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VOL. XI.

GREENVILLE, PITT COUNTY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1892.

NO. 41.

D. J. WHICHARD, Editor and Owner

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Table with columns for destinations (Wilmington, Weldon, etc.) and departure times.

CHAIRMAN SIMMONS EXPOSES A DANGEROUS CONSPIRACY.

Treason to the State—The Organic Law Violated With Impunity—Are the Days of the Loyal League and the Ku Klux to be Revised?

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 6, 1892.

DEAR SIR: I have your recent favor enquiring about my connection with the order known as Gideon's Band...

As soon as I thought about it after having learned what it was, I saw it was a dangerous thing, and no honest man could have anything to do with it.

Tom Long told me the other day I was the cause of the Third party being a failure up here. I reckon he had reference to my failure to work and fight in Gideon's army.

The plan of the Gideon's Band, as I remember it is about this: There is a State Chief, who was at that time, as I understood, S. Otho Wilson; there is also a Chief in each Congressional district; and a sub Chief in each county, whose duty is to obey and have executed the orders of their immediate Chiefs, getting their orders from the State Chief.

I am thoroughly impressed with the idea that this is a dangerous order if it is being worked in North Carolina.

Yours truly, M. L. REED.

HON. F. M. SIMMONS, Raleigh, N. C.

BELL CROSS, Camden Co., N. C., October 12th, 1892.

HON. F. M. SIMMONS, Chairman, Raleigh, N. C.

My Dear Sir—Answering your favor of recent date, in which you ask me to give you for publication what I know about the existence in North Carolina of an order known as the "Gideon Band," I would say, at Gatesville, in Gates county, in December, 1891, Mr. S. Otho Wilson, in the presence of Mr. James B. Brinson, of Pamlico county, (District Lecturer for the First District), I being then State Lecturer, proposed to me that I should become a member of the said order. I replied to Mr. Wilson that I could not consent to connect myself with the Band unless he would first reveal to me the character and purpose of the order.

The obligation was a very rigid one, and according to my best recollection the penalty of a disclosure of the secrets of the order was death.

The plan of organization was as follows: A National Chief, a State Chief, a District Chief, and a County Chief. The State Chief received his orders from the National Chief, the District Chief from the State Chief, and the County Chief from the District Chief.

superiors. Mr. Wilson stated that the object of the organization was to aid and promote the Reform movement. The initiation fee was \$2.00. This conversation took place after Mr. Wilson's return from the Indianapolis Alliance Council.

After Mr. Wilson had revealed the whole thing to me, I told him I regarded the movement, as outlined by him, as being a very dangerous one, and that I thought it would result in the destruction of the alliance and the defeat of the reform movement they proposed, and I positively refused to have anything to do with it.

During the conference Mr. Wilson stated to Mr. Brinson that he had selected him to be chief in the 1st Congressional district.

Yours respectfully, J. S. BELL.

Mr. Editor: Through the medium of the press I desire to lay before the people of North Carolina two letters recently addressed to me by Mr. Reed, a member of the present House of Representatives and a prominent member of the Alliance, and Mr. J. S. Bell, a member of the present State Senate, and recently State Alliance Lecturer, disclosing the existence in this State of an unlawful and dangerous political society, whose chief is S. Otho Wilson, the official head of the People's Party in North Carolina.

The letters show exclusively that this society did exist in this State but recently, and if it has ceased to exist, the duty of showing this fact rests upon the men who it is shown introduced it.

In exposing this dangerous scheme to the liberties of the people and the peace and good will of society, these gentlemen but discharge the plain duty of good citizenship. The facts which they have disclosed clear the mists from the present anomalous political situation in North Carolina, and explain many things connected therewith, otherwise unaccountable because so radically at variance with all the known characteristics of our people. It accounts for the refusal on the part of many of those supposed to be under the influence of this society to hear discussions upon important questions affecting vitally their highest interest; it accounts for their refusal to read literature not having the stamp and sanction of the leaders in this movement; it accounts for their bad temper and the absence in their political conduct of that independence and conservatism which has ever been a distinguished characteristic of the North Carolina "breed" wherever found; it accounts for the automatic and subservient manner in which in their political evolutions they move and act; it accounts for the remark we frequently hear coming from the simpler but more honest of these people to the effect that they cannot do what they know and admit to be their political duty because they are sworn to do otherwise; and it accounts for the humiliating fact that a people hitherto brave and free have apparently surrendered their independence, fettered their consciences and ceased to act as free men.

I need not go into an explanation of how these results might logically flow from the means employed, for every intelligent man will readily understand how easily a few men acting together in secret under common orders and to a common end may shape and direct the action of a multitude, each individual acting for himself.

As the existence of this secret society, acting upon and directing the political convictions of these people accounts for the eccentricities which have marked their recent conduct, so that conduct corroborates and supports the evidence I now lay before the people of its active existence in our midst.

The presence here of the Band of Gideon recalls all too vividly the "Union League, or Heroes of America," that night-mare in 1868, which in the name of charity and in the form of benevolence became

the secret auxiliary of a corrupt, political party, and brought every home and fireside in the land under the shadow of a hand which neither the laws of God or man can stay against the inexorable command of its invisible chief. It will be recalled how under the fostering care of that party this terrible organization gained such ascendancy here that it required a counter secret society and all but revolution to break its hold upon the liberties of our people.

It was thought both of these societies and all similar organizations admittedly dangerous in a free country like ours, had been crushed in North Carolina never to return again. The rigorous law against secret political associations now upon our statute books were placed there with the experience of those days fresh in the minds of our people, and express their determination never again to tolerate in our midst such a menace to liberty.

Both of these societies, the one against which this legislation was aimed, and the one which now defies it are of foreign inception, and were born of disorders and agitations from which we are happily exempt.

The "Union League" was of Northern birth, begotten of the troublous times which immediately preceded its introduction here, and the "Gideon's Band" is the offspring of that wild recklessness which characterizes the incongruous nationalities which constitute the lower strata of western metropolitan life, and which now and then breaks forth in Hay Market riots and Mafia butcheries.

A man better acquainted than Mr. Wilson with the sentiments of our people would not have attempted to transplant and introduce here an institution so obnoxious to our most cherished conceptions and ideas of free, open and honorable political action. If he was himself imbued with the wild vagaries and methods of the "Orders" and "Unions" with which he was thrown in contact on his visit to the west immediately preceding his overtures to Mr. Bell, his better judgment should have taught him they were out of joint with the pre-conceived notions of our people, and could only result in injury to the cause he wished to advance.

There have been many rumors and whisperings of the existence here of this dangerous "Band," but until the letters of Messrs. Bell and Reed there was no tangible evidence, and I now submit the proofs with full confidence that the conservatism of our people will not be slow to repudiate it, and fittingly rebuke the desperate agitators and demagogues who dared introduce it.

F. M. SIMMONS, Chm'n Dem. State Ex. Com.

The Paper He Reads.

Plymouth Beacon.

Is your wife a Democrat? She is, but I am a Third party man, just the same.

Why is she a Democrat? Her reason is, that after reading all the Democratic papers she thinks Mr. Cleveland is the greatest man on earth, and that the Democrat's party is the best, and she will have her way or die.

Does your wife read your Third party papers? Yes, and Republican papers, too, and what she don't know about politics isn't worth knowing.

Then she is in a position to know what she says about the Democratic party; she has read all sides while you only read the papers that "goes back on" the old parties and never gives you a flaw in your new party. I have met lots of men like you, my friend, and you, like they, are kicking and don't know what you are kicking at, and my advice is just go home and read all kinds of political news from this day until the 8th of November, and have confidence enough in yourself to do your own thinking, and then if you are a Third party man I will respect you as such, but as it is I cannot.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from deranged female organs. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any lady if they will send their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, Dr. C. A. Marchal, Utica, N. C.

ELDER P. D. GOLD Gives His Views to the People of His Church.

Zion's Landmark.

Baptists have always been noted for their conservatism or moderation. They are a sober-minded people. That is, God has given them a sound mind and they are steadfast and unmovable, or not driven, carried or tossed by every wind of doctrine of men or devils.

They are slow to change their views. Indeed, when once they are settled in the truth, they are immovable. There is nothing new under the sun. Hence Baptists abide in one and the same perfect and unchangeable doctrine.

They are and always have been opposed to secret societies and factions or parties that originate or spring from secret societies. Jesus, their Master, never taught in secret, but always taught openly and publicly, and no Scripture is of any private interpretation.

John 13:20.

Secret societies are unfair. They do in secret what they do not want known by the public. For he that doeth truth cometh to the light that his deeds may be made manifest that they are wrought in God.

Secret societies array one class of men against another and cause hatred or suspicion and gender strife. This is wrong.

As secret societies are wrong their products or fruits are wrong. They conceive in mischief and bring forth that which is corrupt.

Baptists are a people that regard their obligations and prove their honesty by paying their debts, and keeping their word. They hold that it is a duty to pay tax to whom it is due, and tribute to whom it is due, or to submit to the powers that be because they are ordained of God. We are not to speak evil of our rulers, but to pray for them, or for those in authority that we may live a quiet and peaceful life in all godliness and honesty.

All good earthly governments are founded on the principles of right as set forth in the Bible. In that book covetousness is forbidden. The rich is not to take away the poor man's property. But each is to respect the possessions of the other. The crazy, corrupt notion now floating in the brains or imaginations of so many men, that every man should be compelled to give up what property he has, and divide it with all others is forbidden by the Bible, and every principle of common honesty. The desire for the government to own everything is equally as foolish and dangerous. A government ought to own as little as possible in order to administer its functions for the general good. To put all things in the government's hands is to sell ourselves as slaves to the government which would soon become the bitterest engine of oppression. For instance, if any one party in power possessed all the railroads, land, &c., it would manage to perpetuate itself in power indefinitely; for give it all the wealth or ownership of the country and it easily will hire men enough to vote for it and retain its power, and it would make the people its servants and hold them in perpetual bondage.

An instance of this is related in the Bible concerning the country of Egypt. During the great famine when Joseph ruled the Egyptians sold their cattle, their land and themselves (see Gen. 27) and they became servants, vassals or slaves, and to this day Egypt is a base kingdom prostrated and under the power of their rulers. But Israelites should not be so.

Which is better to have one man king or a host to be your king? American liberty our fathers fought for is fast flying away, and these degenerate and foreign-ware are despising liberty, and we are about to sell our birth-right for a trifle. A government is an agent, or should be, for the people, and its officers should be public servants, held accountable to the people. Hence the people should be the masters and the officials the servants. But if we surrender all to the government these officers will become the masters and we will be the servants.

What would you think of borrowing money from your agent? What would you think of surrendering all your property to your agent?

You would become a slave. All powers not necessary for administering the government should remain with the people, and all reserve rights should remain with the people, and only enough power to enable the government to execute the trusts committed to it should be delegated.

Whenever you entrust all into the hands of the government, and you become a borrower from it you furnish all the opportunity corrupt men want to enable them to grasp dictatorial power and become exceedingly rich, and yourselves correspondingly poor and wretched.

We have been blessed with a good government. But liberty must be guarded and highly prized if we would preserve and enjoy it.

But the cry is, we are in great distress, we are in debt and cannot pay out, our lands are mortgaged. We must have relief. Like a man in great pain and some quack that does not know the cause of the disease nor the remedy proposes brandy, making the patient drunk who is already flighty with fever, and making him feel for a short while that he is rich and well, but leaving him far worse off, there are political quacks deceiving the people, and making them think the government can take everything in its hand and issue any untold amount of money, and make us all rich, and the trouble will be over.

The deluded people readily swallow this poisonous opiate thinking it wonderful. Can a government even print money without a basis or reserve fund of gold and silver, and make that money good any more than one man can? Do you remember what the Southern Confederacy tried to do in the issuing money, and how soon it became so worthless that it died? Suppose I am worth one thousand dollars, and I conclude I will become rich, and I issue promissory notes for ten thousand dollars, and get men to take them as money. Pretty soon some one holding one of these notes wants the gold or silver for this note, and finds I am utterly unable to pay it, what becomes of my notes? They die or become worthless. Suppose a town concludes it will have water-works, electric lights, parks, public buildings, &c., &c., and issues one million dollars worth of bonds for that purpose. If it can sell them for money then what? Must not a big tax be laid on the citizens of that town to pay the interest on these bonds, and soon the bonds fall due and must be paid? For a town or corporation must pay its bonds or debts as much as an individual. Then what? Distress and bankruptcy follow. Governments must also pay their debts as well as individuals and the citizens of the government must be taxed to pay their debts.

Our government had a destructive war about 25 years ago, and it contracted a debt of millions of dollars. To pay this great tax levied on the people. Then millions besides must be paid out in pensions to soldiers and their widows. Besides, this enormous expenditures by Congress must be paid by the people. Also no one knows how much the people pay to protect American factories against foreign competition. Besides this many of the people buy their flour and pork and nearly all they eat and wear, and what they produce does not sell for much. For instance, cotton, which is the chief product grown in the South for money, sells now at 7 cents per pound, and pork which we buy at 10 cents per pound. Farmers say though it is cheaper to buy pork and pay for it in cotton, or that they would rather grow a pound of cotton than a pound of pork. But will a pound of cotton buy a pound of pork? It costs you six cents to grow cotton, and you sell it for seven cents, then how many pounds of cotton must you grow to enable you to buy one pound of pork at ten cents per pound? Answer, TEN POUNDS OF COTTON.

But suppose it costs you seven cents to produce cotton then you could not buy a pound of pork if you should produce 1,000 bags of cotton.

No wonder the people are in debt and distress. The love of money turned the attention of farmers away from producing bread and meat just after the war when cotton was high. We have

not been afraid of making debts. Extravagance also followed and now wretchedness stares us in the face.

What is the remedy? Is it to listen to quack doctors who counsel an INCREASE of public debts by issuing so much more money, and recommend that the government shall own everything? No, that is no remedy. The remedy must come slowly. For the patient is sick and cannot get well in a day. If I am in debt honesty says my property if necessary should be used to pay my debts. I should change my method of living by making bread and meat at home, and cease buying so much, and SELL MORE. I should also cultivate good will toward my neighbors by seeking to wrong no one, not taking anything from any man unlawfully, but should have good will toward all men. Let me do that which is right toward all men. Let me above all put my trust in the Lord and do that which is right. Let me not seek to lay up treasures on earth, but seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness and pray for the peace of Israel. Let me do nothing to offend my brethren, but honor the Lord Jesus and abide in the doctrine of Christ. He is my King and let me serve Him. Delight thyself in the Lord and He shall give thee the desires of thine heart.

I have written the above because I desire to see Baptists abide in the doctrine they have been taught and not depart therefrom, and thereby bring reproach and shame on the worthy name by which they are called.

Every man has a right to vote as it seems to him right, but let every one of us seek to think and act according to Bible principles.

LEAVES THE THIRD PARTY.

"An Honest Man is the Nobiest Work of God."

A. B. Peeler, the most influential Third party man in Cleveland county, and candidate of his party for Sheriff, has withdrawn from that party and will support Cleveland and Carr. After thanking his party for the nomination conferred upon him, he says:

It is but just to those who honored me with the nomination that I should state frankly my reason for this action and I do so, as briefly as possible, as follows:

1st. I remember the condition of North Carolina and her people in the dark days from '68-'70; the State's credit was bankrupt; her treasury plundered; the rights of her citizens shamelessly and wantonly trampled under foot; capital driven from her borders; her matchless resources locked up; the school fund taken to pay the per diem of ignorant and vicious men who loaded down the statute books with scandalous laws. I remember how in those dark days no man's life, liberty or property was safe and there were no public schools for the education of our people. When I contrast this with the wise, pure, economical, and beneficent rule of the Democrats since '76, and see that the Republicans are endeavoring to take advantage of the People's party movement and regain control of the State government, I feel that it is my duty as a North Carolinian and a white man to withdraw from the movement and join the Democratic party in its fight for the salvation of the State.

2nd. I see clearly that the fight is between the Democratic and the Republican parties. The People's party cannot hope to carry either the State or the National election. It might help the Republicans win, and in that event, I see a continuance of the ills from which the agricultural classes are now so grievously suffering; I see the Force bill menacing the liberties of my people; I see the shadow of centralization threatening; I see among the evils sure to follow in the nation, laws permitting the inter marriage of the races, mixed schools, and in this State a repeal of the county government system and thirty two of the best counties in the State surrendered to negro domination and the horrors that will follow inevitably.

3rd. I have evidence of the unholy trade that has been made by Butler and Exum to sell the State to the Republicans for \$50,000. I have the best reasons to believe that a corrupt bargain exists between the leaders of the People's

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party and the Republicans where by the rank and file of the People's party is betrayed into furthering the plans of the Republican party. My heart revolts against such treachery and corruption, and I will not allow myself to be made a party to any such movement.

4. I am a white man, I love my race, I believe in white supremacy, and the interests of my State and my people are far dearer to me than the office of Sheriff, therefore I withdraw from the People's party and am no longer to be considered a candidate for the office of Sheriff. I desire before I close, to appeal to the good men who have allowed themselves to be persuaded into the People's party movement, to join me in this action. A thoughtful and painstaking review of the political situation has convinced me of the fact that by independent political action at present we can expect nothing but a continuance of Republican rule and that character of legislation of which we so justly complain. Let us then, as true North Carolinians, join the Democrats in fighting our common enemy the Republican party.

As for myself, I propose to vote the entire Democratic ticket from Grover Cleveland down and I hope that my friends will join me in it. Respectfully, A. B. PEELER.

Oct. 10, 1892.

How is Your Blood?

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THE REFLECTOR,
Greenville, N. C.

D. J. WELCHARD, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26th, 1892.

Entered at the postoffice at Greenville N. C., as second-class mail matter.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT: GROVER CLEVELAND, Of New York. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: ADLAI E. STEVENSON, Of Illinois. FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE: CHARLES B. AYCOCK, ROBERT B. GLENN, 1st Dist.—L. L. SMITH. FOR CONGRESS—1st DIST.: W. A. B. BRANCH, Of Beaufort.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR: ELLAS CARR, Of Edgecombe. FOR LEUTENANT GOVERNOR: R. A. DAUGHTON, Of Alleghany. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE: OCTAVIUS COKE, Of Wake. FOR TREASURER: DONALD W. BAIN, Of Wake. FOR AUDITOR: R. M. FURMAN, Of Buncombe. FOR SUPP. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION: J. C. SCARBOROUGH, Of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL: FRANK I. OSBORNE, Of Mecklenburg. FOR JUDGE OF TWELFTH DISTRICT: GEORGE A. SHUFFORD. FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT: JAMES C. MACRAE, Of Cumberland.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR THE SENATE: F. G. JAMES. FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: FREDERICK McLAWHORN, I. K. WETHERINGTON. FOR SHERRIF: RICHARD W. KING. FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS: HENRY HARDING. FOR TREASURER: JOHN FLANAGAN. FOR COMMISSIONER: DR. WM. E. WARREN. FOR SURVEYOR: J. B. KILPATRICK.

Elder P. D. Gold, editor of Zion's Landmark, Wilson, N. C., the organ of the Primitive Baptist church has something to say in reference to the present political situation which is worthy the consideration of every honest man. He is a leader among his people and what he says has great influence with them. It is a noticeable fact that not many of this denomination are grasping after the shadow of the 3/4 party. We publish extracts from Mr. Gold's piece on our first page. Be sure and read it. It is the expression of a man who is not a politician, and yet of one who has the interest of good government at heart.

It is wonderful how consistent some Republican speakers are. Mr. Bernard argued here two weeks ago to the negroes that they were not indebted to the Democrats for their educational advantages, and that on the contrary they were not getting what they ought to get, because they paid a large part of the tax. To show them this he stated that a considerable amount of the school tax came from the money paid for license to sell liquor, and that they drank more liquor than the white people therefore paid more tax. He said that every time they took a drink, even a "short," that they were paying a part of this tax. That is, the consumer pays the tax. He must have forgotten that he and his co-laborers argue that the manufacturer pays the tax and not the consumer. They will forget some times and tell the truth. The people know that all the tax on the goods bought by them is paid by the man who uses the goods.

Is there a Confederate soldier in Pitt county, or one who reads the REFLECTOR, who has any idea of voting a Third party ticket? If there be such let him think of this for one moment: Two Saturdays ago, C. M. Bernard, one of the white Republicans who is endeavoring to get the negroes to vote the 3/4 party ticket and help break up the Democratic party in this county, stood in the Court House in Greenville and tried to inflame the negroes by telling them the Democratic party had taxed them to pension Confederate soldiers; that Pitt county was taxed \$1300 (what a sum!) for this purpose, and every time the Sheriff came around for poll tax he made the last one of them dive down in his pocket and pay 9 cents to take care of the men who fought against them and tried to keep them in slavery. And how the negroes did cheer him! Isn't it astonishing that a Southern born white man could stoop so low as to utter such words? He ought to be ashamed to look a Confederate soldier in the face. Will any of them help the Republicans and negroes get control of this county and State by voting a Third party ticket? We hope none will do so.

The REFLECTOR is under obligation to Mr. W. B. Phipps, of Chicago, for several copies of the Herald of that city which he has sent us at intervals during the campaign. The Herald is the finest specimen of daily journalism in America and is a perfect newspaper in every respect. While in Chicago the past summer it was our pleasure to spend part of an evening in the Herald's handsome building, and were delighted with what we saw there; everything from the press room which contained ten modern perfecting presses throughout the entire building working with a precision that was almost marvelous. The editor Mr. J. W. Scott, had then just returned from a European tour, and showed us into his private editorial rooms which were decorated with magnificent floral offerings from the printers in honor of his return. At his desk he is not only in direct communication with every department of the immense building, but has the whole world at his elbow. With a man of such brain and energy as editor Scott to preside over and direct the destinies of the Herald, it is no wonder it has become such a great paper. We will add also that no paper in the Union is doing better work in this campaign for the Democracy than the Chicago Herald.

We went over to Parker's X Roads for an hour Saturday to see how the old soldiers were getting along in their remission. As we beheld them there, some with one leg, some with one arm, some maimed one way or another, it made a feeling of shame come over us to think that there lived a white man in Pitt county who would raise his voice against the Democratic party in North Carolina (and try to inflame the prejudice of the negroes against the white people) because that party had levied a tax of 9 cents on each poll and 3 cents on each \$100 property valuation for the maintenance of these crippled soldiers and to keep some of them out of the poor house. In Pitt county with a population of 25,000, this tax reaches the fabulous (?) sum of \$1300. Would to God that North Carolina could give her maimed soldiers and their widows ten times the pittance they now get under this tax, and that Pitt county was able to make her proportion \$13,000 instead of what she now pays.

No right thinking man can object to the payment of a just pension to any soldier, and there is no complaint in the South at paying a deserved pension to any Federal soldier, but the fraud and corruption that is practiced under the Federal system clearly shows the abuse it is being put to and gives just grounds for complaint. When the fact is considered that here 30 years after the war has ended there are more people drawing pensions on a claim of wounds received in battle than came out of the army bearing even the slightest scratch, and that the number grows larger every year, it is time a reformation in this direction was brought about. Every deserving wounded soldier is entitled to a pension, but none but this class should receive it.

The Republican bosses in charge of the postal service are using the mails in the interest of the Republican party. Democratic literature, papers and letters in several instances have failed to reach the parties to which they are addressed. Chairman Simmons of the State Democratic Executive Committee recently mailed a letter to every county chairman in the State, fifteen of which instead of going to the parties addressed found their way into the hands of the chairman of the State Republican Executive Committee. Secretary Beckwith, of the State Democratic Clubs, also says his mail has been tampered with, and these are but a few of the many instances.

The last issue of Printer's Ink, of New York, a journal that has been most shamefully and spitefully treated by the heads of the postal service so far as to be refused admission into the mails at second-class rates in the face of opinions from the best authority in the country that it was entitled to be so admitted, shows how the service is discriminating in every way possible against the Democratic party and in favor of the Republicans. Such literature as the Republicans wish to send out for campaign purposes is smuggled through the mails without the payment of proper postage thereon, and in this manner they save to their campaign fund \$25,000 a week and swindle the government out of just that amount. When the Democratic committees send out any literature they pay every cent of postage that can be demanded. The indications are that the Republicans look upon the government as belonging to them and they intend to run it to suit themselves. The people will speak their disapproval of such corrupt methods and practices by going to the polls on the 8th of November and voting for Grover Cleveland.

There is no doubt at present but that there exists in North Carolina a secret political organization, known as "Gideon's Band." The letters of J. S. Bell, Senator from Clay county, and M. L. Reed, member of the House from Buncombe county, have confirmed the opinion that the long suspected band exists. Mr. Reed was initiated a member, and the proposition was made to Mr. Bell to become a member but he declined. S. Otto Wilson, the convicted deceiver was at the head of the order in North Carolina. The oath and form of initiation have also been made public. The oath is an iron-bound obligation. The members are not only required to subscribe to it but to pledge their lives to obey it. The oath closes with these words, "And I further pledge my life, my liberty, and my sacred honor, and should I willfully break this oath I hereby surrender my body to the just vengeance of the members of this order."

All secret political societies are a violation of the laws of North Carolina and deserve the just condemnation of every liberty loving citizen of this State. The existence of this Band accounts for many things which have heretofore been a mystery. Such as men refusing to attend Democratic speaking, hearing and discussing the issues involved in the campaign, &c., &c. The Band is said to exist in every county and therefore we may be pretty sure that it is here in Pitt county. Follow-citizens, whom do you think is the chief? We leave this for you to answer.

You can now see something of the infancy to which your leaders have sunk in their desperate effort to break up the Democratic party. Do you want the days of the Union League re-enacted in your State and county? If you do not, come out from among these men who are seeking to lead you astray and have no better motive than personal aggrandizement. The liberties of every citizen of the State are threatened by the existence of such a society and your condemnation of such is demanded at the ballot box on the 8th of November.

Read the letters of Messrs. Bell and Reed on our first page and then say whether you will longer aid by even your countenance a set of men who are thus banding themselves together for your destruction. Think seriously, not only, and you will vote the Democratic ticket as the only hope of your salvation.

The Democrats had a field day of it in Greenville yesterday, notwithstanding it was not a Democratic appointment and the speakers were pitted three to one against them. Judge Furches, Republican candidate for Governor; Mr. Butler, Third party elector at large; Mr. Aycock, Democratic elector at large; Mr. Blackburn, Republican elector at large, spoke. The speaking commenced about 12 o'clock and continued until a little past 4, which was so near the hour for the REFLECTOR going to press that we could reserve only a short space for a report.

The ball was opened by C. M. Bernard, who stated that each of the speakers would be allowed one hour, and that Butler and Aycock would have 25 minutes rejoinder. He then introduced Judge Furches and that gentleman led off. The Judge occupied his full time and regretted that he did not have more, but his speech was the poorest we have yet heard from any man pretending to be a great speaker. In referring to the four parties who had candidates in the field he said the Federalists were so few and far between that a lantern and search warrant could not find them. He knew nothing of the Third party as it had never done anything but make promises. However he could not agree with them on wanting the government to own the railroads and telegraph lines. He then spoke at length on national matters and before closing abused the county government, and the election laws of this State, the State printing and the military encampment. Said he was going to be the next Governor of North Carolina, that the next Legislature would be Republican, and then they were going to wipe out these things.

The next speaker was the famous (?) Marion Butler seemingly the only man in North Carolina who has had cheek enough to stump the State for that hated, vile abuser, and slanderer of the South, Jas. B. Weaver. Some of the more distinguished of his followers in this community had led many to believe that Butler was a fine speaker, and a great campaigner. But even these fellow-headers fell after hearing him. He is nothing but a brazen demagogue, thick skinned turn-coat, and hired slanderer of the Democratic party. Not a single argument he attempted to make rose higher than the blatant bellowing of a disgruntled demagogue. Every man of intelligence must have been thoroughly disgusted at his puny effort and we must think that in some way he was laboring under some disadvantage as he fell so far short of even what the press of the State has represented him to be. We would like to notice some things he said if he had said anything worthy of notice, but even his friends can't claim this for him. Poor, deluded deceiver! he would soon land where he belongs, in the Republican party, and as the speaker following him said they will not get much when they get him. The only trouble is he may by his studied demagoguery lead some good fellow with him.

Mr. C. B. Aycock, Democratic elector at large followed Butler, and oh, my! didn't he skin him from his crown to his sole. Mr. Aycock's reputation as a speaker, and a demagogue, had preceded him, and he not only sustained it but added new laurels to his already enviable ability. He made Butler squirm and twist under his scathing arguments and no one wondered that this apostle of nothing proposed that there be no rejoinders. Mr. Aycock's logic and argument together with his eloquence, apt anecdotes and illustrations carried inevitable conviction with them, and what was probably intended for a great Republican and party rally was rapidly turned into a great Democratic victory. All honor to the noble, eloquent, manly Aycock. North Carolina will honor him in the days that are to come. Mr. Blackburn then took the stand and made the best speech he knew how for his party, and claimed so much for them that we would not have been surprised if he had claimed that they discovered America. His speech was one of rankest prejudices, demagoguery, blow, bluster, and general abuse of everything that was Democratic. He forgot himself along towards the close and expressed more truth than intended, when he said the reason the young men of Eastern Carolina belong to the Democratic party was because it is the white man's party. Just before closing he said his party was ready to receive any of the Third party that wanted to come to them, that they are together; then a little later said "if we can just knock the d—n Peoples' party off the back of the Democratic party, the Radicals will sweep North Carolina."

Butler had enough of Aycock so backed down from making any rejoinder and the speaking closed.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.] WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 21, 1892.—The man who devises some new scheme to influence the government clerks of the male persuasion to contribute to the republican ticket is the fellow the republican bosses are looking for just now, for the possession of such a scheme would ever be envied by a National committee member. The republican committee prevented the republican making his usual squeeze of department employes, and every day a new sort of influence is brought to bear upon those who have neither contributed nor promised to go home to vote. The latest is a circular letter from the chairman of the local committee of the New York State Republican association do not hesitate to openly say that they intend using all the influence they possess to have clerks from that State who refuse to contribute and vote dismissed. Still the Civil Service Commission says that law is not being violated. Perhaps not; but it is being evaded on a scale of things to find Republican members of the Cabinet engaged in small political business that unless the case is in some respect striking it excites little or no comment here. Attorney-General Miller has occasionally posed as a man who endeavors to keep politics out of his official acts; but he has this week, been guilty of demanding, nay, compelling the resignation of a Democratic judge of the Utah Supreme Court, for no other reason than his politics. This, too, in the face of the unspoken rule that judges of the Federal courts are allowed to serve a term of four years, unless they are guilty of misconduct, and the fact that the term of this judge, who was appointed shortly before the resignation of the Attorney-General, would have expired in a few months anyway. The disposed official, Judge T. J. Anderson, takes what he considers his dismissal philosophically. He says: "My place was wanted for a Republican and one will now get it. That's all there is to it."

The such a Republican's letter is somewhat belated letter of acceptance is decidedly pleasing to Democrats. It shows in the first place that the Republican managers thought it necessary to give the Republican a special plea in behalf of the Republican policy on the tariff and kindred subjects, and it admits that the control of the Senate and the House will go to the Democrats with the election of Cleveland and Stevenson. This admission was, of course, inserted to scare out the full Republican vote, but it cannot fail to be an excellent plea for the Democrats, by pointing out the facts that for the first time in many years they have an opportunity to gain possession of the entire Government, a prize well worth striving for.

There is one happy Democratic member of the Washington Stock Exchange, he succeeded, after a long search, in finding a Republican who would accept of Cleveland would be elected. That sort of Republican is scarce and mighty hard to find just now.

Democrats have every reason to be pleased in the receipt of the news which comes to this city, as it indicates that the end of Republican misrule is near at hand. The departments are all running without heads this week, and the most of them will be in that condition until after election, as nearly all of the Cabinet members will take a holiday leaving Chicago, where they all are to-day.

A CARD.

To the Farmers of Pitt and adjoining Counties: It is with pleasure we beg to announce that we have just concluded arrangements to buy Cotton Seed, Rice and Peanuts direct for the Factories.

We have an order for all the Cotton Seed we can buy, and guarantee the highest market price. We pay the same price for Rice that the mills pay and have a full supply of same on hand for sale cheap. It will pay you to see us before shipping or selling your Rice.

We have orders from the largest Peanut factory in this country, to buy all the Peanuts we can, and they allow us to pay the same they pay, so you will make money by selling us. Sell here and save freight charges and commissions. We want Cotton seed in bulk, and Rice and Peanuts in sacks.

YOUNG & PRIDDY, Greenville, N. C.

Notice to Creditors. The undersigned having duly qualified before the Superior Court of this county as Executor to the last will and testament of Frederick White, deceased notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said estate must present the same for payment before the 20th of October, 1892, and this notice will be read in bar of recovery.

This the 20th day of October, 1892. EDWARD CARMAN, Executor of Frederick White, dec'd. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion & Debility.

CHEAP FURNITURE!

—In order to close out our Furniture we offer our Entire Stock Regardless of Cost!

We are determined to close it out without delay. We have a large assortment of Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Lounges, Bedsteads, Bedroom Suits, Wardrobes, Wash-stands, Towel Racks, Cradles, Cots, Wire Spring Mattresses, Tin Safes and Side-Boards.

This is no bait but a legitimate offer and our prices will prove —WE MEAN WHAT WE SAY.— We think it will pay you to come and see for yourselves.

YOUNG & PRIDDY, GREENVILLE, N. C.

At the Republican Congressional convention in Fayetteville the other day, Judge Buxton, the chairman, made a speech, in which he strongly advocated a straight Republican ticket in every county in the State. He said he had no use for the Third party, or for any man that you would have to haul with a torch every six months to find out where he stood in politics. —Clinton Democrat.

A Household Remedy FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES B. B. B. Botanic Blood Balm It Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, ERYTHEMA, form of malignant SKIN ERUPTION, besides being efficacious in toning up the system, and restoring the complexion, when impaired from any cause. Its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure. Its directions are followed.

NEW GOODS! Having completed my store at Whitehall, Pitt county, N. C., I am opening a first-class stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, and cordially invite the public to call.

DRY GOODS, SHOES, NOTIONS, GROCERIES, &c., &c. Our motto is Standard Goods at Reasonable Prices for Cash or on Credit. Examine my stock before buying elsewhere. If the goods and prices do not suit we charge nothing to show them. Country produce taken in exchange for goods. W. R. WHICARD.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES cured by the use of the "Whispering Ear" Cushions. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful where all Remedies FAIL. His books & proofs free. Address, F. HUSCOCK, 533 Broadway, N. Y.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF. BEST PUREST BEEF TEA CHEAPEST INVALUABLE in the Kitchen for Soups, Sauces and Made Dishes.

TO THE PUBLIC. If you want to save Fifty Dollars then purchase of a PIANO and from Ten to Fifteen Dollars in the purchase of an Organ address ADOLPH COHN, NEW BERNE, N. C.

General Agent for North Carolina, who is now handling goods direct from the manufacturers, is as follows: HIGH GRADE MEHLIN PIANOS, distinguished for tone, workmanship and durability and endorsed by nearly all the musical journals in the United States. Made by Paul G. Mehlh, who is at this time one of the best mechanics and inventors of the day. Thirteen new patents on the high grade Mehlh Pianos. Also the NEWBY & EVANS UPRIGHT PIANO which has been sold for him for the past six years in the eastern part of this State and up to this time has given entire satisfaction. The Upright Piano just mentioned will be sold at from \$200 to \$350, in Ebonized, Rosewood, Oak, Walnut or Mahogany cases.

Also the CROWN PARLOR ORGAN from \$50 to \$150 in solid Walnut or Oak cases. Ten years experience in the music business has enabled him to handle nothing but standard goods and he does not hesitate to say that he can sell any musical instrument about 25 per cent cheaper than other agents are now offering. Refer to all banks in Eastern Carolina.

PRINTERS ROLLERS. Order COMPOSITION or send your Roller Socks to be cast to D. J. REILLY & Co., 324 and 330 Peary St., New York, C. S. C. Martin County. Correspondence solicited. Send for circular.

D. B. BELL'S COUGH SYRUP. For Malaria, Liver Trouble, or Indigestion, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

FURNITURE!

Are You Interested in Low Prices?

If so come to see us and we will make you prices that are conceded by our customers as being lower than can be gotten elsewhere. We have in stock the

Largest and Most Varied Selection of Furniture

ever kept in our town.

We buy direct from the manufacturers and can and will sell low down. Our stock consists in part of

- Marble Top Walnut Suits, Solid Oak Suits, Sixteenth Century Finish Suits, Walnut Finish Suits, Marble Top Bureaus and Washstands, Wood Top Bureaus and Washstands, Ward Robes, Buffets, and Side-Boards, Walnut Bedsteads, Bedsteads of all grades and colors, Childrens Wire Cribs and Beds and Cradles, Marble Top and Solid Wood Top Tables, Solid Walnut Chairs and Rockers, Solid Oak Chairs and Rockers, Fancy Reed and Wood Rockers, Chairs of all grades, Lounges, Bed Springs, Mattresses, &c.

—We are headquarters for—

FURNITURE

and extend to all a cordial invitation to call on us when in want of any goods as we carry one of the best stocks of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

ever kept in our town.

Yours truly,

J. B. CHERRY & CO.

HERE 'TIS

M. R. LANG'S STOCK!

AT THE OLD STAND. AT THE OLD STAND.

AT COST.

We have bought of the Assignee the above stock amounting to

\$20,000

CONTAINING \$5,000 worth CLOTHING, \$1,000 worth LADIES' CLOAK, \$4,000 worth DRESS GOODS, \$9,000 worth SHOES & HATS.

And a full line of Staples—Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Domestic, Calicoes, &c. This is by far the best and largest stock in town and will be sold strictly at cost. Goods must be sold.

BROWN & HOOKER, GREENVILLE, N. C.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

COTTON-SEED!

Special facilities for handling Seed in any quantity from all Tar River Landings. Car Load Lots taken from any point in Eastern North Carolina and Virginia.

BAGS FURNISHED FOR SHIPPING SEED

COTTON SEED MEAL AND HULLS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR SEED.

Farmers' Oil Mills, TARBORO, N. C.

Mills on Tar River River AT SHILOH. For prices and terms write E. V. ZOELLER, Sec. & Treas., Tarboro, N. C.

Owners and Managers STEAMER BETA. Sent-Weekly trips between Washington and Tarboro and Way Landings.

OLD MAN GUSS IS NOW READY

FOR HANDLING THE
NEW CROP OF TOBACCO.

THE OPENING BREAK

OF THE

GREENVILLE WAREHOUSE

Was a big success and shows how well prepared we are to handle your tobacco.

It is considered by all that we have the best lighted Warehouse in the State.

Every Farmer Selling on our Floor will be guaranteed the very highest prices for their Tobacco

I Will Have Competent Assistants.
Satisfaction Guaranteed to Everybody

Some Sales recently made at the Greenville Warehouse. Compare them with other houses.

JOHN PEEBLES.—40, 25, 20, 16.75, 12.25, 12.75, 8.	JESSE SMITH.—20, 18, 15, 12.25, 10.25, 7.75.	J. H. WOOLLARD.—16.25, 13.25, 10.75, 7.75.	BILL WALDROP.—30, 25, 20, 16, 13.50, 12.50, 9.
N. W. TYSON.—41.50, 24, 30.50, 10.25.	N. TYSON.—25, 17.50, 15.75, 7.50.	M. E. DALE.—39, 30, 25, 20, 14, 18.	H. J. STOCKS.—20, 15, 13, 8.50.
RANDOLPH & WILLIAMS.—18, 16.75, 13.75, 12.75, 8.75.	G. T. CRAWFORD.—25, 18.75, 17.75, 12.25, 6.	OUTTERBRIDGE & DUNN.—Primings, 18.50, 12.75, 12, 16.25.	KITRELL & JENKINS.—30, 14.25, 10.50, 10, 8.25.
D. H. ALLEN.—31, 26, 20, 25, 21, 18.75, 17, 11, 10, 8.25, 8.	TURNAGE & WAINRIGHT.—30, 25.50, 14, 11.75, 8.	M. R. TURNAGE.—36, 36, 20, 16.75, 16.75, 10.25, 12.75, 36, 8.	J. E. S. EDWARDS.—19.25, 10.75, 10, 10.50.
A. P. TURNAGE.—10, 15, 13.75, 13, 13, 10.25, 7.25.	BRYANT & POLLARD.—17.75, 13.75, 15.75, 9.75, 8.25.	M. R. TURNAGE.—25.50, 13.75, 20.50, 17.75, 12.75, 7.75.	ERNEST FORBES.—50, 25.50, 25, 23.50, 10.25, 5.20.
IVY SMITH.—20, 16, 12.50, 11, 5.60.	BILL WALDROP.—18, 16.50, 30, 18.25, 14, 8.	MISS BURNETT.—14 pounds at 49.	THURPEY & JOYNER.—30, 20, 15, 10, 20, 16, 20, 13.50, 15, 10.25.

Storage and Insurance Free
G. F. EVANS, Proprietor

GREENVILLE N. C.

R. W. Royster & Co.,
LEAF - TOBACCO - BROKERS,
GREENVILLE, N. C.

R. M. HESTER & CO.,
GREENVILLE N. C.

—BUYERS AND HANDLERS OF ALL KINDS OF—

Leaf Tobacco, Strips and Scraps,

Refers to any member of the Tobacco Trade of Greenville, N. C.
Correspondence Solicited.

BUYS ON ORDER ONLY.
References and type samples furnished on application.

EASTERN - TOBACCO - WAREHOUSE!

GREENVILLE N. C.

FOR THE
SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO

We are having daily breaks at our New Warehouse and are using our very best efforts to get as high prices for your tobacco as can be had anywhere.

The Greenville market will be on an equal with every market in the State. The Eastern Warehouse has every convenience for selling your tobacco and we will see that every pound brings full value.

Ample Accommodation for the Planter.

FREE STABLES. FREE INSURANCE. FREE STORAGE.

Give us a trial and we will please you. Your friends,

G. & JOYNER,
4222 HARRISON ST.

TOBACCO DEPARTMENT

We want to see work begin on more prize houses. They are needed.

Several Greene county farmers had tobacco on the sales here last week.

Last week the warehouses here had fine breaks, and prices were all up in G.

Mr. R. R. Carr, of Greene county, had some fine tobacco at the Greenville Thursday.

Squire Gregg Tyson had some more of that fine Beaver Dam weed at the Eastern Thursday.

Bob Royster is a hustler. He is a fine judge of tobacco and the largest buyer on the market.

Cooper's Warehouse, Henderson, is ready for new chop tobacco. He guarantees highest prices.

Many a dollars worth of tobacco has been burned while being cured around Leaksville this season.—Herald.

The old reliable is Cooper's Warehouse, Henderson. Send your tobacco there. Cooper is the farmer's friend.

Mr. J. J. Frizzle sold some fine tobacco at the Greenville last Tuesday, getting prices all the way from \$30 to \$58.

Remember if you send your tobacco to Cooper's Warehouse, Henderson, you will obtain high prices and be happy. Try it.

Mr. D. M. Edwards had some bright tobacco on the floor of the Eastern last Tuesday one pile of which went as high as \$1.30.

Here is good news to the farmer. Sell your tobacco at Berger's Warehouse, Rocky Mount, and you will be pleased every time.

We will be glad if our correspondents in the different markets will mail their reports so as to reach us Friday night of each week.

Ship your tobacco to Cooper's Warehouse, Henderson, and he will work honestly and faithfully for your best interest.

Mr. J. C. Cooper, of Rocky Mount, spent a day or two of last week here. He is doing some good talking for the Rocky Mount Exposition.

Ship your tobacco to Berger's Warehouse, Rocky Mount, and rest assured that you will get satisfactory returns from every sale.

Just one week from to-day to the Tobacco Exposition at Rocky Mount. Let's take up a good crowd. The railroad rate is one fare for the round trip.

Did you ever try Berger's Warehouse, Rocky Mount? Make them a trial on something fine and if they don't give you the best prices going the old man will eat the pie.

We overheard some side betting on the breaks the other day. One fellow said he could lose money at it as fast as on a game of poker. Both are straight gambling.

Say, where are you going? Right straight to Berger's Warehouse, Rocky Mount. What are you going there for? To sell my tobacco. They give tip top prices every time.

A man has only to go on the breaks to see that it is the bright tobacco that brings the money. The common grades are not much in demand but when a pile of fine wrappers is reached there is some lively bidding.

On Aug. 11th, Cooper's Warehouse, Henderson, sold new primings for R. R. Carr at 4, 8, 12, 15, 15.50, 20 and 30, and for F. T. Carr at 4, 4.50, 6, 9, 10.50, 11, 15.75 and 20. Cooper can make just as good sales for you.

Bro. Harman, of the Winston Tobacco Journal, ought to come down and look on the Greenville market. He has been promising the READER to come and when he does he is going back home just astonished at what Pitt county can do.

Berger's Warehouse, Rocky Mount, is large, well lighted, has every accommodation for the farmer and every convenience for the handling of tobacco. Try them and you will be satisfied with the result.

Some branches of the American Tobacco Company are trying to get up a boycott on the Winston Tobacco Journal because it has been fighting this Trust since its formation and has been showing how it robs the already poor farmers of North Carolina and Virginia. You are on the right side, Harman, and the people will applaud your efforts to show up this concern in its attempts to take advantage of the farmers and get their tobacco at prices far below the value. The Journal looks too healthy for any such boycott to hurt it, we are glad to say.

"Step up, gentlemen, and bid lively! This is Pitt tobacco, the best that's going. Give him 15, 20, oh, make it 25!" That is the kind of music you hear at Berger's Warehouse, Rocky Mount. Try them with a shipment of your best tobacco.

Cheap Rates to Rocky Mount.

The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad and associated systems with their accustomed liberality have agreed to furnish tickets for the Grand Tobacco Exposition and Land Sale November 2nd and 3rd at half price or at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Let no one miss this grand opportunity of seeing the great progress of this wonderful Eastern Carolina town.

Why Leaf Dealers Are Discouraged.

It is a fact that leaf tobacco dealers are more discouraged at this time than they have been for years. Many of them have large stocks on hand and have been unable to dispose of same and in consequence they look dubiously at the future and its prospects.

Underneath all this there lies a reason, which, if the dealer would look at rightly, would yield him a bit of comfort. This has been a hard year on the manufacturing trade in the East. Our people are dependent upon the South for the sale of their goods and everybody knows the South has been close run for money during the past twelve months. Large stocks of tobacco were manufactured last year which the manufacturers have been carrying, in addition to manufacturing a big supply again this year. This has kept them hard pushed for money and a number of manufacturers have been doing a hard mouth business—buying leaf just as they needed it and keeping no surplus ahead.

This method of working finds the manufacturer at the close of the year with smaller stocks of leaf on hand than they have had for years. From now on they

must look out for old stock to begin work on next season. The old stock is practically all in the hands of the leaf dealers in the inland markets and hence our dealers can naturally look for active buying by the manufacturers from now on until spring. It is safe to say there will be a sufficient demand to take up all the stock now held by the inland dealers. The fact that the '91 crop was found to be much more desirable for working for purposes than was at first supposed has greatly enhanced its value in the minds of manufacturers, who will be glad to get all of its waxy fillers they can for their next year's work. Manufacturers are becoming more and more loath every year to work stock from a new crop until it has been thoroughly tested. They know that the '91 fillers are satisfactory and are not afraid to risk them in their next year's product.—Winston Tobacco Journal.

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The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad and associated systems with their accustomed liberality have agreed to furnish tickets for the Grand Tobacco Exposition and Land Sale November 2nd and 3rd at half price or at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Let no one miss this grand opportunity of seeing the great progress of this wonderful Eastern Carolina town.

Why Leaf Dealers Are Discouraged.

It is a fact that leaf tobacco dealers are more discouraged at this time than they have been for years. Many of them have large stocks on hand and have been unable to dispose of same and in consequence they look dubiously at the future and its prospects.

Underneath all this there lies a reason, which, if the dealer would look at rightly, would yield him a bit of comfort. This has been a hard year on the manufacturing trade in the East. Our people are dependent upon the South for the sale of their goods and everybody knows the South has been close run for money during the past twelve months. Large stocks of tobacco were manufactured last year which the manufacturers have been carrying, in addition to manufacturing a big supply again this year. This has kept them hard pushed for money and a number of manufacturers have been doing a hard mouth business—buying leaf just as they needed it and keeping no surplus ahead.

This method of working finds the manufacturer at the close of the year with smaller stocks of leaf on hand than they have had for years. From now on they



OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS
STOCK: THE VERY BEST.
STYLE: HANDSOME AS ANY TEN-CENT CIGAR.
PRICE: FIVE FOR TEN CENTS.
— TRY THEM —

BANNER WAREHOUSE

OXFORD, N. C.

Bullock & Mitchell,
Owners and Proprietors.

Headquarters for Big Prices High Averages

We are still doing business at the same old stand, where we are better prepared than ever before to handle to advantage the fine bright Tobacco from the "New Golden Belt." We have a very large corps of buyers who are anxious for New Tobacco and are willing to pay good prices for it. "Eastern Tobacco" stands well on our market and is eagerly sought after both by our order men and speculators. We are very glad that we can say to the "honest yeomanry" of Pitt and adjoining counties that tobacco has "started off" better this year than we have known it in several years and that we look for good prices during the season. Hogheads can be had FREE OF CHARGE by those planters shipping to us, by applying to S. M. Schultz & Co., Greenville, N. C., or to Amos G. Cox, Winterville, N. C. Remember that we bid lively on every pile put upon our floor and buy largely of all grades that we sell, and will see to it that you shall have highest market prices for ever pound sold with us. Recollect that it costs you nothing to collect our checks as we are payable in New York Exchange without cost to holder. Don't forget to try a good shipment and we will convince you that we are not "hustlers from way back" and that we "get there" every time on big prices and you know they talk. Will have your tobacco graded for you in our house by skilled hands at \$1.00 per 100.

Thanking our friends for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon us in the past and pledging them our very best efforts to please them in the future, we are with best wishes,
Very truly your friends,

BULLOCK & MITCHELL,
Oxford, N. C.

GRAND TOBACCO EXPOSITION
—AT—
ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.
NOVEMBER 2, '92.

Rocky Mount will have her Second Annual Exposition on the 2nd day of next November.

\$1,000

IN GOLD WILL BE PAID OUT. No Tobacco received for Premiums after Tuesday night at 12 o'clock, November 1st. All preparations have been made to make this one of the Grandest Tobacco Expositions ever held in the State, and on that day the Queen City of the Golden Leaf Tobacco Belt will open her gates and a right royal welcome to all. Brevets from all over the Union will be here. Remember the date, November 2nd, 1892.

J. D. WILLIAMSON.
Manufacturer of
PHÆTON, BUGGIES, CARTS & DRAYS.



My Factory is well equipped with the best Mechanics, consequently put up nothing but FIRST-CLASS WORK. We keep up with the times and the most improved styles Best material used in all work. All styles of Springs are used. You can select from Brewster, Storm, Timpkin, Coil, Ram, Horn, King

We also keep on hand a full line of Ready Made Harness and Whips which we sell at the lowest rates. Special attention given to repairing.

J. D. Williamson,
Greenville, N. C.

NOTICE.—Land Sale.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by James E. Bullock and wife, Talitha Bullock, on the 13th day of October, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pitt county, in Book 25, pages 505 and 507, I will sell for cash to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Greenville, on Monday, the 7th day of November, 1892, a certain tract of land lying and being in Pitt county, and more particularly described in said Deed of Trust. This 4th day of October, 1892.
W. J. BULLOCK, Trustee.

New Barber Shop.
I take this opportunity to return thanks to my many customers who have given me their liberal support in the past. I have opened a new shop in the old Club House and would respectfully solicit a continuation of my former patronage. I will assure all that they shall receive every attention besides getting the best shave and hair cut in town. All I ask is a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed. All of the latest improvements in the barber art will be in use in my shop.
ALFRED CULBERT.

MARKET REPORTS
For week ending Saturday, Oct. 22.

GREENVILLE MARKET.
Reported by Joyner & Heilbronner.

Fillers, com., 3 to 5
" medium 5 to 7
" good, 8 to 12
Smokers, com., 3 to 6
" fair, 6 to 8
" good, 8 to 10
" fine, 9 to 12
Cutters, " 13 to 16
" fair, 18 to 25
" good, 25 to 65
Wrappers, " "

ROCKY MOUNT MARKET.
Reported by Owen Davis, Manager Davis Warehouse.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.
Market active. Breaks heavy during the past week. Prices generally very satisfactory to sellers. Wrappers are almost strangers on our breaks and whenever they are seen go like "hot cakes on a circus day," at high prices.

Board of Trade met to-day and re-elected old officers. It was agreed to have it incorporated at once. Our boys and Henderson especially are determined not to be led, but to lead.

CLARESVILLE MARKET.
QUOTATIONS.

Primings common 1 to 4
" fine 5 to 10
" 10 to 20
Fillers common 3 to 5
" good to fine 5 to 8
" fine 8 to 12
Smokers common 3 to 5
" good 5 to 10
" fine 10 to 12
Cutters common 8 to 12
" fine 12 to 25
Wrappers nominal.

TARBORO MARKET.
Reported by A. L. Heilbronner.
No report received for this issue.

LOUISEBURG MARKET.
By J. S. Meadows, Reporter.

Smokers common, 4 to 7
" good, 8 to 10
" fine, 10 to 15
Cutters common, 16 to 25
" fine, 25 to 32
" 32 to 40
Fillers common, 5 to 8
" good, 8 to 12
" fine, 12 to 15
Wrappers common, 18 to 25
" good, 20 to 35
" fine, 40 to 55
" fancy, 70 to 75
Market active for all grades and prices very satisfactory to farmers. Our sales have been very full the past month. We will soon reach the one million mark.

WILSON MARKET.
By E. M. Pace, Reporter.

We have a season, but despite the cold spell we have had full breaks and nice prices easier on common and medium grades, while wrappers and cutters have held their own. Highest to-day was 865 from Greene county.

LOUISVILLE (KY.) QUOTATIONS.
Alex. Harthill, Reporter.

This week the quality of the offerings generally were more undesirable than last week, with only a sprinkling of good to fine leaf, for the best of which 75c. was obtained.

Receipts for year to date 68229; last years 82000 hbls. Offerings of 1891 sold to date 116552 hbls. 1890 crop sold in 1891 and 1892 crop sold in 1892, 98124.

Sales for week, month and year, with comparisons:

Week	1892	1891	1890	1889
Month	2643	2474	2822	2860
Year	13428	130813	122575	109393

Louisville market quotations:

Dark, 1892 crop 1890 crop
2.50 to 3.50 to 2.50

Com. lugs 4.00 to 4.50 2.75 to 4.00

Medium lugs, 4.50 to 5.25 Nominal

Good lugs, 5.25 to 6.00 "

Com. leaf, 6.00 to 6.50 "

Medium leaf, 6.50 to 7.50 "

Good leaf, nominal "

In merchantable condition.

The Beauty Standard.

The standard of female loveliness varies greatly in different countries and with individual tastes. Some prefer the plump and buxom type; some admire the slender and sylph-like, and some the tall and slenderly made.

But all agree that among all people of the Caucasian race, one point of beauty is always admired—a pure, clear and spotless complexion—whether the female be of the blonde, brunette, or hazel-eyed type. This first great requisite of loveliness can be assured only by a pure state of the blood, active liver, good appetite and digestion, all of which are secured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is guaranteed to accomplish all that is claimed for it, or money refunded. If you would have a clear, lovely complexion, free from eruptions, moth patches, spots and blemishes, use the "Golden Medical Discovery."

GREENVILLE MALE ACADEMY

The next session of this School will begin on Monday, August 29th, 1892.

The advantages offered will be superior to those of any previous session. Entire satisfaction guaranteed every patron.

Board can be had at lower rates than at any similar school in Eastern Carolina.

Terms are as follows, payable quarterly: Primary English per month, \$1.50

Intermediate English per month, 2.00

Higher English per month, 2.50

Languages each, extra, .50

When you are in town call to see me or write me from your homes. Information will be cheerfully given. If necessary a competent assistant will be employed.

W. H. RAGSDALE, Prin.
Greenville, N. C., July 27, 1892.

Peanut Pickers and Cleaners.

Will pick and clean 3 bushels of Peanuts a day. Manufactured by Cardwell Machine Co., Richmond, Va.