when they will succeed in their undertaking, for they know no such word as fail.

Hon. John S. Harris, who by the way, raises some of the finest tobacco grown in the county, came down with a load last week. He sold with the Eastern and we are glad to say was well pleased. Mr. Harris's elegant home ten miles from Greenville is a model of all that makes home life happy. His is truly a home of the new South type.

The warehouse people got up a little fun of all kinds occasionally. One evening last week the writer and Mr. L. F. Evans offered the all other remedies, with the attention of the most experienced physicians, have for years failed. This Ointment is of long standing and the high reputation which it has obtained is owing entirely to its own efficacy, as but little effort has ever been made to bring it before the public. One bottle of this Ointment will be sent to any address on receipt of One Dollar. All Cash Orders promptly attended to. Address all orders and communications to T. F. CHRISTMAN, Greenville, N. C.

OLD DOMINION LINE. Connecting at Wilmington with steamers of the Norfolk, Newbern and Washington direct line for Norfolk, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Shippers should order their goods marked with "Old Dominion Line" from New York, "Clyde Line" from Philadelphia, "Roanoke, Norfolk & Baltimore Steamboat Company" from Baltimore, "Merchants & Miners Line" from Boston.

TARRIVER SERVICE. Steamers leave Washington for Greenville and Tarboro touching at all landings on Tar River Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M. Returning leave Tarboro at 5 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays Greenville 10 A. M. same days. These departures are subject to change of water on Tar River.

Connecting at Wilmington with steamers of the Norfolk, Newbern and Washington direct line for Norfolk, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Shippers should order their goods marked with "Old Dominion Line" from New York, "Clyde Line" from Philadelphia, "Roanoke, Norfolk & Baltimore Steamboat Company" from Baltimore, "Merchants & Miners Line" from Boston.

Can You Read The Future? Do you know what your condition will be 20 years hence? Will your earning capacity be equal to the support of yourself and family? This is a serious question, yet, you could confidently answer "yes" if you had a twenty-years Tontine Policy in the Equitable Life.

A method which guarantees all the protection furnished by any kind of life insurance, and in addition the largest cash returns to those policyholders whose lives are prolonged, and who then need money rather than assurance. For facts and figures, address W. J. RODDEY, Manager, For the Carolinas, ROCK HILL, S. C.

GREENVILLE TOBACCO MARKET REPORT.

BY O. L. JOYNER. During the past week prices have been fully up and the warehouses have all been crowded. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday each warehouse had all it could handle. Wednesday \$2,500 was paid for the week, Thursday \$4,000, and at present writing (Friday morning) the indications are that the day's offerings will bring between \$5,000 and \$6,000. There is no change in prices, except wrappers have advanced.

QUOTATIONS-SMOKERS. Common.....\$2.00 to \$5.00 Good.....5.00 to 7.00 Fine.....7.00 to 10.00 Cutters.....12.50 to 30.00

FILLERS. Common.....1.50 to 3.00 Good.....3.00 to 7.00 Best.....7.00 to 15.00

WRAPPERS. Common.....8.00 to 12.00 Good.....15.00 to 25.00 Fine.....25.00 to 65.00

Deafness Cannot be Cured. By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed hearing is impaired or lost forever unless it is entirely cured. Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be stopped forever and when it is ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

TWO NOTED WOMEN. Lady Somerset and Miss Willard, and Their Temperance Work.

The Front Position Obtained by the National British Temperance Association.—The Good Effects of Miss Willard's Visit to England.

Few women's organizations have attained the position now freely conceded to the National British Temperance association. I do not agree with their extreme views and wishes, but it is impossible not to admire the faith they display in themselves and their dogged determination to win in spite of all opposition. But the society has been extremely fortunate not only in its president, Lady Henry Somerset—and we all know how a title is welcomed in spite of the democratic wave sweeping over England—who is a woman of immense energy, and allows nothing to interfere between her and the work she has undertaken. Her wealth enables her to do what could not be attempted by those who are compelled to be engrossed in the cares from which she is fortunately relieved, and her unflinching devotion to the cause may be best conceived by the record of her last year's work, during which she held one hundred and fifteen meetings, twenty-seven conferences, traveled over eight thousand miles, spoke in twenty counties to about two hundred thousand people, while her pen is also at work in various directions, and as the joint editor of the Woman's Signal with Miss Holdsworth. I also think that Miss Frances Willard's visit to this country has done much to strengthen Lady Somerset's hands and to increase the enthusiasm of her followers. Miss Willard has one of those rare magnetic natures which appeal to all, even the dullest, with whom she comes in personal contact, and many a waverer has been fired by her enthusiasm in England as well as in America, where she ranks as one of the noblest and most successful workers. No wonder that the council of this association at their recent conference desired to express "its loyalty and admiration, together with its sincere appreciation and deep gratitude for the service rendered to the cause of women and temperance" during her stay here. "The temperance women of England," continued Frances Willard before she came among them, but now they love her as a personal friend and comrade by whose counsels they have benefited, and whose self-denying labors during her period of illness they can never forget and never repay." This philanthropic lady may rest assured that she leaves for the land of the stars and stripes with the good will, if not good wishes, of many who are still outside the movement she has led in America with such unflinching courage.—Ladies' Pictorial.

Uncle Hiram—Say, Mirandy, the darned fool won't have a drop left when he gets home. Look at it look! Truth.

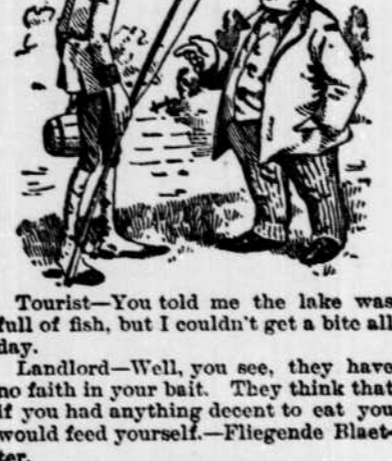
Cupid's Telegraph. A conductor on the Consolidated railroad discovered an ingenious case of cupid's telegram recently. He was talking about it. A certain young man belonging in Hartford visits a young lady in a suburban town almost every night. He comes home on the last train and always sits in the smoking car. The conductor noticed for awhile that the young man got on the train at the way station and lighted a cigar. The train passes near the house of the young man's sweetheart. Only the other night the conductor noticed a light waved twice in an upper window of the house. He noticed the young man, too, and was amused to see that he had just lighted a match for his cigar and was waving it twice close to the window, returning the signal from the house.—Hartford Post.

OUT ON THE FLY.



"Adversity has uses sweet. And this one I do declare. If you've a bald head, soft and neat. Your wife can never pull your hair." —Texas Sittin'.

INTELLIGENCE OF FISH.



Tourist—You told me the lake was full of fish, but I couldn't get a bite all day. Landlord—Well, you see, they have no faith in your bait. They think that if you had anything decent to eat you would feed yourself.—Flegende Blaetter.

A LOAD OFF HIS MIND.



Briggs—Cleverton says you borrowed five dollars from him yesterday. Griggs—And that isn't the worst of it. Briggs—What do you mean? Griggs—That's only half of what I want, old man.—Detroit Free Press.

BREAKING THE NEWS.



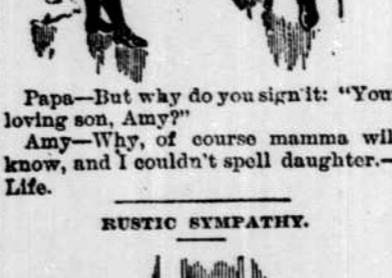
Papa—But why do you sign it? "Your loving son, Amy." Amy—Why, of course mamma will know, and I couldn't spell daughter.—Life.

A SHORT WAY OUT OF IT.



Francis H. Underwood's Friends. The late Francis H. Underwood passed his early years in the best of company. As clerk of the Massachusetts senate he saw and knew Banks, Henry Wilson, Rufus Choate, Hoar and Dawes, and in later life, as president of the Papyrus club, he was on terms of familiar intimacy with the most prominent of the hub's literary lights. It is to be regretted that he never gave the world a volume of reminiscences, for they would have been certain to be interesting. Mr. Underwood was a conspicuous figure wherever he happened to be, and Boston misses his genial face framed in its setting of snow-white hair.

RUSTIC SYMPATHY.



Uncle Hiram—Say, Mirandy, the darned fool won't have a drop left when he gets home. Look at it look! Truth.

A BURNT CHILD, ETC.



Young Wife—I am afraid Henry is gone. He says he has no appetite and won't come home to dinner. Her Mother—Humph! Is this the first abortive you've made him? Young Wife—No; I made one last week and he ate quite heartily of it.

TURNING THE TABLES.

The Negro Met the Lawyer on His Own Ground. A Kentucky lawyer was standing on the steps of the Covington post office the other day, when an old colored man came up, and, touching his hat, asked: "Kin you tell me, is dis de place where dey sells postage stamps?" "Yes, sir; this is the place," replied the lawyer, seeing a chance for a little quiet fun; "but what do you want with postage stamps, uncle?"

"To mail a letter, sah, of course." "Well, then, you needn't bother about stamps; you don't have to put any on this week."

"I don't?" "No, sir." "Why—for not?" "Well, you see, the conglomeration of the hypothesis has differentiated the parallelism so much that the consequent don't emulate the ordinary effectiveness, and so the government has decided to send letters free."

The old man took off his hat dubiously, shook his head, and then, with a long breath, remarked: "Well, boss, all dat may be true, an' I don't say it ar't, but just s'pose dat de eckcentricity de aggregation trensubstantiates de ignominiousness de puppindickeler and sublimities de pusplicity de consequences—don't you qualificate dat de government would qualificate dat dard letter? I guess I'd jest better put some stamps on anyhow, fer luck."

And the old man passed solemnly down the street.

Told of Horace Greeley.

At one period of his life, Horace Greeley was a close student of Fourierism, many of the phrases and phrases of which were hard to understand. The operation of the "philantrophy" was obscure to him, and so also were the "universal analogies," and the law under which "attractions" are proportioned to distances, and the method by which the "series" distribute the harmonies. One day in the Tribune office, while trying to comprehend the ratiocination of Fourier, he got puzzled beyond endurance; he bent over the book upon which he gazed; he rose from his seat; he moved about uneasily; he talked angrily to one of his fellow laborers; he went out of temper with Fourier and his theory and himself. At last he flung down the book, and piped out his wrath in the highest key of his peculiar voice, exclaiming: "Confound the thing! Here I've been reading it for hours, and yet I don't know, and can't tell, whether it is the series that distribute the harmonies or the harmonies that distribute the series!" Mr. Greeley drank a glass of water and left his office, to which he returned in half an hour and sat down to write an editorial upon the tariff.—N. Y. Sun.

French Railways.

The history of the French railway companies is decidedly interesting. At the outset French capitalists could only be induced to supply the funds needed by the government guaranteeing the interest and principal of the sum to be invested. At the same time absolute monopolies were given for the different districts for ninety-nine years, after which the lines were to become the property of the state. The consequence of the policy pursued has been that practically the whole railway system of France is vested in six great companies, as follows: Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean, 5,600 miles, \$877,800,000; Orleans, 3,980 miles, \$509,400,000; Northern, 1,900 miles, \$282,800,000; Western, 2,530 miles, \$322,400,000; Eastern, 2,760 miles, \$382,400,000; Southern, 1,900 miles, \$196,800,000. These figures are for the end of 1891. Paying good returns to their stockholders, these companies were naturally not anxious to construct possibly unremunerative branch lines, which, therefore, the government tried to have built by new companies, most of which proved unsuccessful. In 1883, however, a compromise was arrived at by which the government guaranteed permanently the average dividend of the past few years of the old lines, in return for which the companies agreed to construct branches costing \$1,366,400,000, the interest on which was also guaranteed. Under this arrangement the government now has to pay the companies upwards of \$20,300,000 a year, and the amount is still increasing.

Yet When He Struck Bottom He Was All Right.

An English Naval Officer's Remarkable Journey Through Space—A Parachute Leap That Has No Parallel—A New Military Invention.

The experimenter was Lieut. Mansfield, of the royal naval reserve, says the London Invention. He made his ascent from the Victoria gardens recently, sitting upon a trapeze immediately beneath the balloon, to which was also attached a parachute of a new fashion. The whole rose to a height which rendered even the big balloon itself scarcely visible in the cloudless sky. It was now, as appears from this brave seaman's narrative, at an altitude of 11,400 feet, or more than two miles, commanding a vast horizon; but the voyager's hands were so unumbered that he was becoming unable to feel the cords. Then, says Lieut. Mansfield: "Finding my apparatus all right, I took the balloon ring in my right hand, drew myself clear of the trapeze, and dropped down into space." After descending with terrible velocity for some distance the parachute began to open. At 10,200 feet he was falling at a great speed, but was fully able to control his apparatus. At 10,000 feet he was falling down calmly into space. Then he drifted to and fro in various current currents, and at 1,000 feet exactly felt the heat from a long, red, iron chimney.

Now comes the more remarkable part of the narrative: "Steering my parachute (he continues) to the eastward, I dropped her rapidly to clear the buildings ahead, and, seeing nothing but houses to descend on, I selected the flattest I could find, and dropped gently down on it." A spectator who watched the voyage from the gardens gives the vivid account of straining his eyes till he was just able to discern a tiny white speck on the blue sky. After what seemed a terrible length of time, Lieut. Mansfield became visible swinging under the parachute and working the valve lines so as to insure a safe landing when he chose to make it.

"Such a complete master of the air (says this eyewitness) has never been seen before in this country." The balloon fell, as was intended, in the cor, where, being fitted with cork belts for the purpose, it was easily recovered. Lieut. Mansfield, who looks for great adventures from his manageable parachute in naval operations, has announced that his next ascent will be with an entirely new apparatus specially adapted to military warfare.

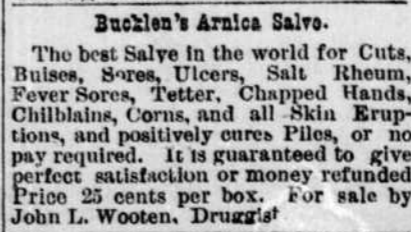
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FELL TWO MILES. Church Directory.

Appointments for Greenville Circuit. Salem on the first Sunday at eleven o'clock and Jones Chapel at three o'clock. Shady Grove on second Sunday at eleven o'clock and Forbes' School House at 3:30 o'clock. Arden on third Sunday at eleven o'clock and Tripp's Chapel at three o'clock. Bethlehem on the fourth Sunday at eleven o'clock, and Lang's School House at three o'clock. Everybody invited to attend. G. F. SMITH, J. C. MCCALL, Pastors.

Baptist Services. Below are the regular appointments of Rev. J. H. Lamberth, pastor of the Baptist church: At Greenville—Second and fourth Sundays in each month, morning and night, and every Thursday night. At Pateolis—Third Sunday in each month, morning and night. At Ephesus, Person county—First Sunday in each month and Saturday before.

Episcopal Services. Below are the regular appointments of Rev. J. H. Lamberth, pastor of the Episcopal church: At Greenville—Second and fourth Sundays in each month, morning and evening. Greenville—Fourth Sunday in each month, morning and evening. (Lay services all other Sunday mornings.) At St. Johns, Centerville—Second Sunday in each month, morning and evening. Holy Innocents, Lenoir Co.—Each fifth Sunday morning.

Presbyterian Services. Every first Sabbath morning and night, alternating between Rev. J. N. H. Summerell and Rev. J. W. Hines. Every third Sabbath, morning and night, Rev. J. W. Hines. Sunday School every Sabbath morning at 9 o'clock, D. B. Evans Superintendent.

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