

DAILY REFLECTOR.

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LOOKING BACKWARD.

Leading Events of a Memorable
Twelve Months.

THE YEAR 1894 PASSED IN REVIEW.

Failures, Casualties, Crimes, Foreign and Industrial Happenings, Meteorology, Political, Social and Sporting Events Chronologically Recorded.

INDUSTRIAL.

Jan. 16—Thousands of coal miners in vicinity of Mercer, Pa., struck, wages being reduced 12 per cent.

Jan. 23—In Ohio, 10,000 miners refused to accept reduction in wages.

Jan. 27—Wave of anarchy passed over Mansfield (Pa.) coal region. Bloodshed, arson and destruction of property followed. Discharge of all foreign miners demanded.

Feb. 1—Six killed in fight between laborers near Asheville, N. C.

Mar. 5—Near Bridgeport, O., 4,000 miners resumed work, leaving settlement of outside laborers' wages to arbitration.

Mar. 25—Coxey's good-roads army left Massillon, O., for Washington.

Apr. 4—Nine men killed as result of trouble near Connellsville, Pa.

Apr. 5—Judge Caldwell's decision in Union Pacific wage conference at Omaha favored employes at every point.

Apr. 13—Judge Dundy ordered Union Pacific receivers to restore former wages of employes, at Omaha.

Apr. 16—Cokers' strike in Connellsville (Pa.) region practically ended.

Apr. 18—Striking laborers near Detroit, Mich., collided with sheriff's officers; two of the former killed, some 15 others wounded.

Apr. 20—Strikers at St. Cloud, Minn., arrested for interfering with mails.

Apr. 21—Nearly 130,000 miners east of the Mississippi obeyed order of United Mine Workers to suspend work.

Apr. 23—Mines in Hooking (O.) valley fired by coal strikers.... Two laborers killed near Detroit, Mich., in fight between strikers and officers.

Apr. 25—Hogan's industrial army, 800 strong, moving east on a stolen train, captured by federal troops at Forsyth, Mont.

Apr. 27—Great Northern road tied up by strike from St. Paul to the coast.

Apr. 28—U. S. Marshal Cronan given command of 200 regular soldiers to effect arrest of Great Northern strikers in North Dakota.

Apr. 29—Coxey's commonweal army arrived in Brightwood park in Washington. District of Columbia police prevented Coxey from making a speech from the capitol steps, and arrested Chief Marshal Browne and Capt. Jones.

.... Great Northern railway strike settled at St. Paul by arbitration.... Seven thousand unemployed men paraded streets of Cleveland, O., several riots occurring in which street cars were wrecked and persons injured.

May 2—Gen. Coxey arrested in Washington.

May 3—Coke strike resulted in bloody riot at the Palster works near Scottsdale, Pa.

May 4—Two deputies shot at Yakima, Wash., in battle between deputies and commonwealers.

May 11—Two Coxeyites shot, 100 captured in fight with officers at North Yakima, Wash....

At Pullman car works in Chicago 3,500 opera-

May 21—Cincinnati carpenters and mill hands all ordered out on strike having been refused \$2.50 for eight hours or \$3 for nine.... Coxey, Browne and Jones, commonwealers, sentenced to 20 days in jail.

May 24—Five strikers killed in encounter with deputy sheriffs at Stickle Hollow, Pa.

May 25—Strikers at Kangley, Ill., drove out the miners near there, then wrecked the mine.

.... Strikers wreck a mine and burn tools near Ottawa, Ill.... Strikers blew up a gold mine at Cripple Creek, Col., killing 11 men.

June 4—Strikers firing upon Powellton (W. Va.) miners killed four.... Colorado mine owners agreed to settlement of strike as proposed by Gov. Waite.... In battle with strikers who were burning railroad bridges to prevent moving coal trains four were killed by militia near Farmersburg, Ind.

June 6—Ohio militia ordered out to scene of coal miners' strike.... McKeesport (Pa.) tube works strikers forced men at Duquesne to quit work and destroyed several coal tipples.... Strikers attacked the Little mine near Peoria, Ill.; four defenders were wounded and one striker killed.... Strikers stoned a train near Brazil, Ind., killing engineer, and injuring conductor and brakeman.

June 7—Seven lives lost in battle between strikers and militia at Mineral Siding, Col.

June 8—Striking miners at Cripple Creek, Col., surrendered to commander of state militia.

June 10—Three striking miners killed in a battle at Lemont, Pa.

June 11—Mining strike declared settled by agreement as to wages, to last one year, being reached by the conference at Columbus, O.

.... Settled in Ohio refused to accept any strike settlement.

June 13—Alliance formed in Chicago between Knights of Labor and American Railway union for offensive and defensive warfare.

June 17—Indiana miners in convention at Terre Haute rejected Columbus compromise and deposed President Dunkerly for agreeing to it.

June 18—Work resumed in mines in Hocking valley.... Coal operators in the Springfield (Ill.) district refused to pay scale agreed upon by miners.... Alabama miners decided to continue strike.

June 19—American Railway union voted (112-100) to exclude colored men from membership.

June 26—Boycott against Pullman cars opened in Chicago.... Indiana mine operators increased pay of their men and resumed work.

June 27—As result of Pullman boycott by American Railway union the Illinois Central service was paralyzed and strikes reported on 13 other lines.... End of coal miners' strike announced.

July 1—Railway strike has crippled every road centering in Chicago, some roads having abandoned all service.... U. S. troops sent to Trinidad, Col., where mail trains were held by strikers.

July 2—Judges Woods and Grosscup, of the U. S. court in Chicago, issued order forbidding interference with roads engaged in interstate commerce.

July 4—Federal troops at Fort Sheridan sent to Chicago and at the stock yards were compelled to use bayonets to restrain violence.

July 5—At the stock yards in Chicago strikers burned railroad property and wrecked freight cars.

July 6—Chicago strikers burned over 600 freight cars and destroyed switch towers and toolhouses. Three people killed in the riots.

July 7—In battle in Chicago between rioters and troops five of former were killed.... Railroad blockade reported complete in California, except in a few points in the south.

July 8—Mob of foreign miners inaugurated reign of terror at Spring Valley, Ill.

July 9—Entire militia force of Illinois ordered into active service.... Railways in Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Colorado and California tied up by the strike.... President Cleveland issued proclamation calling on persons obstructing traffic to cease their unlawful work.... At Westville, Ill., troops firing over riotous miners killed two women.... Committees representing Chicago council and trade and labor organizations failed in attempt to induce Pullman company to arbitrate.... Entire naval force at Mare Island, Cal., ordered out to assist in preventing rioting in San Francisco.

July 10—Blockade lifted in St. Louis, Omaha and St. Paul, and Indiana strikers ask to be reinstated to their places.... Two strikers killed by regular soldiers at Spring Valley, Ill.... Debs, Howard and Roger, A. R. U. officers, indicted in Chicago for conspiracy.

July 11—Southern Pacific train wrecked on trestle near Sacramento, by strikers, killing three regular soldiers and the engineer.

July 12—Two men killed by ditching of train at Montanet, Ind., by striking miners.

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