

Jones Seminary for Young Ladies. Superior educational advantages. healthful location, mineral water, commodious buildings with fire places, entire expense for boarding and tuition \$4 per month.

Greenville Institute. (For Both Sexes). Fall Term begins Monday, August 29, 1892. Closes Dec. 25, 1892. Rates for Term—17 weeks: Tuition \$6.40 to \$16.75; Music \$12.75; Board (including washing) \$31.

Hamilton Institute. HAMILTON, N. C. The Fall Term of this school will open Monday, Aug. 29, 1892. Enrollment last season 98. Excellent advantages in a regular Preparatory Course of study in Music, Education, Teaching, and Drawing.

GREENVILLE FEMALE SCHOOL. Mrs. V. L. Pendleton. Will open a School for Young Ladies and Small Girls in Greenville on August 29th, 1892. The full Collegiate Course taught. Terms: The usual prices for tuition in Greenville will be charged.

WESLEYAN Female Institute. Staunton, Va. Opens Sept. 2, 1892. One of the most thorough schools for young ladies in the South. Twenty-five teachers and officers. Conservatory course in music. One hundred and fifty-two boarding pupils from twenty States. Climate unexcelled. Special inducements to persons at a distance. Those seeking the best schools for the lowest terms, write for catalogue of this time-honored school to the President, WM. A. HARRIS, D. D., Staunton, Virginia.

OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE. FOUNDED IN 1852. A CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOL OF HIGH GRADE. Elegant buildings and thorough equipments. Large patronage from all the Southern States. Beautiful and healthful situation in view of the mountains. Summer School (Business College) Opens June 16th. Fall Term begins August 16th. For Illustrated Catalogue, address, J. A. & M. H. HOLT, P. O. Box, Oak Ridge, N. C.

Louisburg Female College. LOUISBURG, N. C. The next session of this well-known school will begin September 1st, 1892. Pure water, no sickness, thorough instruction. Brick building with 20 rooms. Campus of 12 acres well shaded by gigantic oaks. Conservatory music teachers. Art and Elocution teachers from Academy of Arts. Teachers experts in their specialties. The whole Literary Course, Physical Culture and board, washing, lights and fires only \$140 for the year. Special studies in preparation. Send for catalogue. S. D. FAGLEY, President, Louisville, N. C.

Wilson Collegiate Institute, WILSON, N. C. For Young Ladies. Strictly non-Sectarian.

The Forty-Third Session begins Monday, Sept. 5, 1892.

A most thorough and comprehensive preparatory course of study, with a full Collegiate course equal to that of an Academy in the South. The whole preparatory course is designed to fit the student for the study of Music and Art. Standard of Scholarship unusually high. Healthful location. Buildings and grounds large and pleasant. Moderate charges. Catalogue and circulars on application. SILAS E. WARREN, Prin.

GREENVILLE MALE ACADEMY. The next session of this school will begin on Monday, August 30th, 1892. The advantages offered will be superior to those of any previous session. Entire satisfaction guaranteed every patron. Board can be had at lower rates than at any similar school in Eastern Carolina. We propose to do the best work for boys that has ever been done in the town, and challenge proof to the contrary. Terms are as follows: payable quarterly: Primary English per month, \$1.50; Intermediate English per month, 2.00; Higher English per month, 2.50; Languages each, extra, .60. When you are in town call to see me or write me from your homes. Information will be cheerfully given. If necessary a competent assistant will be employed. W. B. RAGSDALE, Prin. Greenville, N. C., July 27, 1892.

A School of High Grade FOR GIRLS AND BOYS. Miss Joyner will re-open her private school for girls and boys in Mrs. V. H. Whichard's school-room nearly opposite the Episcopal Church. The Fall Term begins Monday, Sept. 5th, 1892; ends Friday, Jan. 27th, 1893. The Spring Term begins Monday, Jan. 30th, 1893; ends Friday, May 13th, 1893. TERMS PER MONTH: Primary department, \$2.00; Intermediate department, 3.50; Higher English, 1.50. Latin and French, each, 1.50; Elocution (two lessons per week), 1.00. Thorough and careful instruction will be given according to the best approved common-sense methods. Satisfactory arrangements for board will be made for pupils desiring to come from the country. For further particulars address, Miss S. LUCY JOYNER, Saluda, N. C.

POLITICAL POINTS.

With three doctors and a minister on the ticket the Third party ought to be prepared to die in pretty good shape.—Wilmington Star.

A Massachusetts man is making 3,000 campaign roosters a day. We must see the signs of the times and put drooping feathers on the Harrison cocks.—Wilmington Star.

Marion Butler says that "Harry Skinner is all right now." Harry is all wrong, and is traveling to the old Harry about as fast as he can.—Wilmington Star.

The white voters of the South, says the Atlanta Constitution, are asked to desert their own party, or organization because the Democratic party, not having control of the government, has failed to repeal Republican legislation.

Harrison is costing this country a round hundred million dollars a year more than Arthur cost it. If we must have Republicans, give us a better quality for less money. We cannot afford to pay McKinley prices for such shoddy goods.—Salisbury Herald.

"The admirable manner in which the Republicans are prepared to milk the Third party cow in case the Third party cranks and malcontents succeed in driving her into the pasture, shows how they have the 'whip hand' of their Alliance allies."

President Harrison says one of the most trying ordeals he has to encounter in his position is the amount of hand shaking he has to do. He will be relieved in November. Then the people will give him one big shake, and that will be the end of it.—Wilmington Star.

A gentleman tells me that never in his life did he see S. Otho Wilson so "sick" as he was the day after the now famously disastrous Third party State convention. He added that for the first time in his life he actually felt a touch of sorrow for Wilson.—Raleigh Correspondence Wilmington Messenger.

Two facts to call to mind now and then are, that the Democrats left a treasury overflowing with funds when the Cleveland administration went out; and the Democratic Congress came in finding empty coffers, and deficiencies to meet, the result of two years of Republican rule.—Charlotte Democrat.

When the leaders of the "The Republican Aid Society," alias the "Peoples' party," instruct the people to stay away from Democratic speakings, it shows they are afraid for the people to hear the truth. We do not believe our patriotic citizens will be such slaves of the demagogues of the Republican Aid Society.—Washington Gazette.

The orator of the Third party State convention was a negro from Vance county. In that convention negroes were quite conspicuous, both as speakers and workers. They spoke and worked against the Democratic party. They were there with their white associates for no other purpose.—Raleigh Chronicle.

The tax-payers of the State should not forget that with Republican success will come the question of taxing them to pay over \$200,000,000 of the special tax bonds. Is it not better to decide that question forever at the polls than to trust the decision to Republican Judges? If the Republicans succeed in carrying the election there will be increased taxation, and no hope of financial reform.—Raleigh Chronicle.

The stirrer-up of strife; the man who tries to create bad blood among neighbors, or who will attempt to array any class of his fellow citizens against another class, who endeavors to incite the farming class against the townspeople, or men engaged in another honorable and legitimate pursuit, is not a desirable member of any community.—Charlotte Democrat.

WEAVER AT PULASKI, TENN.

The Story of his Robbery and Oppression of the People.—The Names and Amounts Given.—Evidence Which Cannot be Denied.

Correspondence Charlotte Observer. Having seen in some paper an account of Gen. Weaver's conduct while in charge at Pulaski, Tenn., I wrote to the clerk of the county court for either a verification or denial of the charges. I received the letter which I send you. Very respectfully, W. E. ABERNETHY, Rutherford College, N. C. Aug. 19.

PULASKI, TENN., Aug. 15, '92. Mr. Will E. Abernethy, Rutherford College, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—Your letter of inquiry in regard to the acts of Gen. Weaver while in command of this place was handed me to answer. I was between 15 and 16 years old when Weaver was here, and I know whereof I write, and in support of what I shall write, I refer to a few citizens of this county: J. P. May, president People's National Bank; Z. W. Ewing, ex-Speaker of the Senate; Flournoy Rivers, State Senator; J. B. Stacey, ex-clerk and master of Chancery Court; Thos. E. McCoy, Sheriff, Giles county; Col. Solon E. Rose, Dr. William Battle, Dr. J. C. Roberts, S. W. Butler, judge of county Court, R. H. Ragsdale, county trustee, and L. E. Abernethy, president Commercial Bank and Trust Company. Most of these men were here and know the facts. The others know from reputation.

Mr. Foster's rainbows, which are obviously on a par with the small boy who is "not a bit afraid," but whistles with all his might while going through the dark places, have had a contrary effect to what he intended and expected. "Rainbow Charley," as Mr. Foster is called, is so well known as a tricky individual, in matters political, that his rosy talk has seriously alarmed many Republicans, who believe that he has discovered some new and very serious danger to the Republican party, and that his stock of rainbows has been brought forward in order to distract attention from this danger. To Democrats Mr. Foster's exhibition is only an amusing show, which although not prepared specially for them, is being greatly enjoyed by them.

There are reasons for the belief that the administration is doing all it can to have the date for the meeting of the international monetary conference set so late in the fall as to make it certain that the result of the conference cannot be known before the Presidential election, in order that Republican stump speakers and editors may have an opportunity to influence votes by pretending to forecast that result. Mr. Harrison and his puppets who are managing this campaign will have much more exalted opinion of the intelligence of the American voters on the morning of the 3rd of next November than they appear to have at the present time.

According to an official opinion of the Attorney-General, which suspicion points to having been dictated from Loon Lake, made public this week, the good people of Vicksburg, Miss., must continue to have their city postoffice presided over by the notorious negro adventurer whose nomination the Republican Senate declined to confirm. The Attorney-General holds, or at least pretends to, that a failure to confirm the nomination of a postmaster who is in possession of a postoffice before the assembling of the session of Congress which fails to act on the nomination leaves him the legal postmaster until his successor is nominated. If that be good law the postoffice department from the foundation of the government has been in similar cases acting illegally.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, is in town. He is a strong advocate of retaliation on Canada, and thinks that Mr. Harrison's proclamation should have prohibited the shipment of Canadian goods through the United States.

The Revenue Marine Hospital bureau is taking active measures to prevent the introduction of cholera into our ports by any of the steamship lines running from Hamburg or Havre where the disease is reported to be rapidly spreading. All steamships arriving from those and other foreign ports are to be rigidly inspected and if any traces of the dreaded disease are found they will be quarantined and thoroughly disinfected before being allowed to land their passengers.

The Republicans here are doing lots of talking about breaking the "solid South" this year, but when a Democrat made the rounds offering to wager any part of \$5,000 at odds of two to one that Harrison and Reid would not get a single Southern State's electoral votes no takers could be found. It is the belief of many shrewd observers that prominent Republicans are doing so much talking about their expecting to carry Southern States with the hope of causing the Democratic managers to lessen their efforts towards carrying the northwestern States.

Belmont Hotel Burns. ASHEVILLE, August 25.—The Belmont Hotel, at White Sulphur Springs, five miles from this city, was destroyed at midnight last night by a fire which broke out in the laundry and spread with great rapidity. There were nearly 200 guests in the house at the time and all escaped with their lives, many of them by jumping from the windows. Mrs. Dr. Von Ruck, of Asheville, was badly injured, and her sister was fatally injured, and died this morning. Charles Green, of New Orleans, had a leg dislocated, Clerk Handerson also had a leg dislocated, and a colored nurse a leg broken. A few others were slightly bruised, but none seriously hurt. All the guests lost their baggage and some of them other personal belongings. A good many diamonds and a good deal of money were lost in the fire, numbers of those in the building escaping only in their night clothes. The guests made their way, as best they could, to Asheville, where they were made comfortable.

The hotel property was owned by a corporation and leased to Dr. Von Ruck. The building was erected at a cost of \$65,000 and there was insurance of \$22,500 on it.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[Special Cor. to REFLECTOR.] WASHINGTON, Aug. 26, '92.—Secretary Charles Foster brought the most varied assortment of political rainbows with him when he returned from Ohio that has yet been exposed to the gaze of the public. According to him the national election is already settled and all the money that will be spent between this and the 8th of next November will simply be thrown away. His modesty in making claims is something quite as wonderful as his manipulation of the figures which show, or are supposed to show the amount of cash surplus in the United States Treasury; he is positive that every northern (using the word to represent all except the southern States) State will be carried by Harrison and at least six of the Southern States. It is not clear why he does not claim all of the electoral votes. Such a claim would not be a whit more ridiculous than those he has made. He should have known that these absurd claims would cause his rainbow statements about the condition of the Treasury, given out at the same time, to be discredited, as stories, like people, are usually judged by the company they keep.

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SKINNER ONLY GRINNED.

All a Put-Up Job and Republican Money Behind It. Raleigh News and Observer. The Raleigh correspondent of the New York Evening Post gives the details of an interview with Col. Harry Skinner. We reproduce the interview. Col. Skinner said: "While I believe in financial reform and endorse the Omaha platform, I do not believe in negro political rule in the Southern States. Therefore I stated to the convention that if it became apparent that the People's party State ticket could not win, and by its continued candidacy the Republicans would win, I should favor the withdrawal of the Third party from the field. The view did not suit many, perhaps a majority of the delegates, and so I could not consistently longer stand as the nominee of the convention for the office of Governor. As electoral candidate I will remain to the finish. I am for Weaver for President."

N. C. Railroad vs. Thomas B. Long. Alamanee Gleaner.

Thomas B. Long is the nominee of the People's party on the State ticket for Auditor. Mr. Long was the agent for the North Carolina Railroad at Salisbury from August, 1868, to October, 1869, a little over one year. He had given a bond in the sum of \$10,000 for the faithful and honest conduct of the duties pertaining to this trust. The railroad company discovered by and by that their agent was not making full and complete returns of the proceeds of the office. He was dismissed from service, and an investigation instituted which developed the fact that he had been unfaithful to the employing company to the tune of several thousand dollars.

An action was instituted by the company to recover the amount of his defalcation. The suit was brought in this, Alamance county, it being the domicile of the company, and upon trial a verdict was rendered by a jury for the sum of \$5,151.94 against defendant Long in favor of the plaintiff company. All the records of the proceedings judgment and all are now on file in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Alamance county. And the judgment has not been satisfied to this day.

Several years ago, when said Thos. B. Long began to aspire to political honors, he went to Col. Thos. M. Holt, then president of the N. C. R. R. Co., now Governor of our Commonwealth, and asked the company's best terms for the adjustment of the matter. Col. Holt proposed to remit all interest and to accept fifty cents on the dollar as full satisfaction of the judgment. Mr. Long said the proposition was liberal and satisfactory, and that he would pay it off. Already several years have elapsed. Mr. Long has not paid a penny of it.

Such is the record of the man and former Republican whom the People's party has nominated for State Auditor, whose business it is, briefly stated, to manage the finances of the State. Should such a man be chosen to take charge of the State's finances how long would it be before he would bankrupt the State? A defaulter to manage the finances of the State would be a public disgrace and calamity. The people who believe in honest government and faithful public servants should see to it that only honest and capable men are nominated and elected to office.

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STATE NEWS.

Happenings Here and There as Gathered From our Exchanges. Mr. W. P. Bachelor, of Raleigh, has sold half interest in his noted trotting stallion "Pamlico" for \$10,000, to Mess. J. R. and E. D. Spurr, of Lexington, Ky.

Governor Holt has issued a proclamation recommending that Columbus Day (October 8th) be observed as a public school holiday in North Carolina.

The fall term at Trinity College will begin at Durham, in the new buildings, September 1st; but the dedication has been postponed till October 5 or 12. Bishop Galloway will preach the dedicatory sermon.

The sympathy of the whole State goes out to Capt. S. A. Ashe, of the News and Observer, because of the death of his wife, Mrs. Ashe was Miss Hannah Emerson Willard, was 43 years old and died on the 13th.

Washington Gazette: Mr. Jesse Caton, of Edwards Mills, will be 76 years old in November. He has never been sick a day in his life, has one child dead and eleven living, and has 70 grand children and one great-grandchild.

Dr. Thos. F. Wood, one of the most prominent physicians in North Carolina, died last week in Wilmington of heart disease. He was secretary of the North Carolina Board of Health and editor of the Medical Journal published here.

There are now 179 convicts at the penitentiary, and at the canal near Weldon there are 125. The remainder, 875, are all on the three farms near Weldon and Wilmington. For the first time in years there are no convicts at work on railroads.

Clinton Democrat: There is a widow woman in this county who makes at home all the provisions necessary for the support of her family (a large one), and buys everything for cash. She says that any man who lives on a farm, and who buys bacon and corn to feed his family, ought to be chopped up and fed to hogs.

Raleigh News Observer: We understand the ladies of Raleigh, with their usual energy, are taking steps to raise funds for laying the corner stone of the Confederate monument. Let our citizens, one and all, join in the undertaking. Many other counties in the State have signified their intention to aid.

It Has Gained Nothing, But, Thank Heaven, it is Getting Clear of Such Cattle. Charlotte Observer.

We just happen to recall, off-hand, W. F. Stroud, of Chatham, A. C. Greene, of Wake, J. M. Mewborne, Lenoir, Harry Skinner and E. A. Moyer, of Pitt, who have within the past two years, given the Democratic party tons of good advice about the course to pursue, if it would escape the wrath to come. Partly through fear and partly from a willingness to be agreeable, the party has sacrificed a large measure of its self-respect in trying to follow the advice of these conciliators, and has time again gotten up to the very dividing line between standing and surrendering. Because it would not take the one remaining step, to wit: Renounce Cleveland, they, having duped it, now desert it, leaving it to enquire of itself what it has ever made or saved by going with them as far as it has.

Before the war Southern farmers were, as a general thing, prosperous. They lived well, some of them in magnificent style, were out of debt, and had plenty of money to meet every demand upon them. If they needed money for any special purpose more than they had, they had State banks to supply their needs at reasonable rates of interest, and their land was security enough upon which to borrow all the money they needed. Then they had no tariff tribute to pay, no pensions to pay. They were not compelled, as they are now, to sell in the cheapest market, and buy in the dearest market; they were free to sell where they could sell to the best advantage. Now the Southern farmer is taxed to tariff tribute, pensions, and the enormous expenses of running the Government, the proportion of the South amounting in the aggregate to a couple hundred millions a year, and all this must come regardless of the price that he may receive for his crops. The prices of these may go down but the tribute imposed upon him goes up and goes up higher every year. And yet the Third party "reformers" are working to perpetuate the system that robs the Southern farmer of the proceeds of his labor and keeps him poor.—Wil. Star.

DO ANIMALS COMMIT SUICIDE.

There is a story of a poor cat, deprived of her kittens, who hanged herself in the fork of a branch. But this may have been an accident; we should have given the cat the benefit of the doubt. News comes of a dog who committed suicide. His master declined to take him out to shoot rabbits, and the dog went and drowned himself in a pond. The story is true, but Australian, and the dog may have merely exhibited an extreme form of colonial sensitiveness. If we once admit that a dog may reason on life and death (not being a mad dog), and exercise a hasty but rational choice, it is plain that the whole system of ethics will have to be altered.

The poor Indian may be right about the equal sky, which is a poor prospect for people who are not fond of dogs. The ghosts of dogs have been seen, and are as well vouched for as any others; so, on the whole, the poor Indian may be less untutored than the poet imagined.—Andrew Lang in Longman's Magazine.

Some Very Poor People. Exchange.

The man who keeps two dogs, but is too poor to take a newspaper. The smoker who can't afford to give more than twenty-five cents towards missions.

The Christian who has not found out that there is a luxury in giving. People who never put much in the basket, for fear God will not get in debt with them.

People who would live in a cellar and go without the light of heaven if they had to pay anything for it. People who have to take all their money to the devil's blacksmith shop and have it made into chains with which to bind themselves.

Men who have to take their own manhood, the happiness of their wives and children, and the good of the country, all to the saloon-keeper, and get back nothing but dust and ashes in the place of it.

The Progressive Farmer says: "Most of those who go to Democratic speaking are not in sympathy. The paid and 'whiskied' patriots do the yelling." This is false, and is an insult to the best citizens of the State. There are less whisky-drinking Democrats than Third party men; there are many times more sober Democrats than Third party men. If there are any "subsidized" yellors they are, hired by Republicans to yell for the Third party, in order to break down white men's government in North Carolina.—Kinston Free Press.

Now is the time to subscribe.

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