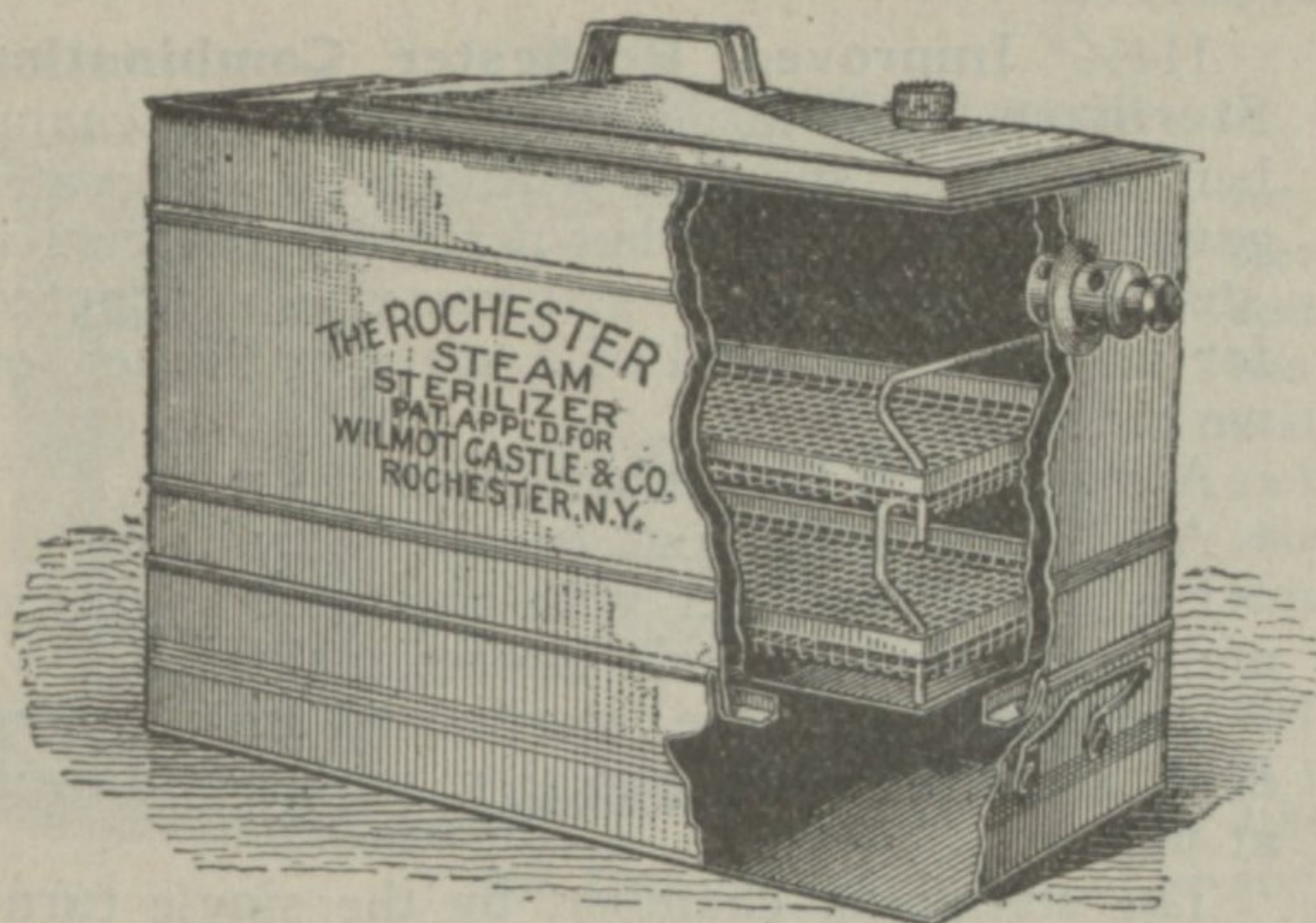


ROCHESTER COMBINATION STERILIZERS.

STEAM, HOT AIR, BOILING WATER.



Every doctor realizes that he should have an efficient sterilizer as part of his office equipment. Rochester Combination Sterilizers meet the requirements better than any apparatus made. They are so constructed that dry heat or steam can be turned into the sterilizing chamber at will by simply opening or shutting the valve. Thus, to prevent excessive condensation, instruments and dressings can be heated by hot air, then steam can be turned in and after the articles are sterilized they can be quickly dried off again by hot air. If desired the base can be utilized for sterilizing in boiling water (one per cent. soda solution) and the whole upper part used for steam sterilizing dressings, etc., at the same time.

SIZES AND PRICES OF STERILIZING CHAMBERS.

HEAVY TIN, WITH COPPER BOTTOM.

No. 104.	Length, 14 inches.	Width, 6 inches.	Depth, 6 inches.	Price, \$5 50
No. 106.	" 16 "	" 6 3/4 "	" 7 "	" 6 00
No. 108.	" 18 "	" 7 1/2 "	" 8 "	" 7 00

ALL COPPER, POLISHED.

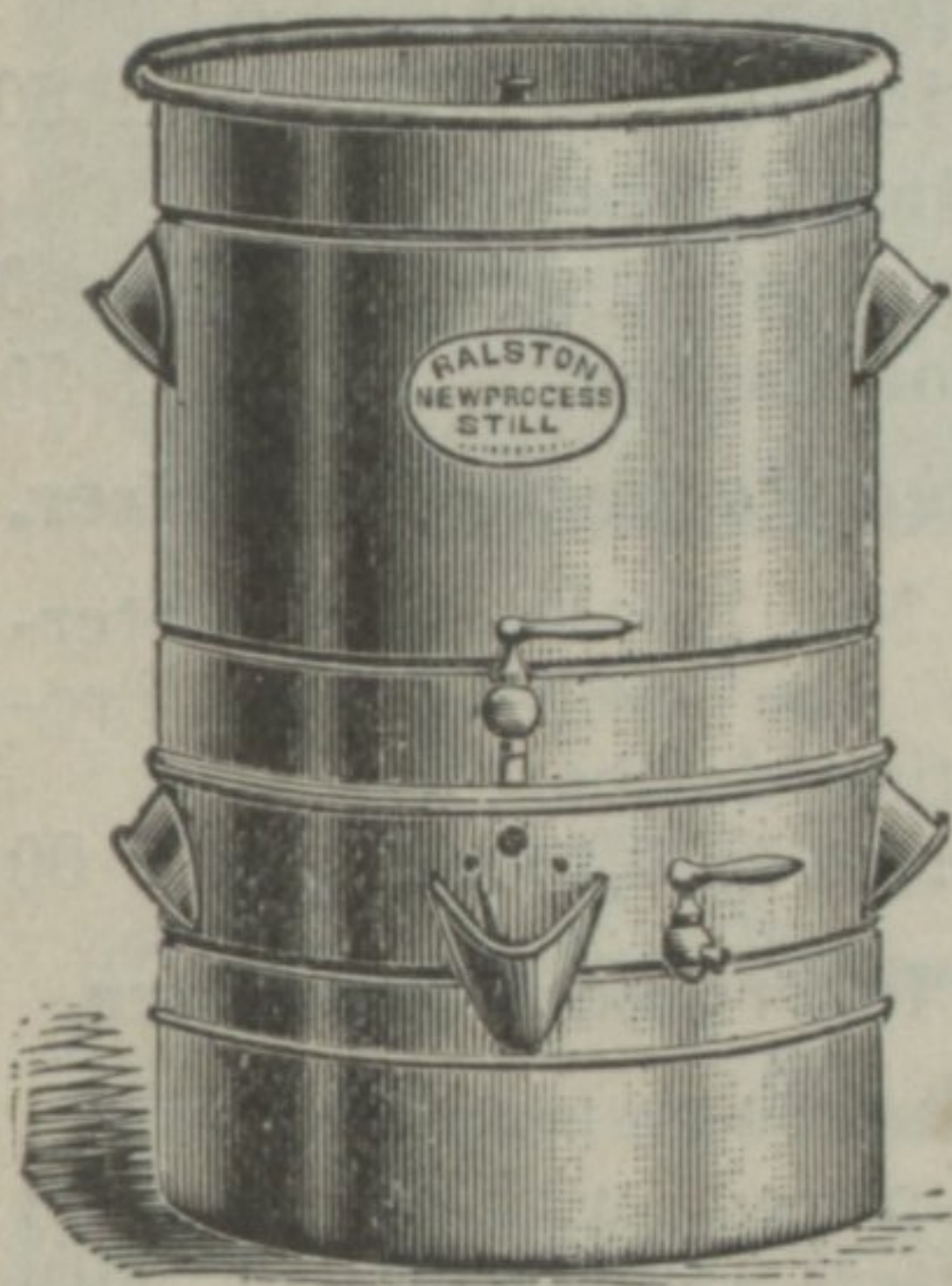
No. 107.	Length, 7 1/2 inches.	Width, 3 1/2 inches.	Depth, 3 1/2 inches.	Price, \$ 6 00
No. 114.	" 14 "	" 6 "	" 6 "	" 12 50
No. 116.	" 16 "	" 6 3/4 "	" 7 "	" 15 00
No. 118.	" 18 "	" 7 1/2 "	" 8 "	" 17 50

Nickel plating, 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 extra, according to size. Special sizes for hospitals made to order.

STANDS.

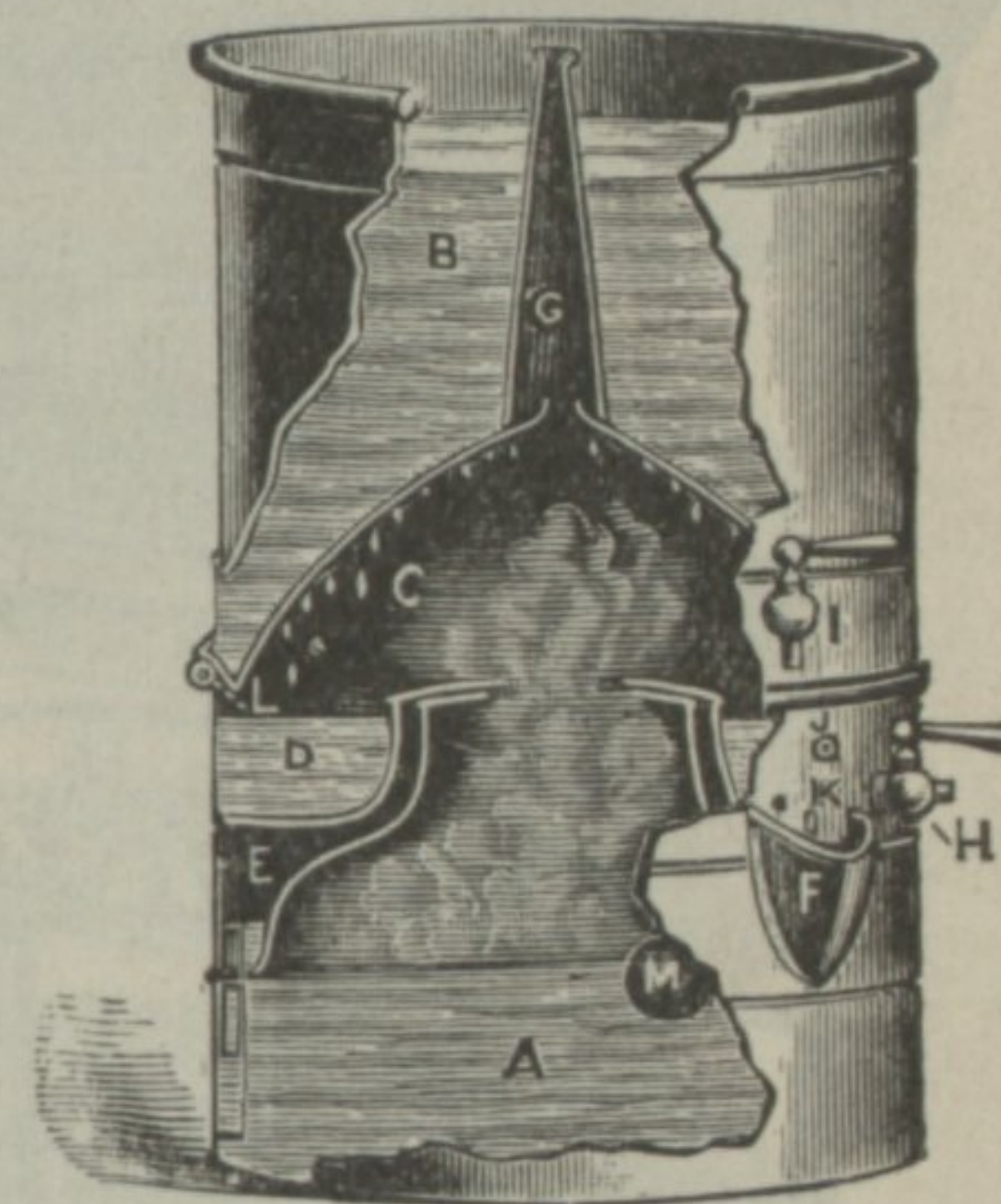
These Stands are made in a very substantial manner and have folding legs.

Without gas burner	\$0 60
With gas burner	1 50



THE RALSTON STILL.

This apparatus employs a "new process" distillation—the latest achievement of scientific investigation—the most reliable and convenient method known of supplying a choice quality of **pure distilled water** fully aerated with purified and sterilized air.



A—The retort.	E—Sterilizing chamber.	I—Condenser faucet.
B—Condenser reservoir.	F—Feed-cup.	J—Distillate overflow.
C—Condensing chamber.	G—Ventilating flue.	K—Indicator.
D—Distillate reservoir.	H—Distillate faucet.	

Retort *A* and condenser *B* are filled with water and then placed over a fire. Steam generated in *A* rises into chamber *C* and is there condensed, dripping off into reservoir *D*. This rapid condensation creates a vacuum in chamber *C*, which draws to it a supply of air from sterilizing chamber *E*. The purpose of this air supply is three-fold:

1. It eliminates the volatile impurities;
2. It promotes rapid condensation, and
3. It supplies the condensed steam with oxygen.

Price\$10 00

With Primus Oil Stove.....\$15 00